

Anti- Bullying Procedure

2026- 2027

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1. Statement of Intent

At Create Partnership Trust we have a policy of prevention. Preventing bullying makes it easier to respond to incidents when they occur. It also enables us to create an ethos in which the whole academy community is clear that bullying is completely unacceptable and will not be tolerated. This policy should be used in conjunction with the School's Relationship and Behaviour Policy.

Create Partnership Trust aims to provide a safe and happy place for children to learn and is essential to achieving school improvement, raising achievement, good attendance, promoting equality and diversity, and ensuring the safety and well-being of all members of the school community.

Every child should be able to learn in a school environment free from bullying of any kind and in which they feel safe and supported. There is no place for bullying in our academy or our community. Staff, parents, and children all have a role in creating a culture in our academy where bullying is not tolerated.

No child deserves to suffer the pain and indignity that bullying can cause. We recognise the negative impact bullying has on the educational experiences and wider development of so many of our children and young people. Bullying has no place anywhere in the academy and this applies both to the bullying of pupils and teachers.

Create Partnership Trust will take an active approach to promoting good behaviour, respect for others and to tackling all forms of bullying, including prejudice-driven bullying and cyber-bullying.

A preventative approach helps our academy to safeguard the well-being of their pupils and staff, as well as playing their part in creating a society in which we all treat each other with dignity and respect.

Why do we need an Anti-Bullying Procedure?

Persistent bullying can severely inhibit a child's ability to learn effectively. The negative effects of bullying can have an impact on a person for their entire life. This school wishes to promote a secure and happy environment free from threat, harassment, and any type of bullying behaviour. Therefore, this procedure promotes practices within the school to reinforce our vision, and to remove or discourage practices that negate them.

2. Review of this Procedure

- 2.1 This procedure will be reviewed annually. It may also be reviewed and amended, in consultation with all stakeholders, in the light of events or experience. The Stakeholders of this procedure are children, parents and carers, teaching, non-teaching, support, supply, peripatetic, contract staff and third-party contractors (whose employees or sub-contractors have access to school premises), governors, volunteers and trustees working in or on behalf of the school, including those from the Create Partnership Trust central team.
- 2.2 Data from the monitoring and recording of incidents (including 'nil' returns) will also inform procedure review and will be seen by the governing body at governing body meetings.

3. Aims of this Procedure

- 3.1 The aim of the Anti-Bullying Procedure is to ensure that pupils learn in a supportive, caring, and safe environment without fear of being bullied. Bullying is anti-social behaviour and affects everyone; it is unacceptable and will not be tolerated. Only when all issues of bullying are addressed will pupils be able to fully benefit from the opportunities available at the Academy.
- 3.2 To assist in creating an ethos in which attending Create Partnership Trust is a positive experience for all members of our community.
- 3.3 To make it clear that all forms of bullying are unacceptable at Create Partnership Trust. To enable everyone to feel safe while at Create Partnership Trust and encourage pupils to report incidents of bullying.
- 3.4 To deal with each incident of bullying effectively, taking into consideration the needs of all parties and of our community, and, as a result, to reduce the incidents of bullying.
- 3.5 To support and protect victims of bullying and ensure they are listened to.
- 3.6 To help and support children displaying bullying behaviour to change their attitudes and understand why it needs to change.
- 3.7 To liaise with parents/carers and other appropriate members of the Academy community.
- 3.8 To ensure all members of our community feel responsible for helping to reduce bullying.

4 Objectives of the Procedure

- 4.1 Evidence that our whole community has ownership of the Academy's Anti-Bullying Procedure.
- 4.2 To maintain and develop effective listening systems for children and staff within Create Partnership Trust.

- 4.3 To involve all staff in dealing with incidents of bullying effectively and promptly.
- 4.4 To equip all staff with the skills and information necessary to deal with incidents of bullying.
- 4.5 To involve the wider academy community (e.g., midday supervisors, part-time staff/volunteers) in dealing effectively with and, if necessary, referring bullying incidents.
- 4.6 To communicate with parents/carers and the wider academy community effectively on the subject of bullying.
- 4.7 To acknowledge the key role of every staff member in dealing with incidents of bullying.
- 4.8 To ensure that all incidents of bullying are recorded on CPOMS and/or Bromcom.
- 4.9 To raise incidents of bullying violations from the safeguarding solution SENSO.
- 4.10 To ensure information is gathered appropriately and shared with relevant organisations as necessary.
- 4.11 To promote emotional health and wellbeing across the whole Academy/setting and for all members of our community to role-model this in all situations.

5 Definition of Bullying

5.1 Bullying is defined as deliberately hurtful behaviour, repeated over a period of time, where it is difficult for those being bullied to defend themselves. Bullying can be:

- a) **Emotional:** being unfriendly, excluding, tormenting (e.g., hiding books, threatening gestures).
- b) **Physical:** pushing, kicking, hitting, punching or any use of violence.
- c) **Racist:** racial taunts, graffiti, gestures.
- d) **Sexual:** unwanted physical contact or sexually abusive comments.
- e) **Homophobic:** because of or focussing on the issue of sexuality.
- f) **Verbal:** name-calling, sarcasm, spreading rumours, teasing.
- g) **Cyber:** all areas of internet, such as email and internet chat room misuse, mobile threats by text messaging and calls, misuse of associated technology, i.e., camera & video facilities. Bullying is behaviour by an individual or group, repeated over time, that intentionally hurts another individual or group either physically or emotionally.

Cyber bullying

The rapid development of, and widespread access to, technology has provided a new medium for 'virtual' bullying, which can occur in or outside school. Cyber-bullying is a different form of bullying and can happen at all times of the day, with a potentially bigger audience, and more accessories as people forward on content at a click.

The Education Act 2011 amended the power in the Education Act 1996 to provide that when an electronic device, such as a mobile phone, has been seized by a member of staff who has been formally authorised by the Headteacher, that staff member can examine data or files, and delete these, where

there is good reason to do so. This power applies to all schools and there is no need to have parental consent to search through a young person's mobile phone.

If an electronic device that is prohibited by the school rules has been seized and the member of staff has reasonable ground to suspect that it contains evidence in relation to an offence, they must give the device to the police as soon as it is reasonably practicable. Material on the device that is suspected to be evidence relevant to an offence, or that is a pornographic image of a child or an extreme pornographic image, should not be deleted prior to giving the device to the police. If a staff member finds material that they do not suspect contains evidence in relation to an offence, they can decide whether it is appropriate to delete or retain the material as evidence of a breach of school discipline.

Child on child Abuse

The term 'child-on-child' sexual abuse includes:

- Sexual violence, such as rape, assault by penetration and sexual assault
- Sexual harassment, such as sexual comments, remarks, jokes, and online sexual harassment, which may be stand-alone or part of a broader pattern of abuse
- Up skirting, which typically involves taking a picture under a person's clothing without them knowing, with the intention of viewing their genitals or buttocks to obtain sexual gratification, or to cause the victim humiliation, distress, or alarm
- Sexting (also known as 'youth-produced sexual imagery')

5.2 It is important to understand that bullying is not the odd occasion of falling out with friends, name calling, arguments or when the occasional 'joke' is played on someone. Children do sometimes fall out or say things because they are upset. When occasional problems of this kind arise, it is not classed as bullying. It is an important part of a child's development to learn how to deal with friendship breakdowns, the odd name calling or childish prank. We all have to learn how to deal with these situations and develop social skills to repair relationships.

5.3 Bullying is a form of abuse and should never be tolerated or passed off as "banter" or "part of growing up". Different gender issues can be prevalent when dealing with child-on-child abuse. This could, for example, include girls being sexually touched/assaulted or boys being subject to initiation-type violence.

5.4 Pupils who are being bullied may show changes in behaviour, such as becoming shy and nervous, feigning illness, taking unusual absences, or clinging to adults. There may be evidence of changes in work patterns, lacking concentration or truanting from the Academy. These behaviours, however, do not mean that bullying is taking place. Likewise, bullying may occur without these behaviours appearing. Pupils must be encouraged to report bullying at the Academy. The Academy staff must be alert to the signs of bullying and act promptly and firmly against it in accordance with the Academy policy.

Some warning signs that a pupil is being bullied

Pupils who are being bullied may show changes in behaviour, such as becoming shy and nervous, feigning illness, taking unusual absences, or clinging to adults. There may be evidence of changes in work patterns, lacking concentration or truanting from school.

At Create Partnership Trust, all staff will be alert to the signs of bullying and act promptly and firmly against it in accordance with school policy.

- Changes in academic performance
- Appears anxious
- Regularly feeling sick or unwell
- Wanting to visit the nurse regularly
- Reluctance to come to school
- Clothes/bags torn or damaged
- Money/possessions going missing
- Unexplained cuts and bruises
- Unexplained behaviour changes, e.g., moody, bad-tempered, tearful, unhappiness
- Loss of appetite
- Not sleeping
- Loss of weight
- Seen alone a lot
- Not very talkative

6. Practice and Procedures

6.1 Statutory duty of academies

The Headteacher has a legal duty under KCSIE 2025 to draw up procedures to prevent bullying among pupils and to bring these procedures to the attention of staff, parents/carers, and pupils. Create Partnership Trust will develop protocols for the reporting and dealing with the prevention of bullying.

6.2 What we do to prevent bullying

6.2.1 Everyone involved in the life of Create Partnership Trust must take responsibility for promoting a common antibullying approach. We aim to:

- a) Be supportive of each other
- b) Provide positive role models
- c) Convey a clear understanding that we disapprove of unacceptable behaviour
- d) Be clear that we all follow the rules and shared values of Create Partnership Trust
- e) Be fully involved in the development of the Anti-Bullying Procedure and support anti bullying practice
- f) Support each other in the implementation of this procedure

6.2.2

Train all staff, including teaching staff, support staff (e.g., administration staff, lunchtime support staff and site support staff) and pastoral staff, to identify all forms of bullying and take appropriate action, following the school's policy and procedures, including recording and reporting incidents. All members of the academy community are expected to report incidents of bullying.

All staff have a vital role to play as they are at the forefront of behaviour management and supporting children's sense of wellbeing. They have the closest knowledge of the children in their care, and should build up a relationship involving mutual support, trust, and respect.

6.2.3 All Create Partnership Trust Staff will:

- a) Provide children with a framework of behaviour, including rules which support the whole academy policy.
- b) Emphasise and behave in a respectful and caring manner to children and colleagues, to set a good tone and help create a positive atmosphere.
- c) Raise awareness of bullying through activities, stories, role-play, discussion, peer support, academy council, PSHE etc.
- d) Through the Headteacher / Lead DSL, keep the governing body informed.
- e) Record any concerns onto CPOMS.

6.2.4

6.3 Implementation

Create Partnership Trust procedures when dealing with incidents:

- a) If bullying is suspected or reported, the incident will be dealt with immediately by the member of staff who has been approached.
- b) If it is likely that bullying may be occurring or has occurred, a clear account of the incident will be recorded on CPOMS and discussed with the Lead DSL/Safeguarding Team.
- c) The DSL or named representative will interview all concerned and will record the incident.
- d) The class teacher and Year Group Leader will be kept informed and if it persists, he/she will advise the appropriate staff members.
- e) Parents/carers will be kept informed.
- f) Sanctions will be used as appropriate and in consultation with all parties concerned.
- g) Data protection does not prohibit communication and information sharing, especially where there is a safeguarding concern

At Greet we follow a programme called KiVA to support in identifying bullying and putting support in place for pupils who have been bullied as well as the pupils who have bullied. We teach the KiVA curriculum through our PSHE lessons. This curriculum and process is shared with parents through workshops and meetings.

6.4 Pupils

6.4.1 Who are 'Bystanders' and 'Upstanders'?

Bystanders - someone who witnesses bullying, either in person or online, is a bystander. Friends, pupils, peers, teachers, school staff, parents, coaches, and other youth-serving adults can be bystanders.

People who are bullied often feel even more alone because there are witnesses who do nothing. When no one intervenes, the person being targeted may feel that bystanders do not care, or they agree with what is happening. There are many reasons why a bystander may not interject, even if they believe that bullying is wrong. They may be afraid of retaliation or of becoming the target of bullying themselves. They might fear that getting involved could have negative social consequences.

Upstanders - An upstander is someone who sees what happens and intervenes, interrupts, or speaks up to stop the bullying.

There are many things that bystanders to bullying can do to become upstanders:

- Question the bullying behaviour e.g., changing the subject or questioning the behaviour can shift the focus.
- Inform an adult – teachers, school staff, family members.

- Reach out privately to check in with the person who was bullied to let them know you do not agree with it and that you care. It makes a difference.

6.4.2 Pupils who have been bullied will be supported by staff:

- a) Offering an immediate opportunity to discuss the experience with a member of staff of their choice/trusted adult using KiVA scripts and recording pro-forma.
- b) Reassuring the pupil
- c) Informing parents/carers and meeting with them to discuss ongoing support.
- d) Offering continuous support through a 6 week KiVA support intervention, delivered by our Learning Mentor.
- e) Restoring self-esteem and confidence.

6.4.3 Pupils who have bullied will be helped by staff:

- a) Discussing what happened using KiVA scripts and recording pro-forma.
- b) Discovering why the pupil guilty of bullying became involved.
- f) Establishing the wrong-doing and need to change, as well as suggesting strategies to assist change. Offering continuous support through a 6 week KiVA support intervention, delivered by our Learning Mentor.
- c) Informing parents/carers to help change the attitude of the pupil

6.4.4 The following disciplinary steps can be taken:

- a) Explanation why the inappropriate behaviour is unacceptable
- b) Reparation of damaged relationships
- c) Time away from an activity
- d) Meeting with staff, parent, and child
- e) Missing another activity
- f) Time out from the classroom
- g) Pastoral support plan

- h) Official warnings to cease offending
- i) Detention
- j) Exclusion from certain areas of the academy premises
- k) Minor fixed-term exclusion
- l) Major fixed-term exclusion
- m) Permanent exclusion

6.4.5 Within the curriculum the Academy will raise the awareness of the nature of bullying through inclusion in PSHE, registration time, assemblies, and subject areas, as appropriate, to eradicate such behaviour.

6.5 Support

6.5.1 At Create Partnership Trust, we will continue to support this procedure in the following ways:

- a) We continue to address staff training needs, by organising regular training to tackle all forms of bullying, through e-safety/online and behaviour management training, and develop increased awareness on identifying homophobic, bi-phobic, and trans-phobic incidents.
- b) Ensure anti-bullying has a high profile throughout the year, reinforced through key opportunities such as anti-bullying week.
- c) Provide systematic opportunities to develop pupils' social and emotional skills, including building their resilience and self-esteem.
- d) Consider a range of opportunities and approaches for addressing bullying throughout the curriculum and other activities, such as through displays, assemblies, peer support, the school/student council, etc.
- e) Pupils made aware of bullying through specific forms of abuse such as radicalisation, cyberbullying, peer on peer relationship/abuse, social media, criminal exploitation, county lines, CSE, inappropriate content and use of social media.
- f) By including teaching about other forms of discrimination, prejudice and stereotyping in an age-appropriate way and in accordance with guidance so that pupils understand and appreciate diversity.

Anti-bullying advice to Parents / Carers

- A great deal of bullying is CYBER-BULLYING. Please regularly monitor your child's use of texting, Facebook, Twitter, and other social media sites. Access to these is out of the school's control when your child is not in school.
- TALK to your child on a regular basis, so any problem is easier to share.
- LISTEN to what they say.
- ENCOURAGE your child to feel good about themselves, realising that we are all different and equally important.
- If you believe your child is being bullied, or is a bully, talk to other adults at home or at school and explore the options. DON'T STAY SILENT.
- If your child is a victim assure them that it is not their fault and that you are going to do something to help.
- Be realistic in your expectations, sometimes on-going problems can take time to resolve
- TRY to be co-operative with our school and not be aggressive. Without a good working relationship between parents and the school the situation could deteriorate, which won't help you or them.
- ALWAYS remember that children can't solve bullying on their own. They NEED the support of parents/carers and our school.

7. Remote learning

Create Partnership Trust **ensures** that keeping pupils and staff safe during remote education is essential. Staff delivering remote education online should be aware that the same principles set out in the school's safeguarding and CP policy and Covid-19 addendum, behaviour policy, code of conduct, IT Acceptable User agreement and Home school agreement will apply.

8. Cyberbullying

When responding to cyberbullying concerns, Create Partnership Trust, will:

- a. Act as soon as an incident has been reported or identified.
- b. Provide appropriate support for the person who has been cyberbullied and work with the person who has carried out the bullying to ensure that it does not happen again.
- c. Encourage the person being bullied to keep any evidence (screenshots) of the bullying activity to assist any investigation.
- d. Take all available steps where possible to identify the person responsible. This may include:

- looking at use of the school systems
- identifying and interviewing possible witnesses
- Contacting the service provider and the police, if necessary
- Work with the individuals and online service providers to prevent the incident from spreading and assist in removing offensive or upsetting material from circulation
- Support reports to a service provider to remove content if those involved are unable to be identified or if those involved refuse to or are unable to delete content
- Confiscating and searching pupils' electronic devices, such as mobile phones, in accordance with the law and the school searching and confiscation policy. (Note: Schools should ensure they access the DfE 'Searching, screening and confiscation at school' and Childnet cyberbullying guidance to ensure that the school's powers are used proportionately and lawfully)
- Requesting the deletion of locally held content and content posted online if they contravene school behavioural policies
- Ensure that sanctions are applied to the person responsible for the cyberbullying; the school will take steps to change the attitude and behaviour of the bully, as well as ensuring access to any additional help that they may need
- Inform the police if a criminal offence has been committed

8.1 Provide information to staff and pupils regarding steps they can take to protect themselves online. This may include:

- advising those targeted not to retaliate or reply;
- providing advice on blocking or removing people from contact lists;
- helping those involved to think carefully about what private information they may have in the public domain.

9. Equality Impact Statement

We will do all we can to ensure that this procedure does not discriminate, directly or indirectly. We shall do this through regular monitoring and evaluation of our policies. On review we shall assess and consult relevant stakeholders on the likely impact of our policies on the promotion of all aspects of equality, as laid down in the Equality Act (2010).

This will include, but not necessarily be limited to: race, gender, sexual orientation, disability, ethnicity, religion, cultural beliefs, and pregnancy/maternity. We will use an appropriate Equality Impact Assessment to monitor the impact of all our policies and this procedure may be amended as a result of this assessment.

10. Useful links and supporting organisations

- Anti-Bullying Alliance: www.anti-bullyingalliance.org.uk
- Childline: www.childline.org.uk
- Family Lives: www.familylives.org.uk
- Kidscape: www.kidscape.org.uk
- MindEd: www.minded.org.uk
- NSPCC: www.nspcc.org.uk
- The BIG Award: www.bullyinginterventiongroup.co.uk/index.php
- PSHE Association: www.pshe-association.org.uk
- Restorative Justice Council: www.restorativejustice.org.uk
- The Diana Award: www.diana-award.org.uk
- Victim Support: www.victimsupport.org.uk
- Young Minds: www.youngminds.org.uk
- Young Carers: www.youngcarers.net
- The Restorative Justice Council: www.restorativejustice.org.uk/restorative-practiceschools

Cyberbullying

- Childnet: www.childnet.com
- Internet Watch Foundation: www.iwf.org.uk
- Think U Know: www.thinkuknow.co.uk
- UK Safer Internet Centre: www.saferinternet.org.uk
- The UK Council for Child Internet Safety (UKCCIS) www.gov.uk/government/groups/uk-council-for-child-internet-safety-ukccis
- DfE 'Cyberbullying: advice for headteachers and school staff': www.gov.uk/government/publications/preventing-and-tackling-bullying
- DfE 'Advice for parents and carers on cyberbullying': www.gov.uk/government/publications/preventing-and-tackling-bullying

- Race, religion, and nationality
- Anne Frank Trust: www.annefrank.org.uk
- Kick it Out: www.kickitout.org
- Report it: www.report-it.org.uk
- Stop Hate: www.stophateuk.org
- Tell Mama: www.tellmamauk.org
- Educate against Hate: www.educateagainsthate.com
- Show Racism the Red Card: www.srtrc.org/educational

LGBT

- Barnardo's LGBT Hub: www.barnardos.org.uk/what_we_do/our_work/lgbtq.htm
- Metro Charity: www.metrocentreonline.org
- EACH: www.eachaction.org.uk
- Proud Trust: www.theproudtrust.org
- Schools Out: www.schools-out.org.uk
- Stonewall: www.stonewall.org.uk

Sexual harassment and sexual bullying

- Ending Violence Against Women and Girls (EVAW) www.endviolenceagainstwomen.org.uk
- A Guide for Schools:
www.endviolenceagainstwomen.org.uk/data/files/resources/71/EVAWCoalition-Schools-Guide.pdf
- Disrespect No Body: www.gov.uk/government/publications/disrespect-nobodycampaign-posters

- Anti-bullying Alliance: Preventing and responding to Sexual Bullying:

www.antibullyingalliance.org.uk/tools-information/all-about-bullying/sexual-and-genderrelated/preventing-and-responding-sexual

- Anti-bullying Alliance: advice for school staff and professionals about developing effective anti-bullying practice in relation to sexual bullying:

www.antibullyingalliance.org.uk/tools-information/all-about-bullying/sexual-and-gender-related