## Mathematics vocabulary list Year 6

Maths is its own language. Sometimes that language looks like written word and sometimes it looks like symbols, but it is a language and it must be learned for math fluency and competency. If your child does not have a good understanding of key mathematical vocabulary, it can hinder them in making good progress in maths and in other areas of the curriculum.

Listed below are the key mathematical terms your child will learn this year. This is the minimum we expect children to learn; however, we know children are curious and will undoubtedly want to learn more and we encourage this.

<u>Vocabulary</u>	<b>Definition</b>	<u>Example</u>
Number and Place Value		
Brackets	The symbols ( ) used to separate parts of a multi-step calculation.	′(10−2) × 3 = 24′
Degree of accuracy	A description of how accurately a value is communicated.	'The <b>degree of accuracy</b> needed for the answer is one decimal place.' <b>Round off to 1 decimal place.</b> $(a) 0.38 \approx 0.4$
Equivalent expression	An expression, which can be algebraic, which is equal in value to another expression.	'Find an <b>equivalent expression</b> to 17 + 10. 18 + 9 is an <b>equivalent</b> <b>expression</b> to 17 + 10.'
Order of operations	The internationally agreed order to complete operations in a multi-step equation with multiple operations.	$(3 + 4) \times 2 =$ The order of operations dictates that the operation within the brackets is completed first.' Ordering Mathematical Operations BODMAS Brackets Orders Over the subtraction Addition Subtraction () $\sqrt{x} x^2$ $\div$ $x$ $+$ -
Addition and subtraction		

	Multiplication and divi	sion
Factorise	To identify factors of a given number. To express a number as factors.	'I can <b>factorise</b> 12 by looking at its factor pairs. 1 × 12 = 12, 2 × 6 = 12, 3 × 4 = 12. So the factors of 12 are 1, 2, 3, 4, 6 and 12.'
Prime factor	A factor that is a prime number. In other words: any of the prime numbers that can be multiplied to give the original number	'The <b>prime factors</b> of 15 are 3 and 5 (because 3×5=15, and 3 and 5 are prime numbers)'.
	Fractions, decimals, perce	ntages
Ratio	A ratio shows the relative sizes of two or more values.	Example: There are 3 triangles and 2 squares. We can write the ratio as 3:2 or 3 to 2 or $\frac{3}{2}$
Proportion	A comparison between two or more parts of a whole or group. Proportion expresses a part- whole relationship. This may be represented as a fraction, a percentage or a decimal.	'Two thirds of a group of children were boys. The <b>proportion</b> of the group that is girls is one third.'
	Algebra	
Equation	An equation says that two things are equal. It will have an equals "=" sign	'That <b>equation</b> says: what is on the left (7 + 2) is equal to what is on the right $(10 - 1)'$ 7 + 2 = 10 - 1
Formula	An algebraic expression of a rule.	'The area of a rectangle can be found by multiplying the width and height. a = w × h. This is the <b>formula</b> '.
Unknown	A number we do not know.	'In the equation below, y is <b>unknown</b> but can be calculated. y + 17 = 100'

Variable	A symbol for a value we don't	Variables
	know yet. It is usually a letter like	
	x or y.	
		y = 7x + 8
		coefficient operator Constant
	Length	
Feet/foot	An imperial unit of measure of	'I am approximately five <b>feet</b> tall.'
Mile	length.	(Five miles is equivalent to sight
Mile	An imperial unit of measure of	'Five <b>miles</b> is equivalent to eight kilometres.'
Yard	length.	'In football, the penalty spot in 12
raiu	A unit of length (or distance)	<b>yards</b> from the goal line.'
	equal to 3 feet or 36 inches.	yurus from the gournine.
	Weight	
Ounce	An imperial unit of measure of	'The new born baby had a mass of 6
	mass.	pounds and 3 <b>ounces</b> '.
Tonne	A unit of mass equal to 1000	'A small car weighs about 1 <b>tonne</b> '.
	kilograms.	
	Capacity and volume	2
Centilitre	A metric unit of capacity, equal	'There are 500 <b>centilitres</b> in this
	to one hundredth of a litre	beaker. It is about the same 5 litres'.
Gallon	An imperial unit of measure of	'A <b>gallon</b> is approximately 4.5 litres.'
	volume/capacity. <i>Temperature</i>	<u> </u>
	Time	
British Summer Time	Time as advanced one hour	'During <b>British Summer Time</b> , there
	ahead of Greenwich Mean Time	are more daylight in the evening and
	for daylight saving in the UK	less in the morning'.
	between March and October.	
Greenwich Mean	Greenwich Mean Time is an	SAMP MISSION MAN
	internationally standard time	
Time	internationally standard time format. It is the main time zone	
	format. It is the main time zone	
	format. It is the main time zone in several countries, including the	
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Money		
Loss	If the income is less than the expenses.	'Two days ago. Sam's Bakery received \$480, but expenses were \$520. \$480 - \$520 = -\$40, which is a \$40 <b>loss</b> '.
Profit	Income minus all expenses.	'Sam's Bakery received \$900 yesterday, but expenses such as wages, food and electricity came to \$650. So the <b>profit</b> was \$900 – \$650 = \$250.'
	2d shape	
Arc	A portion of the circumference of a circle	
Circumference	The perimeter/boundary of a circle.	Circumference
Compass	A tool for creating curved lines, arcs and circles.	<i>'I can use a pair of <b>compasses</b> to draw a circle with a radius of 4 cm.'</i>
Intersect	The point at which two (or more) lines meet is where they intersect.	'The x and y axes <b>intersect</b> at (0,0)'
Diameter	A line from one point of the circumference of a circle to another on the opposite side, which must pass through the centre of the circle.	Diameter
Radius	A line from one point of the circumference of a circle to the centre of the circle.	Circumference Center-Reduk

Similar	Similar shapes are those which have the same internal angles and where the side lengths are in the same ratio or proportion. Enlarging a shape by a scale factor (for example by doubling all side lengths) creates a similar shape.	'All squares are <b>similar</b> to one another.'	
	3d shape		
Dodecahedron	A polyhedron (a flat-sided solid object) with 12 Faces.		
Net	A group of 2-D shapes which, when folded and connected, forms a 3-D polyhedron.	'The <b>net</b> of a cube is comprised of six connected squares.'	
	Position and direction		
Origin	The point at which axes in a coordinates grid cross; the point (0,0).	2 1 0 0 1 2 3	
Vertically opposite angles	Angles which are positioned opposite to one another when two lines intersect.	The purple angles indicated are vertically opposite angles.	

Statistics		
Mean	The Arithmetic Mean is the average of the numbers: a calculated "central" value of a set	'What is the <b>mean</b> of 2, 7 and 9? Add the numbers: 2 + 7 + 9 = 18
	of numbers. To calculate it: • add up all the numbers,	Divide by how many numbers (i.e. we added 3 numbers): 18 ÷ 3 = 6
	<ul> <li>then divide by how many numbers there are.</li> </ul>	So the <b>mean</b> is 6'.
Pie chart	A representation of a set of data where each segment represents one group in proportion to the whole.	C: 10 (35.7%)
Statistics	The study of data: how to collect, analyse, summarise and present it.	Day       Height         12       6.5         13       6.2         14       6.6         15       7.1         16       7.2         17       6.8         18       6.2         19       6.4         20       7.3         21       7.1         22       6.3         23       6.8         24       6.4