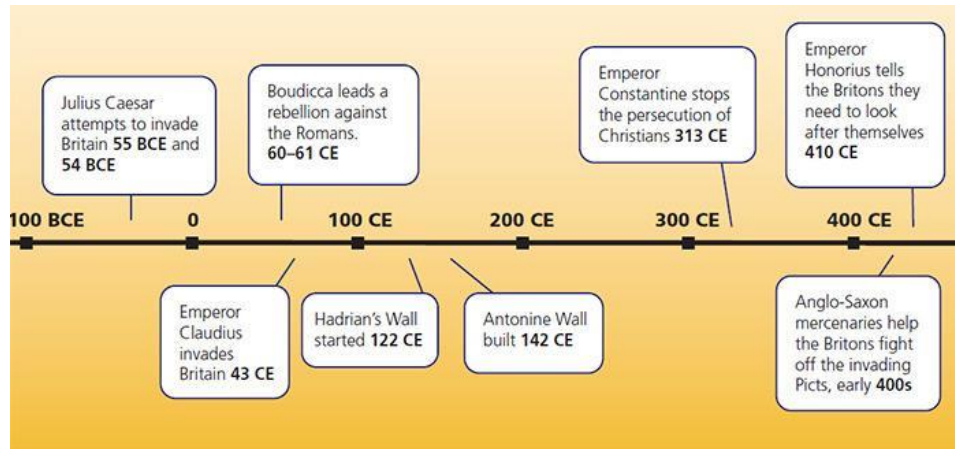




## Year 4 - Spring 1 - Roman Britain



### Key Figures

**Julius Caesar (100BC-44BC):** a general who declared himself dictator of Rome.

**Emperor Claudius (10BC-54AD):** conquered Britain after a century of trying by Rome.

**Boudicca (30AD-61AD):** Queen of the Iceni people who revolted against the Romans.

**Emperor Constantine (272AD-337AD):** a Roman emperor famous for his acceptance of Christianity.

**Emperor Honorius (384AD-423AD):** he ruled when much of the Roman empire was being invaded frequently.

### Key Vocabulary

<b>BC</b>	Stands for 'Before Christ' and is used to count the years before the estimated birth of Jesus Christ.	<b>Settlements</b>	A place where people have established a community.
<b>AD</b>	Stands for 'Anno Domini' and is used to count the years after the estimated birth of Jesus Christ.	<b>Empire</b>	An extensive group of countries ruled by a single monarch or state.
<b>Myth</b>	A traditional or legendary story which is usually related to a religious belief.	<b>Rome</b>	An ancient civilisation that started in the city of Rome in Italy.
<b>Invasion</b>	The act of travelling and entering a place in attempt to take control of it.	<b>Britain</b>	Known as Britannia to the Romans, it consisted of all the countries in Britain apart from Scotland.
<b>Conquer</b>	Overcome and take control of a place by military force.	<b>Emperor</b>	The person who rules an empire.
<b>Expansion</b>	The action of becoming larger or more extensive.	<b>Celts</b>	Groups of tribes living in Britain when the Romans came.