

Hanslope Primary School Autumn 1

History Knowledge Organiser

Year 1/2: What is history?

How does this link to my previous learning?

Links to understanding the world in EYFS

What key vocabulary will I learn:

- change
- different
- event
- future
- history
- living memory
- memory
- past
- present
- similar
- timeline

National Curriculum Links:

- Changes within living memory.
- Understand historical concepts such as continuity and change, cause and consequence, similarity, difference
- Significant historical events, people and places in their own locality.

How does this link to my future learning?

• How were schools different in the past?

What will I know by the end of this unit:

- Create a personal timeline by ordering three events correctly on a simple timeline.
- Use the vocabulary 'before' and 'after' when talking about their timeline.
- Recognise what is similar and different between the 'past' and 'now'.
- Identify how people spend their holidays differently.
- Describe what photographs tell us about holidays in the past.
- Identify similarities and differences between holidays in the past and now.
- Order photographs on a timeline.
- Find answers to simple questions about the past.
- Identify features of holidays in the past.
- Describe what holidays in the past were like and compare them to now.
- Find similarities and differences.



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Year 3: Would you prefer to live in the Stone Age, Iron Age or Bronze Age?

National Curriculum Links:

- Changes in Britain from the Stone Age to the Iron Age
- understand the methods of historical enquiry, including how evidence is used rigorously to make historical claims
- gain historical perspective by placing their growing knowledge into different contexts, understanding the connections between local, regional, national and international history
- know and understand the history of these islands as a coherent, chronological narrative, from the earliest times to the present day
- gain and deploy a historically grounded understanding of abstract terms such as 'empire',
 'civilisation', 'parliament' and 'peasantry'

How does this link to my previous learning?

Previous Key stage one learning

How does this link to my future learning?

• Why did Romans settle in Britain?

What key vocabulary will I learn:

- Skara Brae, Orkney Islands
- hearth
- settlement
- flint
- roundhouse
- chief
- metalwork -copper, bronze, gold, tin
- mining
- trade (a job requiring manual skills)
- arrowheads
- import
- export
- trade (buying and selling goods/services)
- exchange
- goods
- barter

What will I know by the end of this unit:

- To know that history is divided into periods of history e.g. ancient times, middle ages and modern.
- To know that BC means before Christ and is used to show years before the year 0.
- To know that AD means Anno Domini and can be used to show years from the year 1AD.
- To know that prehistory is the period of time before written methods and stretches until the Roman invasion in AD43.
- To know that prehistory is divided into the Paleolithic, Mesolithic, Neolithic, Bronze Age and Iron Age periods.
- To know that the Stone Age, Bronze Age and Iron Age periods are named after the materials that were commonly used to make tools.
- To know that we can use dates to work



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Year 6: What was the impact of World War II on the people of Britain?

How does this link to my previous learning?

How have children's lives change?

National Curriculum Links:

- Sequencing events on a timeline, comparing where it fits in with times studied in previous year groups by using the terms AD and BC in work.
- Describing the links between main events, similarities and changes within and across different periods/studied.
- Asking questions about the interpretations, viewpoints and perspectives held by others.
- Identifying how sources with different perspectives can be used in a historical enquiry.
- Considering a range of factors when discussing the reliability of sources, e.g. audience, purpose, accuracy, the creators of the source.
- Constructing explanations for past events using cause and effect.

How does this link to my future learning?

• What does the Census tell us about our local area?

What key vocabulary will I learn:

- appeasement
- reparations
- allies
- disarm
- debt
- unrest
- prosperity
- sorties
- evacuation

What will I know by the end of this unit:

- To know that members of society standing up for their rights can be the cause of change.
- To understand that there are different interpretations of historical figures and events.
- To understand how the monarchy exercised absolute power.
- To understand the process of democracy and parliament in Britain.
- To be aware of the different beliefs that different cultures, times and groups hold.
- To understand the changes and reasons for the organisation of society in Britain.
- To understand how society is organised in different cultures, times and groups.
- To be able to compare development and role of education in societies.
- To understand the changing role of women and men in Britain.
- To understand the development of global trade.
- To understand that people in the past were as inventive and sophisticated in thinking as people today.
- To be able to identify the achievements of civilisations and explain why these achievements were so important.
- To be able to compare the achievements of different civilisations and groups.