

# COMPUTING KNOWLEDGE ORGANISERS

Year I to Year 6



Year 1/2 : Creating Media – Making Music

### How does this link to my previous learning?

Use technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate and retrieve digital content

# National Curriculum Links:

- Use technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate, and retrieve digital content
- Recognise common uses of information technology beyond school

# How does this link to my future learning?

 Select, use, and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating, and presenting data and information.

# What key vocabulary will I learn:

- Music Music is a group of sounds that people have arranged in a pleasing or meaningful way
- Emotions Is how someone feels inside
- . Pulse The pulse is a steady beat that runs through the music
- Rhythm Rhythm is a pattern of sounds of different length
- Pattern Patterns are what people hear when listening to a song.
- Pitch The pitch of a sound is how high or low the sound is
- Tempo Tempo is the speed of music
- Instrument An object that can be used to produce music
- Sound Is the vibration that sends waves into our ear
- . Note the pitch and the duration of a musical sound

- To say how music can make you feel
- To identify that there are patterns in music
- To experiment with sound using a computer
- To use a computer to create a musical pattern
- · To create music for purpose
- To review and refine our computer work.





#### Year 3: Branching databases

#### How does this link to my previous learning?

Use technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate and retrieve digital content.

#### **National Curriculum Links:**

 Use technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate and retrieve digital content.

#### How does this link to my future learning?

 Select, use, and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating, and presenting data and information.

# What key vocabulary will I learn:

- Information Data put into a context that provides meaning.
- Data Facts and statistics collected for reference or analysis.
- Attributes A piece of information which determines the properties of a field or tag in a database or a string of characters in a display.
- **Group** A number of people or things that are located, gathered, or classed together.
- Branching Branching is the practice of creating copies of programs or objects in development to work in parallel versions, retaining the original and working on the branch or making different changes to each
- Database A structured set of data held in a computer, especially one that is accessible in various ways.
- Multiple Having or involving several parts, elements, or members.
- Classify Arrange (a group of people or things) in classes or categories according to shared qualities or characteristics.

- To create questions with yes/no answers.
- To identify the object attributes needed to collect relevant data.
- · To create a branching database.
- To identify objects using a branching database.
- To explain why it is helpful for a database to be well structured.
- To compare the information shown in a pictogram with a branching database.







Year 4: Creating Media - Audio Production

### How does this link to my previous learning?

Use technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate and retrieve digital content

#### National Curriculum Links:

 select, use and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data and information

### How does this link to my future learning?

- Use search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content
- Select, use, and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital
  devices to design and create a range of programs, systems, and content that accomplish given
  goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating, and presenting data and information

# What key vocabulary will I learn:

- Photography Using a camera to take photos
- . Editing To make changes to documents for improvements
- . Software The program that runs on a computer
- Crop To remove unwanted portions of a graphic by 'cutting off' the sides.
- Rotate Moving text and images around a fixed point
- Copy creating another version of it that is exactly the same and put it in a different place or a different document.
- . Brightness to brighten or darken an image
- . Contrast The amount of colour or grayscale within an image
- Enlarge Making an image bigger
- Reduce Making an image smaller

- To explain that the composition of digital images can be changed.
- To explain that different colours can be changed in digital images
- To explain how cloning can be used in photo editing
- To explain that images can be combined
- · To combine images for a purpose
- To evaluate how changes can improve an image





#### Year 5: Flat-file Databases

#### How does this link to my previous learning?

Use technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate and retrieve digital content.

# What key vocabulary will I learn:

- Information Data put into a context that provides meaning.
- Data Facts and statistics collected for reference or analysis.
- Collection The action or process of collecting someone or something.
- Database A structured set of data held in a computer, especially one that is accessible in various ways.
- **Search** Try to find something by looking or otherwise seeking carefully and thoroughly.
- Sort The arrangement of data in a prescribed sequence.
- Filter A function that lets you single out a range of data based on the values in a formula.
- Software The programs and other operating information used by a computer.
- Fields Names you give to the columns in a table.

#### National Curriculum Links:

 Use technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate and retrieve digital content.

#### How does this link to my future learning?

 Select, use, and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating, and presenting data and information.

- To use a form to record information.
- To compare paper and computer-based databases.
- To outline how grouping and then sorting data allows us to answer questions.
- · To explain that tools can be used to select specific data.
- To explain that computer programs can be used to compare data visually.
- To apply my knowledge of a database to ask and answer real-world questions.



	College Development 2018 - 2017		
Refer to a	Lat State .		-
31349-143-	Shine		71.
11949-144	Witness	0.	18
57349-247	Feempon		18
579mJe8	real		29
57300 Jee	Armirong	4	10
\$7.940.250	Graham	6.	30
\$7900 DEL	McCarlden	ж.	26
\$7.940-(S)	Sings	1.	29
27349-253	Bussell	W.	- 10
57,949-254	South	-	19







Year 6: Creating Media – Webpage creation

# How does this link to my previous learning?

Use technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate and retrieve digital content

#### **National Curriculum Links:**

 select, use and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data and information

### How does this link to my future learning?

- Use search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content
- Select, use, and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital
  devices to design and create a range of programs, systems, and content that accomplish given
  goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating, and presenting data and information

# What key vocabulary will I learn:

- Webpage a page of information on the internet about a particular subject, that forms (a part of) a website
- Website a set of pages of information on the internet about a particular subject, published by a single person or organization
- Domain a set of websites on the internet that end with the same letters, for example .com
- Hypertext A way of joining a word or image to another page on the internet or in another computer program
- Audience the group of people watching or listening to a play, film or someone speaking.
- Browser a computer program that makes it possible for you to read information on the internet:
- Copyright The legal right to control the production and selling of a book, film, photograph or a piece of music
- Homepage The introductory page of a website, typically serving as a table of contents for the site.

- To review an existing website and consider its structure
- To plan the features of a web page
- To consider the ownership and use of images (copyright)
- To recognise the need to preview pages
- To outline the need for a navigation path
- To recognise the implications of linking to content owned by other people

