

# Geography

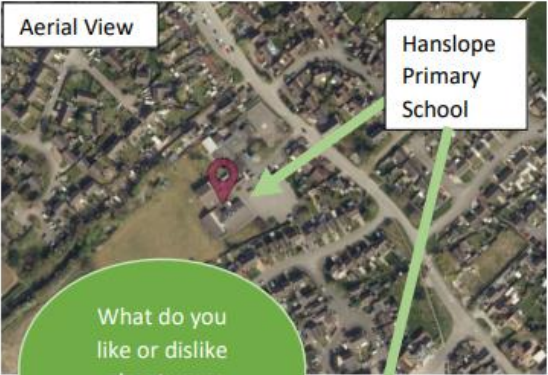
Knowledge Organisers

Autumn 2

# Year 1

## Geography- Year 1 - Autumn

### Local area- Where is Hanslope primary school?



Hanslope Primary School is in the village of Hanslope in Milton Keynes.

School Address:  
Hanslope Primary  
Long Street Road  
Hanslope

**Human Features**

House

School

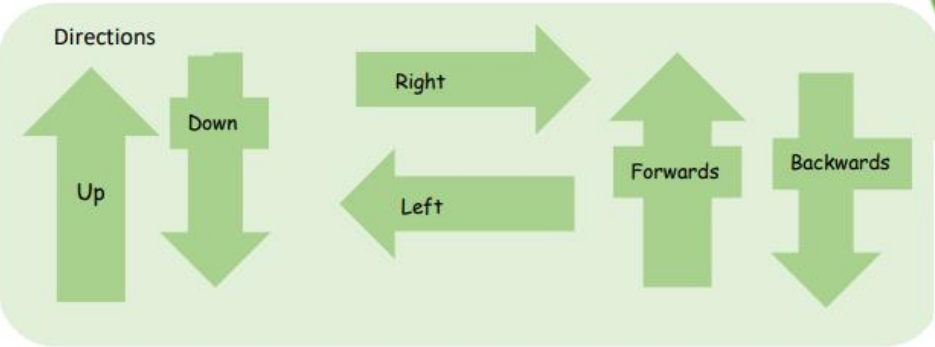
Road

**Physical Features**

Trees Forest

Soil

What is your home address?



Vocabulary	Definition
Map	A 2D drawing of an area shown from above.
Location	A place or position.
Local area	The area around where you live.
Aerial View	What an area would look like from above, looking down on a specific area.
Village	a place with a small number of houses for a few hundred people found in the countryside. Hanslope is a village.
Directions	Instructions about how to get somewhere
Route	A way from one place to another
Human Features	Things that are made or built by humans.
Physical Features	Natural things that exist like seas, mountains and rivers. They would be here even if there were no people around.

**Aerial Photograph**  
A photograph taken from above looking down.

**Aerial Plan**  
A drawing of what a place looks like from above.

**Maps**

This is a map of a park. We can use it to help us see where things are in the park.

The key shows us what the different pictures mean. We call the pictures symbols.

**This is a map**

**This is a symbol**

# Year 2

History focus this half term.

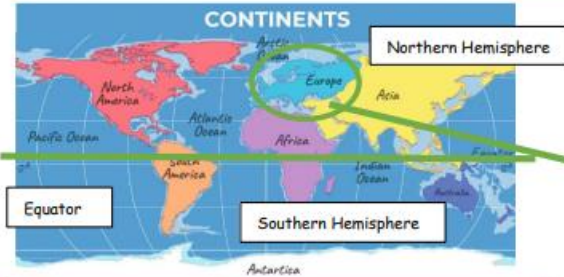
# Year 3



## Geography- Year 3 - Autumn

### Who are our European neighbours?

Can I compare and contrast a region of the UK and a region of Europe?



The continent is in the northern hemisphere with the Arctic Ocean to the north, the Atlantic Ocean to the west and the Mediterranean Sea to the south.

Vocabulary	Definition
Europe	The 5 <sup>th</sup> largest continent. It is located entirely in the Northern Hemisphere. There are 46 countries, although 2 are only partially (most of Turkey and Russia are in Asia).
Continent	One of earth's seven major areas of land.
Population	The amount of people who live in a specific area.
Capital City	The main city in a country, usually where a government is located.
Border	A line that separates two countries. A passport may be needed to cross the border.
United Kingdom	England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland. Located in the west of Europe.
Region	A large area of land that has common features.
Northern Hemisphere	This is the northern part of the earth (above the equator)
Southern Hemisphere	The half of the earth that is south of the equator (below the equator).
Equator	An imaginary line that cuts the earth in half horizontally.
Human Feature	A feature of earth that has been created by people e.g road or bridge.
Physical Feature	A natural feature on the surface of the earth e.g river or mountain.

Country	Capital City	Human Feature	Physical Feature	Population
France 	Paris	The Eiffel Tower 	Mont Blanc (tallest mountain in France) River Seine 	64,756,584
Germany 	Berlin	The Brandenburg Gate 	Lake Constance (the biggest in Germany) 	83,294,633
Spain 	Madrid	Basilica of La Sagrada 	The Cuevas del drach 	47,519,628
Russia 	Moscow	Moscow Kremlin 	River Volga (The longest river in Europe) 	144,444,359
Italy 	Rome	The Colosseum 	Mount Etna 	58,870,762
Greece 	Athens	Acropolis 	Mount Olympus 	10,341,277

Can I compare and contrast two European cities?



The smallest country in Europe is Vatican City and the largest is Russia.



The Alps are the highest and most extensive mountain range that stretches across eight countries: France, Switzerland, Monaco, Italy, Liechtenstein, Austria, Germany, and Slovenia.

The European climate is affected by warm Atlantic currents.

# Year 4

History focus this half term.

# Year 5

History focus this half term.

# Year 6

## Geography- Year 6 - Autumn

### What is it like in North America?

Can I compare a region of North America and a region of the UK?



Climate

The Arctic Circle is one of the coldest places on earth with winters reaching -30°C, although much of Canada is deciduous forest. Central U.S.A. consists of deciduous forest but also grassland, with very hot summers and cold winters whilst western Mexico and U.S.A. has a desert climate, reaching up to 45°C.



North America is the third largest of the seven continents. North America consists of 23 countries including Canada, United States of America and Mexico.

North America is surrounded on the north by the Arctic Ocean, on the east by the North Atlantic Ocean, on the south by the Caribbean Sea, and on the west by the North Pacific Ocean.

Languages spoken: English, French and Spanish

Climate Zones

Every climate zone can be found in North America as it extends to within 10° of latitude of both the equator and the North Pole.

Environmental Regions

There are 5 environmental regions of North America. Mountainous West, the Great Plain, the Canadian Shield, the Eastern Region and the Caribbean.

**Longest Rivers**

- Mississippi (U.S.A.) - 3770km
- Missouri (U.S.A.) - 3767km
- Yukon (Canada) 3190km

**Tallest Mountains**

- Denali (Alaska) 6190m
- Mount Logan (Canada) 5959m
- Pico de Orizaba (Mexico) 5636m

**Largest Populations**

- U.S.A. (322 million people)
- Mexico (127 million people)
- Canada (36 million people)



Human Features	Physical Features
Chichen Itza, Mexico	Grand Canyon, USA
Golden Gate Bridge, USA	Niagra Falls, USA/Canada
The Statue of Liberty, USA	Death Valley, USA Located in eastern California is one of the hottest places in the world. Its Bodwater Basin is 86m below sea level, the lowest point on the continent.
Empire State Building, USA	Rocky Mountains, Canada/USA
Kennedy Space Centre, USA	Yellowstone National Park, USA
The White House, USA	The Great Lakes The Great Lakes are a series of interconnected lakes across the USA-Canada border. They include lake Superior and they are the largest lake system in the world.

Vocabulary	Definition
Time zone	One of the areas into which the world is divided where the time is calculated as being a particular number of hours behind or ahead of GMT.
Climate	The different weather conditions of an area over a long period of time
Longitude	The distance of a place east or west of the Greenwich Meridian.
Latitude	The distance of a place north or south of the equator measured in degrees.
Region	An area, especially part of a country or the world having definable characteristics but not always fixed boundaries
State	An area with a government that can make decisions and pass laws for that area. In the USA, the states are joined in political union.
North America	A large continent entirely within the Northern hemisphere.
United Kingdom	The UK, is officially known as the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland. It includes England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland.
Population	The number of people living in a particular place.
Topography	the study of the shape of the surface features of an area

