

Year One- Is Everybody Special?

#### How does this link to my previous learning?

Foundation Stage: Special Days

## What key vocabulary will I learn:

**Community (religious)-** a group of people that have beliefs and interests in common

**Baptism-** a ritual involving water to admit a person into the Christian community

Rules- guidelines for how people should behave

Parable- a story with meaning

**The Golden Rule**- all about treating others as you wish to be treated and is found in most of the world's major faiths

### **National Curriculum Links:**

- To explore how and why people choose to belong to groups and religions and to consider the difference that makes to their lives
- To recognise that everyone is different, but equally of value (Believing- Belonging- Behaving- Reflecting and Responding- Making Links)

#### How does this link to my future learning?

Year 3- Does taking bread and wine show that someone is a Christian? Does Easter make sense without Passover? Does Jesus have authority for everyone?
Year 4- Do Murtis Help Hindus understand God? Does the Christmas narrative need Mary?
Year 5- Do Muslims need the Qur'an?

Year 6- Is 'God made man' a good way to understand the Christmas story? Do Clothes express belief?

#### What will I know by the end of this unit:

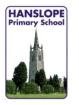
- \* A story about Jesus
- \*How people show that they belong to a group
- \*Artefacts associated with baptism
- \*Why Christians choose to be baptised
- \*Ways of showing they belong
- \* How it feels to belong

The Lost Sheep (Matthew 18 12-14, Luke 15 3-7)



The Lost Coin (Luke 15 8- 10)





Year Two- Who Should You Follow?

## How does this link to my previous learning?

Year One- Should everyone follow Jesus?

## What key vocabulary will I learn:

**Christianity-** the religion based on the person and teachings of Jesus Christ or its beliefs and practices

Judaism-religious and cultural traditions of the Jewish people

Rabbi- a spiritual leader or religious teacher in Judaism

**Vicar-** a holy representative of the church. A parish is led by a priest, usually called a vicar or rector.

### **National Curriculum Links:**

• To find out about religious leaders and how and why they are followed (Believing- Belonging- Behaving- Reflecting and Responding- Making Links)

### How does this link to my future learning?

 Year Three- Does Easter make sense without Passover? Does Jesus have authority for everyone?
 Year Four- Does the Christmas narrative need Mary?
 Year Five- Are you inspired?

### What will I know by the end of this unit:

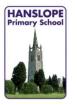
- \*A story about a leader in the Bible
- \*A leader in society and suggest what makes that person special
- \* Reasons why people follow certain leaders
- \*What makes someone a good leader
- \*Why leaders are needed



Moses leading the Israelites through the desert- Exodus 1-2



Joshua leading the Israelites against Jericho- Joshua- Joshua



Year Three- Does taking bread and wine show that you are a good Christian?

#### How does this link to my previous learning?

Year One- Is everybody special? Year Two- How should you spend the weekend?

### What key vocabulary will I learn:

Commitment- dedicated to a faith

Church- a building used for Christian worship

**Communion (also known as Eucharist/Mass/Lord's Supper-**the service of Christian worship where bread and wine are shared)



#### **National Curriculum Links:**

• To explore the ritual of communion and other ways of belonging to the church

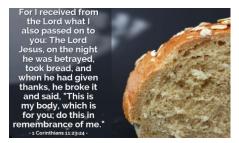
(Believing- Belonging- Behaving- Reflecting and Responding- Making Links)

#### How does this link to my future learning?

Year Three: Is a Jewish child free to choose their beliefs? Does Jesus have authority for everyone? Year Four: Do Murtis help Hindus understand God? Should believers give things up? Does prayer change things? Year Five- Do Muslims need the Qur'an?

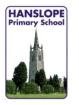
#### What will I know by the end of this unit:

#### 1 Corinthians 11:23-29



\*The story of the Last Supper

- \*The ways that some Christians demonstrate their faith
- \*A reason why Christians take communion
- \*The symbols of the Eucharist
- \*Different feelings people may have about communion



Year Four- Do Murtis help Hindus understand God?

### **National Curriculum Links:**

 To explore how Hindus express their beliefs through images of deities and symbols

(Believing- Belonging- Behaving- Reflecting and Responding- Making Links)

#### How does this link to my previous learning?

Year One- Is everybody special? Year Two- Do religious symbols mean the same to everyone? Year Three- Do Christians have to take communion? Is light a good symbol for everyone?

## What key vocabulary will I learn:

God- a supernatural being that is considered divine or sacred

**Deity-** gods or goddesses

**Brahman-** believed by Hindus to be the source of all existence and is present in every thing and every place

**Trimurti-** means 'three forms'. In the Trimurti, Brahma is the creator, Vishnu is the preserver and Shiva is the destroyer.

Murtis- a statue of a god or goddess

Avatars- a deity or released soul in bodily form on Earth

## How does this link to my future learning?

Year Four- Doe the Christmas narrative need Mary?

Year Six- Can we know what God is like?

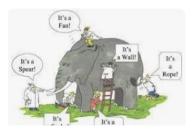
### What will I know by the end of this unit:

\*Three Hindu deities/murtis and what they reveal about God \*The correct words to describe four ways in which Hindus use murtis in worship

\*Symbols that Hindus use when they worship at home or in the Mandir

\*Why Hindus choose to worship particular murtis

#### The Blind Men and the Elephant





Year Five- Do Muslims need the Qur'an?

#### **National Curriculum Links:**

• \*To explore different ways of showing belief with special reference to Islam

(Believing- Belonging- Behaving- Reflecting and Responding- Making Links)

#### How does this link to my previous learning?

Year One- Is everybody special? Year Three- Do Christians have to take communion?

#### What I will know by the end of this unit:

\*Links between the way the Qur'an is used in a mosque and Muslim beliefs \*Three things that Muslims believe in, referring to the teaching of the Qur'an \*The impact of the Qur'an on the lives of believers

\*Ways in which the Qur'an is treated with respect, suggesting reasons

\*What texts influence your own life and be able to say why

\*Important questions about your own and Muslim beliefs about Sacred Texts



#### How does this link to my future learning?

Year Five- Does God communicate with humans? Does the community of the Mosque help Muslims lead better lives?
Year Six- Do clothes express beliefs? Can we know what God is like?

#### What key vocabulary I will learn:

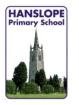
Sacred text- a text that is believed to be the word of God

Wudu- the practise of ritual washing before daily prayer

**Hadith-** a major source of religious law and moral guidance from the sayings and traditions of the Prophet Muhammad

Hafiz- a term used by Muslims for people that have learnt the Qur'an by heart

Calligraphy- the art of beautiful handwriting



Year Six- Are the saints encouraging role models?

## How does this link to my previous learning?

Year One- Should we celebrate Harvest or Christmas?

Year Three- Does Jesus have authority for everyone?

## What key vocabulary will I learn:

Persecution- the bad treatment of a person, or group by another group

Saint- a person who is believed to be especially close to God

Commitment- dedicated to a faith

Martyr- a person that suffers death rather than give up his/ her religion

Faith- belief, trust and loyalty to God

**Relics-** an object treated with great respect due to its connection to a saint or martyr

Reliquaries- containers that contain relics

## **National Curriculum Links:**

- To explore reasons behind the persecution of saints/believers
- To compare the saints to the person and persecution of Jesus (Believing- Belonging- Behaving- Reflecting and Responding- Making Links)

## How does this link to my future learning?

• Key Stage Three: Further exploration of Christianity, alongside Sikhism and Buddhism.

## What will I know by the end of this unit:

St Joan

St Francis







St George

\*An understanding of the beliefs of saints and the influence of these beliefs on behaviour

\*The differences between saints and Jesus

\*Similarities between the saints of Christianity and of other religions and none\*The impact of faith on the lives of believers, particularly in the face of persecution

\*The meaning for reliquaries and compare their use to objects used by other faiths

\*Answers to questions about the choices that saints have made