

Hanslope Primary School Spring 2

History Knowledge Organiser

Year 2: How did we learn to fly?

What key

vocabulary will

I learn:

National Curriculum Links:

- Sequencing up to six photographs, focusing on the intervals between events.
- Recognising some things which have changed/stayed the same as the past.
- Identifying simple reasons for changes.
- Identifying similarities and difference between ways of life at different times; Finding out about people, events and beliefs in society.
- Making simple observations about a source or artefact.
- Comparing pictures or photographs of people or events in the past. Selecting information from a source to answer a question.

How does this link to my previous learning?

• How have explorers changed the world?

How does this link to my future learning?

This is a stand alone unit that does not directly link to any other topics

What will I know by the end of this unit:

- Beyond living memory
- Decade
- Evidence
- Eyewitness
- Flight
- Historic
- Historically significant
- Inventor
- Living memory
- Past
- Present
- Primary source
- Source

- To know that beyond living memory is more than 100 years ago.
- To know that changes may come about because of improvements in technology.
- To know that some events are more significant than others.
- To know the impact of a historical event on society.
- To know that 'historically significant' people are those who changed many people's lives.
- To know that historians use evidence from sources to find out more about the past.
- To know that the past is represented in different ways.
- To begin to identify achievements and inventions that still influence their own lives today.
- To know the legacy and contribution of the inventions.
- To be aware of the achievements of significant individuals.



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Year 4: Would you prefer to live in the Stone Age, Iron Age or Bronze Age? (curriculum catch up)

National Curriculum Links:

- Changes in Britain from the Stone Age to the Iron Age
- understand the methods of historical enquiry, including how evidence is used rigorously to make historical claims
- gain historical perspective by placing their growing knowledge into different contexts, understanding the connections between local, regional, national and international history
- know and understand the history of these islands as a coherent, chronological narrative, from the earliest times to the present day
- gain and deploy a historically grounded understanding of abstract terms such as 'empire', 'civilisation', 'parliament' and 'peasantry'

Why did Romans settle in Britain?

How does this link to my previous learning? How does this link to my future learning?

Previous Key stage one learning

What key vocabulary will I learn:

Skara Brae, Orkney Islands hearth settlement

flint

roundhouse

chief

metalwork -copper, bronze, gold, tin mining

trade (a job requiring manual skills)

arrowheads

import

export

trade (buying and selling goods/services)

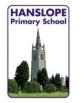
exchange

goods

barter

What will I know by the end of this unit:

- To know that history is divided into periods of history e.g. ancient times, middle ages and modern.
- To know that BC means before Christ and is used to show years before the year 0.
- To know that AD means Anno Domini and can be used to show years from the year 1AD.
- To know that prehistory is the period of time before written methods and stretches until the Roman invasion in AD43.
- To know that prehistory is divided into the Paleolithic, Mesolithic, Neolithic, Bronze Age and Iron Age periods.
- To know that the Stone Age, Bronze Age and Iron Age periods are named after the materials that were commonly used to make tools.
- To know that we can use dates to work



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Year 5: What did the Greeks ever do for us?

How does this link to my previous learning?

What did the Ancient Egyptians believe?

National Curriculum Links:

- Sequencing events on a timeline, comparing where it fits in with times studied in previous year groups.
- Using the terms AD and BC in their work.
- Using relevant dates and relevant terms for the period and period labels e.g.Stone Age, Bronze Age, Iron Age
- Developing a chronologically secure understanding of British, local and world history across the periods studied.
- Placing the time, period of history and context on a timeline.
- Relating current study on timeline to other periods of history studied.

How does this link to my future learning?

What does the Census tell us about our local area?

- Afterlife
- Book of the Dead
- Civilisation
- Historically significant
- Immortal
- Mummification

What key

vocabulary will

I learn:

- Preserve
- Ra
- River Nile
- Sarcophagus

What will I know by the end of this unit:

- Describe the features of ancient Greece.
- Identify the key periods in the ancient Greek civilisation.
- Make inferences about Greek gods.
- Research a Greek god.
- Compare Athens and Sparta.
- Understand the different types of democracy.
- Explain how Athenian democracy worked.
- Explain what philosophy is.
- Identify the achievements of the ancient Greek philosophers.
- Identify the ancient Greeks' legacies and their impact.