Chemistry Progress Grid

	NC POS	Declarative Knowledge	Procedural Knowledge
Y1	Working Scientifically Everyday materials 1g 1h 1i	What is a scientist? 3 methods of scientific enquiry: 1. Carrying out comparative tests 2. Observing changes over time 3. Grouping and classifying • Know what a question is Everyday materials • Object definition • Material definition • Identification of materials • Physical properties	 Carry out comparative tests with 2 variables Orally answer a question with scientific vocabulary Sort using 2 given criteria / groups Notice things that are the same.
Y2	Use of everyday materials 2j 2k 2l	Method of scientific enquiry: 4.Noticing patterns Uses everyday materials Suitability Solid Changing shape Manipulated Charles Macintosh 1766 – 1843 waterproof	 Ask a simple question Write a simple conclusion to an experiment using scientific vocabulary Sort using more than 2 groups with own criteria Find information from a given source Notice things that are different
Y3	Rocks 3g 3h 3i	Method of scientific enquiry: 5.Fair Test Scientific Keys Rocks and soils Sedimentary Metamorphic Igneous Properties of rocks Formation of fossils Soil John McAdam 1756 – 1836 road construction Dr Jessica Holmes (Geologist) Present day!	 Ask informed questions using expressive scientific vocabulary Carry out a simple, guided, fair test To use a simple key To use a secondary source as guided by the teacher Use systematic observation to track the movement of water through a plant Write a guided conclusion using PEEL (point evidence explanation link) To use a scientific diagram in support of conclusion
Y4	States of matter 4g 4h 4i	States of matter	 Ask a range of questions based on scientific knowledge and suggest where answers could be found. Design a simple fair test Interpret a food chain Design a simple key Identify and use a secondary source Write a clear and cohesive guided conclusion using PEEL which incorporates any data / findings. To create a guided scientific diagram in support of conclusion.
Y5	Properties and changes in materials	Properties and changes in materials • Properties of materials	Identify an opportunity to work scientifically drawing on their prior knowledge and learning.

Harrow Gate Primary Academy

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	Y6	5d 5e 5f 5g 5h 5i	 Transparency Solubility conductivity Reversible Irreversible John Dunlop 1840 - 1921 	•	Create a line of enquiry for the science opportunity presented, incorporating a wide range of question types and scientific vocabulary. Design and make a key for a given purpose Identify opinion and fact when using a secondary source Look for causal relationships in data Write a conclusion which draws on all scientific vocabulary and understanding using relevant diagrams.
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