

Key Dates	
<b>600 BCE to 43 AD.</b>	The Celts lived during the Iron Age, from about 600 BC to 43 AD. This is the time when iron was discovered and used
<b>43 AD</b>	Romans invaded Britain and set up their own civilisation and government.
<b>60AD – 61AD</b>	Boudicca's revolt took place.

Key Facts	
<b>1</b>	Boudicca was married to King Prastagus. He was the leader of a Celt tribe called the Iceni tribe.
<b>2</b>	In 60AD King Prastagus died. Boudicca wanted to be the leader of the Iceni tribe but Roman soldiers attacked Boudicca and her daughters because they resisted them taking their land and property.
<b>3</b>	Boudicca and the Iceni tribe led a revolt against the Romans.
<b>4</b>	Boudicca and the The Iceni warriors managed to destroy Camulodunum (Colchester) They also destroyed Londinium (London) and then attacked Verulamium (St Albans), destroying that city too.
<b>5</b>	The Roman army in Britain regrouped in the Midlands and finally defeated Boudicca and the Iceni tribe in the Battle of Watling Street.
<b>6</b>	It is not clear what exactly happened to Boudicca. Some people say she killed herself with poison when she realised she had lost the battle. Others say that she fell ill and died.
<b>7</b>	The Romans believed that Boudicca was a villain who attempted to defy them.
<b>8</b>	The Celts adored Boudicca and she was the Queen and leader of the Iceni tribe

Vocabulary	
<b>Roman</b>	A Roman was a citizen of ancient Rome or its empire.
<b>Celt</b>	The name given to people who lived in Britain during the Iron Age.
<b>barbarian</b>	A person who lived outside the Roman Empire, seen by Romans as violent and uncivilized.
<b>defy</b>	To refuse to obey
<b>empire</b>	A large area with many people ruled by one strong leader, called an emperor.
<b>general</b>	leader of an army, the soldier giving the orders to everyone else
<b>invade</b>	to enter as an enemy, by force, in order to conquer
<b>inherit</b>	To get something from someone after death.
<b>legion</b>	The main battle unit of the Roman army, its soldiers were called legionaries. There were between 4,000 and 6,000 legionaries in a legion.
<b>rebel</b>	a person who rises in opposition or armed resistance against an established government or leader
<b>rebellion</b>	an act of armed resistance to an established government or leader
<b>revolt</b>	When people revolt they make an illegal and often violent attempt to change their country's political system.
<b>tribe</b>	A group of people who live in one part of a country and are ruled by a chief.



Statue of Boudicca in Westminster, London