



Year	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Group						
FS		ind awareness. creasing range of songs	<u>CLL</u> : Produce rhyming words EAD: Explore creative ways of moving to music. Experiment with art and music.		EAD: Enjoy and experience different musical styles and genres. Experiment with musical instruments. Use art to represent feelings.	
Year 1	<u>Pop</u> <u>Singing</u> : Sing chants in the same pitch. <u>Listening</u> : Begin to recognise how music makes us feel. Recognise repeated patterns. <u>Musicianship:</u> Move to a steady beat; perform copycat rhythm patterns; listen to sounds in the school environment.	Ballads – Vera Lynn Singing: Begin singing simple mi-so ranged songs. Listening: Develop an understanding as to why artists write songs. Musicianship: Clap a steady beat, change the speed of the beat as the tempo changes (fast or slow); compare high and low sounds.	Rock Singing: Sing pentatonic songs from memory by counting in. Listening: Begin to compare the mood of a piece of music. Begin to recognise instruments (guitar, drums and vocalists). Musicianship: sing familiar songs in both low and high voices and talk about the difference.	<u>Musical Theatre –</u> <u>South Pacific</u> <u>Singing:</u> Sing a range of call and response songs to control vocal pitch. <u>Listening</u> : Begin to understand that lyrics can share feelings. <u>Composition</u> : Improvise simple vocal chants, using question and answer phrases.	Films – Ice Age Singing: sing a wide range of call and response songs to match the pitch they hear. Listening: Begin to understand that music/sound effects can emphasise a story. Composition: understand the difference between creating a rhythm pattern and a pitch pattern.	<u>Musical Theatre –</u> <u>Madagascar</u> <u>Singing</u> : sing a range of call and response songs to match the pitch they hear with accuracy. <u>Listening</u> : Reflect on the mood of music and use this within our own compositions. <u>Composition</u> : understand the difference between creating a rhythm pattern and a pitch pattern.
Year 2	<u>Pop</u> <u>Singing</u> : Sing do-so songs with vocal control; sing songs accurately with a small pitch range. <u>Listening</u> : to recognise that a chorus is a repeated pattern. <u>Musicianship</u> : Walk in time to the beat; Know	<u>Nativity</u> <u>Singing</u> : know & use dynamics and tempo, responding to directions. <u>Listening</u> : to begin to recognise the sound of brass instruments. <u>Musicianship</u> : Mark the beat by tapping; recognise changes in	<u>Musical Theatre- The</u> <u>Lion King!</u> <u>Singing</u> : to learn the meaning of dynamics and tempo. <u>Listening</u> : to recognise that music emphasises significant events within a story. <u>Musicianship</u> : Identify the beat groupings;	<u>Rock - Queen</u> <u>Singing</u> : be able to demonstrate dynamics and tempo when singing by responding to the leader's directions. <u>Listening</u> : Develop understanding of the social context of rock music.	<u>Musical Theatre –</u> <u>Oliver!</u> <u>Singing</u> : apply their learning of dynamics and tempo by responding to visual symbols. <u>Listening</u> : Begin to understand the origins and historical contexts of musical theatre	<u>Sound Effects</u> <u>Singing</u> : apply their learning of dynamics and tempo by responding to visual symbols. <u>Listening:</u> to recognise how sound effects can replicate voices and conversations.



	the difference between left and right; Play copycat rhythms; sing short phrases independently.	tempo; understand the speed of the beat can change; create rhythms using word phrases.	Read, respond, create and perform their own rhythm patterns and represent them with stick notation; Respond independently to pitch changes heard in short melodic phrases; recognise dot notation.	<u>Composition</u> : Create music in response to a non-musical stimulus; use graphic symbols/dot notation/stick notation to record composed pieces.	(books, real life events and jukebox musicals) <u>Composition</u> : Work with a partner to improvise simple question and answer phrases; use graphic symbols/dot notation/stick notation to record composed pieces.	<u>Composition</u> : use music technology, to capture, change and combine sounds.
Year 3	60s Listening: Analyse a time period and how it may have impacted a piece of music. Composing: Become more skilled in improvising. Learn about the stave, lines, spaces, and clef. Use dot notation. Performing: Develop facility in playing an instrument. Sing a widening range of unison songs and perform actions.	60s Listening: Identify the main parts of a song. Recognise known instruments and the category they belong to. Composing: Structure musical ideas. Compose song accompaniments. Understand the differences between crotchets and paired quavers. Performing: Develop facility in playing an instrument. Sing a widening range of unison songs and perform actions.	<u>70s</u> Listening: Confidently identify and move to the pulse. Composing: Structure musical ideas. Compose song accompaniments. Performing: Move to a beat and recognise changes in tempo. Play and perform melodies following staff notation. Sing a widening range of unison songs and perform actions.	<u>70s</u> Listening: Recognise changes in timbre and texture. Composing: Become more skilled in improvising. Combine known rhythmic notation with letter names. Use dot notation. Performing: Apply chants to rhythms. Sing with an understanding of pitch, dynamics and tempo. Follow a leader's direction.	80s Listening: Use listening skills to correctly order phrases using dot notation, showing arrangements of notes. Composing: Become more skilled in improvising. Combine known rhythmic notation with letter names. Use dot notation. Performing: Order phrases and arrange notes. Apply chants to rhythms. Perform within a choir.	80s Listening: Discuss how a piece of music makes them feel referring to the interrelated dimensions of music and lyrics. Composing: Structure musical ideas. Compose song accompaniments. Performing: Order phrases and arrange notes. Apply chants to rhythms. Review skills learned and consolidate through performance.



Year 4	Motown	Musical Theatre	Classical	Musical Theatre	Country/Americana	Musical Theatre
	Listening:	Listening:	Listening:	Listening:	Listening:	Listening:
	Confidently identify	Discuss the music and	Name the instruments	Identify cyclic patterns	Listen to peer's work,	Recognise the
	the pulse and tempo.	how it makes them	that can be heard.	in music.	evaluating it and	structure of songs.
	Composing:	feel referring to the	Identify drone and	Understand the role of	offering improvements	Identify harmonies.
	Improvise using	interrelated	ostinato.	music and	with justification.	Understand the
	instruments.	dimensions of music.	Explain why silence is	entertainment in	Composing:	relationship between
	Make compositional	Composing:	often needed in music	Blackpool's	Improvise on a limited	lyrics and melody.
	decisions about the	Combine rhythmic	and the effect it has.	development.	range of pitches on	Composing:
	overall structure of	notation with letter	Composing:	Composing:	known instruments.	Capture and record
	improvisations.	names.	Improvise using	Compose music to	Make compositional	creative ideas.
	Understand the	Create short	instruments.	create a specific mood.	decisions about	Performing:
	differences between	pentatonic phrases.	Make compositional	Performing:	improvisations.	Play and perform
	minims, crotchets,	Performing:	decisions about the	Play and perform	Performing:	melodies following
	paired quavers and	Develop facility in the	overall structure of	melodies following	Read and perform	staff notation.
	rests.	basic skills of a	improvisations.	notation.	pitch notation within a	Perform from simple
	Performing:	selected musical	Performing:	Sing a broad range of	defined range.	notation using known
	Read and perform	instrument.	Read and perform	unison songs with the	Follow and perform	instruments.
	pitch notation within a	Play and perform	pitch notation within a	range of an octave.	simple rhythmic	Perform a range of
	defined range.	melodies following	defined range.	Pitch the voice	scores.	songs.
	Sing unison songs with	staff notation.	Follow and perform	accurately.	Sing rounds and	
	the range of an octave.	Sing rounds and	simple rhythmic	Follow directions for	partner songs in	
	Sing songs with small	partner songs in	scores.	volume.	different time	
	and large vocal leaps.	different time	Maintain individual		signatures.	
		signatures.	parts accurately.		Sing in harmony.	
Year 5	60s	70s	80s	90s	00s	10s/20s
ical 5	Listening:	Listening:	Listening:	Listening:	Listening:	Listening:
	Copy back one-note	Contrast the work of	Confidently refer to	Link instruments to	Development of	Explain why they think
	riffs and rhythms.	established composers	the interrelated	genres.	musical	music is successful or
	Invent rhythms for	and show preference.	dimensions of music	Discern and distinguish	movements/genres;	unsuccessful.
	others to copy back.	Composing:	when describing,	layers of sound and	influencers of	Suggest improvements
	Composing:	Understand the	comparing or	understand their	particular musical	to their own and
	Improvise freely over a	differences between	evaluating a piece of	combined effect.	, movements; history of	others work.
	drone using tuned	2/4, 3/4 and 4/4 time	music.	Composing:	music.	Composing:
	instruments.	signatures.	Composing:		Composing:	



	Compose melodies made from pairs of phrases. Performing: Sing a range of songs from an extended repertoire. Sing three-part rounds, partner songs, and songs with a verse and a chorus. Develop the skill of playing by ear on tuned instruments.	Compose a short ternary piece. Capture and record creative ideas using graphic symbols, rhythm notation, time signatures, staff notation and technology. Performing: Perform a range of songs from an extended repertoire. Play melodies on tuned percussion, melodic instruments or keyboards, following staff notation.	Use chords to compose music to evoke a specific atmosphere, mood or environment. Capture and record creative ideas using graphic symbols, rhythm notation, time signatures, staff notation and technology. Performing: Sing three-part rounds, partner songs, and songs with a verse and a chorus. Play triads on tuned instruments. Perform simple, chordal accompaniments. Read and perform pitch notation within an octave.	Improvise over a simple groove. Experiment with using a wider range of dynamics. Performing: Sing a range of songs from an extended repertoire. Sing three-part rounds, partner songs, and songs with a verse and a chorus. Play melodies on tuned percussion, melodic instruments or keyboards, following staff notation with greater confidence.	Compose a short ternary piece. Capture and record creative ideas using graphic symbols, rhythm notation, time signatures, staff notation and technology. Performing: Perform a range of repertoire pieces and arrangements. Read and play short rhythmic phrases at sight. Develop the skill of playing by ear on tuned instruments, copying longer phrases and familiar melodies.	Use chords to compose music to evoke a specific atmosphere. Capture and record creative ideas using graphic symbols, rhythm notation, time signatures, staff notation and technology. Performing: Sing three-part rounds, partner songs, and songs with a verse and a chorus. Perform a range of repertoire pieces and arrangements. Read and play short rhythmic phrases at sight.
Year 6	Sound Effects Listening: Listen to and improve their own work and others. Composing: To evaluate, design, review and improve upon sound effects for	Film Scores Listening: Use aural memory to recall sounds. Copy back rhythms, one-note and two- note riffs. Composing: Create music with multiple sections	EDM Listening: Compare two songs in the same style. Composing: Extend improvised melodies beyond 8 beats over a fixed groove.	Rock Listening: Work out how harmonies, drones and melodic ostinati (riffs) are used to accompany singing. Begin to link the knowledge of instrument categories	Rap/Grime Listening: Evaluate differences in live and recorded performances. Evaluate how the venue, occasion and purpose affects the music. Composing:	<u>Musical Theatre</u> Listening: Consider how one piece of music could be interpreted in different ways by different performers, sometimes according to venue and occasion. Composing:



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film and television	including repetition	Use available music	and related genres to	Extend improvised	Create music with
clips.	and contrast.	software/apps to	appreciate how it	melodies beyond 8	multiple sections that
To experiment with	Plan and compose an	create and record a	affects the expressive	beats over a fixed	include repetition and
notation styles.	8- or 16-beat melodic	ternary piece.	dimension of music.	groove.	contrast.
Performing:	phrase using the	Performing:	Composing:	Use available music	Use chord changes as
To experiment with	pentatonic scale.	To experiment with	Create music with	software/apps to	part of an improvised
the use of vocals	Performing:	the use of vocals	multiple sections.	create and record a	sequence.
within sound effects.	Sing syncopated	within EDM.	Use chord changes as	ternary piece.	Compose melodies
To perform in front of	rhythms. Continue to	To experiment with	part of an improvised	Discuss how musical	made from pairs of
others and evaluate	sing three- and four-	accompanying existing	sequence.	contrasts are achieved.	phrases.
performances.	part rounds or partner	melodies.	Compose melodies	Performing:	Use equipment to
	songs.	To develop confidence	made from pairs of	To experiment with	record and evaluate
	Play a melody	performing in front of	phrases.	rap.	pieces created.
	following staff	others and evaluate	Performing:	Read and perform	Performing:
	notation.	performances.	Sing syncopated	confidently from	Play a melody
	Make decisions about		rhythms. Continue to	rhythm notation cards	following staff
	dynamic range.		sing three- and four-	and rhythmic scores.	notation.
	Read different note		part rounds or partner		Make decisions about
	types and their		songs.		dynamic range.
	equivalent rests.		Accompany melodies		Further develop the
			using block chords or a		skills to read and
			bass line.		perform pitch notatio
			Engage with ensemble		within an octave.
			playing.		