

Bronze Age to Iron Age!

Overview Of Learning

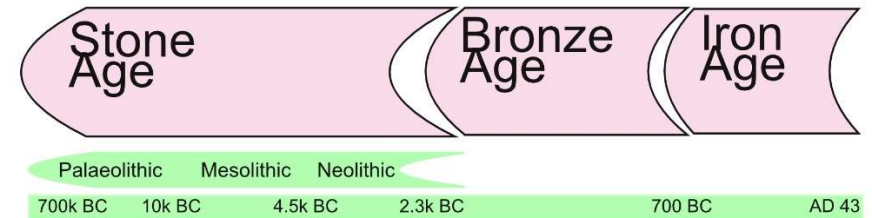
The Bronze Age was a period when people learned to make tools and weapons from bronze, a mixture of copper and tin, which allowed for better farming and more advanced weapons, leading to the development of larger settlements and increased conflict; the Iron Age followed, where people discovered how to work with iron, a stronger metal than bronze, resulting in even better tools, more complex societies, and often defensive hillforts built by tribes to protect their land and possessions.

Key Vocabulary

Farming	The activity or business of growing crops and raising livestock
Civilization	A civilization is a group of people who live together in an organized way, sharing a culture and customs
Migrate	When people move from one place to another, such as from one town to another, or from one country to another.
Stonehenge	Stonehenge is a prehistoric stone circle monument in Wiltshire, England.
Settlement	Communities where people live and work.
Hillfort	A hillfort is a fortified settlement built on a hilltop to protect people from enemy tribes.
Tool	An object used to carry out a particular task.
Roundhouse	A roundhouse is a circular dwelling that was commonly used in Britain and Ireland during the Bronze and Iron Ages.

Timeline

- **Bronze Age:** Approximately from 2,500BC to 800BC.
- **Iron Age:** Approximately from 800BC to 400AD.



Themes and Concepts

Over the course of this unit, we will be learning about:

- Beaker People
- Bronze Age Tools
- Stonehenge
- Hillforts
- Iron Age Farming