HEAP BRIDGE VILLAGE PRIMARY SCHOOL



Foreign Languages - French

Long Term Curriculum Implementation Plan

&

Assessment Arrangements





Foreign language: French – Curriculum Implementation Plan

Purpose of study

Learning a foreign language is a liberation from insularity and provides an opening to other cultures. A high-quality languages education should foster pupils' curiosity and deepen their understanding of the world. The teaching should enable pupils to express their ideas and thoughts in another language and to understand and respond to its speakers, both in speech and in writing. It should also provide opportunities for them to communicate for practical purposes, learn new ways of thinking and read great literature in the original language. Language teaching should provide the foundation for learning further languages, equipping pupils to study and work in other countries.

Aims

The national curriculum for languages aims to ensure that all pupils:

- understand and respond to spoken and written language from a variety of authentic sources
- speak with increasing confidence, fluency and spontaneity, finding ways of communicating what they want to say, including through discussion and asking questions, and continually improving the accuracy of their • pronunciation and intonation
- can write at varying length, for different purposes and audiences, using the variety of grammatical structures that they have learnt
- discover and develop an appreciation of a range of writing in the language studied.

Attainment targets

By the end of each key stage, pupils are expected to know, apply and understand the matters, skills and processes specified in the relevant programme of study. Schools are not required by law to teach the example content in [square brackets].

Subject content:

Key stage 2

Teaching may be of any modern or ancient foreign language and should focus on enabling pupils to make substantial progress in one language. The teaching should provide an appropriate balance of spoken and written language and should lay the foundations for further foreign language teaching at key stage 3. It should enable pupils to understand and communicate ideas, facts and feelings in speech and writing, focused on familiar and routine matters, using their knowledge of phonology, grammatical structures and vocabulary. The focus of study in modern languages will be on practical communication. If an ancient language is chosen the focus will be to provide a linguistic foundation for reading comprehension and an appreciation of classical civilisation. Pupils studying ancient languages may take part in simple oral exchanges, while discussion of what they read will be conducted in English. A linguistic foundation in ancient languages may support the study of modern languages at key stage 3.

Pupils should be taught to:

- listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding
- explore the patterns and sounds of language through songs and rhymes and link the spelling, sound and meaning of words •
- engage in conversations; ask and answer questions; express opinions and respond to those of others; seek clarification and help ٠
- speak in sentences, using familiar vocabulary, phrases and basic language structures ٠
- develop accurate pronunciation and intonation so that others understand when they are reading aloud or using familiar words and phrases •
- present ideas and information orally to a range of audiences ٠
- read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing ٠
- appreciate stories, songs, poems and rhymes in the language •
- broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a dictionary •
- write phrases from memory, and adapt these to create new sentences, to express ideas clearly
- describe people, places, things and actions orally and in writing
- understand basic grammar appropriate to the language being studied, including (where relevant): feminine, masculine and neuter forms and the conjugation of high-frequency verbs; key features and patterns of the ٠ language; how to apply these, for instance, to build sentences; and how these differ from or are similar to English.





	Knowledge Organiser	
Subject vocabulary	Developing subject knowledge:	Application of knowledge: -
Bonjour Six Salut) Sept Ça va ? Huit Ça va bien Neuf Ça va mal I Dix Comme ci, comme ça Rouge Au revoir Bleu À plus tard Jaune Comment tu t'appelles? Vert Je m'appelle Noir Un Blanc Deux Gris Trois Orange Quatre Violet Cinq Marron	Listening Core skill -Listen to model role-plays and infer meaning. Numbers listening exercise Reading Read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing." Broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a dictionary." Core skill - Match colours to written form. Match written form of numbers to digits. Grammar (FIRST PERSON SINGULAR OF HIGH FREQUENCY VERBS)	SpeakingEngage in conversations; ask and answer quiseek clarification and help."Speak in sentences, using familiar vocabular"Develop accurate pronunciation and intona or using familiar words and phrases."Present ideas and information orally to a rar Core skill - Say colours and numbers 1-10. Ro WritingWriting"Write phrases from memory, and adapt the Core skill - Create name labels
 I can find France on a map I can repeat all my persona I can remember some num 	al details in French, and ask for the same information back, with the help of an adult or the Po nbers from 1-10 clearly in French without any help and can attempt to spell some of these cor	
Danser Manger Chanter Boire Cuisiner Regarder Sauter Écrire Parler Je peux Écouter	Listening "Listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding." Core skill Match sound to picture / word / phrase. Reading Read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing." "Broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a dictionary." Core skill Match key verb to picture / word / phrase in English. Grammar (FIRST PERSON SINGULAR OF HIGH FREQUENCY VERBS) Core skill Modal verb followed by infinitive. "I am able to" / "I can" plus verb infinitive. First person singular only.	Speaking Speak in sentences, using familiar vocabular Develop accurate pronunciation and intonat using familiar words and phrases. Present ideas and information orally to a rar Core skill - Say "I am able to" / "I can" plus <u>Writing</u> Write phrases from memory, and adapt thes "Describe people, places, things and actions
I can also spell up to fI can match up to five	ive of these verbs accurately. verbs/activities to their picture easily, and attempt more if I have time to remind myself of th	e language first.
Les animaux Un mouton Un cochon Un canard Un lion Un singe Un oiseau Une souris Un lapin Une vache Un cheval Je suis <u>Unit Endpoints:</u> • I can repeat all the nu	Listening Listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding." Core skill Match sound to animal picture / word / phrase. Reading Read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing." Broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a dictionary." Core skill Match word to animal picture / word / phrase in English. Grammar (FIRST PERSON SINGULAR OF HIGH FREQUENCY VERBS) Core skill Introduction of gender via the indefinite article and first person singular of the verb 'to be'.	Speaking Engage in conversations; ask and answer que seek clarification and help Speak in sentences, using familiar vocabulary Develop accurate pronunciation and intonat using familiar words and phrases." Present ideas and information orally to a ran Core skill "I am" plus an animal in foreign la <u>Writing</u> Write phrases from memory, and adapt thes Describe people, places, things and actions of
	Bonjour Six Salut) Sept Ça va ? Huit Ça va bien Neuf Ça va mal I Dix Comme ci, comme ça Rouge Au revoir Bleu À plus tard Jaune Comment tu t'appelles? Vert Je m'appelle Noir Un Blanc Deux Gris Trois Orange Quatre Violet Cinq Marron <u>Unit Endpoints:</u> I can find France on a map I can remember some nur I can remember some nur I can say some of the ten of I can name up to five Sauter Écrire Parler Je peux Écouter <u>Unit Endpoints:</u> I can name up to five I can also spell up to five I can say I am able to Les animaux Un mouton Un cochon Un canard Un lion Un singe Un oiseau Une souris Un lapin Une vache Un cheval Je suis	Subject vocabulary Developing subject knowledge: Bonjour Six Salut) Sept Ca va ? Huit Ça va bien Neuf Care skill Listen to model role-plays and infer meaning. Numbers listening exercise (care mail Dix Comme ci, comme ça Rouge Au revior Bleu A plus tard Jaune Comment tu 'tappelles'? Eading Read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing." Broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a dictionary." Core skill -Match colours to written form. Match written form of numbers to digits. Grammar (FIRST PERSON SINGULAR OF HIGH FREQUENCY VERBS) Unit Endobints: I can repeat all my personal details in French, and ask for the same information back, with the help of an adult or the Poil I can remember some numbers from 1-10 clearly in French without any help and can attempt to spell some of these correctly.

questions; express opinions and respond to those of others;
ary, phrases and basic language structures. nation so that others understand when they are reading aloud
range of audiences." Role play on saying how you are and what your name is.
hese to create new sentences, to express ideas clearly."
ary, phrases and basic language structures." nation so that others understand when they are reading aloud or
range of audiences olus activity
nese to create new sentences, to express ideas clearly." ns orally and in writing.
questions; express opinions and respond to those of others;
ary, phrases and basic language structures." nation so that others understand when they are reading aloud or
range of audiences." n language
nese to create new sentences, to express ideas clearly." s orally and in writing."

		Knowledge Organiser	
National curriculum YEAR 3 cont	Subject vocabulary	Developing subject knowledge:	Applicatio
 Unit 4: En Classe In this unit the children will learn how to: Recognise and repeat from memory simple classroom objects and use the correct gender. Say what they have and do not have in their pencil case. 	Un taille crayon Qu'est ce qu'il y a dans ta trousse? Un cahier Dans ma trousse j'ai Un crayon Dans ma trousse je n'ai pas de Un bâton de colle Un stylo Un livre Ouvrez vos cahiers Une gomme Fermez vos cahiers Une règle Des ciseaux Je n'ai pas de/d'	Listening Listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding." Core skill Matching sound to picture / word / phrase in lessons Reading Read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing. Broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a dictionary." Core skill Match word to picture / sound / phrase Grammar (FIRST PERSON SINGULAR OF HIGH FREQUENCY VERBS) Core skill Gender and indefinite article. Learning to sort and categorize by article. Use of the negative when saying 'I do not have'	Speaking Speak in sentences, using familiar vocabulary, p Develop accurate pronunciation and intonation using familiar words and phrases." "Present ideas and information orally to a range Core skill What I have / don't have' in my per <u>Writing</u> Write phrases from memory, and adapt these t Core skill Extended written opportunity I have /
Recognise and respond to simple classroom commands and praise.	I can tell you some of the second secon	t and spell some of the vocabulary covered in lessons for classroom objects. he objects I have and do not have in my pencil case. llow most classroom commands in French. I may need the teacher to mime the actions to he	In me
 Unit 5: Petit Chaperon Rouge In this unit the children will learn how to: Sit and listen attentively to a familiar fairy tale (Little Red Riding Hood) in French. Use picture and word cards to recognise and retain key vocabulary from the story. Name and spell at least three parts of the body in French as seen in the story. 	Petit Chaperon Rouge La tête La maison La bouche La grand-mère Le nez Le loup Les yeux Le bûcheron Les pieds La forêt Les oreilles Les parents Les genoux Des gâteaux Les épaules Le corps <u>Unit Endpoints:</u> I can listen and follow t I can remember nearly	Listening "Listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding." Explore the patterns and sounds of language through songs and rhymes and link the spelling, sound and meaning of words." Core skill Match what they hear to pictures. Reading Read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing." Appreciate stories, songs, poems and rhymes in the language." Broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a dictionary." Core skill Read the story and understand meaning. Match picture, word and phrase cards Grammar Definite articles with parts of the body he entire story of Little Red Riding Hood in French and understand most of what I hear. all of the words for the picture cards in French and find it easier when I have a word bank, ar ell three parts of the body we covered in class.	Speaking "Develop accurate pronunciation and intonatio using familiar words and phrases." Speak in sentences, using familiar vocabulary, p "Develop accurate pronunciation and intonatio using familiar words and phrases. "Present ideas and information orally to a range Core skill Say words / parts of the story or retell <u>Writing</u> Write phrases from memory, and adapt these t
 Unit 6: Les glaces In this unit the children will learn how to: Name and recognise up to 10 different flavours for ice creams. Ask for an ice-cream in French using 'je voudrais'. Say what flavour they would with 	Une glace Un cornetà la vanille Un petit potà la fraise Une bouleà la banane Deux boulesà la menthe r Trois boulesà la pistache S'il vous plaîtau chocolat Bonjourau café Quel parfum?au citron Combien de boules?au caramel C'est combien?au cassis Merci Je voudrais Au- revoir	Listening "Listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding." Core skill Matching sounds to ice- cream flavours in pictures, words and phrases. Reading Read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing." Broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a dictionary." Match word to ice-cream flavour picture / word. Grammar Verb structures - first person singular form of the phrase 'I would like	Speaking Speak in sentences, using familiar vocabulary, p Develop accurate pronunciation and intonation using familiar words and phrases." "Present ideas and information orally to a range Core skill Starting with the individual flavours an parlour. <u>Writing</u> Write phrases from memory, and adapt these t Core skill Short translation tasks (from English in
 like. Say whether they would like their ice-cream in a cone or a small pot/tub. 	 I can attempt to possib I can say in French that I can specify in French value 	nise most of the ten ice-cream flavours in French as presented in this unit. Iy spell five of these ice-cream flavours in French unaided from memory with good accuracy. I would like an ice-cream, using 'je voudrais' but I may need a reminder of the answer first. what flavour ice-cream I would like, but I may need to hear a model answer first. whether I would like my ice-cream in a pot or a cone or a small pot/tub if I am reminded of th	ne language first.

tion of knowledge: -

y, phrases and basic language structures ion so that others understand when they are reading aloud or
nge of audiences.

pencil case in lesson

se to create new sentences, to express ideas clearly." ye / I don't have

tion so that others understand when they are reading aloud or

y, phrases and basic language structures." tion so that others understand when they are reading aloud or

nge of audiences." tell the story in the target language.

e to create new sentences, to express ideas clearly

y, phrases and basic language structures." ion so that others understand when they are reading aloud or

nge of audiences." s and building towards a role play in an ice-cream shop /

e to create new sentences, to express ideas clearly. h into the foreign language)

			Knowledge Organiser		
National curriculum YEAR 4	Subject vo	ocabulary	Developing subject knowledge:		Appl
 Unit 1: Je me presente In this unit the children will learn how to: Count to 20. Say their name and age. Say hello and goodbye and then ask how somebody is feeling and answer how they are feeling. Tell you where they live. Tell you their nationality and understand basic gender agreement rules. 	Comme ci, comme ça Quatorze Ça va très bien I Je viens de Quinze Ça va très mal Je viens d'Angleterre Seize Au revoir Un Dix-sept À plus tard Deux Dix- huit Comment tu t'appelles ? Trois Dix- neuf Je m'appelle Quatre Vingt Quel âge as-tu ? Cinq J'ai ans Où habites- tu ? J'habite à Unit Endpoints: I can understand and use set phrases f I can understand numbers 1-20, coun		Listening Listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding." Core skill Match sound to picture / word / phrase. Numbers 1-20 listening exercise Reading Read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing." Broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a dictionary." Core skill Read role-plays and understand the content. Grammar (FIRST PERSON SINGULAR OF HIGH FREQUENCY VERBS) (ADJECTIVAL AGREEMENT) Core skill Nationalities and adjectival agreement based on gender. to talk about myself and ask others for simple information in return. aware that the pronunciation changes if I am a girl or boy.	Speaking "Engage in conversat of others; seek clarifi Speak in sentences, u "Develop accurate pr reading aloud or usin Present ideas and inf Core skill Perform rol Writing Write phrases from r clearly." Describe people, place	ication and he using familiar ronunciation ng familiar wo formation ora ole play with n memory, and
 Unit 2: En famille In this unit the children will learn how to: Say the nouns in French for members of their family. Tell somebody in French the members and age of a fictitious, historical or television family as a model to present and practise family vocabulary. Continue to count, reaching 100, to enable students to say the age of various family members. Understand the concept of mon, ma and mes in French. 	La famille , j'ai deux frères La mère j'ai deux soeurs La grand mère Non, je suis fils unique La tante Non je suis fille unique La soeur Le frère L'onc Le père Les parents Les grandparents II s'appelle Elle s'appel As-tu un frère? As-tu une soeur? Oui, j'ai frère <u>Unit Endpoints:</u> I can remen I can tell you	Listening "Listen attentive "Explore the part meaning of wor Core skill Match Read carefully a Appreciate stori Core skill Longe (GENDER & ART (POSSESSIVES) Core skill Differe called'	ely to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding." tterns and sounds of language through songs and rhymes and link the spelling, sound and rds." a sounds to picture / word / phrase. and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing." ies, songs, poems and rhymes in the language." r reading task TICLES) ent possessives for 'MY'. Moving from 1st person to 3rd person singular with 'he / she is uage covered in unit one, but may need some prompting with odd words and phrases. y members in French and, with support, tell you what relation they are to me, how old they are a	Speaking "Engage in conversat of others; seek clarifi Speak in sentences, u Develop accurate pro- reading aloud or usin Present ideas and inf Core skill Present ora Writing Write phrases from r clearly." "Describe people, pla Core skill written pre- and what they are calle	ication and he using familiar onunciation a ng familiar wo formation ora ally on your / memory, and aces, things a esentation bas
 Unit 3: Les fruits In this unit the children will learn how to: Name and recognise up to 10 fruits in French. Attempt to spell some of these nouns Ask somebody in French if they like a particular fruit. Say what fruits they like and 	Une pomme Une fraise Une pêche Une banane Une cerise Une orange Une prune Une poire Un kiwi Un abricot J'aime Je n'aime pas	istening Listen attentively to spore skill Match sound eading ead carefully and sho roaden their vocabula prough using a diction ore skill Match key no frammar GENDER & ARTICLES) FIRST PERSON SINGUL JSING THE NEGATIVE DPINIONS)	AR OF HIGH FREQUENCY VERBS)		Speaking Engage in o and respon Speak in se language s Develop ac understand phrases." "Present ic Core skill N Writing Write phra sentences,
dislike.	 Unit Endpoints: I can repeat and recognise most of the ten fruits in French with their correct article. I can attempt to possibly spell five of these words unaided from memory with good accuracy. I can ask somebody in French if they like a particular fruit but I may need a reminder of the question first. I can say in French which of the ten fruits I like and dislike, but I may need a model answer 				

plication of knowledge: -

- nd answer questions; express opinions and respond to those help."
- iar vocabulary, phrases and basic language structures."
- on and intonation so that others understand when they are words and phrases."
- orally to a range of audiences."
- name, age, where they live and nationality
- nd adapt these to create new sentences, to express ideas
- and actions orally and in writing."
- nd answer questions; express opinions and respond to those help."
- iar vocabulary, phrases and basic language structures."
- and intonation so that others understand when they are words and phrases
- orally to a range of audiences."
- r / a family
- nd adapt these to create new sentences, to express ideas
- s and actions orally and in writing." based on a / your family

- conversations; ask and answer questions; express opinions ond to those of others; seek clarification and help." sentences, using familiar vocabulary, phrases and basic e structures."
- accurate pronunciation and intonation so that others and when they are reading aloud or using familiar words and
- ideas and information orally to a range of audiences." I Name 10 fruits and say "I like..." and I don't like..." plus a fruit
- rases from memory, and adapt these to create new es, to express ideas clearly."

		Knowledge Organiser			
National curriculum YEAR 4 cont	Subject vocabulary	Developing subject knowledge:	Applic		
 Unit 4: Chez Moi In this unit the children will learn how to: Say whether they live in a house or an apartment and say where it is. Repeat, recognise and attempt to spell up to ten nouns (including the correct article for each) for the rooms of the house in French. Tell somebody in French what rooms they have or do not have in their home. Ask somebody else in French what rooms they have or do not have in their home. 	Où habites-tu? Une cuisine J'habite dans Une salle à manger Une maison Une salle de bains Un appartement Une chambre Un bureau Un salon Un garage Un jardin Mais But Chez moi il y a Chez moi il n'y a pas de	Listening "Listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding." Core skill Challenging listening exercises Reading "Read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing." "Broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a dictionary Core skill Longer reading texts. <u>Grammar</u> (GENDER & ARTICLES) (FIRST PERSON SINGULAR OF HIGH FREQUENCY VERBS (USING THE NEGATIVE) (USING CONJUNCTIONS / CONNECTIVES) Core skill First person singular of the verb "to live" and "to have". Full use of the negative "I do not have".	Speaking "Engage in conversations; ask and those of others; seek clarification Speak in sentences, using familiar "Develop accurate pronunciation a are reading aloud or using familiar "Present ideas and information or Core skill . Say where you live and not have. <u>Writing</u> Write phrases from memory, and clearly "Describe people, places, things an Core skill Longer written email tas		
 Attempt to create a longer spoken or written passage in French recycling previously learnt language (incorporating personal details such as their name and age). 	 Unit Endpoints: I can say and write whether I live in a house or an apartment with high accuracy. I can say and write where my house or apartment is after I have heard the options available to me. I can repeat and recognise most of the ten rooms of the house with their correct gender in French. I can possibly spell over half of these words unaid I can ask somebody what rooms they have or do not have in their home and also answer this question in return, including use of the negative if I have example first to remind me. 				
 Unit 5: Boucle D'or Et LesTrois Ours In this unit the children will learn how to: Not only sit and listen attentively to the story as in year one but to recognise, understand and remember more of the new language. Increase their memory potential in French by using picture cards, 	Boucle D'Or et les trois ours La moyenne chaise La petite chaise Papa ours Le grand lit Maman ours Bébé ours Le petit lit Une maison Une forêt Le grand bol	Explore the patterns and sounds of language through songs and rhymes and link the spelling, sound and meaning of words." Core skill Match sound to picture / word / phrase <u>Reading</u> "Read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing." Appreciate stories, songs, poems and rhymes in the language."	<u>Speaking</u> Speak in sentences, using familiar ve "Develop accurate pronunciation ar reading aloud or using familiar word "Present ideas and information oral Core skill Say words / parts of the st <u>Writing</u> Core skill Create story minibook usin		
 word cards and phrase cards in French. 2 Increase their thinking and reasoning skills in French, identifying strategies to use in the future for memorising new words and phrases. 	I can repeat fromI can sequence r	e cards to sequence the story correctly. n memory most of the words that match the pictures and may need a word bank to prompt me f nost of the story with phrase cards by finding key words and using these to guide me. I may need own story board in French if I have all the language in front of me and I may need support.			

Attempt to spell in French.

•

lication of knowledge: -

nd answer questions; express opinions and respond to on and help."

ar vocabulary, phrases and basic language structures." In and intonation so that others understand when they iar words and phrases."

orally to a range of audiences."

nd name the rooms in your house that you have and do

nd adapt these to create new sentences, to express ideas

and actions orally and in writing." ask

naided from memory with good accuracy. nave time to work out what I want to say and see an

r vocabulary, phrases and basic language structures." and intonation so that others understand when they are ords and phrases." rally to a range of audiences." e story to retell the story

using picture, word and phrase cards.

ember. rds to me.

MFL - French Curriculum – Overview: Key Stage 2

		Knowledge Organiser		
National curriculum YEAR 5	Subject vocabulary	Developing subject knowledge:	Applica	
 Unit 1: Quelle est la date aujourd'hui ? In this unit the children will learn how to: Remember, recall and spell the seven days of the week. Remember, recall and spell the twelve months of the year. Remember, recall and spell numbers 1-31. Use their knowledge of the days of the week, months of the year and numbers 	Quelle est la date aujourd'hui? octobre Aujourd'hui c'est novembre lundi décembre mardi mercredi jeudi vendredi samedi dimanche janvier février mars avril mai juin juillet août A C'est quand ton anniversaire? septembre Mon anniversaire est	Listening "Listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding." Core skill Months listening exercise Reading Read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing." Broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a dictionary." Core skill Birthday reading exercise Grammar N/A	Speaking Engage in conversations; ask and answer of seek clarification and help." Speak in sentences, using familiar vocabul "Develop accurate pronunciation and into aloud or using familiar words and phrases "Present ideas and information orally to a Core skill Say months of the year. Say whe <u>Writing</u> Write phrases from memory, and adapt th Core skill Extended written opportunity.	
 1-31 in order to say the date. Use their knowledge of the months of the year, numbers 1-31 in order to say when their birthday is. 	• I am able to say the date	nd attempt to spell most of the days of the week, the months of the year and numbers 1-3 in French when I am shown a few examples first and reminded what the options are. of my birthday in French when I am shown a few examples first and reminded what the op		
 Unit 2: Quel Temps Fait-il? In this unit the children will learn how to: Repeat and recognise the vocabulary for weather in French. Ask what the weather is like today. Say what the weather is like today. Create a French weather map. Describe the weather in different regions of France using a weather 	Quel temps fait-il? Il fait chaud Il pleut I II fait froid II neige Dans le nord de la France II y a un orage Dans le sud de la France II y a du soleil Dans le centre de la France II y a du vent Dans l'ouest de la France II fait beau Dans l'est de la France II fait mauvais Le temps <u>Unit Endpoints:</u>	Listening "Listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and respond Core skill Challenging weather listening exercise <u>Reading</u> Read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing." "Broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a dictionary Core skill Weather reading exercise <u>Grammar</u> <u>N/A</u>	ding." Speaking "Engage in conversations; ask an of others; seek clarification and h Speak in sentences, using familia "Develop accurate pronunciatior reading aloud or using familiar w Present ideas and information or Core skill Ask and answer what th Writing Write phrases from memory, and clearly." Describe people, places, things a Core skill Create weather map ar	
map with symbols.	• I can ask what the weath	weather vocabulary presented to me in class with good pronunciation, and attempt to spell ler is in French and can attempt to give the reply in French if I am reminded of the language her map but I need the language written down as I may have difficulty in recalling the langu	e choices first.	
 Unit 3: As-Tu Un Animal? In this unit the children will learn how to: Repeat, recognise and attempt to spell the eight nouns (including the correct article for each) for pets in French. Tell somebody in French if they have or do not have a pet. Ask somebody else in French if they have a pet. Tell somebody in French the name of 	Un chien J'ai Un chat Je n'ai pas de / d' Un lapin Un hamster Un poisson rouge Qui s'appelle Un oiseau Une souris Une tortue	Listening Listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding Core skill Match sound to picture / word / phrase Reading "Read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing." "Broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are intro into familiar written material, including through using a dictionary Core skill Match words to picture / sound / phrase. Create pet ID card <u>Grammar</u> (GENDER & ARTICLES) (FIRST PERSON SINGULAR OF HIGH FREQUENCY VERBS) (USING THE NEGATIVE) (USING CONJUNCTIONS / CONNECTIVES) Core skill Gender and changing an indefinite article to a definite article	others; seek clarification and hel "Speak in sentences, using famili	
 Tell somebody in French the name of their pet. Attempt to create a longer phrase using the connectives ET ("and") or MAIS ("but"). 	 I can ask somebody if the first to remind me. I can tell you the name of 	eat most of the eight pets introduced by the teacher. I can remember some of the spellings by have a pet if I have the language required in front of me. I can then work out how to replin f my pet using a full sentence in French if the teacher shows me an example first to remind us the my spoken and written French using the connectives ET ("and") or MAIS ("but").	ly back, including use of the negative if I hav	

cation of knowledge: -

r questions; express opinions and respond to those of others;

ulary, phrases and basic language structures." tonation so that others understand when they are reading es." a range of audiences."

hen your birthday is

these to create new sentences, to express ideas clearly

and answer questions; express opinions and respond to those d help

liar vocabulary, phrases and basic language structures on and intonation so that others understand when they are

words and phrases.

orally to a range of audiences." t the weather is like today. Present as a weather forecaster

and adapt these to create new sentences, to express ideas

and actions orally and in writing." and written weather report

I work better with the vocabulary written down in front of me.

nd answer questions; express opinions and respond to those of elp."

niliar vocabulary, phrases and basic language structures on and intonation so that others understand when they are words and phrases."

orally to a range of audiences."

terview on pets

and adapt these to create new sentences, to express ideas

s and actions orally and in writing. Extended written opportunity

ave time to work out what I want to say and see an example

		Knowledge Organiser	
National curriculum YEAR 5 cont	Subject vocabulary	Developing subject knowledge:	Арг
 Unit 4: Les Vêtements In this unit the children will learn how to: Repeat and recognise the vocabulary for a variety of clothes in French. Use the appropriate genders and articles for these clothes. Use the verb PORTER in French with increasing confidence. Say what they wear in different weather/situations. Describe clothes in terms of their colour and apply adjectival agreement. Use the possessives with increased accuracy. 	me, with some pictures toI am confident using un/uI can say what I am wear	Listening "Listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding." Core skill Extended listening exercises Reading Read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing. Broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a dictionary Core skill Extended reading exercises <u>Grammar</u> (GENDER & ARTICLES) (FIRST PERSON SINGULAR OF HIGH FREQUENCY VERBS) (POSSESSIVES) (ADJECTIVAL AGREEMENT) Core skill Indefinite and partitive articles. The verb 'to wear' in full (present tense), colours, adjectival agreement and the possessive adjective 'my' clothes vocabulary presented to me in class with good pronunciation and attempt to spell some of to o prompt me. une/des with improving accuracy. ing if I have time to prepare in French and can attempt to tell you what my friend is wearing if I have r in different weather/scenarios but find it harder to tell you what my friend is wearing.	
 Unit 5: Au Café In this unit the children will learn how to: Order from a selection of foods from a French menu. Order from a selection of drinks from a French menu. Order a French breakfast. Order typical French snacks. Ask for the bill. Remember how to say hello, goodbye, please and thank you. 		Listening "Listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding." Core skill Match sound to picture / word / phrase. <u>Reading</u> Read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing. Broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a dictionary." Core skill Match word to picture / sound / phrase <u>Grammar</u> (GENDER & ARTICLES) (FIRST PERSON SINGULAR OF HIGH FREQUENCY VERBS) Core skill 1st person singular 'I would like / have' when ordering food and drink. most of the set phrases covered in class to order food and drink.	Speaking Engage in conversations; ask a those of others; seek clarificat Speak in sentences, using fam Develop accurate pronunciatie reading aloud or using familia "Present ideas and informatio Core skill Café role play <u>Writing</u> Core skill Create a menu with from a menu. With help I can a

pplication of knowledge: -

- k and answer questions; express opinions and respond to cation and help."
- miliar vocabulary, phrases and basic language structures." Ition and intonation so that others understand when they are iar words and phrases."
- ion orally to a range of audiences
- wear in terms of colour saying what you are packing in a
- , and adapt these to create new sentences, to express ideas
- ngs and actions orally and in writing." and extended writing opportunities
- It I work better with the vocabulary written down in front of
- PORTER in front of me.
- k and answer questions; express opinions and respond to cation and help."
- miliar vocabulary, phrases and basic language structures." Ition and intonation so that others understand when they are
- iar words and phrases."
- ion orally to a range of audiences

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also order for my friend.

	Knowledge Organiser			
National curriculum YEAR 6Subject vocabularyUnit 1: À L'ÉcoleAIn this unit the children will learn how to:À l'école je n'aime pas Parce que Le français , je déteste L'anglais J'aime J'adore La musique La géographie Quelle est ta matiere préférée c'est Les matiere préférée c'est Les matis Les sciences Est-ce que tu aimes?		ject vocabulary Developing subject knowledge:		
		L'anglais J'aime nusique Quelle est ta rée? L'histoire Ma rée c'est Les	Listening "Listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding." Explore the patterns and sounds of language through songs and rhymes and link the spelling, sound and meaning of words. Core skill Extended listening exercise on school subjects, times and opinions Reading Appreciate stories, songs, poems and rhymes in the language." Broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a dictionary." Core skill Match words to picture / sounds / phrases Grammar (GENDER & ARTICLES) (FIRST PERSON SINGULAR OF HIGH FREQUENCY VERBS) (ADJECTIVAL AGREEMENT) (USING THE NEGATIVE) (USING CONJUNCTIONS / CONNECTIVES)	Speaking Engage in and respo Speak in s language Develop a understar phrases." "Present i Core skill Write phr sentences Describe
 subjects. Tell the time (on the hour) in French. Say what time they 			(OPINIONS) (WHOLE CONJUGATION OF HIGH FREQUENCY VERBS) Core skill Definite articles with school subjects. First person singular of the verb 'to study'. Verb 'to go'. Formulating opinions and justifications. Adjectival agreement.	Core skill Opportur school
study certain subjects at school.	• I can say v	at some of the vocab what subjects I like an	oulary presented to me in class from memory for school subjects with good pronunciation and attempt to spell some, correctly, without dislike at school. a particular subject at school.	ut help. I can a
 Unit 2: Les Verbes Réguliers (F In this unit the children will lea Recognise and understand pronoun is in both English and be able to say what th personal pronouns are in Understand what a verb is English and French and ho 	arn how to: d what a and French he key French. s in both	<u>Verb tables</u> HABITER VENDRE JOUER FINIR	Listening Listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding Reading "Broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a dictionary." Grammar (FIRST PERSON SINGULAR OF HIGH FREQUENCY VERBS) (WHOLE CONJUGATION OF HIGH FREQUENCY VERBS)	Speaking Develop a understar phrases." <u>Writing</u> Creating v
 create a stem and work or for regular –ER, -IR and -R Conjugate in French a reg Conjugate in French a reg Conjugate in French a reg 	ut the endings E verbs. ular –ER verb. ular –IR verb.	I can conjuI can conju	in what a pronoun is in English and give you most of the French translations for I, you, he, she, we, you all, they. ugate most of a regular -ER verb in full when I am given the infinitive version. ugate most of a regular -IR verb in full when I am given the infinitive version. ugate most of a regular -RE verb in full when I am given the infinitive version.	
 Unit 3: Les Verbes Irréguliers (Verbs) In this unit the children will lea Recognise and understand and pronoun are in both E French and be able to say personal pronouns are in 	rn how to: d what a verb English and what the key French.	<u>Verb tables</u> AVOIR FAIRE ALLER ÊTRE	Listening "Listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding." Reading Broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a dictionary Grammar (FIRST PERSON SINGULAR OF HIGH FREQUENCY VERBS (WHOLE CONJUGATION OF HIGH FREQUENCY VERBS)	Speaking Develop accu understand v phrases <u>Writing</u> Creating verl
 ÊTRE. Conjugate in French the irregular verb ALLER. Conjugate in French the irregular verb I can conjugate model I can conjugate model I can conjugate model 		 I can expla I can conju I can conju I can conju 	in what a pronoun and a verb is in English and give you most of the French translations for 'l', 'you', 'he', 'she', 'we', 'you all', 'they' (r ugate most of the irregular verb AVOIR. ugate most of the irregular verb ÊTRE. Igate most of the irregular verb ALLER. ugate most of the irregular verb FAIRE	nasculine) and

Application of knowledge: -

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in conversations; ask and answer questions; express opinions spond to those of others; seek clarification and help." n sentences, using familiar vocabulary, phrases and basic ge structures."

accurate pronunciation and intonation so that others tand when they are reading aloud or using familiar words and

nt ideas and information orally to a range of audiences kill Present orally on school subjects and opinions

phrases from memory, and adapt these to create new ces, to express ideas clearly."

be people, places, things and actions orally and in writing." kill Written presentations on school subjects and opinions cunity to write an email about what you like and do not like at

attempt to use the correct article.

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accurate pronunciation and intonation so that others tand when they are reading aloud or using familiar words and

g verb stem and look at endings i

ccurate pronunciation and intonation so that others nd when they are reading aloud or using familiar words and

verb stem and look at endings

nd 'they' (feminine).

		Knowledge Organiser]
National curriculum YEAR 6 cont	Subject vocabulary	Developing subject knowledge:	Applicat
 Unit 4: Les Planètes In this unit the children will learn how to: Name and recognise the planets in French on a solar system map. Spell at least five of the planets in French. Say an interesting fact about at least four of the planets. 	Les planètes Jupiter est énorme et aussi assez loin du soleil La lune Mercure est assez petite et près du soleil Le soleil Pluton est la plus loin et la plus petite La terre Mars est assez près du soleil et c'est rouge Saturne Uranus Vénus	Listening "Listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding." Core skill Extended listening task Reading "Read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing." Broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a dictionary Core skill Extended reading task Grammar (ADJECTIVAL AGREEMENT) (USING THE NEGATIVE) Core skill Rules of adjectival agreement with planets and particularly colours	Speaking Engage in conversations; ask and answer que seek clarification and help." Speak in sentences, using familiar vocabulary Develop accurate pronunciation and intonati using familiar words and phrases." "Present ideas and information orally to a ran Core skill Oral presentation on a planet/s Writing Write phrases from memory, and adapt these Describe people, places, things and actions o Core skill Create written piece on a planet/s
 Explain the rules of adjectival agreement clearly in French and apply when using colours to describe objects. 	 I can also spell about five of I can tell you an interesting f 	planets in French and place them on a solar system map.	
 Unit 5: Le Week-end In this unit the children will learn how to: Ask what the time is in French. Tell the time accurately in French. Learn how to say what they do at the weekend in French. Learn to integrate connectives into their work. 	Le week-end II est midiQuelle heure est-il? II est minuit Je me lève Je prends mon petit déjeuner Je regarde la télé II est une heure Je lis des bandes dessinées J'écoute de la musique Je joue à l'ordinateur Je joue au foot Je vais à la piscine Je vais au cinéma Je me couche Plus tard Finalement	Listening Listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding." Core skills Listening exercise on weekend activities Reading Broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a dictionary Core skills Reading exercise Grammar (FIRST PERSON SINGULAR OF HIGH FREQUENCY VERBS (USING THE NEGATIVE) (USING CONJUNCTIONS / CONNECTIVES) (OPINIONS) Core skills Using connectives to create extended and more sophisticated sentences. Formulating a range of opinions and justfications.	Speaking Engage in conversations; ask and answer que seek clarification and help." Speak in sentences, using familiar vocabulary Develop accurate pronunciation and intonati using familiar words and phrases." "Present ideas and information orally to a rar Core skills Present orally on what they do at the Writing "Write phrases from memory, and adapt the "Describe people, places, things and actions of Core skills Written presentations on what the
 Present an account of what they do and at what time at the weekend. 	I have learnt a range of phraI am able to highlight the vertex	French and attempt to tell the time accurately, including using quarter past, half past an ases in French to talk about the activities that I do at the weekend and can remember at rb in these sentences if I have a choice of the verbs in front of me first. what I do at the weekend and at what time, integrating connectives into my work whe	t least half of them by heart.

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ary, phrases and basic language structures." ation so that others understand when they are reading aloud or

range of audiences

ese to create new sentences, to express ideas clearly so orally and in writing.

uestions; express opinions and respond to those of others;

ary, phrases and basic language structures." ation so that others understand when they are reading aloud or

range of audiences at the weekend using connectives and time

nese to create new sentences, to express ideas clearly." is orally and in writing." they do at the weekend using connectives and time

first or check the language.