

## HEYHOUSES C.E. PRIMARY SCHOOL COMPUTING CURRICULUM



### At Heyhouses we aspire to be all that God has created us to be.

HEYHOUSE

'I can do all thing through Christ who strengthens me.' Philippians 4:13

Our aim and purpose in education is based on firm beliefs and values; that Jesus is our redeemer; that each individual is unique and valued; and that although all different, we are dependent upon one another.

In our school we seek to provide for the spiritual, mental, moral and physical development, growth and well-being of all our children.

— Firm Foundations — Ambitious Learning — Flourishing for life —

### Curriculum Intent

HEYHOUSES

At Heyhouses, we are now following the Teach Computing scheme from years 1 – 6, which will ensure a thorough coverage of the National Curriculum objectives as well as proper progression between our year groups.

Our curriculum is closely mapped to the National Centre for Computing Excellence (NCCE) computing taxonomy, which comprises ten key strands of knowledge and skills for Key Stages 1 and 2.

The ten NCCE computing strands, and their associated learning outcomes, are:

1. Algorithms — Be able to comprehend, design, create, and evaluate algorithms;

2. **Computer networks** — Understand how networks can be used to retrieve and share information, and how they come with associated risks;

- 3. Computer systems— Understand what a computer is, and how its constituent parts function together as a whole;
- 4. Creating media Select and create a range of media including text, images, sounds, and video;
- 5. Data and information Understand how data is stored, organised, and used to represent real-world artefacts and scenarios;
- 6. Design and development Understand the activities involved in planning, creating, and evaluating computing artefacts;
- 7. Effective use of tools Use software tools to support computing work;
- 8. Impact of technology Understand how individuals, systems, and society as a whole interact with computer systems;
- 9. Programming Create software to allow computers to solve problems;
- 10. Safety and security Understand risks when using technology, and how to protect individuals and systems.

Teach Computing Curriculum Journey



### Curriculum Intent



#### **Spiral Curriculum**

The units for key stages 1 and 2 are based on a spiral curriculum. This means that each of the themes is revisited regularly (at least once in each year group), and pupils revisit each theme through a new unit that consolidates and builds on prior learning within that theme.

This style of curriculum design reduces the amount of knowledge lost through forgetting, as topics are revisited yearly. It also ensures that connections are made even if different teachers are teaching the units within a theme in consecutive years.

#### **Physical Computing**

The Teach Computing Curriculum acknowledges that physical computing plays an important role in modern pedagogical approaches in computing, both as a tool to engage pupils and as a strategy to develop pupils' understanding in more creative ways. Additionally, physical computing supports and engages a diverse range of pupils in tangible and challenging tasks.

The physical computing units in the Teach Computing Curriculum are:

- Year 5 Selection in physical computing, which uses a Crumble controller
- Year 6 Sensing movement, which uses a micro:bit

#### **Online Safety**

The unit overviews for each unit show the links between the content of the lessons and the national curriculum and Education for a Connected World framework (ncce.io/ efacw). These references have been provided to show where aspects relating to online safety, or digital citizenship, are covered within the Teach Computing Curriculum. Further learning in this area is provided in personal, social, health, and economic (PSHE) and the wider curriculum. The coverage required for the computing national curriculum is provided.



# Computing Curriculum



|        | <u>Autumn 1</u><br>Computer Systems<br>and Networks   | <u>Autumn 2</u><br>Creating Media   | <u>Spring 1</u><br>Programming A   | <u>Spring 2</u><br>Data and<br>Information  | <u>Summer 1</u><br>Creating Media   | <u>Summer 2</u><br>Programming B  |
|--------|---|---|--|---|---|---|
| Year 1 | Technology around<br>US<br>Recognising<br>technology<br>in school and using<br>it responsibly.  | Digital painting<br>Choosing<br>appropriate<br>tools in a program<br>to create art, and<br>making<br>comparisons with<br>working non-<br>digitally. | Moving a robot<br>Writing short<br>algorithms and<br>programs for floor<br>robots, and<br>predicting<br>program<br>outcomes. | Grouping data<br>Exploring object<br>labels, then using<br>them to sort and<br>group objects by<br>properties.                | Digital writing<br>Using a computer<br>to create and<br>format text,<br>before comparing<br>to writing non-<br>digitally.             | Programming<br>animations<br>Designing and<br>programming the<br>movement of a<br>character on screen<br>to tell stories.                               |
| Year 2 | Information<br>technology around<br>US<br>Identifying IT and<br>how its responsible<br>use improves our<br>world in school and<br>beyond. | Digital<br>photography<br>Capturing and<br>changing<br>digital<br>photographs for<br>different purposes.  | Robot algorithms<br>Creating and<br>debugging<br>programs,<br>and using logical<br>reasoning to make<br>predictions.         | Pictograms<br>Collecting data in<br>tally charts and<br>using attributes to<br>organise and<br>present data on a<br>computer. | Digital music<br>Using a computer<br>as a tool to<br>explore rhythms<br>and melodies,<br>before creating a<br>musical<br>composition. | Programming<br>quizzes<br>Designing<br>algorithms<br>and programs that<br>use events to trigger<br>sequences of code<br>to make an<br>interactive quiz. |
| Year 3 | Connecting<br>computers<br>Identifying that<br>digital devices have<br>inputs, processes,   | Stop-frame<br>animation<br>Capturing and<br>editing digital still<br>images to  | Sequencing<br>sounds<br>Creating<br>sequences in<br>a block-based  | Branching<br>databases<br>Building and using  | Desktop publishing<br>Creating<br>documents by<br>modifying text,   | Events and actions<br>in<br>programs<br>Writing algorithms<br>and programs that   |



# Computing Curriculum



|        | and outputs, and<br>how devices can<br>be connected to<br>make networks.  | produce a stop-<br>frame animation<br>that tells a story.   | programming<br>language to make<br>music.  | branching<br>databases to group<br>objects using<br>yes/no questions.  | images and page<br>layouts for a<br>specified purpose.  | use a range of<br>events to<br>trigger sequences of<br>actions.  |
|--------|---|---|--|--|---|--|
| Year 4 | The internet<br>Recognising the<br>internet as a<br>network of networks<br>including the WWW,<br>and why we should<br>evaluate online<br>content. | Audio Production<br>Capturing and<br>editing audio to<br>produce a<br>podcast, ensuring<br>that copyright is<br>considered. | Repetition in<br>Shapes<br>Using a text based<br>programming<br>language to<br>explore count-<br>controlled loops<br>when drawing<br>shapes. | Data Logging<br>Recognising how<br>and why data is<br>collected over time,<br>before using data<br>loggers to carry out<br>an investigation. | Photo Editing<br>Manipulating<br>digital images,<br>and reflecting on<br>the impact of<br>changes and<br>whether the<br>required purpose is<br>fulfilled. | Repetition in Games<br>Using a block-based<br>programming<br>language to explore<br>count controlled<br>and infinite loops<br>when creating a<br>game. |
| Year 5 | Systems and<br>searching<br>Recognising IT<br>systems in the world<br>and how some can<br>enable searching<br>on the internet.                    | Video production<br>Planning,<br>capturing, and<br>editing video to<br>produce a short<br>film.                             | Selection in<br>physical<br>computing<br>Exploring<br>conditions and<br>selection using a<br>programmable<br>microcontroller.                | Flat-file databases<br>Using a database to<br>order data and<br>create charts to<br>answer questions.  | Introduction to<br>vector graphics<br>Creating images in<br>a drawing<br>program by using<br>layers and groups<br>of objects.                             | Selection in guizzes<br>Exploring selection<br>in programming to<br>design and code an<br>interactive guiz   |



# Computing Curriculum



| Year 6 | <u>Communication</u> | <u>Webpage</u>     | Variables in games  | Introduction to     | <u>3D modelling</u> | Sensing movement     |
|--------|----------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------|
|        | and collaboration    | creation Designing | Exploring variables | <u>spreadsheets</u> | Planning,           | Designing and        |
|        | Exploring how data   | and creating       | when designing      | Answering questions | developing, and     | coding a project     |
|        | is transferred by    | webpages, giving   | and coding a        | by using            | evaluating 3D       | that captures inputs |
|        | working              | consideration to   | game.               | spreadsheets to     | computer models     | from a physical      |
|        | collaboratively      | copyright,         |                     | organise and        | of physical         | device.              |
|        | online.              | aesthetics, and    |                     | calculate data.     | objects.            |                      |
|        |                      | navigation.        |                     |                     |                     |                      |

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