

Stones and Bones

History – The Stone Age

What caused the change from hunter gatherer to settled farmer?

Name the three periods of the stone age

The three periods of the Stone Age are the **Paleolithic Period (Old Stone Age)**, the **Mesolithic Period (Middle Stone Age)**, and the **Neolithic Period (New Stone Age)**

How long did the Stone Age last for?

The Stone Age lasted for an immense period of approximately 2.5 million years, starting with the creation of the first stone tools around 2.5 million years ago

How did the 'Stone Age' get its name?

The Stone Age got its name because, for the vast majority of that prehistoric period, early humans primarily used stone tools for tasks like hunting, making weapons, and crafting other items.

What did stone Age people do?

Stone Age people were primarily hunter-gatherers, relying on hunting wild animals, fishing, and gathering plants for food, shelter, and tools made from stone, bone, and wood.

History and Art

Art – Printing

What tools did cavemen use to produce cave art?

Stone, flint tools, hollow bones, reeds, shells, their own fingers, sticks, animal hair.

What are the Lascaux Caves?

The Lascaux Caves are a cave complex near Montignac in southwestern France, famous for their extensive and sophisticated prehistoric cave paintings dating to the Magdalenian culture, around 17,000 to 20,000 years ago.

What is the Lion Man?

the Lion Man, or Löwenmensch in German, is a 40,000-year-old ivory sculpture featuring a human-like body with a cave lion's head, representing the oldest known image of a being that does not exist in nature.

What Art did the Stone Age people do?

Art of the Stone Age - Introduction to Art History I Stone Age people created art in the forms of portable figurines, such as Venus figurines, and monumental art, including cave paintings and rock engravings

What did they draw and where did they draw it?

Stone Age people created art in the forms of portable figurines, such as Venus figurines, and monumental art, including cave paintings and rock engravings

Essential Vocabulary

Settlement	Tourism	Industry	print
a place, typically one which has previously been uninhabited, where people establish a community.	the commercial organization and operation of holidays and visits to places of interest.	economic activity concerned with the processing of raw materials and manufacture of goods in factories.	an indentation or mark made on a surface or soft substance.

Stones and Bones

Geography and DT

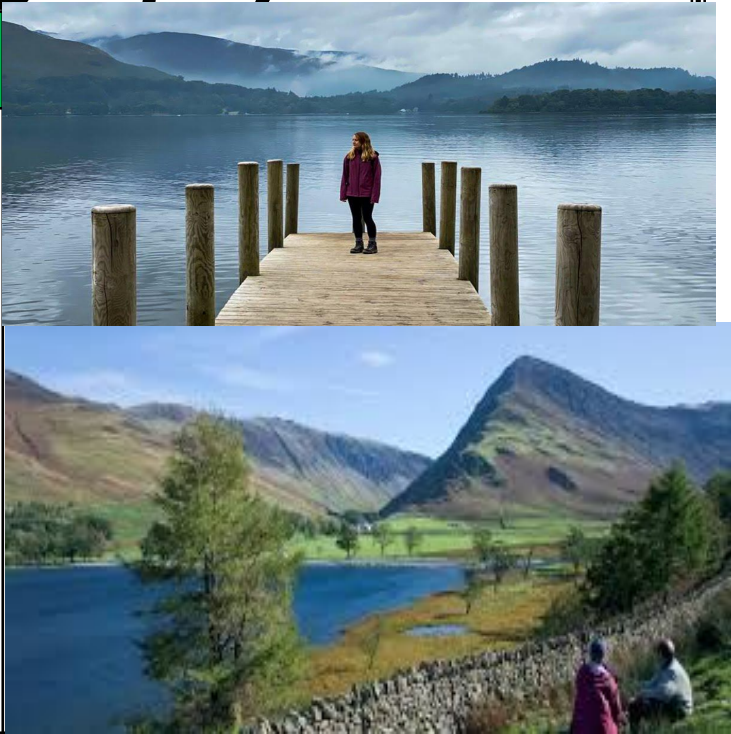


Design Technology -Textiles

Name types of stitches
Running stitch, back stitch, cross stitch

What materials and equipment do you need to stitch?
Needle, cotton, thread, material, scissors

What were stone age clothes like?
They only wore animal skins which covered chest or legs.



Geography – The Lake District **Why do people visit the Lake District** **what impact is this having on the** **environment?**

People visit the Lake District for its natural beauty, mountains, lakes, and outdoor activities, which support the local economy.

Where is the Lake District?
The Lake District is located in Cumbria, in the North West of England.

Name three human features of the lake district (things there made by humans)
Car parks, cafes, shops

How was the Lake District formed?
The Lake District's landscape was formed by tectonic plate collisions that uplifted the land and caused volcanic activity about 500 to 450 million years ago

What is tourism?
the commercial organization and operation of holidays and visits to places of interest.

Why do people visit the Lake District?
People visit the Lake District for its spectacular natural beauty, including mountains, lakes, and valleys, as well as the opportunity for outdoor adventures like hiking, cycling, and water sports.

Name three physical features of the Lake District (natural things)
Mountains, lakes, trees.

Essential Vocabulary

Foraging	Hunter	Gatherer	Seam
search widely for food or provisions.	a person or animal that hunts.	a person who collects or gathers things from numerous places.	a line where two pieces of fabric are sewn together in a garment or other article.