The aim of this unit is to allow the pupils the opportunity to design in a way that is new to them. The starting point is an investigation into the Memphis design group from the 1980s. Pupils research the products that they produced then find out how the group has influenced design since by finding products that use similar motifs, colours and forms even down to the design of local bus interiors. Pupils use geometric shapes to create their clocks by modelling with 3D shapes. These are then evaluated and the pupils choose their favourite. They produce a mock up then need to tessellate their work onto the material provided ensuring the most cost-effective use of materials.

Unit 9	I am learning	I will be able to
Memphis inspired clock	 To understand the influence of design movements 	 To research and show my findings in a presentation
	in society	 Analyse my research in order to help me come up with
	 How geometric shapes can be combined to make 	design ideas
	new forms	 Use geometric shapes to produce a clock model
	 How quartz clock mechanisms work 	 Cut and connect a range of geometric shapes from
	Geometry	plywood independently
	 How clock faces are divided up by degrees 	 Use the band facer safely and independently to refine
		the edges of my cut-out shapes
		 Program the laser cutter to cut out my clock face

In this unit the pupils are introduced to measuring and marking out tools that they haven't used before. The main aim of this unit is to familiarise pupils with this equipment and get them to develop their skills using it.

Unit 10	I am learning	I will be able to
Dog tag	How to use a caliper	Measure, mark out and cut aluminium bar to
	How to cut and file an arc	length
	 How to mark out and drill a through hole 	File to a line
	 How to file and polish aluminium 	Describe a semicircle
	How to use letter stamps	Draw file
	How to use an engraver	Use emery paper
		 Polish using the buffing machine

In this unit the pupils are introduced to a range of engineering materials, tools and processes. They will measure accurately using millimetres. They will mark out using a scriber and centre punch. They will drill and countersink holes in flat metal bar. They will use a hacksaw to cut metal and select the correct file to finish the edges of the bar. This will then be bent around a former to create a series of hooks which will then be screwed to a wooden back board.

Unit 11	I am learning	I will be able to
Bottle opener	 How to Health and safety with metal working tools How to cut, form, drill and finish metal To understand the properties of metals 	 Accurately measure and mark out using a steel rule and a scriber Use an engineers' square to ensure all ends are 90° Use a centre punch to mark the centre of a hole Describe a circle using a spring bow compass Describe a centre line on a flat bar using odd leg callipers Independently use the pillar drill to drill holes in aluminium bar Cut metal using a hacksaw Select the correct grade of file to file the edges of metal bar Countersink holes in metal Bend aluminium bar around a forming jig Use emery paper to finish the surface of aluminium bar

In this unit the pupils are introduced to a range of engineering materials, tools and processes. They will measure accurately using millimetres. They will mark out using a scriber and centre punch. They will drill and countersink holes in flat metal bar. They will use a hacksaw to cut metal and select the correct file to finish the edges of the bar. This will then be bent around a former to create a series of hooks which will then be screwed to a wooden back board.

Unit 12	I am learning	I will be able to
Design and manufacture a pewter pendant	How to read an orthographic projection drawingHow to cast pewter safely	 Design and make a pewter pendant Make a mould from MDF accurately using the fret saw
	 How to make a mould How to file and finish / polish pewter 	 Cast a pendant safely Polish my pendant so that it has a high-quality finish

In this unit the pupils are introduced to engineering machines and processes that they have not used before. They will learn how to set up and use a lathe. The outcome of this unit is a small hammer which the pupils will make from stock materials and follow a work plan and a working drawing in orthographic projection. They will learn about the properties of steel and aluminium and how to connect three main component parts using threading.

Unit 13	I am learning	I will be able to
Make a tack	 How to interpret an orthographic projection 	Make a tack hammer
nammer	How to use a lathe	 Face off and reduce on an engineer's lathe
	How to cut a screw thread	How to mark out and cut materials from a cutting
	 What the difference is between ferrous and non- 	list and working drawing
	ferrous metals	 Drill, file and polish steel and aluminium
	 How to cut material from stock metal 	
	What different forms materials are available in	