




Local History KS1 Knowledge Mat

Subject Specific Vocabulary		Exciting Ideas	
Local	Something/a place nearby		Can you find any pictures of the village from the past to compare?
memorial	A statue used to remember an event of person.		Can you research the village to find out about its history?
church	A place of worship.		
Changes over time	Throughout history many places change. They might get more/less buildings, shops or roads.	Questions to think about	Key Place Names
rural	A place that doesn't have very many buildings or shops.	<input type="checkbox"/> How has the village changed over time?	Colton Rugeley
urban	A place that has lots of buildings and shops.	<input type="checkbox"/> Has it got more or less businesses now than in the past?	Kings Bromley Lichfield
school	A place you go to to learn.	<input type="checkbox"/> Has the village got a school or ever had a school?	Elford Tamworth
Post office	A shop where you can send post.	<input type="checkbox"/> How important has the church been for the village?	

KS1 Living Things and their Habitats Knowledge Mat

Subject Specific Vocabulary		Interesting Books	Sticky Knowledge about habitats
dinosaur	Dinosaurs were the main animals on Earth for more than 150 million years. They were lizard-like reptiles.	 	<p>Sticky Knowledge about habitats</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> A habitat is a place that an animal lives. It provides the animal with food, water and shelter. <input type="checkbox"/> There are many different sorts of habitats around the world from forests to grasslands and from mountain slopes to deserts. <input type="checkbox"/> Animals like cockroaches are really important in a habitat -they eat the dead plants and recycle the nutrients back into the soil. <input type="checkbox"/> People are causing harm to many habitats. Forests are being burnt down, lakes and rivers polluted and the polar ice caps are melting. <input type="checkbox"/> Because resources like water and food may be limited, plant and animal species often compete with each other for food and water. <input type="checkbox"/> Because the Earth is always changing, habitats are constantly changing.
indigenous	Produced, growing, living, or occurring naturally in a particular region or environment.		
rivers	A river is a flowing, moving stream of water. Usually a river feeds water into an ocean, lake, pond, or even another river.		
woodland	Woodland is a low-density forest with plenty of sunlight and limited shade.		
ponds	A pond is a body of water smaller than a lake. Ponds support a very wide range of wildlife.		
sea	A sea is part of the ocean partially enclosed by land. Seas are found on the margins of the ocean and are partially enclosed by land.		
rainforest	Tropical rainforests are forests with tall trees, warm climates and lots of rain.		
desert	A desert is any large region that gets very little rain each year. Very few plants or animals live in desert areas.		
species	A group of animals, plants or other living things that all share common characteristics and that are all classified as alike in some manner.	<p>Important facts to know by the end of the habitats topic:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • know how a specific habitat provides for the basic needs of things living there • identify and name plants and animals in a range of habitats • match living things to their habitat • know how animals find their food 	
microhabitats	Microhabitats are the small-scale physical requirements of a particular organism or a community of organisms.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • name some different sources of food for animals 	