

This statement details our school's use of pupil premium (and recovery premium for the 2022 to 2023 academic year) funding to help improve the attainment of our disadvantaged pupils.

It outlines our pupil premium strategy, how we intend to spend the funding in this academic year and the effect that last year's spending of pupil premium had within our school.

School overview

Detail	Data	
Linden Road Academy and Hearing Impaired Resource Base		
Number of pupils in school	215	
Proportion (%) of pupil premium eligible pupils	41%	
Academic year/years that our current pupil premium strategy plan covers (3 year plans are recommended)	2020 - 2023	
Date this statement was published	October 2022	
Date on which it will be reviewed	January 2023	
Statement authorised by	Enquire Learning Trust	
Pupil Premium Lead	Peter Greaves	
Governor / Trustee lead	Jaimie Holbrook	

Funding overview

Detail	Amount
Pupil premium funding allocation this academic year	£ 118, 360
Recovery premium funding allocation this academic year	£ 11, 459
Pupil premium funding carried forward from previous years (enter £0 if not applicable)	£ 5,000
Total budget for this academic year If your school is an academy in a trust that pools this funding, state the amount available to your school this academic year	£ 134,125

Part A: Pupil premium strategy plan

Statement of intent

Through this plan, it is the intent of the Leaders at Linden Road Academy to eradicate the gap in attainment between children identified as disadvantaged, and their non-disadvantaged peers at the Academy and across the country. The quality of the work and improvements will impact these students across all of the curriculum.

Challenges

This details the key challenges to achievement that we have identified among our disadvantaged pupils.

Challenge number	Detail of challenge
1	Not enough children are achieving age-related expectations in reading, writing and maths combined at the end of key stage 2.
2	Not enough children identified as having potential to achieve greater depth early on in the school life are going on to achieve greater depth by the end of key stage 2.
3	Early speech and language development prior to children starting school is not supporting their development and there is evidence that more children are starting school without the key language development. This has been exacerbated by Covid 19.
4	The effects on the children of the two school closures due to covid, despite a full curriculum being taught despite the Academy leaders closing the technology gap for our disadvantaged children. This gap is greater in key stage 1 than in key stage 2.
5	There is an increase in children identified as disadvantaged and needing support with their wellbeing across the school and in all classes.
6	The gap in cultural capital that children need to gain in comparison with their non-disadvantaged peers at Linden Road Academy and at other schools.

Intended outcomes

This explains the outcomes we are aiming for by the end of our current strategy plan, and how we will measure whether they have been achieved.

Intended outcome	Success criteria
In reading, writing and maths at the end of key stage 2 in 2023, the group identified as disadvantaged have made better that expected progress from end of Year 5.	Data from end of Year 5 (July 2021) , expected progress for this group: $R = 64\% \\ W = 46\%$

	M= 64% All children in this group to achieve in line with their prior attainment at the end of KS1, achieving 100% EP.
By the end of the academic year 2022-23, more children identified as disadvantaged will achieve greater depth in reading, writing and maths than in 2018 and 2019.	Increase in children eligible for pupil premium achieving ARE in R,W and M combined in 2022 and a further increase in 2023.
By the end of the academic year 2022-23, at the end of key stage 1, children identified as disadvantaged will make better than expected progress.	13/29 = 45% disadvantaged. Current
By the end of the academic year 2022-23, the gap in attainment and progress between disadvantaged and non-disadvantaged peers will be eradicated across the school.	In all classes, children that are in the group identified as disadvantaged, with no additional need and no
Children identified as disadvantaged and requiring support for their wellbeing are supported to overcome these challenges to achieve.	At the start of September 2021, we were working with 10 families involving 16 children. These children make expected progress from their previous key development points: End of EYFS, End of KS1. Child's voice outcomes: children report feeling safe in school and well-supported and achieving well. Parent voice outcomes: children report feeling safe in school and well-supported and achieving well.
All children gain broad and deep cultural capital to build on and use to inform and broaden their futures.	All children have accessed a range of experiences Children can recall and talk about their experiences, demonstrating understanding of the knowledge gained, the effect on them as learners as how they may use the experience in the future. Children can state how they will build on their experience

Activity in this academic year

This details how we intend to spend our pupil premium (and recovery premium funding) this academic year to address the challenges listed above.

Teaching (for example, CPD, recruitment and retention)

Budgeted cost: £20, 000

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
CPD in phonics and early reading for all key staff in EYFS and KS1.		3, 4
CPD in further, effective AfL strategies and the most effective use of formative and summative assessment information (and data) and feedback. For all teachers and teaching assistants.	EEF research report (incorporating Metacognition and Self-Regulation, updated July 2021).	1, 2, 4, 5, 6
CPD from EBE Great Teacher Toolkit completing CPD on Task design and activating hard thinking in learners.		1, 2, 3, 4
CPD in Launchpad for three, key, early years teaching assistants.		3, 4

Targeted academic support (for example, tutoring, one-to-one support structured interventions)

Budgeted cost: £40,000

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Extended school day for 30 minutes a day for year 6 from February 2023; breakfast provision incorporating maths and reading intervention	Previous success at Linden Road Academy with this approach. Success with reading intervention during the breakfast club. EEF report into Extending School Time (last updated April 2022)	1, 2, 4, 5
Teaching assistant interventions in reading and maths.	Previous success at Linden Road Academy with this approach.	1, 2, 4, 5
	EEF report into TA led intervention (last updated April 2022)	
Teaching assistant intervention using Launchpad.	EEF report into TA led intervention (last updated April 2022)	3, 4, 5
One-to-one tutoring support structured interventions led by teachers	EEF report April 2022	1, 2, 4, 5
Small group tuition in reading and maths in Year 6, Year 2 and Year 1.	EEF report into Extending School Time (last updated July 2021)	1, 2, 4, 5

Wider strategies (for example, related to attendance, behaviour, wellbeing)

Budgeted cost: £50,000

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Wellbeing support for children identified as requiring support and intervention. Part of the salary of the Vice Principal to work on Wellbeing support for children and support for families.	Previous success with this strategy	1, 2, 4, 5,

Wellbeing support for children identified as requiring small social group support and intervention.	Previous success with this strategy	1, 2, 4, 5,
Parental engagement in understanding and supporting phonics and early reading.	EEF report.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5,

	Link between parental engagement and better learning outcomes.	
Attendance support for children identified as disadvantaged and persistent absentees from school.	Link between improved attendance and improved outcomes. (EEF Pupil Premium Strategy update April 2022)	1, 4, 5
Residential school trip to Kingswood Outdoor Adventure Centre in Staffordshire; specifically support to enable disadvantaged children to attend the trip.	Previous success with this strategy in developing self-esteem, cultural capital and team building.	4, 5, 6
Access for disadvantaged children to develop leadership skills:	Aspiration intervention report by EEF.	5, 6
Forest school in Year 5, Subscription access to		
Smart School Council to develop leadership skills in all children.		

Total budgeted cost: £ 110,000

Part B: Review of outcomes in the previous academic year

Pupil premium strategy outcomes

This details the impact that our pupil premium activity had on pupils in the 2021-22 academic year.

Purchase of Reading Plus online reading support had an excellent impact on the cohort in Year 6 in 2021-22. Children made rapid progress in their reading comprehension skills and stamina. Due to the success of this strategy, this was rolled out to Years 5 and 4 and used as a small group intervention in year 3.

Regular, small group instruction, led by teachers and facilitated by teaching assistants working and supporting the rest of the class. This allowed the teacher to focus on those children that needed more input to achieve the expected progress.

The recovery premium was spent on teacher and teaching assistant led 1:3 and 1:1 tutoring. The majority of the tutoring sessions were held after school, therefore not disrupting the children's curriculum entitlement. The tutoring programme was aimed at all children that were not on-track to make expected progress, with a priority in reading and writing for children eligible for the pupil premium.

INTENDED OUTCOMES:

- 1) 90% of children eligible for the pupil premium achieved the expected standard in reading at the end of KS2. This was above the target and was a successful outcome. 90% of children achieved better than expected progress from the end of year 5 to the end of year 6.
- 2) A greater proportion of children eligible for the pupil premium achieved the expected standard in reading, writing and maths in 2022 (45%) than in 2018 (27%)
- 3) Children identified as disadvantaged and requiring support for their wellbeing are supported to overcome these challenges to achieve.

Please include the names of any non-DfE programmes that you purchased in the previous academic year. This will help the Department for Education identify which ones are popular in England

Programme	Provider
Reading Plus online reading platform	Reading Plus LLC
Wellcomm Early years language development programme	GL Assessment