

Migration (Windrush movement)

Movement



Quick Facts



- After WWII, Britain needed more men and women to work in industry because of a shortage of workers.
- Empire Windrush brought the first large group of post-war West Indian immigrants to the UK.
- People who leave their country are said to emigrate (They are subtracted from the total population).
- People who move into another country are called immigrants (They add to the total population).
- The movement of people into a country is known as immigration.

Vocabulary



Migration
 Movement of people from one area to another.

Poverty
 Being extremely poor

Famine
 Extreme shortage of food.

Crisis
 A time of intense difficulty or danger.

Windrush generation
 This includes anyone who immigrated to Britain from the Caribbean between 1948-1973.

Brexit
 A word to describe the United Kingdom's leave from the European Union.

Perspective
 A view or prospect.

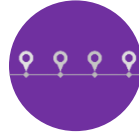
Refugee
 A person who has been forced to leave their country in order to escape war/natural disasters etc.

Asylum Seeker
 A person who has left their home country as a political refugee and is seeking asylum in another.

Immigration
 The action of coming to live permanently in a foreign country.

Emigration
 The act of leaving one's own country to settle permanently in another; moving abroad.

Timeline



1945AD - WWII ends.
1948AD - Migration of colonial Caribbean citizens to the UK.
1973AD - The UK joined the European Union. This allowed free movement between member countries of the UK.
2020AD - The UK left the EU.

Impact

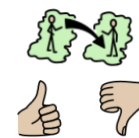


Migration can be:

- From one country to another (international)
- From one part of a country to another (internal or domestic).
- Forced or voluntary
- Permanent or temporary.



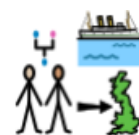
The factors which cause people to move can be divided into two groups. **Push factors** encourage people to leave their home area (Lack of services, Natural Disasters, poor farming, poor housing and unemployment). **Pull factors** attract people into an area (Education services, health care, housing, jobs and seeking safety/better life).



Migration can have positive and negative effects on the areas that "export" people and the areas that "import" people. Migrants come to the UK from a variety of countries. People from the UK also emigrate to countries around the world.



The post war government formed plans for rebuilding Britain, however they needed a huge workforce. One of the ways to address this shortage in workforce was by encouraging immigration.



The Windrush Generation

The SS Windrush docked in Tilbury on June 21st 1948. This was the start of post-war migration to Britain from the Caribbean. Between 1948 and 1970 nearly 500 thousand people left their homes in the West Indies to come to Britain. They came for various reasons: most had responded to a call from Britain for workers in the transport system, the postal service & hospitals; some came to work for a while before returning home with money they had saved, others were looking for better opportunities for themselves and their families.

Surrounding Chronology



1948AD
SS Windrush arrived in Britain

2020AD - BREXIT
UK left the EU

1973AD
UK joined the EU

Now