

Curriculum Overview: Food and Nutrition

Year group: 10

What your child will learn each half term:

This overview shows the key topics, skills, and knowledge your child will be learning in **Food and Nutrition** in **Year 10**. It helps families understand what's being taught, how it builds on previous learning, and how you can support your child at home.

- What we are learning: The topic or focus for the half term.
- **Key knowledge & skills**: What students should understand and be able to do.
- **How we assess learning**: knowledge checks, practical tasks, written responses and formal assessments.
- **Key words to know**: Vocabulary students will learn and use.

	What we are learning	Key Knowledge & skills	How we will	Homework	Key vocabulary for this unit
			assess learning in		
HT 1	Learn about nutrition and health, covering macronutrients (protein, carbohydrates, fats), micronutrients (vitamins, minerals, water), nutritional needs across life stages and special diets, with review and assessment practice.	Understand the functions, sources, and health effects of protein, carbohydrates, fats, vitamins, minerals, and water; apply knowledge of changing nutritional needs across life stages and special diets; and practice planning balanced meals, reviewing key nutrients, and applying knowledge in assessments	this unit A mix of formative and summative assessments to evaluate students' knowledge, understanding, and application of nutritional principles, though Quizzes, Knowledge Checks, peer assessments & Mini Assessment Papers at the end of the unit. Also through practical assessments of skills.	Fortnightly – preparation of ingredients for practicals and knowledge checks /quizzes where appropriate . Also SENCA online knowledge checks linked to the unit.	Protein & Amino Acids – Growth and repair; HBV (complete), LBV (incomplete), complementary proteins; deficiency/excess effects. Carbohydrates – Energy source; simple (quick) vs complex (long-lasting); glycaemic index; energy balance; deficiency/excess effects. Fats & Cholesterol – Energy, insulation, organ protection; saturated vs unsaturated; deficiency/excess effects. Vitamins – Fat-soluble (A, D, E, K) and water-soluble (B, C); roles, sources, deficiency effects. Minerals & Water – Calcium, iron, fluoride, iodine, sodium; hydration and dehydration effects. Life Stages & Special Diets – Nutritional needs vary with age, health, culture, and lifestyle; balanced diet principles; coeliac disease.
HT2	Explore food science and diet-related health, including energy needs, cooking methods, heat transfer, and the functional and chemical properties of proteins, carbohydrates, and fats, with practical	Evaluate diets and plan balanced meals; calculate energy needs and understand labels; explain cooking methods, heat transfer, and their effects; describe protein, carbohydrate, and fat reactions in cooking; conduct practical investigations; and apply scientific knowledge to solve problems and make recommendations.	A mix of formative and summative assessments to evaluate students' knowledge, understanding, and application of nutritional principles, though Quizzes, Knowledge	Fortnightly – preparation of ingredients for practicals and knowledge checks /quizzes where appropriate . Also SENCA online knowledge checks linked to the unit.	Food & Health: Nutrients (macro & micro), balanced diet, deficiency, obesity, dietary guidelines. Energy Needs: Kilocalories, energy balance, BMR, energy surplus/deficit. Cooking Methods: Boiling, steaming, grilling, baking/roasting, frying, poaching, sautéing, blanching. Heat Transfer: Conduction, convection, radiation, temperature, cooking time. Proteins: Denaturation, coagulation, gelation, enzymes, elasticity. Carbohydrates & Fats: Gelatinisation, dextrinisation,

НТЗ	investigations and recap assessments Understand food spoilage, contamination, and safety practices (4 Cs); safely buy, store, and handle food; consider environmental impact, sustainability, and food provenance; and recognise the effects of primary and secondary food processing on quality and nutrition.	Identify food spoilage and contamination risks; apply the 4 Cs and safe handling; interpret labels and store food correctly; evaluate environmental impact and sustainability; understand food provenance and carbon footprint; distinguish primary and secondary processing effects; and apply knowledge in practical investigations and planning.	Checks, peer assessments & Mini Assessment Papers at the end of the UNIT. Also, through Practical skills A mix of formative and summative assessments to evaluate students' knowledge, understanding, and application of nutritional principles, though Quizzes, Knowledge Checks, peer assessments & Mini Assessment Papers. Also through practical assessments of skills	Fortnightly – preparation of ingredients for practicals and knowledge checks /quizzes where appropriate. Also SENCA online knowledge checks linked to the unit.	caramelisation, emulsification, aeration, shortening, crystallisation, Maillard reaction. Practical Investigations: Hypothesis, observation, variables (independent, dependent, control), results, analysis, conclusion, accuracy, repeatability. Assessment & Application: Evaluate, justify, recommend, explain, compare, predict. Food Spoilage & Contamination: Spoilage, contamination, bacteria/pathogens, food poisoning, toxins. Food Safety (4 Cs): Cleaning, cooking, chilling, crosscontamination, personal hygiene. Buying & Storing Food: Food labels, FIFO, refrigeration/freezing. Environmental Impact & Sustainability: Sustainability, food waste, local/seasonal foods, organic. Food Provenance: Food miles, carbon footprint. Food Processing: Primary/secondary processing, shelf life, fortification, preservation.
НТ4	Food Choice + Multicultural Influences (6-7 weeks) Focus: Consumer habits, food labelling, ethical issues, and international cuisine. Week 1: Factors affecting food choice	Food Choice Factors – Analyze cultural, ethical, health, lifestyle, and personal influences on food. Food Labelling & Marketing – Interpret labels, allergens, nutrition, and assess marketing effects. British & International Cuisine – Identify ingredients, dishes, and cooking methods; compare cultural	A mix of formative and summative assessments to evaluate students' knowledge, understanding, and application of nutritional principles from	Fortnightly – preparation of ingredients for practicals and knowledge checks /quizzes where appropriate. Also SENCA online knowledge checks	Culture – Traditions and practices influencing food habits. Ethics – Moral considerations affecting food choices (e.g., fair trade, animal welfare). Preferences – Individual likes and dislikes. Lifestyle – How daily routines affect diet (e.g., work, activity level).
	(cultural, ethical, preferences) Week 2: Food labelling and marketing Week 3: British cuisine + International cuisine Week 4: Sensory evaluation + practicals	differences. Sensory Evaluation – Assess taste, texture, aroma, appearance; record and analyze results. Recipe Development & Modification – Adapt recipes for dietary needs while maintaining	this unit, though Quizzes, Knowledge Checks, peer assessments & Mini Assessment Papers at the end of the unit of work.	linked to the unit.	Food Labelling & Marketing Ingredients – Components used to make a food product. Allergens – Substances that can cause allergic reactions. Nutrition information – Data on energy, macronutrients, vitamins, and minerals.

Week 5: Developing and modifying recipes for dietary needs Week 6: Religion and food choice	Religion & Food – Understand religious dietary laws and apply cultural awareness. Review & Application – Recall knowledge, evaluate outcomes. and	Also through practical assessments of skills	 Best-before/Use-by – Dates indicating quality or safety. Marketing/Advertising – Strategies to promote and influence food choices.
Week 7: Review task and knowledge check	make informed decisions.		British & International Cuisine Traditional dishes – Foods typical of a country or region. Cuisine – Style of cooking associated with a culture or region. Cooking methods – Techniques such as baking, boiling, frying, steaming.
			Sensory Evaluation Taste – Flavour perceived on the tongue. Texture – Mouthfeel or consistency of food. Aroma – Smell of food. Appearance – Visual presentation of food.
			 Recipe Development & Modification Adaptation – Changing ingredients or methods to suit needs. Dietary needs – Requirements based on allergies, intolerances, or health. Substitute – Replacing an ingredient with an alternative.
			Religion & Food Halal – Permissible foods for Muslims. Kosher – Foods prepared according to Jewish laws. Vegetarian/Vegan – Diets excluding meat (and all animal products for vegan).
			Practical & Evaluation Skills Evaluate – Assess outcomes and effectiveness. Analyze – Examine information to make decisions. Feedback – Information used to improve results.

HT5 Food Preparat Skills + NEA M Practice (6-7 v These skills and developed through the year too Focus: Practice and controlled	throughout the year. Preparation & Hygiene – Use knife skills and maintain food safety. Cooking Methods – Apply baking, roasting, and boiling; understand effects on food. Doughs, Pastry & Batters – Prepare accurately and	A mix of formative and summative assessments to evaluate students' knowledge, understanding, and application of the principles from this unit in preparation for	Fortnightly – preparation of ingredients for practicals. SENCA online knowledge checks linked to the unit.	Used all year Preparation & Hygiene • Knife skills – Safe and accurate cutting techniques. • Hygiene – Practices to prevent contamination and ensure food safety. • Cross-contamination – Transfer of harmful bacteria between foods.
assessment preparation (N Week 1: Food preparation be	and balance flavours, consistency, and pairings. Presentation & Portioning – Present attractively and portion accurately. NEA Planning & Practice – Plan	year 11 through Knowledge Checks, teacher assessment & Mini NEA assessment		 Cooking Methods Baking – Cooking in an oven with dry heat. Roasting – Cooking in an oven, often with fat. Boiling – Cooking in water at 100°C. Simmering – Cooking gently below boiling
Knife skills, hy Week 2: Cook methods: Bak roasting, boili	results. Mock NEA Task – Apply all skills under timed, controlled conditions and evaluate outcomes.	checks. Also through practical assessments of various skills.		 point. Blanching – Brief boiling followed by cooling. Texture – The feel or consistency of food after cooking. Flavour – The taste and aroma of food.
Week 3: Doug pastry, and ba				Doughs, Pastry & Batters Dough – Flour and liquid mixture kneaded to develop gluten.
Week 4: Sauce accompanime				 Pastry – Dough with fat, used for pies and tarts. Batter – Semi-liquid mixture for cakes, pancakes, and coatings.
Week 5: Prese				 Gluten – Protein in flour that gives elasticity and structure. Leavening/Rising – Process that makes dough or batter expand (yeast, baking powder).
Week 6: NEA p & practice investigation	lanning			Sauces & Accompaniments • Sauce – Liquid or semi-liquid to add flavour or
Week 7: Mock Task (short ve				 moisture. Consistency – Thickness or texture of a sauce. Flavour balance – Harmonizing tastes to enhance a dish. Pairing – Matching foods or flavours that complement each other.

					Presentation & Portioning Garnish – Decorative or flavour-enhancing food added to dishes. Portioning – Dividing food into suitable serving sizes. Plating – Arranging food attractively on a plate.
					NEA Planning & Practice / Mock NEA Task Investigation – Testing and observing food preparation or recipes. Planning – Organizing steps, ingredients, and timings for tasks. Recording/Results – Documenting observations and measurements. Evaluation – Assessing outcomes and suggesting improvements. Controlled conditions – Completing tasks under set rules or time limits.
HT6	Exam Skills and Revision (6-7 weeks) Focus: Exam prep, past paper practice, and revision of key areas. Exam technique + Command words Past paper practice	Exam Technique & Command Words Interpret and respond accurately to command words (e.g., describe, explain, evaluate). Structure answers to maximise marks according to mark schemes. Develop time management skills during exams.	Teacher Assessment	Fortnightly – preparation of ingredients for practicals. SENCA online knowledge checks linked to the all units.	See All Above
	(nutrition focus) Past paper practice (food science focus) Past paper practice (food safety/provenance) Mock exam / Walking- talking mock	Past Paper Practice • Apply knowledge in nutrition, food science, and food safety/provenance questions. • Identify patterns and frequently tested topics. • Practice writing clear, concise, and accurate			

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	Gap analysis and	answers under timed	
	personalised revision	conditions.	
	Final recap + Motivation and wellbeing	Mock Exams & Walking-Talking Mocks • Experience realistic exam conditions to build confidence. • Receive feedback to improve exam technique, accuracy, and timing.	
		Gap Analysis & Personalised Revision Identify strengths and weaknesses in knowledge and skills. Create focused revision plans targeting weaker areas.	
		Final Recap & Motivation Consolidate key concepts across all units. Develop strategies for stress management, focus, and exam readiness.	