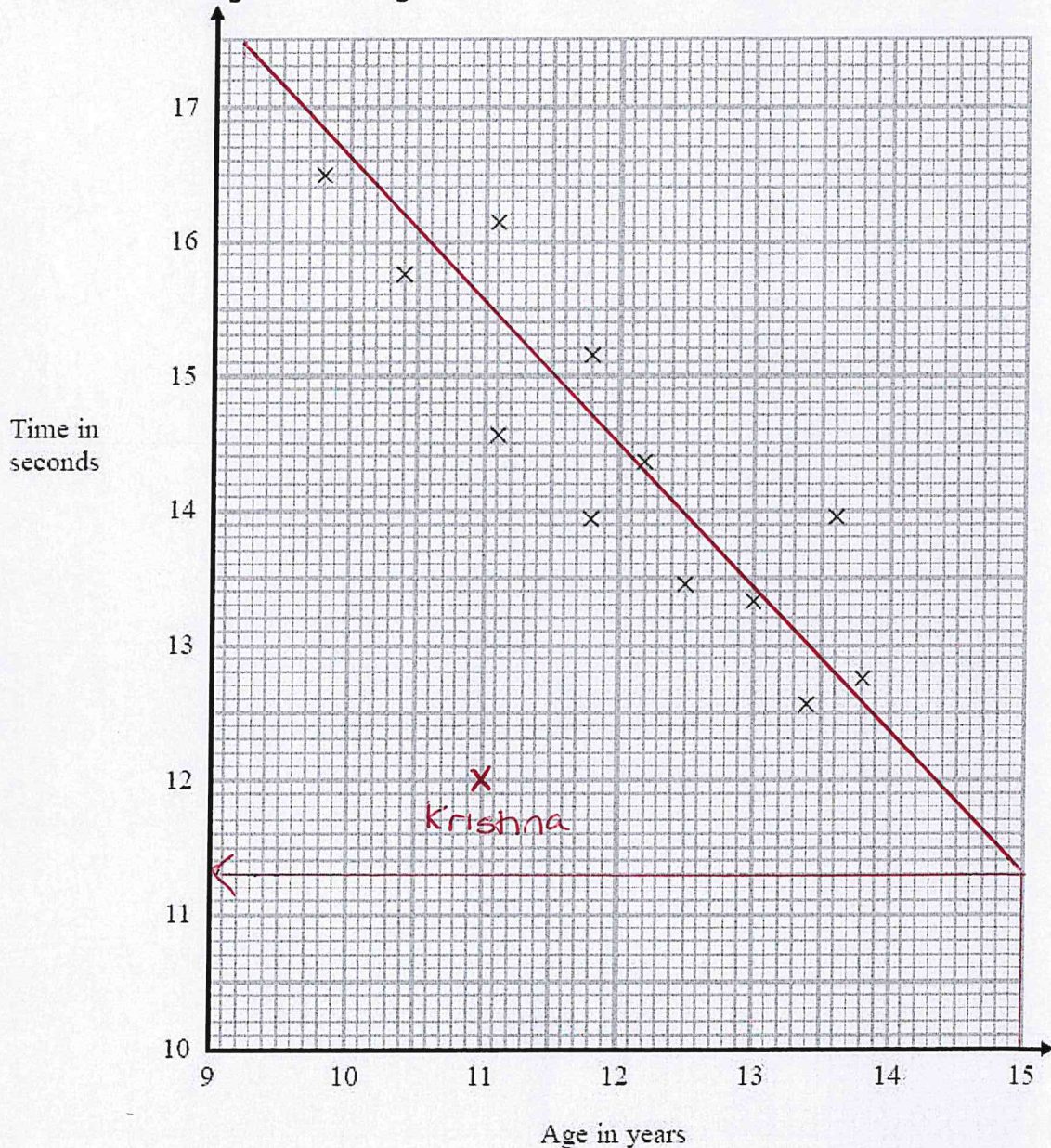


1/19 The scatter diagram shows information about 12 girls. It shows the age of each girl and the best time she takes to run 100 metres.



(a) Write down the type of correlation. negative (1)

Kristina is 11 years old. Her best time to run 100 metres is 12 seconds. The point representing this information would be an outlier on the scatter diagram.

(b) Explain why.
The point for Kristina is a long way from the rest of the data points. (1)

Debbie is 15 years old. Debbie says: "The scatter diagram shows I should take less than 12 seconds to run 100 metres."

(c) Comment on what Debbie says.
This is unreliable as it is extrapolating. It is beyond where the data was collected. (1)

2/20

Expand and simplify $5(p + 3) - 2(1 - 2p)$

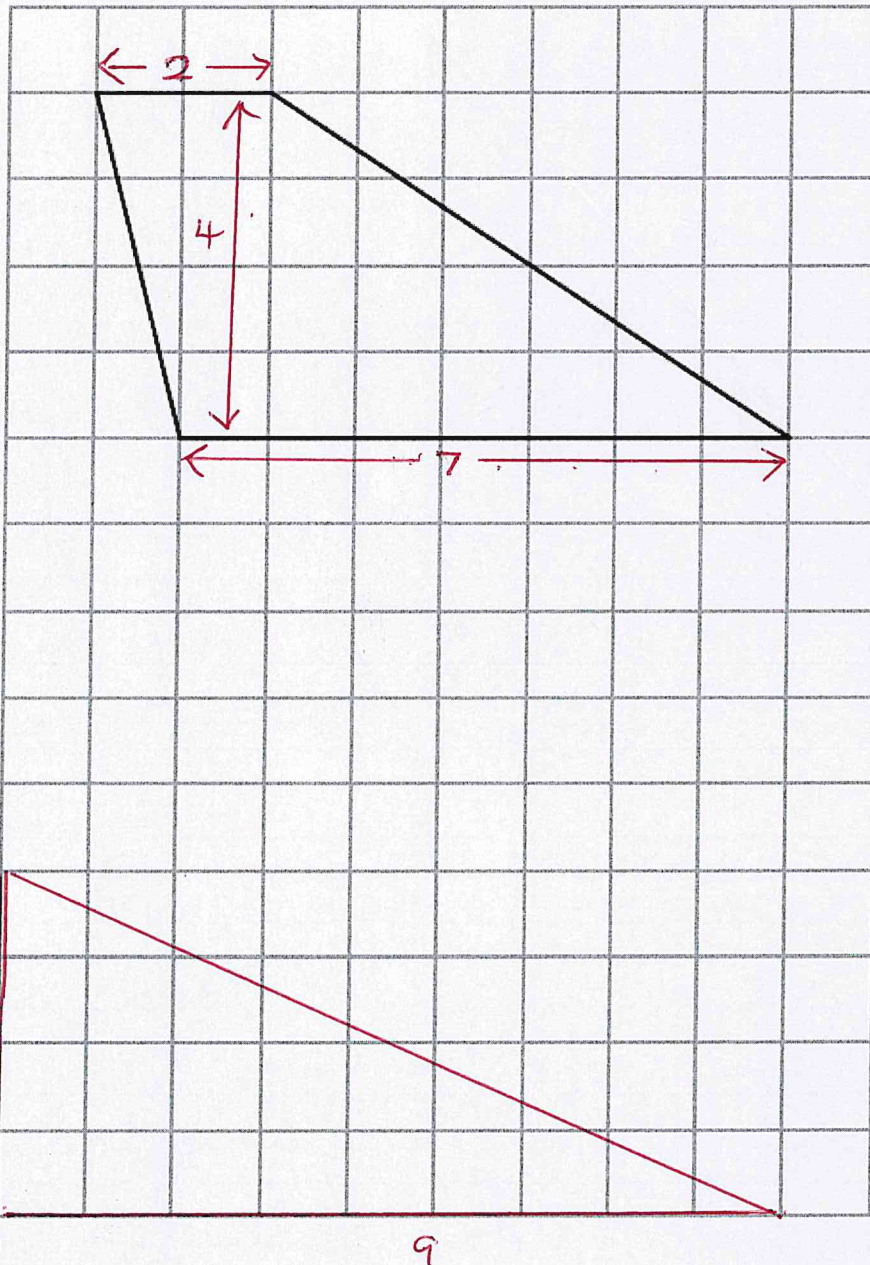
$$\begin{aligned} & 5p + 15 - 2 + 4p \\ & = 9p + 13 \end{aligned}$$

$$\underline{9p + 13}$$

(2)

3/21

Here is a trapezium drawn on a centimetre grid.



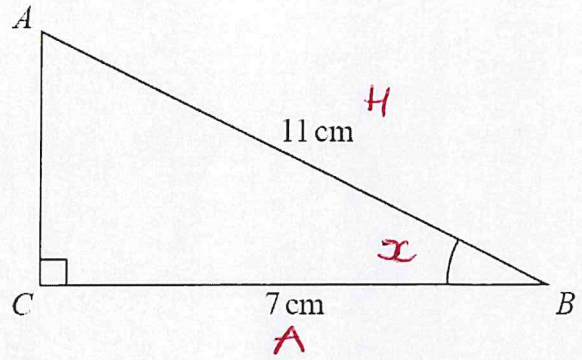
On the grid, draw a triangle equal in area to this trapezium.

9 by 4 12 by 3 18 by 2 36 by 1 6 by 6

(2)

5/23 ABC is a right-angled triangle.

(a) Work out the size of angle ABC . Give your answer correct to 1 decimal place.



$$\cos x = \frac{7}{11}$$

$$x = \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{7}{11}\right)$$

$$x = 50.47880364$$

..... 50.5° (2)

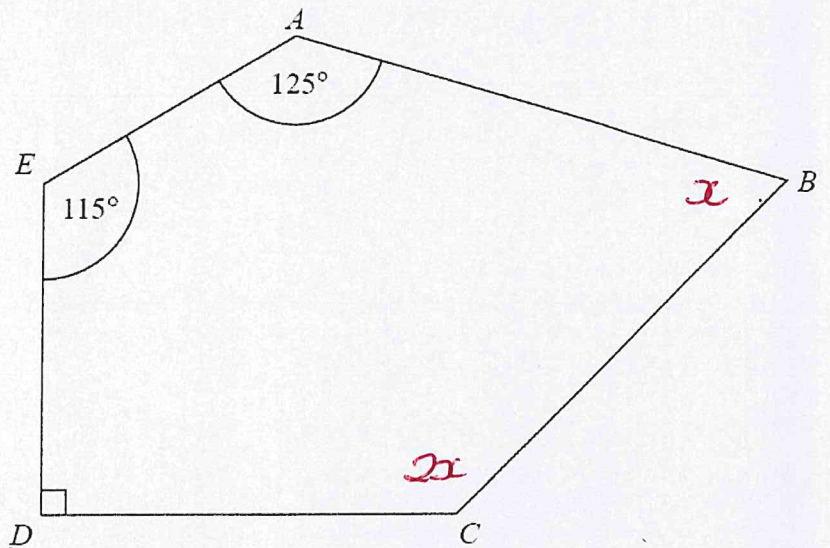
The length of the side AB is reduced by 1 cm.
The length of the side BC is still 7 cm.
Angle ACB is still 90°

(b) Will the value of $\cos ABC$ increase or decrease? You must give a reason for your answer.

..... $\cos x = \frac{7}{11} = 0.7$ which is less than $\frac{7}{11}$
..... so it will decrease (1)

6/26 $ABCDE$ is a pentagon.

Angle $BCD = 2 \times$ angle ABC
Work out the size of angle BCD .
You must show all your working.



$$\begin{aligned} \text{Total} &= 3 \times 180 \\ &= 540^\circ \end{aligned}$$

$$540 = 90 + 115 + 125 + x + 2x$$

$$540 = 3x + 330$$

$$210 = 3x$$

$$\frac{210}{3} = x$$

$$x = 70^\circ$$

$$\angle BCD = 2x = 140^\circ$$

..... 140°

(5)

7/24

There are some counters in a bag.
The counters are red or white or blue or yellow.
Bob is going to take at random a counter from the bag.
The table shows each of the probabilities that the counter will be blue or will be yellow.

Colour	red	white	blue	yellow	Total
Probability	$2x$	x	0.45	0.25	1.00

Counters

18

There are 18 blue counters in the bag.
The probability that the counter Bob takes will be red is twice the probability that the counter will be white.

(a) Work out the number of red counters in the bag.

$$3x + 0.70 = 1.00$$

$$3x = 0.30$$

$$x = 0.10$$

$$\text{Red} = 2x = 0.20$$

$$0.45 = 18 \text{ counters}$$

$$0.05 = 2 \text{ counters}$$

$$0.10 = 4 \text{ counters}$$

$$0.20 = 8 \text{ counters}$$

(4)

A marble is going to be taken at random from a box of marbles.

The probability that the marble will be silver is 0.5

There must be an even number of marbles in the box.

(b) Explain why.

If the probability is $\frac{1}{2}$ then you must be

able to divide the total by 2, so the total

must be an even number.

(1)

8/25

Solve $\frac{5-x}{2} = 2x-7$

$$5-x = 2(2x-7)$$

$$5-x = 4x-14$$

$$19 = 5x$$

$$\frac{19}{5} = x$$

$$x = 3.8$$

$$x = 3.8$$

(3)