



Prevent risk assessment for schools

Person completing: Mrs. S Belcher

A risk assessment is a core part of implementing the Prevent duty. All providers should read guidance from the department on how to complete a risk assessment for children being drawn into terrorism, including support for extremist ideas that are part of terrorist ideology.

Providers may choose to have a specific separate risk assessment to better communicate to staff and document actions taken to mitigate any risk. The purpose of the risk assessment is to have an awareness and understanding of the risk of radicalisation in your area and your institution. The type of provision, size and phase of education.

This is an internal document and should be reviewed annually, in line with Keeping Children Safe in Education requirements, or following a serious

National Risks – Risk of radicalisation generally

What national risks are you aware of that could impact to your area, setting, students or families? For example, online radicalisation

Child criminal exploitation	Online Radicalisation	Risk 3

Local Risks – risk of radicalisation in your area and institution

What specific local risks are you aware of that could impact to your area, setting, students or families? E.g. local extremist activities

Self radicalisation online	County lines	Youth on youth radicalisation
Leadership and Partnership		
Category	Risk	Hazard
	<i>What is the risk here?</i>	<i>What are the hazards?</i>
	The setting does not place sufficient priority to Prevent and risk assessment/action plans (or does not have one) and therefore actions to mitigate risks and meet the requirements of the Duty are not effective.	Leaders (including governors and trustees) within the organisation do not understand the requirements of the Prevent Statutory Duty or the risks faced by the organisation. The Duty is not managed or enabled at a sufficiently senior level.
		Leaders do not have understanding and ultimate ownership of their internal safeguarding processes, nor ensuring that all staff have sufficient understanding and that staff implement the duty effectively.
Leadership		

Leadership		Leaders do not communicate and promote the importance of the duty.
		Leaders do not drive an effective safeguarding culture across the institution.
		Leaders do not provide a safe environment in which children can learn.
Working in Partnership	The setting is not fully appraised of national and local risks, does not work with partners to safeguard children vulnerable to radicalisation, and does not have access to good practice advice, guidance or supportive peer networks.	The organisation does not establish effective partnerships with organisations such as the Local Authority and Police Prevent Team.

Working in Partnership		
Capabilities		
Staff training	Staff do not recognise signs of abuse or vulnerabilities and the risk of harm is not reported properly and promptly by staff.	Frontline staff including governors, do not understand what radicalisation means and why people may be vulnerable to being drawn into terrorism
		Frontline staff including governors, do not know what measures are available to prevent people from being drawn into terrorism and do not know how to obtain support for people who may be exploited by radicalising influences. Staff do not access Prevent training or refresher training.
		Staff do not access Prevent training or refresher training.

Information Sharing	Staff do not share information with relevant partners in a timely manner.	Staff do not feel confident sharing information with partners regarding radicalisation concerns.
		Staff are not aware of the Prevent referral process.

Reducing Permissive Environments		
Building children's resilience to radicalisation	Children and young people are exposed to intolerant or hateful narratives and lack understanding of the risks posed by terrorist organisations and extremist ideologies that underpin them.	The setting does not provide a safe space in which children and young people can understand and discuss sensitive topics, including terrorism and the extremist ideas that are part of terrorist ideology, and learn how to challenge these ideas.
		The setting does not teach a broad and balanced curriculum which promotes spiritual, moral, cultural mental and physical development of students and fundamental British values and community cohesion.

	IT policies	Ineffective IT policies increases the likelihood of students and staff being drawn into extremist material and narratives online. Inappropriate internet use by students is not identified or followed up.
		Students can access terrorist and extremist material when accessing the internet at the institution.
		Students may distribute extremist material using the institution IT system.
		Unclear linkages between IT policy and the Prevent duty. No consideration of filtering as a means of restricting access to harmful content.

Visitors	External speakers or visitors being given a platform to radicalise children and young people or spread hateful or divisive narratives.	Leaders do not provide a safe space for children to learn.
		Settings do not have clear protocols for ensuring that any visiting speakers are suitable and appropriately supervised.
		The setting does not conduct any due diligence checks on visitors or the materials they may use.

Date Implemented: October 2023

Date for review: October 2025

a risk assessment and on safeguarding students vulnerable to radicalisation. Schools should assess the risk of

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type and scale of activity that will address the risk will vary but should be proportionate to the level of risk,

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Risk 4				

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Risk 4				
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Risk management	Rag	Further action needed	Lead officer	Date for completion	Support available
What has your institution put in place to ensure sufficient understanding and buy-in from Leadership?		What does your institution need to further action to address the identified risk(s)?			Prevent e-learning Home Office offer a free e-learning package on Prevent covering: - Prevent awareness - Prevent referrals - understanding Channel Users that complete this training will receive a certificate. https://www.support-people-vulnerable-to-radicalisation.service.gov.uk/
Prevent taining for all staff.					
DSL completes Home office training and local training. Governing body is at Trust level					

Policies read by staff and signed off on smartlog					
SG procedures understood in school and posters showing who to speak to					
Smartlog ensures sharing of policies and training is logged					
Promotion of a safeguarding culture through regular training, discussions, etc with senior staff visibly involved. Clear induction for new members of staff and trainee teachers					
The providers has strong partnerships with: • Local Safeguarding Children's Partnership • DSL / headteacher forums • LADO • Community Safety Partnerships • Police Prevent Team • Channel panel • Child and family					Prevent duty guidance Outlines the requirements of the duty, including working in partnership with others. https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/prevent-duty-guidance/revised-prevent-duty-guidance-for-england-and-wales#c-a-risk-based-approach-to-the-prevent-duty Understanding channel

[Example] Effective partnerships might include:					An overview of channel support and the Prevent Multi-Agency Panels (PMAP). https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/channel-and-prevent-multi-agency-panel-pmap-guidance Sign-up for Educate Against Hate newsletter Latest news, blogs and resources to help teachers, school leaders and designated safeguarding leads protect students from
Training is broader than face to face or e-learning. Additional briefings and emails as necessary					Prevent e-learning Home Office offer a free e-learning package on Prevent covering: - Prevent awareness - Prevent referrals - understanding Channel
Training given to staff in September. Followed up with e-learning and briefings					Users that complete this training will receive a certificate. https://www.support-people-vulnerable-to-radicalisation.service.gov.uk/ Prevent resources, guidance and support The department's Educate Against Hate website provides a range of training and guidance materials. www.educateagainsthate.com
Staff attend prevent training in house with focus					

The school has a culture of safeguarding that supports effective arrangements to: • identify children who may need early help or who are at risk of neglect, abuse, grooming or exploitation • help children reduce their risk of harm by securing the support they need, or referring in a timely way to those who have the expertise to help					Resources to support information sharing The department has published guidance on making a Prevent referral. https://www.gov.uk/guidance/making-a-referral-to-prevent
The school has clear processes for raising radicalisation concerns and making a Prevent referral.					

The school has codes of conduct for all staff (teaching and non-teaching staff)					Resources for having difficult classroom conversations Educate Against Hate has a range of resources to help teachers conduct difficult conversations with students. The 'Let's Discuss' teaching packs have been developed to help facilitate conversations about topics such as fundamental British values, extreme right-wing terrorism and Islamist extremism. www.educateagainsthate.com www.educateagainsthate.com/category/teachers/classroom-resources
The school carries out safer recruitment checks on all staff					www.educateagainsthate.com/category/teachers/classroom-resources/?filter=lets-discuss

The school has an effective filtering and monitoring system that is checked weekly					Web filtering and online safety The Department for Education have issued comprehensive guidance on how schools and colleges should be using filtering and monitoring standards, including specific measures to comply with the Prevent duty. https://www.gov.uk/guidance/meeting-digital-and-technology-standards-in-schools-and-colleges/filtering-and-monitoring-standards-for-schools-and-colleges Further guidance is available at https://saferinternet.org.uk/guide-and-resource/teachers-and-school-staff/appropriate-filtering-and-monitoring/appropriate-monitoring You can test whether your internet service provider removes terrorist content at http://testfiltering.com/ The Joint Information Systems Committee (JISC) can provide specialist advice and support to the further and higher education
The school has an effective filtering and monitoring system that is checked weekly					
All safeguarding leads take responsibility for safeguarding and child protection (including online safety).					

The school regularly teaches e-safety to equip children and young people with the skills to stay safe online, both in school and outside.					sectors to help providers ensure students are safe online and appropriate safeguards are in place. Teach about online extremism The 'Going Too Far?' resource from Educate Against Hate and the London Grid for Learning to help teach students about staying safe online
A process is in place to manage site visitors, including sub-contractors.					Political Impartiality Guidance When using external agencies, schools in England must be mindful of their existing duties regarding political impartiality and to ensure the balanced presentation of political issues. Guidance on this is available on GOV.UK. https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/political-impartiality-in-schools/political-impartiality-in-schools#the-law
The school carries out due diligence checks on visitors, speakers, the organisations they represent and the materials they promote or share.					
all checks are in line with safer recruitment and policies for visitors					
The setting seeks advice and support from partners where necessary to make an assessment of suitability.					
