

PSHE year 8: Fairtrade

Your task is to think about Fairtrade and the role that Fairtrade has in different communities.

1. What do you already know about Fairtrade? Make a mind map of what you already know
2. Read the information at the bottom of the instructions on Fairtrade and choose a question set from the last page of the document. Try to ensure that you are challenging yourself - if you can, go for green!
3. In your own words, summarise why Fairtrade is important to communities and the role that Fairtrade plays.
4. Write a letter to a friend to persuade them to buy Fairtrade products, or similar products which ensure that farmers get a fair price for their goods.

You should include:

- An explanation of what Fairtrade means
 - Persuasive writing to encourage your friend to buy Fairtrade
 - Examples of some of the things that Fairtrade help to fund for communities
5. Think of a Fairtrade business idea. Write out your plan/idea. You should consider what the business would be called, how it would help the community, how you would advertise your business and what the business would sell.

Please email Miss Colmer on colmer-rachael@mayfield.portsmouth.sch.uk for feedback on your work, or to ask for help if you have any questions!

Fairtrade - What's it all about?

Fairtrade is all about making things fairer for the people in developing countries who grow and harvest the food we eat. It is a global movement which is represented in the UK by the Fairtrade Foundation, whose logo you'll likely have seen on many supermarket products. When you spot it, it means that the ingredients in the product have been sourced in a way that does



not damage the environment, and that all the workers who helped produce the product have been paid fairly and enjoy decent working conditions. As well as paying fair prices, companies that use the Fairtrade mark also contribute towards making life better for the people they are trading with, by giving money for things like schools, water pumps and health clinics - without them having to work their fingers to the bone just to afford bare essentials.

Fairtrade is a response to traditional trading arrangements which can be very unfair. Often, shops and businesses in first world countries such as the UK can take advantage of workers in developing countries who have very little money to put into their community or business, but badly need to sell their product. This means that farmers and other labourers have no say in their own futures, and are often taken advantage of. Long working days, back-breaking labour and poor pay are just a few of the ways workers can be exploited.

The idea of Fairtrade has been around for a long time. The first 'Fairtrade' shop opened in 1958 in the USA, and Oxfam UK started to sell crafts made by Chinese refugees at around the same time. Similar stores began opening around the world, and the big businesses and supermarkets caught on to the idea during the 1990s.

One product you might often see marked as 'Fairtrade' is coffee. It is one of the UK's most popular drinks, and 125 million people around the world depend on its production for their livelihood. It is a sad state of affairs that most of the time, farmers are paid very little for their coffee, despite it being sold for a great deal more afterwards.

With Fairtrade, producers are guaranteed a minimum price for their coffee, which will cover their costs as well as let them invest back into their businesses, improving the quality of their product and the production process. For many workers in developing countries, it means the difference between living in poverty and looking forward to a sustainable future.

Fairtrade fortnight starts on the 25th February. This is a chance for all of us, from consumers to business owners, to really show support for Fairtrade farmers and the Fairtrade idea. Although of course, this isn't just something we should be doing for a fortnight each year - it's a great way of raising awareness and kick-starting better buying habits.

Questions to answer:

1. Name TWO facts about Fairtrade from the first three paragraphs.
2. State TWO reasons Fairtrade is a fairer deal for workers.
3. Write out the sentence which proves that the writer thinks that Fairtrade is a good idea.

Challenge yourself!

1. Describe the problems caused for workers by unscrupulous employers.
2. Define the terms 'consumers' and 'developing countries' (you may need to use a dictionary). Use each term in a sentence of your own.
3. Explain whether you think the writer believes some traditional employers to be irresponsible. How do you know? Use quotations to justify your ideas.