	На		-	mary School sed Curriculum – A r Group Foundation		023		
	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week	: 5	Week 6	Week 7&8
	Wk Beg 30.10	Wk Beg 06.11	Wk Beg 13.11	Wk Beg 20.11	Wk Beg	27.11	Wk Beg 04.12	Wk Beg 11.12
Characteristics of Effective Teaching and Learning	Playing and Explor Finding out and exp Playing with what t Being willing to 'hay	ing - Engagement bloring hey know	Active Learning - MotivationCreatingBeing involved and concentratingHavingKeeping on tryingMaking			C reating Having tl Making li	and Thinking Critic heir own ideas (creat inks (building theorie ways to do things (c	tive thinking) es)
Biq Question			Wher	re does colour come	from?			
Key Concepts			Colour Light	and Dark Emotic	ons Celeb	oration		
Connected Concepts	Significance	Appreciation	Cause & Effect	Cause & Effect	Influe	nce	Significance	Appreciation
Book Studies	The Black Book of Colours The Black Book of Colours	Wow said the Owl	The Colour of Happy	The Light in the Night THE LIGHT THE LIGHT NIGHT NIGHT	Luna Love	es Art	The Nativity	Little Robin Red Vest/Jesus Christmas Party
Children steering learning	What would the world look like with no colour? Est Why does colour come from the sunshine? CS Is black a colour? EB How are colours made? FC	Are humans nocturnal? OCI Which animals don't see colours? HB/EP Do we get colours from plants? FD Does the colour go behind the moon? LD How do some animals see in the dark? HH How do humans see in the dark? THG	Why are feelings different colours? EvG How are rainbows made? SW, JM Is there a colour for every feeling? DP Can we make new colours? EvP	Do we have shadows in the morning? ESB Does the colour go to another country? LW When the moon comes out, where does the colour go? NRO How are shadows made? CA How does the sun make light? OM	How do yu bea artist? ESu How do you le paint properly How are diffe coulours of pa made? DC How do artist to paint? OW	arn to /? HB erent aint s learn	Who is baby Jesus? LW Why do we have Christmas? Est Is Jesus still alive? BK Does everyone celebrate Christmas? LC	Where does santa get the presents from? OCa Where does the cold come from? CJ How are toys made? DV Does it always snow at Christmas? OM Why is snow white? (LGra)
Key Vocabulary	Senses Braille/Louis Braille Textures	Nocturnal Curious	Feelings Emotions Envy Hope Proud	Shadow Light source Brave Universe	Art/Artist Impressionist Impressionist Abstract Sculpture		Nativity Advent Celebration Carpenter/Jesus God/Manger	Jesus Inkeeper Shepherd Celebration

Communication and	Engage in story	Engage in story	Listen and respond	Listen and respond	Retell a familiar	Retell a familiar	Retell a familiar
Language	times and with non-	times and with non-	to ideas expressed	to ideas expressed	story, some as exact	story, some as exact	story, some as exact
	fiction books.	fiction books.	by others in	by others in	repetition and some	repetition and some	repetition and some
-Listening, Attention	Tales Toolkit.	Tales Toolkit.	conversation or	conversation or	in their own words.	in their own words.	in their own words.
and Understanding	Children to select own	Children to select own	discussion.	discussion.	Tales Toolkit.	Tales Toolkit.	Tales Toolkit.
-Speaking	objects for oral	objects for oral	Tales Toolkit.	Tales Toolkit.	Modelled and shared	Modelled and shared	Modelled and shared
1 5	storytelling.	storytelling.	Children to create	Children to create	writing experiences	writing experiences	writing experiences
	Describe and recall	Describe and recall	class flip book to	class flip book to	using postcard	using postcard	using postcard
	past events in some	past events in some	generate ideas to be	generate ideas to be	frames.	frames.	frames.
	detail.	detail.	used as a visual tool	used as a visual tool	Describe and recall	Describe and recall	Describe and recall
	derun.	derun.	for oral story telling.	for oral story telling.	past events in some	past events in some	past events in some
	Connect one idea or	Connect one idea or	Describe and recall	Describe and recall	detail.	detail.	detail.
	action to another	action to another	past events in some	past events in some	derun.	derun.	derun.
	using a range of	using a range of	detail.	detail.	Connect one idea or	Connect one idea or	Connect one idea or
	connectives, for	connectives, for	derun.	derun.	action to another	action to another	action to another
	example and,	example and,	Connect one idea or	Connect one idea or	using a range of	using a range of	using a range of
	because.	because.	action to another	action to another	connectives, for	connectives, for	connectives, for
	SMILE time. Sharing	SMILE time. Sharing	using a range of	using a range of	example and,	example and,	example and,
	wider experiences and	wider experiences and	connectives, for	connectives, for	because.	because.	because.
	achievements using	achievements using	example and,	example and,	SMILE time. Sharing	SMILE time. Sharing	SMILE time. Sharing
	items posted on Class	items posted on Class	because.	because.	wider experiences and	wider experiences and	wider experiences and
	Dojo as an aid. Adult	Dojo as an aid. Adult	SMILE time. Sharing	SMILE time. Sharing	achievements using	achievements using	achievements using
	to model speaking in	to model speaking in	wider experiences and	wider experiences and	items posted on Class	items posted on Class	items posted on Class
	extended sentences.	extended sentences.	achievements using	achievements using	Dojo as an aid. Adult	Dojo as an aid. Adult	Dojo as an aid. Adult
	Children to connect	Children to connect	items posted on Class	items posted on Class	to model speaking in	to model speaking in	to model speaking in
	one idea or action to	one idea or action to	Dojo as an aid. Adult	Dojo as an aid. Adult	extended sentences.	extended sentences.	extended sentences.
	another using a range	another using a range	to model speaking in	to model speaking in	Children to connect	Children to connect	Children to connect
	of connectives, for	of connectives, for	extended sentences.	extended sentences.	one idea or action to	one idea or action to	one idea or action to
	example and, and	example and, and	Children to connect	Children to connect	another using a range	another using a range	another using a range
	because.	because.	one idea or action to	one idea or action to	of connectives, for	of connectives, for	of connectives, for
	Use talk to help	Use talk to help	another using a range	another using a range	example and, and	example and, and	example and, and
	work out problems	work out problems	of connectives, for	of connectives, for	because.	because.	because.
	and organise thinking	and organise thinking	example and, and	example and, and	Use talk to help	Use talk to help	Use talk to help
	and activities.	and activities.	because.	because.	work out problems	work out problems	work out problems
	Consider and respond	Consider and respond	Use talk to help	Use talk to help	and organise thinking	and organise thinking	and organise thinking
	to Big Question and	to Big Question and	work out problems	work out problems	and activities.	and activities.	and activities.
	additional ideas	additional ideas Why	and organise thinking	and organise thinking	Consider and respond	Consider and respond	Consider and respond
	What would it be like	do some things make '	and activities.	and activities.	to Big Question and	to Big Question and	to Big Question and
	if it was dark all the	us go WOW?	Consider and respond	Consider and respond	additional ideas	additional ideas	additional ideas
	time?	-	to Big Question and	to Big Question and	Do we all like the	Why did the three	What does generous
	Contine estimites	Sorting activity -	additional ideas	additional ideas	same art?	kings bring gifts?	mean? When have you
	Sorting activity -	range of images	Can you tell how your		Tufon mooning form	What gifts would you	been generous?
	children to consider	relating to day and	friend is feeling? How	Can you find your	Infer meaning from a	give?	_
	the 5 senses and sort	night and children to	do you know?	shadow on a cloudy	range of pieces Art -		Understand questions
	images, making	sort accordingly.		day? Why?	Tell me what do you	Sorting activity -	such as when and
	connections to the	Understand questions	Sorting activity -		see? What is	images linked to Christmas and	how.
	sense which would be	such as how.	range of images linked	Sorting activity -	happening? What		Using familiar stories
	used.		to different -	images linked to	might happen next?	children to sort	ask a variety of when

Personal, Social and Emotional Development -Self-Regulation	Think Equal Programme-The Secret Adventures of Anonymouse -	Think Equal Programme-Curly the Chameleon	Think Equal Programme- Practising Kindness	Think Equal Programme-Ahmeds' Journey	Think Equal Programme- Faisal's not himself	Think Equal Programme- Biyu the Brave Pea	Think Equal Programme- Thabo and the Trees
Other Key Literature	-My Five Senses -Brown Bear, Brown Bear, what do you see? -Polar Bear, Polar Bear, what do you hear? -Peace at Last -Bonfire Night	-Saving Mr Hoot -Owl Babies -The Owl who was Afraid of the Dark -What makes a Rainbow?	-Shine -Happy -Stuck -The Colour Monster	-How to Catch a Star -Night Monkey Day Monkey -The Magic Sky	-The Dot -Crocodali	-Donkey's First Christmas -The Nativity	-Robin's Winter Song -Father Christmas needs a Wee -Stick Man -The Night Before Christmas
	Use talk to explain how things work and why they might happen. Go outside and close our eyes - what can you feel, smell, hear? Understand questions such as when. Using visual timeline ask questions relating to when particular things happen (when do we have lunch, when do we do the register)? Understand how to listen carefully and know why listening is important. Using a range of big and little objects/toys - ask questions/give instructions relating to the objects/toys (eg. Show me, the duck sitting on cup is little). *Learn colours in French Rouge, Jaune	Using familiar stories ask a variety of how questions relating to the events in the story. Understand how to listen carefully and know why listening is important. Using books, talk about what the images are showing using post-modified clauses and use questions to assess learning. *Learn colours in French. Bleu, Vert	children to sort into different colours linked to emotions. Understand questions such as why. Using familiar stories ask a variety of why questions relating to the events in the story. Understand how to listen carefully and know why listening is important. Using a range of objects/images, ask questions containing vocabulary either/or to assess understanding (eg. Point to either the square or the triangle), *Learn colours in French. Noir, Blanc	natural/artificial light, children to sort accordingly. Understand questions such as when. Using familiar books, ask questions relating to when particular things happen (when do we have a bath, when do we need a plaster)? Understand how to listen carefully and know why listening is important. Using familiar picture books, make a four/five word sentence about what is happening in the image, without showing the image to the children. Can the children repeat the sentence back to you correctly?	Understand questions such as how. Using familiar stories ask a variety of how questions relating to the events in the story. Understand how to listen carefully and know why listening is important. Using a range of big and little objects/toys - ask questions/give instructions relating to the objects/toys (eg. Show me, the duck sitting on cup is little).	accordingly (things we can/can't eat). Use talk to explain how things work and why they might happen. Discuss Christmas traditions - what do you do? Where do you go? What do you eat? Understand questions such as why. Using familiar stories ask a variety of why questions relating to the events in the story. Understand how to listen carefully and know why listening is important. Using a range of objects/images, ask questions containing vocabulary either/or. Children's Agency -Evaluate 'Big Question' -Involve children in the planning process and identify key concepts.	and how questions relating to the events in the story. Understand how to listen carefully and know why listening is important. Using familiar picture books, make a five/six word sentence about what is happening in the image, without showing the image to the children. Can the children repeat the sentence back to you correctly?

-Managing Self -Building Relationships	-Perform acts of kindness. -Demonstrate an understanding that small acts of kindness can inspire other acts of kindness. (The Rule of Law) See themselves as valuable individuals. *PSHE Jigsaw SOW - Celebrating difference. What am I good at? I can identify something I am good at and understand that everyone is good at different things. (Mutual Respect Tolerance) Express a wide range of feelings in their interactions with others and through their behaviour and play. *Morning check inuse colour system -red and green. (Democracy) Seek different ways of managing conflict. *Model using LEAF as part of daily practice. (The Rule of Law)	-Name at least five emotions. -Understand the levels of energy and pleasantness on the Mood Meter. Express a wide range of feelings in their interactions with others and through their behaviour and play. *Morning check inuse colour system -red, amber and green (Democracy) Show their confidence and self- esteem through taking risks and trying new things in new social situations *How do you feel when you go to new places? What do you do to make people say Wow! Seek different ways of managing conflict. *Model using LEAF as part of daily practice. (The Rule Of Law)	-Begin developing ways of showing kindness based on the group agreements. -Apply understanding of kindness to concrete individual and collective kind actions. (The Rule of Law Democracy) Build constructive and respectful relationships. *PSHE Jigsaw SOW - Celebrating difference. Families I know we are all different but the same in some ways. (Mutual Respect Tolerance) (Race/Religion/Age Disability/Sex) Express their feelings and consider the needs and feelings of others. *Talk about colours and how we associate them with different feelings - what colour are you feeling today - colour chart Pick a feeling and show the corresponding facial expression? Can their partner guess their emotion?	-Name their five senses. Describe what it feels like in their bodies when they have a lot of energy and when they have little energy. Express their feelings and consider the needs and feelings of others. *Talk about colours and how we associate them with different feelings - what colour are you feeling today - colour chart. Show their confidence and self- esteem through taking risks and trying new things in new social situations. *Discuss how we feel when we try something new and conquer our fears Seek different ways of managing conflict. *Model using LEAF as part of daily practice. (The Rule of Law)	-Recognise that boys and girls should both express their feelings. -Take the perspective of someone else. (Mutual Repect Democracy) Build constructive and respectful relationships. *PSHE Jigsaw SOW - Celebrating difference. Making Friends I can tell you how to be a kind friend. Talk about how others might be feeling and respond according to their understanding of the other person's needs and wants. *Children to ask a friend how they are feeling today and put counter in appropriate coloured pot. (Democracy) Seek different ways of managing conflict. *Model using LEAF as part of daily practice. (The Rule of Law)	-Experience empathy and the perspective of another Discuss nature and the cycle of life. Talk about how others might be feeling and respond according to their understanding of the other person's needs and wants. *Children to ask a friend how they are feeling today and put counter in appropriate coloured pot. Seek different ways of managing conflict. *Model using LEAF as part of daily practice. (The Rule of Law)	-Show a sense of responsibility for the environment. -Understand the interconnectedness of all living things Seek different ways of managing conflict, for example, through holding back, sharing negotiation and compromise, saying Stop it please I don't like it, *PSHE Jigsaw SOW - Celebrating difference. Standing up for Yourself. I know which words to use to stand up for myself when someone says or does something unkind. (Democracy Individual Liberity) Be aware of behavioural expectations and is sensitive to ideas of justice and fairness. *Explore the question What is kindness? How can we spread kindness around? Linked to school expectation.
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Physical Development -Gross Motor Skills -Fine Motor Skills	Revise and refine the fundamental movement skills they have already acquired, for example, rolling, crawling, walking, jumping and climbing.	Revise and refine the fundamental movement skills they have already acquired, for example, rolling, crawling, walking, jumping and climbing.	Revise and refine the fundamental movement skills they have already acquired, for example, rolling, crawling, walking, jumping and climbing.	Revise and refine the fundamental movement skills they have already acquired, for example, rolling, crawling, walking, jumping and climbing.	Revise and refine the fundamental movement skills they have already acquired, for example, rolling, crawling, walking, jumping and climbing.	Revise and refine the fundamental movement skills they have already acquired, for example, rolling, crawling, walking, jumping and climbing.	Collaborate with others to manage large items, such as moving a long plank safely, carrying large hollow blocks. Developing gross and fine motor skills through CP
	Match their developing physical skills to tasks and activities in the setting. Start taking part in some group activities which they make up for themselves or in teams. Develop the overall body strength, co- ordination, balance and agility needed to engage successfully with future physical education sessions and other physical disciplines. Fundamentals: Unit 2 At the circus. To develop balancing by squeezing your muscles and using 'wide arms'. Collaborate with others to manage large items, such as moving a long plank safely, carrying large hollow blocks. Developing gross and fine motor skills through CP opportunities and adult led outdoor learning.	Start taking part in some group activities which they make up for themselves or in teams. Fundamentals: Unit 2 On safari. To develop running and stopping by: bending your knees to help you stop, keeping your chest up and taking big steps to run and small steps to stop. Collaborate with others to manage large items, such as moving a long plank safely, carrying large hollow blocks. Developing gross and fine motor skills through CP opportunities and adult led outdoor learning. Develop their small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently. h,b,f,ff	Start taking part in some group activities which they make up for themselves or in teams. Continue to develop the movement skills in hopping, galloping and skipping. Fundamentals: Unit 2 Under the sea. To develop changing direction by: bending your knees and pushing off in the opposite direction, turning your body to face a new direction and using small steps to change direction. Collaborate with others to manage large items, such as moving a long plank safely, carrying large hollow blocks. Developing gross and fine motor skills through CP opportunities and adult led outdoor learning. Develop their small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently.	Start taking part in some group activities which they make up for themselves or in teams. Fundamentals: Unit 2 Space explorers. To develop jumping by: bending your knees to jump and land, looking straight ahead and keeping your chest up, and squeezing your muscles to help you balance when landing. Collaborate with others to manage large items, such as moving a long plank safely, carrying large hollow blocks. Developing gross and fine motor skills through CP opportunities and adult led outdoor learning. Develop their small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently. j,v,w	Start taking part in some group activities which they make up for themselves or in teams. Fundamentals: Unit 2 At the Farm. To develop hopping by bending your knees when landing and keeping your chest up to stop you from falling forwards. Collaborate with others to manage large items, such as moving a long plank safely, carrying large hollow blocks. Developing gross and fine motor skills through CP opportunities and adult led outdoor learning. Develop their small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently. X,Y,Z	Develop the overall body strength, co- ordination, balance and agility needed to engage successfully with future physical education sessions and other physical disciplines. Fundamentals: Unit 2 Into the woods. To explore different ways to travel using equipment, by bending your knees when landing, crawling using your hands and feet, marching with high knees and sliding using different body parts. Collaborate with others to manage large items, such as moving a long plank safely, carrying large hollow blocks. Developing gross and fine motor skills through CP opportunities and adult led outdoor learning. Develop their small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently.	opportunities and adult led outdoor learning. Develop their small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently zz,qu,ch

	Develop their small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently. Consolidate previous GPCs		, ,ss			Consolidation of prior learning.	
Literacy -Comprehension -Word Reading -Writing	Hear and say the initial sound in words Read individual letters by saying the sounds for them. *FFT consolidation Oral blending and segmenting. (RAP)	Hear and say the initial sound in words Read individual letters by saying the sounds for them. *FFT Step 8 h,b,f,ff Oral blending and segmenting.	Hear and say the initial sound in words Read individual letters by saying the sounds for them. *FFT Step 9 I,II,ss Oral blending and segmenting.	Hear and say the initial sound in words Read individual letters by saying the sounds for them. *FFT Step 10 j.v.w Oral blending and segmenting.	Hear and say the initial sound in words Read individual letters by saying the sounds for them. *FFT Step 11 x,y,z Oral blending and segmenting.	sounds for them. *FFT Step 12 consolidation Oral blending and	Hear and say the initial sound in words Read individual letters by saying the sounds for them. *FFT Step 13 zz,qu,ch Oral blending and segmenting.
	Blend sounds into words, so that they can read short words made up of known letter- sound correspondences *Dialogic reading - PEER sequence.	Blend sounds into words, so that they can read short words made up of known letter- sound correspondences *Dialogic reading - PEER sequence.	Blend sounds into words, so that they can read short words made up of known letter- sound correspondences *Dialogic reading - PEER sequence.	Blend sounds into words, so that they can read short words made up of known letter- sound correspondences *Dialogic reading - PEER sequence.	Blend sounds into words, so that they can read short words made up of known letter- sound correspondences *Dialogic reading - PEER sequence.	segmenting. (RAP) Blend sounds into words, so that they can read short words made up of known letter- sound correspondences *Dialogic reading -	Blend sounds into words, so that they can read short words made up of known letter- sound correspondences *Dialogic reading - PEER sequence.
	Spell words by identifying the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s. *Dictation	Spell words by identifying the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s. *Dictation hbfff	Spell words by identifying the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s. *Dictation Illss	Spell words by identifying the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s. *Dictation jvw	Spell words by identifying the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s. *Dictation xyz	PEER sequence. Spell words by identifying the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s.	Spell words by identifying the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s. *Dictation-zz qu ch
	Begin to break the flow of speech into words, to hear, say and write the initial sound in words. *Messaging Centre. Explore writing secret messages using codes and graphemes *Create a piece of writing about colour -	Begin to break the flow of speech into words, to hear, say and write the initial sound in words. *Messaging Centre. Explore writing secret messages using codes and FFT graphemes *Write about what makes you say 'Wow'	Begin to break the flow of speech into words, to hear, say and write the initial sound in words. *Messaging Centre. Explore writing secret messages using codes words including FFT graphemes *Write a list of things	Begin to break the flow of speech into words, to hear, say and write the initial sound in words. *Messaging Centre. Explore writing secret messages using codes and words including FFT graphemes.	Begin to break the flow of speech into words, to hear, say and write the initial sound in words *Messaging Centre. Explore writing secret messages using codes and FFT graphemes. Give meaning to the marks they make as	*Dictation Begin to break the flow of speech into words, to hear, say and write the initial sound in words *Messaging Centre. Explore writing secret messages using codes FFT graphemes.	Begin to break the flow of speech into words, to hear, say and write the initial sound in words *Messaging Centre. Explore writing secret messages using codes and FFT graphemes. Give meaning to the
	E.g. Green isIt smells/tastes/feels like	Give meaning to the marks they make as they draw, write, paint and type using	that make you feel happy, sad, angry, excited etc Give meaning to the marks they make as	Give meaning to the marks they make as they draw, write, paint and type using a keyboard or	marks they make as they draw, write, paint and type using a keyboard or touch-screen technology.	Give meaning to the marks they make as they draw, write, paint and type using a keyboard or	marks they make as they draw, write, paint and type using a keyboard or

	*Communicating through writing within role-play situations. Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding. *Visit the library for a story telling session. *Use the symbols from Tales Toolkit when retelling the story. Listen to and talk about selected non- fiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary. *Sharing Non-fiction books about our senses.	a keyboard or touch- screen technology. *Communicating through writing within role-play situations. Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding. *Visit the library for a story telling session. *Use the symbols from Tales Toolkit when retelling the story. Listen to and talk about selected non- fiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary. *Sharing Non-fiction books about nocturnal animals.	they draw, write, paint and type using a keyboard or touch-screen technology. *Communicating through writing within role-play situations. Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding. *Visit the library for a story telling session. *Use the symbols from Tales Toolkit when retelling the story.	 touch-screen technology. *Communicating through writing within role-play situations. *Write to Cosmo to ask if he enjoyed his adventure. *Write a list of things to take with us on our journey. Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding. *Visit the library for a story telling session. *Use the symbols from Tales Toolkit when retelling the story. Listen to and talk about selected non- fiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary. *Sharing Non-fiction books about light and dark. 	*Communicating through writing within role-play situations. *Write captions and labels for a range of work by different artists. Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding. *Visit the library for a story telling session. *Use the symbols from Tales Toolkit when retelling the story.	 touch-screen technology. *Communicating through writing within role-play situations. *Write opportunities linked to retelling the Christmas story. Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding. *Visit the library for a story telling session. *Use the symbols from Tales Toolkit when retelling the story. *Read alternative nativity stories. 	 touch-screen technology. *Communicating through writing within role-play situations. *Christmas writing Station - Thank you cards and letters. *Write a kindness message on a leaf to add to the 'kindness tree'. *planning a Christmas Party -write invites and shopping list. Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding. *Visit the library for a story telling session. *Use the symbols from Tales Toolkit when retelling the story.
Mathematics -Number -Numerical Patterns	Recite numbers 1-10 and 10 to 0 Count forwards 1-10. Recognise and order numbers 1-10 Flashcards 1-10 and ordering 1-5 - using vocabulary 'after' (what number comes after) Estimate numbers of things, showing understanding of	Recite numbers 1-10 and 10 to 0 Count backwards 10-0. Recognise and order numbers 1-10 Flashcards 1-10 and ordering 5-1 - using vocabulary 'after' (what number comes after) Estimate numbers of things, showing understanding of	Recite numbers 1-10 and 10 to 0 Start counting forwards from numbers to 10. Recognise and order numbers 1-10 Flashcards 1-10 and ordering 1-8 - using vocabulary 'after' (what number comes after) Estimate numbers of	Recite numbers 1-10 and 10 to 0 Start/stop counting forwards from numbers within 1-10. Recognise and order numbers 1-10 Flashcards 1-10 and ordering 8-1 - using vocabulary 'after' (what number comes after) Estimate numbers of	Recite numbers 1-10 and 10 to 0 Start counting backwards from numbers to 0. Recognise and order numbers 1-10 Flashcards 1-10 and ordering 1-10 - using vocabulary 'after' (what number comes after) Estimate numbers of	Recite numbers 1-10 and 10 to 0 Start/stop counting backwards from numbers 10 to 0. Recognise and order numbers 1-10 Flashcards 1-10 and ordering 10-1. Estimate numbers of things, showing understanding of relative size.	Recite numbers 1-10 and 10 to 0 Start/stop counting backwards from numbers 10 to 0. Recognise and order numbers 1-10 Flashcards 1-10 and ordering 10-1 and beyond. Estimate numbers of things, showing understanding of

amoun examp right nobject numero 1-4 object numero 1-4 object Noolki Out Unders more f than' p +/- 1 1, 2 +/ - using 'after' comes Engage numbe maybe range examp more f and ze Manipu Compa object weight vocabu heavie Discus locatio range and di langua Unders	ojects. it - Odd One estand the 'one than/one less principal to 5 within 5. /-1 add/subtract g vocabulary ' (what number s after) me in subitising ers to four and e five in a of ways. For- ble including than two parts ero as a part. ulatives to 3. are length, t and height non-standard urements. aring natural ts focusing on t (including ulary er/heaviest). ss routes and ons using a of positional irectional	Link numerals and amounts: for example, showing the right number of objects to match the numeral. 1-5 objects. Toolkit - Odd One Out Understand the 'one more than/one less than' principal to 5 +/- 1 within 5. (4+1/5-1/3-1/2+1) 1, 2 and 3 +/-1 add/subtract - using vocabulary 'after' (what number comes after) Engage in subitising numbers to four and maybe five in a range of ways. For example including more than two parts and zero as a part. Manipulatives to 3. Recall a sequence of events in everyday life and stories. Explore time - day and night, sequence daily activities. Ask questions relating to what the children might do at certain times of the day (when do you brush your teeth, when do you eat breakfast?)	understanding of relative size. Link numerals and amounts: for example, showing the right number of objects to match the numeral. 6 and 7 objects. Toolkit - Odd One Out Understand the 'one more than/one less than' principal to 5 +/- 1 within 5. 1, 2 and 3 +/-1 add/subtract- using vocabulary 'after' (what number comes after) Engage in subitising numbers to four and maybe five in a range of ways. For example including more than two parts and zero as a part. Manipulatives to 4. Name 2D and 3D shapes and use mathematical language 'sides', 'corners'; 'straight', 'flat', 'round' to describe regular and irregular shapes. Recognising and naming 2d shapes- expand to focus on pattern.	understanding of relative size. Link numerals and amounts: for example, showing the right number of objects to match the numeral. 7 and 8 objects. Toolkit - Missing Number Understand the 'one more than/one less than' principal to 5 +/- 1 within 5 1, 2, 3 and 4 +/-1 add/subtract- using vocabulary 'after' (what number comes after) Engage in subitising numbers to four and maybe five in a range of ways. For example including more than two parts and zero as a part. Manipulatives to 4. Name 2D and 3D shapes and use mathematical language 'sides', 'corners'; 'straight', 'flat', 'round' to describe regular and irregular shapes. Recognising and naming 3d shapes- expand.	understanding of relative size. Link numerals and amounts: for example, showing the right number of objects to match the numeral. 8 and 9 objects. Toolkit - Missing Number Understand the 'one more than/one less than' principal to 5 +/- 1 within 5. 1, 2, 3 and 4 +/-1 add/subtract- using vocabulary 'after' (what number comes after) Engage in subitising numbers to four and maybe five in a range of ways. For example including more than two parts and zero as a part. Manipulatives to 5. Discuss routes and locations using a range of positional and directional language. Understanding using positional language (including vocabulary in front and behind).	Link numerals and amounts: for example, showing the right number of objects to match the numeral. 9 and 10 objects Understand the 'one more than/one less than' principal to 5 +/- 1 within 5. 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 +/-1 Add/subtract Toolkit - Missing Number Subitise objects to 5 Begin to conceptually subitise smaller numbers in 5. Manipulatives to 5. Compare length, weight and height using non-standard measurements. Using the language of length when problem solving (including vocabulary longer/longest).	Link numerals and amounts: for example, showing the right number of objects to match the numeral. 9 and 10 objects. Understand the 'one more than/one less than' principal to 5 +/- 1 within 5 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 +/- 1 add/subtract Subitise objects to 5 Begin to conceptually subitise smaller numbers in 5. Manipulatives to 5. Compare length, weight and height using non-standard measurements. Using the language of weight when problem solving (including vocabulary heavier/heaviest).
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Understanding the World -Past and Present -People, Culture and Communities - The Natural World - The Natural World Compare and contrast characters from stories, including figures from the past. Who was Louis Braille? How and wh did he invent Braille (Mutual Respect Tolernace)	Recognise that people have different beliefs and celebrate special times in different ways. Which times are special and why? What happens at Diwali and why? (Mutual Reprect Tolerance) (Religion)Explore the natural world around the effect of the changing seasons on the natural world around them. BigWelly walk. Observing and capturing seasonal changes.Make observations of animals and plants and explain why some things occur and talk about changes. Investigate the meaning of 'nocturnal' mean by sharing non- fiction books.Describe what they see. hear and feel while outside. Hunt outside to find objects or natural materials to create a rainbow of emotions.Discover why we have night and day.Explore how rainbows are made using a range of mediaHunt outside have anibows are made using a range of media	Recognise that people have different beliefs and celebrate special times in different ways.Compare and contrast characters from stories, including figures from the past.Ways. Which times are special and why? What do people celebrate? (Mutual Respect Tolerance) (Religion)Compare and contrast characters from stories, including figures from the past.Make observations of animals and plants and explain why some things occur and talk about changes Explore shadows and how they are made.Compare and contrast characters from stories, including figures from the past. Explore a range of unusual media to create artist pieces.	Recognise that people have different beliefs and celebrate special times in different ways. Which times are special and why? What happens at Christmas and why? Advent - Explore traditions. What traditions occur in your family? Explore the traditions associated with Christmas. (Mutual Respect Tolerance) (Religion) Understand the effect of the changing seasons on the natural world around them. BigWelly walk. Observing and capturing seasonal changes.	Recognise that people have different beliefs and celebrate special times in different ways. Which times are special and why? What can we say about different celebrations? (Mutual Respect Tolerane) (Religion) Explore the natural world around them. Make observations of animals and plants and explain why some things occur and talk about changes. Bird watching and observational drawings of the changes observed during Winter. Compare and contrast characters from the past Explore the different ways Father Christmas is represented around the world. (Religion/Race) Assessment Indicators: Name some sources of colours. To describe how colours can be used
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							To articulate differences between night and day. <u>Assessment</u> <u>Indicators:</u> To know what a celebration is, name a celebration and articulate how people celebrate in different ways.
Expressive Arts and Design -Creating with Materials -Being Imaginative and Expressive	Listen to and echo repeated rhythmic patterns using non- tuned percussion instruments. Charanga - Rhythm in the Way we Walk - Step 1 - Practice singing the song. Build a collection of songs and dances. Sing a wide range of call and response songs. Explore mixing primary colours to create secondary colours. Colour Mixing - Mix two primary colours to create secondary colours - Paint in bags Plan and share ideas before creating. Olka Prinku inspired art - Creating tactile art using PVA and dried flowers and leaves.	Listen to and echo repeated rhythmic patterns using non- tuned percussion instruments. Charanga - Rhythm in the Way we Walk - Step 2 - Sing the song and play instrumental parts within the song Build a collection of songs and dances. Sing a wide range of call and response songs. Explore mixing primary colours to create secondary colours. Colour Mixing - Mix two primary colours to create secondary colours - Food colouring Plan and share ideas before creating. Exposure to Olka Prinku as a stimulus for using colour.	Listen to and echo repeated rhythmic patterns using non- tuned percussion instruments. Charanga - Rhythm in the Way we Walk - Step 3 - Sing the song and improvise using voices and/or instruments within the song Build a collection of songs and dances. Sing a wide range of call and response songs. Explore mixing primary colours to create secondary colours. Colour Mixing - Mix two primary colours to create secondary colours - Food colouring and shaving foam Show different emotions in their	Make music in a range of ways, for example, play with sounds creatively, plays along to the beat of the song they are singing or music they are listening to. Charanga - Rhythm in the Way we Walk - Step 4 - Sing the song and Perform composition(s) within the song Sing in a group or on their own, increasingly matching the pitch and following the melody. Sing a wide range of call and response songs confidently echoing lead. Explore mixing primary colours to create secondary colours. Colour Mixing - Make	Make music in a range of ways, for example, play with sounds creatively, plays along to the beat of the song they are singing or music they are listening to. Charanga - Rhythm in the Way we Walk - Step 5 - Choose what you perform today. Start to prepare for the end-of-unit performance Sing in a group or on their own, increasingly matching the pitch and following the melody. Sing a wide range of call and response songs confidently echoing lead. Explore mixing primary colours to create secondary colours. Colour Mixing - Mix	Make music in a range of ways, for example, play with sounds creatively, plays along to the beat of the song they are singing or music they are listening to. Charanga - Rhythm in the Way we Walk - Step 6 - Prepare for the end-of-unit performance Sing in a group or on their own, increasingly matching the pitch and following the melody. Sing a wide range of call and response songs confidently echoing lead. Return to and build on their previous learning, refining ideas and developing their ability to represent them. Olka Prinku - create	Make music in a range of ways, for example, play with sounds creatively, plays along to the beat of the song they are singing or music they are listening to. Charanga - Rhythm in the Way we Walk - Step 6 - Prepare for the end-of-unit performance Sing familiar songs, for example, pop songs, songs from tv programmes, rhymes and songs from home. Sing a wide range of call and response songs confidently echoing lead. Return to and build on their previous learning, refining ideas and developing their ability to
	Develop storylines in their pretend play . Role play opportunities linked	Develop storylines in their pretend play. Role play opportunities linked	drawings and paintings, like happiness, sadness, fear, etc.	colours by pressing and mixing natural materials –e.g flowers, fruit, to paint/water.	primary and secondary colours to create tertiary colours - Layering	own representation using a selection of materials	represent them. Olka Prinku inspired- create own representation of winter wreath using a

	to big question and key text.	to big question and key text.	Exploring how colour and art can be used to represent feelings in a range of ways. Develop storylines in their pretend play. Role play opportunities linked to big question and key text.	Select tools and techniques needed to shape, assemble and join materials they are using. Creating night time scene art work using the illustrations in the story as a stimulus for using colour. Develop storylines in their pretend play. Role play opportunities linked to big question and key text.	tissue paper and water. Return to and build on their previous learning, refining ideas and developing their ability to represent them. Exploration of the artists in the story as a stimulus for our own art and use of colour - Different Artist Study each day. Develop storylines in their pretend play. Role play opportunities linked to big concept	Develop storylines in their pretend play. Role play opportunities linked to big concept.	selection of natural resources <u>Assessment</u> <u>Indicators:-</u> To name a genre of music. To find the pulse within a piece of music. To recognise and name two musical instruments witin a piece of music, <u>Assessment</u> <u>Indicator:-</u> To name how two primary colours are used to create a secondary colour.
Key Composers and Songs	Mozart	Beethoven	Bologne	Haydn	Hummel	Martines	Revisit favourite classical composers
Enhancements Visits and Visitors			Hearing stories and rhymes in different languages.	AWAD Global workshop - Tie dye and African Culture 22.11.23			
Parental Engagement	Parent Consultation Meetings 01.11.23 and 02.11.23 3.30 - 5.50pm	Parent Forum 08.11.23 9.00-10.00am	World Nursery Rhyme Week 13.11.23				FS Christmas Production 9.30am 13.12.23 and 14.12.23 2.30pm
Whole School and National Events	Bonfire Night 05.11.23	Remembrance Sunday 11.11.23 Diwali 12.11.23	World Kindness Day 13.11.23 Children in Need 17.11.23			'Save the Children'. Christmas Jumper Day 08.12.23	Christmas Dinner 13.12.23 Meadowbank Team Member for the Day 18.12.23 Santa Dash! 20.12.23 Children's Christmas Party 22.12.23

Progression of knowledge and skills are shown horizontally across the half term. The different areas of learning are shown vertically. Learning opportunities are planned alongside the children through 'big questions' and identifying key concepts.