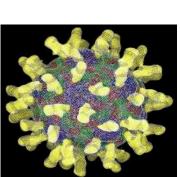
Year 6 Term 3: Living Things and Their Habitats.

Key Vocabulary		
characteristics	Special qualities or appearances that make an individual or group of things different to others.	
classify	To sort things into different groups.	
taxonomist	A scientist who classifies different living things into categories.	
key	A key is a series of questions about the characteristics of living things. A key is used to identify a living thing or decide which group it belongs to by answering 'yes' or 'no' questions.	
bacteria	A single-celled microorganism .	
microorganism	An organism that can only be seen using a microscope , e.g. bacteria , mould and yeast.	
microscope	A piece of equipment that is used to view very tiny (microscopic) things by magnifying their appearance.	
species	A group of animals that can reproduce to produce fertile offspring.	



Classi	fication
	- Course one

In 1735, Swedish Scientist Carl Linnaeus first published a system for **classifying** all living things. An adapted version of this system is still used today: The Linnaeus System.

Classification Keys help us identify which group a living thing belongs to.

	Is it war	mbloo	ded?		
yes		no			
Does it have fe	athers?		Does it live on	land?	
yes	no	Į	jes	no	
t's a bird	It's a mammal		bes it scales?	It's a fish	
K	It'	es 1 s a tile	no It's an amphibian	6	

	Microo
	moulds
	mites)
	also mi
A CONTRACTOR OF	
A state of the sta	Microo

Are all living things helplul?

Helpful Microbes	Harmful Microbes	
<mark>Bacteria</mark> – cheese	Bacteria – salmonella is a bacterium that can lead to food poisoning	
Yeast – wine	Virus – chicken pox and flu are examples of viral diseases	
Bacteria – yoghurt	Fungi – athlete's foot	
Yeast – bread dough	<mark>Bacteria</mark> – plaque	
Penicillium fungi - antibiotics	Fungi - mould	

Microorganisms

rganisms are viruses, bacteria, and yeast. Some animals (dust and plants (phytoplankton) are icroorganisms.

Microorganisms are very tiny living things that can only be seen using a **microscope**. They can be found in and on our bodies, in the air, in water and on objects around us.



