

<u>Year 3 – Forces of Nature</u>		Vocabulary Dozen	
Why do people live in dangerous places?		Crust	Hard outer layer of the Earth.
		Eruption	An occasion when a volcano explodes.
		Epicentre	Central point of an Earthquake.
		Vibrate	To move continuously, to shake slightly and quickly.
		Core	The inner most part of the Earth.
		Vent	An opening of the Earth's surface where volcanic materials are released.
ry Rock Magma Reservoir Volcano facts		Magnitude	A number to show how strong an earthquake is on the Richter scale.
nner Core Outer Core Mantle Crust	The Earth has a crust which is divided into 8 constantly moving tectonic plates.	Boundary	A line which marks the edge of an area.
	Volcanoes are usually formed on the boundary between 2 tectonic plates.	Molten	It's the melting points of materials Eg: Metal and rock.
	Lava and gasses are released from the volcano's vent.	Destructive plate boundary	Where the plates move towards each other, which may cause a volcanic eruption.
	When lava cools it forms igneous rocks EG: basalt, granite and pumice. Two types of volcano- Shield and composite.		
		Violent Very strong or powerful.	
		Constructive Plate boundary	Two plates that pull apart, magma gently rises.