Our Reception Journey: Curriculum Map and Milestones 2022-23

Reception	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Calendar Curriculum	All about me Autumn Black History Month	Guy Fawkes Diwali Remembrance Day Christmas	Winter Chinese New Year Shrove Tuesday	Spring World Book Day Mothers' Day Easter St George's Day	Spring Earth Day Eid VE Day	Summer World Oceans Day Sporting Event
Phonics (See programme plan)	Phase 1 and 2 Sets 1-4	Phase 2 Sets 5-7	Phase 3 Recap phase 2	Phase 3	Phase 3/4	Phase 4
High Quality Texts (Focus)	The Colour Monster What can you see in Autumn? Owl Babies My sports Heroes – Usain Bolt	Little Glow Starry eyed Stan Rama and Sita Father Christmas needs a wee Christmas story (Bible)	Snow Bears What can you see in Winter? Mr Wolf's Pancakes Chinese New Year (non-fiction)	Easter story (Bible) Who is in the egg? (Non-fiction) Tad (minibeasts)	Last tree in the city My First heroes – eco warriors Leaf One plastic bag	The tale of the whale Sun What can you see in summer? (Non- fiction) Seaside Poems Nick Sharrat
Maths White Rose Reception Guidance& NCETM Mastering Number	 Perceptual Subitising to 3 Counting within 5 Compositio n of numbers to 4 Perceptual and conceptual subitising to 4 Compare size, mass and capacity Pattern 	 Comparison – more/fewer Fiveness of 5 Composition - Part/Whole Cardinal principle Numeral recognition to 5 Subitising – recreating arrangements Circles and triangles Shapes with 4 sides Positional language 	 Ordinal principle, language of order Composition of 5 Composition of 6 and 7 – 5 and a bit Comparison with larger amounts and objects with different properties Stable order principle Comparison – more/less Compare mass and capacity Length and height Time 	 Subitising for doubles to 10 Sorting and classifying Even and odd Counting – counting on from a different number, larger numbers of objects and objects which cannot be moved. Composition – ten frames Number bonds to 10 3d shapes Spatial awareness Patterns 	 Comparison – numbers to 10. Staircase pattern and identifying missing numbers. Build numbers beyond 10 Counting patterns beyond 10 Spatial reasoning 1 Adding Taking away Spatial reasoning 2 	 Doubling Sharing and grouping Even and odd Spatial reasoning 3 Deepening understanding Patterns and relationships Spatial reasoning 4

	Autumn treasure	Designing and	Changes of state – ice/	Growing/life cycles	Looking after the earth –	Shadows
	sticks	making a Diva lamp	water/steam, cooking	Bug Hotels	Reduce, reuse, recycle,	https://www.science-
Natural World	(Begin tracking	Building a cenotaph	and baking	Caterpillars	sustainability	sparks.com/shadow-
	seasonal change)	out of blocks	https://www.scienc	Egg hatching		activity-ideas/
Science Week	Investigation		e-sparks.com/how-		Design and make	
(March)	Floating and		to-make-ice-melt-	Planting and growing	windmills and water	Seasonal change -
	Sinking in puddles		faster/		wheels and paper planes	Summer
			Seasonal change -	Seasonal change - Spring		
			Winter			
Understanding the	How do you get to	Route to the War	Welcome to our World!	Which minibeasts can we	Marvel at our amazing	Revisit key
world – People,	school? – Travel	memorial at St	Compare and contrast	find in our local area?	Earth!	Geography learning
Culture, and	Tracker	Leonard's Church	our lives to children	Explore school, farm and	Google Earth Introduce	through floor books
Communities			around the world –	park Contrast to	explorers Christopher	Revisit key
	How long is your	Map and key	China, Africa, USA,	minibeasts	Columbus and Amelia	vocabulary
	journey, how far		Australia, Iceland	found around the world	Earhart UK	Where have we been
	away do you live?	Festivals and		David Attenborough What	7 continents	and who have we
		celebrations around		is the world's largest	5 oceans Draw	met?
	Middleton	the world		spider? Etc.	maps	
	landmarks				DAVID	Understand the role
					ATTENBOOUGH	of a paleontologist
	Visits from differ	ent members of our com	nmunity throughout the ye	ar to help children build unde	erstanding of their roles and	

Understanding the	How have I	What are our favourite	What was life like for	David Attenborough look	Who were the great	Understand dinosaurs
world – Past and	changed since I	celebrations each year?	children in the past?	back at his life	explorers?	lived a very long time
Present	was a baby? Links with Heartsmart	Guy Fawkes story Remembrance Diwali/Christmas in the past and now Real Artefacts Add birthdays/	Toys, school, food Puppet shows Punch and Judy Use families knowledge	Retell minibeast hunts Easter celebrations now and in the past – traditions etc.	What happened to Amelia Earhart? Watch videos of historical journeys Boats, planes, trains and cars	ago. Complete the timeline of our time in YR
	Yesterday today, tomorrow, next week etc. Begin 'Reception timeline' Black History Month	celebrations to the timeline/develop timeline			How did people travel a long time ago?	

HeartSmart	We are all Heartsmart!	Don't forget to let love in	Too much Selfie isn't healthy	Don't rub it in	No way through	Fake is a mistake
R.E	I am Special Harvest	Harvest Christmas	Stories Jesus heard Stories Jesus told	Stories Jesus told Easter	Special Places	Special Times
Expressive arts and design Workshop in provision supports independe nt application of artistic skills	Self portraits Leaf rubbings Guiseppe Arcimboldo – fruit and veg printing	Bonfire and fireworks Rangoli patterns Hannukah Christmas Outdoor large scale patterns Printing and pattern wrapping paper design Colour mixing Changing colours	Introduce junk modelling – shelters for winter hibernation, Chinese New Year decorations	Observational drawings of insects and plants and flowers 3d insects Create own lifecycles Explore artists and skills Paul Klee– Take the line for a walk	Sustainable art – junk modelling. Sustainable artist – El Anatsui – uses 'waste' to make art, e.g. wall hangings made of bottle tops	Observational drawings of land and sea animals Sea life, Beach life Collage, pastels and chalks Shadow artist — Alison Russell
Music	Nursery Rhymes Autumn and All About Me Themed songs Number songs	Nativity Play Music linked to celebrations	Music from around the world	Musical instruments to represent insects Ugly Bug Ball Begin to look at composers, musicians and singers	Songs and dances linked to sustainability Musical instruments to match different wild animals from around the world	Music dance and role play focus Performing for an audience Talent Show

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Other PossibleTexts NB: These may be amended and developed, dependent on the cohort	Topsy and Tim Start School Meesha Makes Friends Funny Bones Freddie the Fairy The Great Big Book of Families The Colour Monster goes to school Harry and the Dinosaurs go to school Starting School Storm All are Welcome My First Heroes Series – Black History Month	The Story of Guy Fawkes The Jolly Postman Christmas Story / Nativity Rama and Sita Stick Man Remembrance stories The best Diwali ever Christmas stories Jolly Christmas Postman The Snowman Father Christmas	Snow Ridiculous Lost and Found Winter themed stories Handa's Surprise Chinese Fairy tales Winter sleep Shu Lin's Grandpa	Eggs and Chicks Easter Stories (different versions) The Tiny Seed Oliver's Vegetables Jack and the Beanstalk Jasper's Beanstalk Tree Seasons Come and Seasons Go A Stroll Through the Seasons The Emperor's Egg The Very Hungry Caterpillar Aaghh Spider! Diary of a Wombat What the Ladybird Heard	The Naughty Bus The Train Ride Mr. Gumpy's Outing Goodnight Mr. Spaceman The Way Back Home Passport to Paris World Atlases P is for Passport The Journey Zoom The happy hedgerow The extraordinary gardener Little People Big Dreams – David Attenborough	Under the Sea (non-fiction) Surprising Sharks (non-fiction) Tiddler Billy's Bucket
Wow Moments! Possible trips, visits andexperiences	 Local area/Autum Weekly forest scho Pantomime Harvesting vegeta Police/PCSO visit Road safety Children in Need Christmas story; viand Christmas serv Make Christingles Christmas Nativity 	ool bles sit church for Harvest vice	service Spring walks Easter egg hunt Weekly forest scho	s (older cultures) it isit to church for Easter	Sports DayDoctor/ParamedicLibrary visit	o church for leavers'

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British Values Along with the school's	Mutual respect: We are a cultures are learned, respec		ces between different people a	nd their beliefs in our commu	inity, in this country and all ar	ound the world. All
Christian values, we will refer to the British Values	Mutual Tolerance: Everyone beliefs and for those without		celebrated and we all share and	respect the opinions of other	rs. Mutual tolerance of those v	with different faiths and
on an ongoing basis, ncluding as part of collective worship and			nat we must follow. We know w as a team when it is necessary.	ho to talk to if we do not feel	safe. We know right from wro	ong. We recognise that we
Heartsmart work	Individual liberty: We all celebrate the fact that ever	_	n views. We are all respected as	individuals. We feel safe to h	nave a go at new activities. We	e understand and
	_	_	respect everyone and we value respect the opinions of others.	their different ideas and opin	ions. We have the opportunit	y to play with who we
Assessment Opportunities	 Analyse nursery/pre-sc In-house baseline data National baseline data On-going assessments Phonics intervention g Parents' evening inforr In-house moderation Phonic assessments End of term assessmen Pupil progress meeting 	and analysis oups nation	 On-going assessments Phonics intervention gro Parents' evening informs In-house moderation Cluster moderation Phonics assessments End of term assessments Pupil progress meeting 	ation	 On-going assessments Phonics intervention grows Reports to parents In-house moderation Cluster moderation Phonics assessments End of year assessments End of year data Pupil progress meeting 	
Parental Involvement	Meet the teacher/weld Parents' evening Celebrations assembly Harvest and Christmas Home/school agreeme Phonics workshops GoRead for home read Nativity Christmas Cracker cafe Class Dojo communicate Class clinic	services nt ng	 Parents' evening Celebrations assembly Easter service Writing workshop 'Share a Story' (World Bedone) GoRead for home reading Class Dojo communication Mothers' Day afternoon Mothers' Day class assemble 	g	 End of year reports Celebrations assembly Maths morning – look h GoRead for home readin Class Dojo communicati Sports Day Teddy Bear's Picnic 	ng

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
e	form the foundations for la language-rich environm practitioners will build child child Reading frequently to child use and embed new word share their ideas with supprange of vocabulary and language of vocabula	anguage and cognitive develent is crucial. By commentin dren's language effectively. Idren, and engaging them acts in a range of contexts, will port and modelling from the language structures.	opment. The number and q g on what children are interctively in stories, non-fiction give children the opportunir teacher, and sensitive que	uality of the conversations rested in or doing, and echon, rhymes and poems, and tity to thrive. Through conversioning that invites them	dren's back-and-forth interaction they have with adults and poing back what they say with then providing them with extersation, story-telling and roto elaborate, children becom	eers throughout the day in new vocabulary added, ensive opportunities to ple play, where children he comfortable using a rich
Communication and Language	 Welcome to EYFS Settling in activities Making friends Children talking about experiences that are familiar to them All about me; sharing facts about me Rhyming and alliteration – phase 1 recap Colour Monster – naming feelings Shared stories Model talk routines through the day, e.g. arriving in school: "Good morning, how are you?" Understand how tolisten carefully andwhy listening is important. Following instructions TALC assessments 	 Settling in activities if needed Discovering interests Tell me a story - retelling focus stories Story language Listening and responding to stories Following instructions Take part in discussion Use new vocabulary through the day. Choose books that will develop their vocabulary. Learn rhymes, poems and songs TALC assessments 	 Show and tell Answering how and whyquestions Retell a story with story language Story innovation – talkit! Ask questions to find out more and to check they understand what has been said to them. Describe events in some detail. Listen to and talk about stories to buildfamiliarity and understanding. Learn rhymes, poems and songs. Select books containing photographs and pictures, e.g. places indifferent weather conditions and seasons. 	Show and tell Describe events in detail, using time connectives Sustained focus whenlistening to a story Consolidate learning so far	Show and tell Discovering passions Re-read some books so children learn the language necessary to talk about what is happening in each illustration and relate it to their own lives	 Show and tell Weekend news Discussing aspirations Read aloud books to children that will extend their knowledge of the world and illustrate a current topic. Select books containing photographs and pictures, e.g. places in different weather conditions and seasons.

As a whole EYFS focus, Communication and Language is developed throughout the year through high quality interactions, Blanks level questioning, daily group discussions, sharing circles, PSHE, sharing stories, singing, speech and language interventions, vocabulary, oracy, productions, assemblies and interventions.

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4	development. Underpinnir with adults enable children positive sense of self, set to Through adult modelling at Through supported interaction.	ng their personal developme in to learn how to understan chemselves simple goals, ha and guidance, they will learn	nt are the important attach d their own feelings and the ve confidence in their own how to look after their bod ey learn how to make good	ments that shape their soci ose of others. Children shou abilities, to persist and wai lies, including healthy eatin friendships, co-operate an	py lives, and is fundamental is ial world. Strong, warm and suld be supported to manage t for what they want and directly, and manage personal need to resolve conflicts peaceably	supportive relationships emotions, develop a ect attention as necessary. ds independently.
<u></u>	HeartSmart Unit: Get	HeartSmart Unit:	HeartSmart Unit:	HeartSmart Unit:	HeartSmart Unit: No way	HeartSmart Unit: Fake is
9	HeartSmart!	Don't forget to let	Too much selfie	Don't rub it in	Through	a mistake
Personal, Social and Emotional Dev	 My Heartsmart toolbelt different ways to be Heartsmart Becoming Boris - work and play co- operatively, listen to each others' ideas Fill Boris' Toolbox take turns and play o-operatively How do they feel? Read facial expressions, explain why someone might be feeling a certain way. My Heart is full! – Talk about the things 	love in! 1. I am loved! – Know that each one of us is loved, special and important. 2. My favourite things – Understand we all like different things and that makes us unique. 3. My Heart – talk about how we demonstrate different emotions 4. Twinkle twinkle – understand we are all special 5. Who am I? – Tell other people about us and the things we like. 6. EYFS has talent! – Understand we all have different talents and skills and we can accept praise and encouragement from others.	isn't healthy 1. I love to Understand there are special things we lie to do with special people 2. Parachute families – all families are important and special, other families can look different to our family. 3. Sorting feelings – understand ways that people show how they are feeling and to notice when others are upset or need help. 4. How do you do? – understand appropriate ways to show care and affection for others. 5. Helpful hearts – understand we can show love to others when they need help 6. Thank you for helping me – learn about the people who keep us safe at school.	1. I am a super friend – understand how to be a good friend 2. Musical friends – understand it is important to include others in our games 3. Listening ears – understand it is important to listen to each other 4. Soft words, hard words – understand how words make others feel and that we can use kind words when talking to our friends. 5. If I met the scrapman Understand we can choose to be kind to others even when they are not 6. Grumpy Frog story – understand why it is important to say sorry.	 Boris in the kitchen – understand that making mistakes is normal and helps us to learn I can challenge! – have a go and complete a series of different challenges Stuck! – keep trying when something is difficult When I grow up Know that we can do anything is we work hard and don't give up. Magnetic maze – develop perseverance Changing caterpillars - Express how we feel about change 	1. Boris and the

Show an understanding of their own feelings and those of others, and begin to **regulate their behaviour accordingly**. Set and work towards simple goals, being able to wait for what theywant and **control their immediate impulses when appropriate**. Give **focused attention to what the teacher says**, responding appropriately even when engaged in activity, and show an ability to follow instructions involving several ideas or actions.

- ✓ Controlling own feelings and behaviours
 ✓ Applying personalised strategies to return to a state of calm
 - ✓ Being able to curb impulsive behaviours
 - ✓ Being able to concentrate on a task
 - ✓ Being able to ignore distractions
 - ✓ Behaving in ways that are pro-social
 - ✓ Planning
 - ✓ Thinking before acting

"Self-regulatory skills can be defined as the ability of children to manage their own behaviour and aspects of their learning. In the early years, efforts to developself-regulation often seek to improve levels of self-control and reduce impulsivity. Activities typically include supporting children in articulating their plans and learning strategies and reviewing what they have done." Education Endowment Foundation.

Autumn 1 Autumn 2	Spring 1 Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Physical activity is vital in children's all-rour incrementally throughout early childhood, through tummy time, crawling and play mo adults can support children to develop thei Gross motor skills provide the foundation for eye co-ordination, which is later linked to experience.	development, enabling them to pursue happy, healthy and arting with sensory explorations and the development of a comment with both objects and adults. By creating games and pore strength, stability, balance, spatial awareness, co-ordinates or explore and developing healthy bodies and social and emotional well-by literacy. Repeated and varied opportunities to explore and dback and support from adults, allow children to develop possible wrap, tearing, bubble wrap, tearing, bubble wrap, tearing, tweezers and pom poms • Fine motor carousel including Threading, cutting, weaving, bubble wrap, tearing, tweezers and pom poms • Squiggle while you wiggle mu • Dough Disco • Begin to form letters correctly • Handle tools, objects, construction and malleable materials with increasing control et construction and malleable wiggle • Dough Disco • Hold pencil effectively with comfortable grows to comfo	l active lives. Gross and fine motor echild's strength, co-ordination and providing opportunities for play both nation and agility. Deing. Fine motor control and precision of play with small world activities, pure oficiency, control and confidence. Ousel Grading, Grading,	xperiences develop positional awareness indoors and outdoo on helps with hand- zzles, arts and crafts Handwriting focus Dough Disco Form letters correctly Draw a triangle Start to colour insid the lines of a pictur

	PE - Stability 2:	Nativity rehearsals use hall time in Autumn 2. All	PE - Gym – rocking and rolling	PE - Dance - Seasons	PE - Gym – flight: bouncing, jumping and	PE - Net and Wall games
	Maintaining balance while twisting, bending and	gross motor development is within provision.	Rock on different body parts.	Use my body and create simple theme related	landing	Send a ball with some accuracy
	reaching.	Locomotion 2:	Rock into a roll.	shapes, movements and actions	Jump with good technique, knowing to bend knees and	Strike a ball
	Dodging and evading others.	Jumping in a variety of	Roll in different ways.	Travel safely	land safely	Volley a ball
	Travelling with confidence	ways and skipping (outdoor)	Work with a partner.	Work with a partner	Jump with turns	Throw a ball with some
	over, under, around and through.		Opportunities in provision:	Remember and perform a short sequence when led by	Execute a variety of jumps and leaps with control	accuracy
	Opportunities in provision:		Throw underarm with accuracy	a teacher		Opportunities in provisi
	Move a ball with control in		Strike a ball with a foot for power	Opportunities in provision:	Opportunities in provision:	Athletics 1
	different directions		Kick a ball with both feet for		Run skillfully	Run safely within a lane
	Roll a ball		accuracy	Send (from the chest) and receive bounce passes	Show increasing control over an object	Throw accurately
ō	Throw underarm Bounce and catch a ball		Roll a ball with accuracy Roll with both hands	Change direction confidently	Balance on one leg	Jump safely and for hei
Gross Motor	bounce and catch a ban		Roll With Both Hanus	Bounce a ball		Throw a variety of piece equipment
oss				Dribble a ball		
ē						Sports Day games and races
	Putting on, taking off coats, jackets and cardigans etc.					

Ongoing opportunities:

- ✓ Weekly Forest School sessions
- ✓ Crates play climbing, balance
- ✓ Wheeled resources to for children to balance, sit or ride on; or pull and push
- ✓ Two-wheeled balance bikes
- ✓ Playground climbing A frame, stepping stones, balance beams
- ✓ Movement to music
- ✓ Soft play obstacles providing opportunities for children to move under, over, through and around equipment
- ✓ Spaces are accessible to children with varying confidence levels, skillsand needs
- ✓ Use picture books and other resources to explain the importance of the different aspects of healthy lifestyle

All these opportunities will be revisited each term.

Children need time to practice and consolidate. Repetition is a good thing.

Development Matters:

- Revise and refine the fundamental movement skills they have alreadyacquired: - rolling - crawling - walking jumping - running - hopping - skipping - climbing
- Progress towards a more fluent style of moving, with developing controland grace.
- Develop the overall body strength, co-ordination, balance and agility needed to engage successfully with future physical education sessions and other physical disciplines including dance, gymnastics, sport and swimming.
- Develop their small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently.
 Suggested tools: pencils for drawing and writing, paintbrushes, scissors, knives, forks and spoons.
- Use their core muscle strength to achieve a good posture when sittingat a table or sitting on the floor.
- Confidently and safely use a range of large and small apparatus indoorsand outside, alone and in a group. Develop overall body-strength, balance, co-ordination and agility.
- Further develop and refine a range of ball skills including: throwing, catching, kicking, passing, batting, and aiming.
 Develop confidence, competence, precision and accuracy when engaging in activities that involve a ball.

Forest School is a crucial part of our curriculum, and sessions take place at least once a week, on Tuesdays and sometimes on other days when appropriate/accessible. Learning opportunities and skills covered includes:

games, teamwork, rope swings, practical work, den building, problem-solving, co-operation, risk-taking, learning about nature, learning about seasons, environmental awareness, fire safety.

Forest School

		Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
		comprehension (necessa books (stories and non-fi Skilled word reading, tau	o develop a life-long love of rory for both reading and writing ction) they read with them; a ght later, involves both the sponting involves transcription	ng) starts from birth. It only on the denion of the property working out of the proper	develops when adults talk words to talk words together.	vith children about the world inted words (decoding) and t	around them and the he speedy recognition of
		Parish Phonics					
cy		Phase 1 and 2		Phase 3		Phase 3 and 4	
Litera	ing	Week 1: Phase 1	Week 8: Consolidation	Week 1: Consolidation	Week 8: Ph3 GPCs ai ee igh oa	Week 1: Ph3 GPCs air ear er	Week 7: Ph4 Adjacent consonants
	rd Reading	Week 2: Phase 1	Week 9: Ph2 ck e u r	Week 2: Ph3 GPCs j v w x	Week 9: Consolidation	Week 2: Consolidation	Week 8: Ph4 polysyllabic words
	Word	Week 3: Ph2 GPCs s a t	Week 10: Ph2 GPCs h b f l	Week 3: Ph3 GPCs y z zz qu	Week 10: Ph3 GPCs oo oo or ar	Week 3: Ph 4 cvcc words	Week 9: Ph4 suffixes
		Week 4: Ph2 GPCs i n m		Week 4: Ph3 GPCs ch sh th	Week 11: Assessment	Week 4: Ph 4 ccvc words	Week 10: Assessment
		Week 5: Ph 2 Add s	Week 12: Ph2 II ff ss	Week 5: Assessment	Week 12: Ph3 GPCs ur ow oi	Week 5: Ph 4 Adjacent consonants	Week 11: Ph4 suffixes
		Week 6: Ph2 GPCs g o c	Week 13: Assessment	Week 6: Ph3 GPCs ng nk	Week 13: Consolidation	Week 6: Assessment	Week 12: Consolidation
			Week 14: Revisit problem sounds	Week 7: Consolidation			Week 13: Consolidation

	Joining in with rhymes and showing an interest in stories with repeated refrains.	Retell stories related to events through acting/role play.	Making up stories with themselves as the main character	Information leaflets about animals at the farm; plants and growing.	Stories from other cultures and traditions.	Can draw pictures of characters/ event / setting in story.
	Having a favourite story/rhyme.	Christmas letters/lists. Retelling stories using images /	Encourage children to record stories through picture	Timeline of how plants grow.	Retell a story with actions and/or picture prompts as part of a group	Listen to stories, accurately anticipating key events and
	Understand the five key concepts about print: - print has meaning	apps. Story Maps.	drawing/mark making. Read simple phrases and sentences made up of words	Re-read books to build up their confidence in word reading, their fluency and their understanding and enjoyment.	Use story language when acting out a narrative.	respond to what they hear with relevant comments, questions and reactions.
sion	print can have different purposeswe read English text from	Editing of story maps and orally retelling new stories.	with known letter–sound correspondences and, where necessary, a few exception	Uses vocabulary and forms of speech that are increasingly	Rhyming words. Can explain the main events of	Make predictions. Begin to understand that a
Comprehension	left to right and from top to bottom - the names of the	Non-fiction focus – celebration stories.	words Phonics books available for	influenced by their experiences of books.	a story. Can draw pictures of	non-fiction is a non-story - i gives information instead.
omp	different parts of a book	Sequence story – use vocabulary of beginning,	children to share at school and at home. Avoid asking children	Develops their own narratives and explanations by	characters/ event / setting in a story. May include labels,	Fiction means story.
S	Sequencing familiar stories through the use of pictures to tell the story.	middle and end. Blend sounds into words, so	to read books at homethey cannot yet read.	connecting ideas or events.	Role play area – book	Can point to front cover, ba cover, spine, blurb, illustrati illustrator, author and title.
	Recognising initial sounds.	that they can read short words made up of known letter— sound correspondences.			characters.	Sort books into categories.
	Engage in extended					
	conversations about stories, learning new vocabulary.	Enjoys an increasing range of books.				
	learning new vocabulary. Daily story time provides lots of c	books. opportunities for sharing stories, lo	oking at pictures, making prediction	ns etc. Children also take home wee d often.	ekly 'share together' books which tl	ney share at home.

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	count confidently, develo frequent and varied oppo counting - children will de In addition, it is important including shape, space and	p a deep understanding of the tunities to build and apply the velop a secure base of know that the curriculum included measures. It is important the curriculum included measures.	he numbers to 10, the relat this understanding - such as reledge and vocabulary from s rich opportunities for chil hat children develop positiv	the necessary building block ionships between them and using manipulatives, including which mastery of mathematic drento develop their spatiate attitudes and interests in the document of the affaid to make mistigate attitudes.	the patterns within those n ng small pebbles and tens fr tics is built. I reasoning skills across all a mathematics, look for patte	umbers. By providing rames for organising areas of mathematics
Number and Numerical Patterns	Mastering Number: Creating patterns and exploring numbers within 4, including perceptually subitising within 3	Mastering Number: Creating patterns and exploring numbers within 5, including perceptually subitising within 5; begin to count beyond 5; begin to recognise numerals; explore the composition of numbers within 5.	Mastering Number: Continue to explore patterns within 5 and explore the composition of 6; develop verbal counting to 20 and beyond	Mastering Number: Explore symmetrical patterns, linking this to 'doubles'; become more familiar with the counting pattern beyond 20; explore odd and even numbers; explore the composition of numbers within 10.	Mastering Number/WRM: Practise increasingly familiar subitising arrangements; develop verbal counting to 20 and beyond; explore thecomposition of 10; ordersets of objects.	WRM: Consolidate their understanding of concepts previously taught through working in a variety of contexts and with different numbers.
Shape, Space, Measures	 Shape, space and measures (WRM): Talking about the routine of the day and using language like, 'before' and 'after'; Using comparative language such as, 'taller', 'shorter' and 'the same'; Being more confident in identifying shapes in the environment; Recognising particular shapes that may be useful for certain tasks; Making more meaningful pictures, patterns and arrangements with shapes. 		 Shape, space and measures (WRM): Beginning to experiment with length, height and capacity; Beginning to compare length, weight and capacity; Identifying money and using money in play; Recalling the names of some 2D and 3D shapes; Ordering and sorting according to simple properties; Using the language of direction when programming toys. 		 Shape, space and measures (WRM): Use everyday language to talk about size, weight, capacity, position, distance, time and money to compare quantities; Create and describe patterns; Explore characteristics of everyday objects and shapes, and use mathematical language to describe them; Use money with increased confidence. 	

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	Understanding the world involves guiding children to make sense of their physical world and their community . The frequency and range of children's personal experiences increases their knowledge and sense of the world around them – from visiting parks, libraries and museums to meeting important members of society such as police officers, nurses and firefighters. In addition, listening to a broad selection of stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems will foster their understanding of our culturally, socially, technologically and ecologically diverse world. As well as building important knowledge, this extends their familiarity with words that support understanding across domains. Enriching and widening children's vocabulary will support later reading comprehension							
_	To teach Religious Educ	ation in Reception, we u	use the <i>Blackburn Dioces</i>	an Syllabus, which incorpo	orates Understanding Chr	istianity.		
Understanding the World	are introduced to Tessa provide a context for public Blackburn RE Syllabus Through the Blackburn by visiting places of wor explore beliefs, practice	gaged in learning, using and Tom, two imaginal upils' learning which is e Syllabus, children in EYF rship. They listen to and es and forms of expressi	ry Christian characters wheasier to handle than talkies FS encounter religions and I talk about stories. Childr	no enable you to talk aboung abstractly about people discount	t things Christian children	places and objects and all their senses to		
nde	I am special	Harvest	Stories Jesus	Stories Jesus Told	Special Places	Special Times		
D	Harvest	Christmas	Heard Stories Jesus Told	Easter				

- Identifying their family. Commenting on their family: naming who they live with and of what relation they are to them.
- Can talk about what they do with their family and places they have been with their family. Can draw similarities and make comparisons between other families. Name and describe people who are familiar to them.
- Read fictional stories about families. Talk about members of their immediate family and community.
- Navigating around our outdoorareas and forests school. Create treasure hunts to find signs of Autumn within our learning environment and local area.
- Create Autumn Treasure sticks.
- Materials: floating / sinking – boat building in puddles.
- Discuss signs of Autumn and key aspects of seasonal change.
- 'Farm in a box' -Autumn.
- Use of visual timetable and today board vocab of days of week, seasons, months, weather, yesterday, today, tomorrow etc.
- Black History Month look at influential black people who the children may be familiar with, such as Marcus Rashford. Begin the 'reception

- Can talk about what they have done with their families during Christmases in the past.
- Show photos of how Christmas used to be celebrated in the past.
- Use mans to show children where some stories are based, e.g. Diwali story. Guy Fawkes, Christmas,
- Use the Jolly Christmas Postman to draw information from aman and begin to understand why maps are so important to postmen. Visit from a postman.
- Introduce children to different occupations and how they use transport to help them in their iobs. Begin with:
- PCSO visit Talking about occupations and how to identify strangers that can help them when they are in need.
- Add birthdays to class timeline - Children's discussion between themselves regarding their experience of past birthday celebrations.
- Visit from a war veteran to talk about Remembrance. Poppy activities.
- Diwali Story Rama and Sita. Compare and contrast to other festivals involving light. Discuss celebrations for different cultures.
- Acquire real artefacts relating to celebrations for children to handle and discuss.
- Plant bulbs in the outdoor area.

- Continue to track seasonal change with winter. Use forest school sessions and outdoor provision to discuss the changes in the environment in winter.
- Investigate changes of state when natural opportunities arise. E.g. ice found outside. bring it inside – what happens? Can we change it back? What other things change state? Baking opportunities - melting chocolate etc.
- https://www.sciencesparks.com/how-tomake-ice-melt-faster/
- Compare and contrast our lives to children around the world - China, Africa, USA, Australia, Iceland
- Use texts such as Snow Bears, Handa's Surprise to explore climate and life in a different country.
- Share non-fiction texts that offer an insight into contrasting environments.
- Children talk about their homes and what there is to do near their homes – compare this to children in China when learning about Chinese New Year.
- Visits from families from other cultures to hear first hand accounts of different ways of life. Try to include a Chinese family to share new year celebrations and another culture to contrast further.
- Comparing places on Google Earth - how are they similar/different?
- 'Farm in a box' Spring
- Compare our lives now to children's lives in the past – discuss toys, school and food. Set up a puppet show

- Visit to Jubilee park (to link with seasons): discuss what we will see on our journey to the park and how we will get there. Look out for different Minibeasts at the park. Take photos of what they find
- After close observation. draw pictures of the natural world, including animals and plants.
- Continue to track seasonal change - spring. What signs of spring/minibeasts can we find in the park/at school/on our journey?
- Change in living things changes in the leaves, weather, seasons
- Provide opportunities for children to note and record the weather.
- Building a 'Bug Hotel' forest school.
- Minibeast hunts
- Observe the life cycles of caterpillars with the insect lore kit.
- Draw children's attention to the immediate environment, introducing and modelling new vocabulary where appropriate.
- Encourage interactions with the outdoors to foster curiosity and give children freedom to touch, smell and hear the natural world around them during handson experiences.

the world, e.g. What is the

world's largest spider?

Learn about David

- Show children clips of David Attenborough looking at minibeasts, e.g. in the rainforest. Contrast them with the minibeasts we have found on our minibeast hunts similarities and differences. amazing? Look at minibeasts around
 - Link to how we explore

- Introduce the children to recycling and how it can take care of our world Look at what rubbish can do to our environment and animals.
- Create opportunities to discuss how we care for the natural world around
- What can we do here to take care of animals in the jungle?
- Compare animals from a jungle to those on a farm. (Link back to last half term's learning.)
- Explore a range of jungle animals and discover what is happening to their homes.
- Nocturnal animals.
- Learn about sustainability - reduce, re-use, recycle. What does this mean?
- Design and make windmills, water wheels, paper planes etc discuss renewable/clean energy.
- Look at different explorers - link back to David Attenborough from last half term and show clip of him exploring in the deep sea sub on Blue Planet 2. Introduce Christopher Columbus and Amelia Earhart and learn about their famous explorations.
- Watch videos of historical journeys - boats, planes, trains and cars. Discuss how people travelled a long time ago. Why were Christopher Columbus and Amelia Earhart so
- now space. Who goes to space? How? Learn about

- Explore shadows https://www.sciencesparks.com/shadowactivity-ideas/
- Explore the world around us and see how it changes as we enter Summer. Continue tracking seasonal change
- 'Farm in a box' -Summer
- Understand where dinosaurs are now and begin to understand that they were alive a very long time ago.
- Learn about what a palaeontologist is and how they explore really old artefacts.
- Introduce Mary Anning as the first female to find a fossil.
- Seasides long ago compare then and now. Link back to puppet shows with Punch and Judy.
- World Oceans Day link back to how we can look after our oceans - reduce plastic use.
- Show clips of plastic in sea – discuss the impact of this.
- Learn about animals that live in the ocean - blue whale is world's largest living thing. Compare to dinosaurs.
- Possibly visit a beach
- Complete the class timeline and review the vear.
- Look back through floorbooks and discuss where have we been and who have we seen?

timeline.' Introduce travel tracker – discuss how we get to school and routes taken/transport used. Visit church for Harvest service. Create maps of our walk to church and landmarks seen.	for children to use and show children clips of old Punch and Judy shows. Invite visits from older generations to discuss life in the past — encourage children to think of specific questions to ask them? E.g. what did you have for lunch at school? Where did you go on holiday? How did you get there? What did you play with at home? Did you play on computers? Etc. Plant and cultivate seeds. Origins of Pancake day — links to Easter and Lent. Make and eat pancakes.	Attenborough and his contributions to raising awareness of living things around the world. Visit Smithills farm to learn about new life in Spring. Living Eggs to observe the life cycle of chicks – encourage children to consider how best to care for them – what are their needs? What should we do? Look at possibility of organising a visit from a vet. Plant and cultivate seeds. Learn the Easter story – visit church for Easter service. Re-tell aspects of Easter story, such as Palm Sunday, in Forest School. Mothering Sunday celebrations – learn about origins and links to Easter/Lent. Visit from firefighters.	
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	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summor 1	Summor 2
ssive Arts and Design	engage with the arts, enaparticipate in is crucial for repetition and depth of the Give children an insight in	abling them to explore and or developing their understal recommendation new musical worlds. Inverns as a piece of music developing their own dances in response. • Christmas decorations, Christmas cards, Divas, Christmas songs/poems. • The use of story maps, props, puppets and storybags will encourage children to retell, invent and adapt stories. • Role-play parties and celebrations. • Role-play of The Nativity. • Bonfire and fireworks paintings — experimenting with different effects and media • Rangoli patterns	polay with a wide range of mending, self-expression, vocal nental to their progress in intite musicians in to play musicial to their progress in intite musicians in to play musicial to their progress in intite musicians in to play musicial to their progress in intite musicians in to play musicial to the progress in intite musicians in the progress of the progress	textures to represent their fur/feathers etc. Pastel drawings, printing,patterns on Easter eggs. Create life cycles art work Mothers Day crafts. Easter crafts. Observational drawings of insects and plants and flowers Symmetrical butterflies. 3d insects Explore artists and skills - Paul Klee—	Children encouraged to select the tools and techniques they need to assemble materials that they are using e.g creating animal masks. Teach children different techniques for joining materials, such as how to use adhesive tape and different sorts of glue. Design and make windmills, water wheels, paper planes Sustainable art – junk modelling. Link to sustainable artist – El Anatsui – uses 'waste' to make art, e.g. wall hangings made of bottle tops Songs and dances linked to	e frequency, and observe. en attentively to music. Sand pictures Lighthouse designs. Puppet shows: provide awide range of props for play which encourage imagination. Salt dough fossils. Water pictures, collage, Shading by adding black or white, colour mixing forbeach huts. Colour mixing Underwater pictures. Shadow Puppets. Observational drawings of land and sea animals Collage, pastels and chalks Shadow artist — Alison Russell Performing for an
Expressive	creative ideas.	media	making,	Explore artists and	 Songs and dances 	Russell

Reception Early Learning Goals

These are our Reception end points (Early Learning Goals), based on the seven areas of learning and development. Judgements are 'best fit':

98	Listening,	Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and actions when being read to and during whole class discussions and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and actions when being read to and during whole class
Language	attention &	discussions and small group interactions
	understanding	Make comments about what they have heard and ask questions to clarify their understanding
and		Hold conversation when engaged in back-and-forth exchanges with their teacher and peers
ioi		Participate in small group, class and one-to-one discussions, offering their own ideas, using recently introduced vocabulary
icat		Offer explanations for why things may happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when
Ē	Speaking	appropriate
Communication and		• Express their ideas and feelings about their experiences using full sentences, including use of past, present and future tenses and making use of
0		conjunctions, with modelling and support from their teacher
		 Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others
i,	Gross motor skills	Demonstrate strength, balance and coordination when playing
pme	SKIIIS	 Move energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing
Physical Development		Hold a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent writing – using the tripod grip in almost all cases
De De	Fine motor skills	 Using a range of small tools, including scissors, paint brushes and cutlery
	SKIIIS	Begin to show accuracy and care when drawing
		Show an understanding of their own feelings and those of others, and begin to regulate their behaviour accordingly
-Ja		Set and work towards simple goals, being able to wait for what they want and control their immediate impulses when appropriate
ţi	Self-regulation	Give focused attention to what the teacher says, responding appropriately even when engaged in activity, and show an ability to follow instructions
r E		involving several ideas or actions
. Social and Emotional Development		Be confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge
cial	Managing self	Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly
		 Manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs, including dressing, going to the toilet and understanding the importance of healthy food choices
Personal,		Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others
Pers	Building	Form positive attachments to adults and friendships with peers
_	relationships	Show sensitivity to their own and to others' needs
		Say a sound for each letter in the alphabet and at least 10 digraphs
ıcy	Word reading	Read words consistent with their phonic knowledge by sound-blending
		Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common misconception words
Literacy		Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced
	Comprehension	vocabulary
	Comprehension	 Anticipate – where appropriate – key events in stories
		- Anticipate where appropriate key events in stories

		Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems and during role-play
		Write recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed
	Writing	 Spell words by identifying sounds in them and representing the sounds with a letter or letters
		Write simple phrases and sentences that can be read by others
		Have a deep understanding of number to 10, including the composition of each number
		 Subitise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 5
	Number &	Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) number bonds up to 5 (including subtraction facts) and some number bonds
	numerical	to 10, including double facts
atics	patterns	Verbally count beyond 20, recognising the pattern of the counting system
ĕ		• Compare quantities up to 10 in different contexts, recognising when one quantity is greater than, less than or the same as the other quantity
Mathematics		• Explore and represent patterns within numbers up to 10, including evens and odds, double facts and how quantities can be distributed equally
_	Shape, space &	Use everyday language to talk about size, weight, capacity, position, distance, time and money to compare quantities
	measure	Create and describe patterns
	(not in	Explore characteristics of everyday objects and shapes and use mathematical language to describe them
	expectations)	
		Talk about the lives of the people around them and their roles in society
	Past & present	• Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class
70		Understand the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling
Norl		 Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non-fiction texts and maps
the \	People, culture	Know some similarities and differences between different religious and cultural communities in this country, drawing on their experiences and what
ii B	& communities	has been read in class
tand		• Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts
Understanding the World		and – where appropriate - maps
Š		Explore the natural world around them, making observations and drawing pictures of animals and plants
	The natural world	• Know some similarities and differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences and what
	world	has been read in class Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons and changing states of matter
Expressive Arts & Design	Creating with materials	 Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function Share their creations, explaining the process they have used
		 Share their creations, explaining the process they have used Make use of props and materials when role-playing characters in narratives and stories
ssive A Design		 Invent, adapt and recount narratives and stories with peers and their teacher
pres	Being imaginative &	Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs
Exi	ovprossivo	 Sing a range of well-known nursery myrnes and songs Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and – when appropriate – try to move in time with music
		Terrorm songs, mymes, poems and stones with others, and when appropriate – try to move in time with music

Monitoring and Assessment

Throughout EYFS, children's progress and attainment against our expectations is monitored daily, and is tracked as follows:

Phonics Assessment Tracker (Reception)

We use our Phonics Assessment Tracker completed after each 6-weekly assessment to track children's progress in phonics. This provides clear feedback and is used to inform future planning and highlight those children who are at risk of falling behind so that additional intervention can be put in place, such as extra practice or precision teaching.

EYFS Assessment Records & Pupil Progress Meetings

EYFS Assessment Records are kept for each area of learning on which is recorded whetheror not children are on track to meet our expectations. For any children who are not on track, interventions are planned for and implemented.

These records form a focus for termly Pupil Progress Meetings with senior leadership.

EYFS Termly Assessment Record

A Termly Assessment Record is completed for each child at the end of each term (andbaseline), which provides a quick data snapshot as to whether they are currently on-track. This helps to form an ongoing analysis and overview, as well as an opportunity to look for trends. These records form part of the school's termly whole-school data analysis.

Boom Reader Online Reading Records

An ongoing, online record of children's reading at home and in school, allowing for two way communication between parents/carers and teaching staff. These records also provide opportunities to track specific phonemes, words or concepts that the children are having difficulty with.

Adult-led Task Records

Records of the weekly maths and phonics/writing adult led tasks detailing how much support the children required to achieve the objective.

Floor Books

Whole class book recording all elements of learning taking place each week. Entries may come from whole class adult-led learning, children's activity in the learning environment, or contributions from home. These are available for the children to reflect on and discuss the learning that has taken place.

Appendix 1: Early Maths

Mastering Number: Overview of content – Reception

Strand/ Half-term	Subitising	Cardinality, ordinality and counting	Composition	Comparison	
1 Children will:	 perceptually subitise within 3 identify sub-groups in larger arrangements create their own patterns for numbers within 4 practise using their fingers to represent quantities which they can subitise experience subitising in a range of contexts, including temporal patterns made by sounds. 	 relate the counting sequence to cardinality, seeing that the last number spoken gives the number in the entire set have a wide range of opportunities to develop their knowledge of the counting sequence, including through rhyme and song have a wide range of opportunities to develop 1:1 correspondence, including by coordinating movement and counting have opportunities to develop an understanding that anything can be counted, including actions and sounds explore a range of strategies which support accurate counting. 	 see that all numbers can be made of 1s compose their own collections within 4. 	 understand that sets can be compared according to a range of attributes, including by their numerosity use the language of comparison, including 'more than' and 'fewer than' compare sets 'just by looking'. 	
2 Children will:	 continue from first half-term subitise within 5, perceptually and conceptually, depending on the arrangements. 	 continue to develop their counting skills explore the cardinality of 5, linking this to dice patterns and 5 fingers on 1 hand begin to count beyond 5 begin to recognise numerals, relating these to quantities they can subitise and count. 	 explore the concept of 'wholes' and 'parts' by looking at a range of objects that are composed of parts, some of which can be taken apart and some of which cannot explore the composition of numbers within 5. 	 compare sets using a variety of strategies, including 'just by looking', by subitising and by matching compare sets by matching, seeing that when every object in a set can be matched to one in the other set, they contain the same number and are equal amounts. 	
3 Children will:	 increase confidence in subitising by continuing to explore patterns within 5, including structured and random arrangements explore a range of patterns made by some numbers greater than 5, including structured patterns in which 5 is a clear part 	 continue to develop verbal counting to 20 and beyond continue to develop object counting skills, using a range of strategies to develop accuracy continue to link counting to cardinality, including using their fingers to represent quantities between 5 and 10 	 continue to explore the composition of 5 and practise recalling 'missing' or 'hidden' parts for 5 explore the composition of 6, linking this to familiar patterns, including symmetrical patterns begin to see that numbers within 10 can be composed of '5 and a bit'. 	 continue to compare sets using the language of comparison, and play games which involve comparing sets continue to compare sets by matching, identifying when sets are equal explore ways of making unequal sets equal. 	

	 experience patterns which small group and '1 more' continue to match arrange finger patterns. 	ordinal representations of number.		
4 Children will:	explore symmetrical patter each side is a familiar patter this to 'doubles'.		 explore the composition of odd and even numbers, looking at the 'shape' of these numbers begin to link even numbers to doubles begin to explore the composition of numbers within 10. 	compare numbers, reasoning about which is more, using both an understanding of the 'howmanyness' of a number, and its position in the number system.
5 Children will:	 continue to practise increa familiar subitising arranger including those which expoor 'doubles' patterns use subitising skills to enable identify when patterns shown number but in a different arrangement, or when patterns imilar but have a different subitise structured and unsupatterns, including those would number within 10, in related 10 be encouraged to identify appropriate to count and word can be subitised. 	anents, see '1 more' The let them to when it is 20 and beyond, including counting from different starting numbers continue to develop confidence and accuracy in both verbal and object counting.	explore the composition of 10.	order sets of objects, linking this to their understanding of the ordinal number system.
6	In this half-term, the children w	ill consolidate their understanding of concepts previously tau	ight through application of the White Rose units	for the summer term.

Numberblocks

Numberblocks is a pre-school BBC television series aimed at introducing children to early number.

Snappy animation and loveable characters combine with engaging storylines to gently introduce concepts of number to support early mathematical understanding. We use relevant episodes alongside NCETM Mastering Number materials, helping children to bring the numbers and ideas to life in the world around them.