

MIDDLETON PARISH

CHURCH SCHOOL

Progression Map: English – Phonics and Early Reading

Skills	FS1	FS2	Year 1
Word Reading -	Develop their phonological awareness so that	Read individual letters by saying the sounds	Apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route
Phonics and	they can:	for them	to decode words
Decoding	-Spot and suggest rhymes		
	-Count or clap syllables in a word	Blend sounds into words, so that they can read	Respond speedily with the correct sound to
	-Recognise words with the same initial sound,	short words made up of known letter- sound	graphemes (letters or groups of letters) for all
	such as money and mother	correspondences.	40+ phonemes, including, where applicable, alternative sounds for graphemes
	Children at Parish will:	Read some letter groups that each represent	
	Orally blend and segment simple vc/cvc words such as dog, cat	one sound and say sounds for them	Read accurately by blending sounds in unfamiliar words containing GPCs that have
		ELG: Say a sound for each letter in the	been taught
		alphabet and at least 10 digraphs;	
			Read other words of more than one syllable
		ELG: Read words consistent with their phonic	that contain taught GPCs
		knowledge by sound-blending;	
		ELG: Read aloud simple sentences and books	
		that are consistent with their phonic	
		knowledge, including some common exception words.	
Word Reading		Read common exception words (as stated in	Read common exception words (as stated in
– Common		our phonics programme)	our phonics programme), noting unusual
Exception			correspondences between spelling and sound
Words			and where these occur in the word

Word Reading - Fluency		Read simple phrases and sentences made up of words with known letter-sound correspondences and, where necessary, a few exception words. Re-read familiar books to build up their confidence in word reading, their fluency and their understanding and enjoyment.	Read aloud accurately books that are consistent with their developing phonic knowledge and that do not require them to use other strategies to work out words Re-read familiar books to build up fluency and confidence in word reading
Encoding	Use some of their print and letter knowledge in their early writing. For example: writing a pretend shopping list that starts at the top of the page; writing 'm' for mummy. Write some letters accurately	 Form lower-case and capital letters correctly. Spell words by identifying the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s. Write short sentences with words with known sound-letter correspondences using a capital letter and full stop Re-read what they have written to check that it makes sense ELG: Write recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed; ELG: Spell words by identifying sounds in them and representing the sounds with a letter or letters; ELG: Write simple phrases and sentences that can be read by others. 	 Write words containing each of the 40+ phonemes already taught Write/spell common exception words Name the letters of the alphabet in order using letter names to distinguish between alternative spellings of the same sound Write from memory simple sentences dictated by the teacher that include words using the GPCs and common exception words taught so far

Concepts of print (Book and print	 Understand the five key concepts about print: print has meaning print can have different purposes 	Children at Parish will: Know that stories have a beginning, middle and end.	Children at Parish will: Know and use the names of the different parts of a book; spine/title page
awareness)	 we read English text from left to right and from top to bottom the names of the different parts of a book, front cover/back cover page sequencing 	Know and use the names of the different parts of a book; front cover/back cover /blurb/title/author/ illustrator Know that words are separated by spaces	Know and understand the difference between fiction and non-fiction Be able to identify and use the terms capital letter, lowercase letter
	Engage in extended conversations about stories, learning new vocabulary.	Know that full stops indicate the end of a sentence	
	Children at Parish will: Know how to hold a book the correct way up and turn pages one at a time	Identify a letter, a word, a sentence, a capital letter	
		Know that we 'return sweep' as we read	

Comprehension		Engage in non-fiction books.	Develop pleasure in reading, motivation to
l	remember much of what happens.	Listen to and talk about selected non-fiction to	read, vocabulary and understanding by:
	Know many rhymes, be able to talk about	develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge	 listening to and discussing a wide range of poems, stories and non-fiction at a
	familiar books, and be able to tell a long story	and vocabulary.	level beyond that at which they can read independently
	Engage in extended conversations about stories, learning new vocabulary.	Engage in story times.	 being encouraged to link what they read or hear read to their own
		Listen to and talk about stories to build	experiences
	Engage in extended conversations about stories, learning new vocabulary.	familiarity and understanding.	 becoming very familiar with key stories, fairy stories and traditional tales,
		Retell the story, once they have developed a	retelling them and considering their
		deep familiarity with the text, some as exact	particular characteristics
		repetition and some in their own words.	 recognising and joining in with predictable phrases
		ELG: Demonstrate understanding of what has	 learning to appreciate rhymes and
		been read to them by retelling stories and	poems, and to recite some by heart
		narratives using their own words and recently	 discussing word meanings, linking new
		introduced vocabulary	meanings to those already known
		ELG: Anticipate (where appropriate) key events in stories.	understand both the books they can already read accurately and fluently and those they
			listen to by:
		ELG: Use and understand recently introduced	 drawing on what they already know or
		vocabulary during discussions about stories,	on background information and
		nonfiction, rhymes and poems and during role	vocabulary provided by the teacher
		play.	 checking that the text makes sense to them as they read and correcting
			inaccurate reading
			 discussing the significance of the title and events
			 making inferences on the basis of what is being said and done
			 predicting what might happen on the
			basis of what has been read so far
			 participate in discussion about what is
			read to them, taking turns and listening
			to what others say

	 explain clearly their understanding of what is read to them