

MIDDLETON PARISH CHURCH SCHOOL

Progression of Reading Skills in Year 1	
Domain Coverage	Text Types
Vocabulary – Inference – Prediction – Explanation – Retrieval - Sequencing	
National C	Curriculum for Year 1
 read and correcting inaccurate reading discussing the significance of the title and events making inferences on the basis of what is being said and done 	n at a level beyond that at which they can read independently priences retelling them and considering their particular characteristics
 explain clearly their understanding of what is read to them. 	ord Reading
 Pupils should be taught to: continue to apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode w read accurately blending the sounds in words that contain the graphem read accurately words of two or more syllables that contain the same Gf read words containing common suffixes read further common exception words, noting unusual correspondence read most words quickly and accurately when they have been frequent 	vords until automatic decoding has become embedded and reading is fluent hes taught so far, especially recognising alternative sounds for graphemes PCs as above between spelling and sound and where these occur in the word ly encountered without overt sounding and blending e, sounding out unfamiliar words accurately, automatically and without undue hesitation
Vocabulary Key Skills	Example stem questions
 discuss word meanings, linking new meanings to those already known 	What does the wordmean in this sentence?
 draw upon knowledge of vocabulary in order to understand the text 	• Find and copy a word which means
 join in with predictable phrases 	 Which word in do you think is the most important? Why?
 use vocabulary given by the teacher 	 Which of the words best describes the character or setting?
 discuss his/her favourite words and phrases 	 Why do you think they repeat this word in the story?

Inference Key Skills	Example stem questions
• children make basic inferences about characters' feelings by using what they	• What do you think means?
say as evidence.	• Why do you think that?
 infer basic points with direct reference to the pictures and words in the text 	• How do you think?
 discuss the significance of the title and events 	• When do you think?
 demonstrate simple inference from the text based on what is said and done 	• Where do you think. ?
	• How doesmake you feel?
	Why didhappen?
Prediction Key Skills	Example stem questions
 predicting what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far in terms 	 Looking at the cover and the title, what do you think this book is about?
of story, character and plot	Where do you thinkwill go next?
 make simple predictions based on the story and on their own life 	What do you think will say / do next?
experiences	 What do you think this book will be about? Why?
 begin to explain these ideas verbally or though pictures. 	 How do you think that this will end?
	• Who do you think has done it?
	What mightsay about that?
	Can you draw what might happen next?
Explanation Key Skills	Example stem questions
 give my opinion including likes and dislike 	 Is there anything you would change about this story?
 link what they read or hear to their own experiences 	What do you like about this text?
 explain clearly my understanding of what has been read to them 	Who is your favourite character? Why?
express views about events or characters	
Retrieval Key Skills	Example stem questions
• answer a question about what has just happened in a story.	Who is your favourite character?
develop their knowledge of retrieval through images.	• Why do you think all the main characters are in this book?
recognize characters, events, titles and information.	• Would you like to live in this setting? Why/why not?
recognize differences between fiction and non-fiction texts.	• Who is/are the main character(s)?
• retrieve information by finding a few key words.	When/where is this story set?
 Contribute ideas and thoughts in discussion 	Which is your favourite/worst/ funniest/scariest part of the story?
Convencing Key Skille	Is this a fiction or a non-fiction book? How do you know?
 Sequencing Key Skills retell familiar stories orally e.g fairy stories and traditional tales 	Example stem questions What happens in the beginning of the story?
 sequence the events of a story they are familiar with 	Can you number these events in the story?
 begin to discuss how events are linked 	 How/where does the story start? What happened at the end of the 2
	• What happened at the end of the?
	Can you retell the story to me in 20 words or less?
	What happened before that? Gap you sequence the key memorits in this step /2
	Can you sequence the key moments in this story?

Progression of Reading Skills in Year 2		
Domain Coverage	Text Types	
Vocabulary – Inference – Prediction – Explanation – Retrieval - Sequencing		
National Curriculum for Year 2		
Develop pleasure in reading, motivation to read, vocabulary and understanding by:		
- Istening to, discussing and expressing views about a widerange of contemporary and c independently	classic poetry, stories and non-fiction at a level beyond that at which they can read	
- discussing the sequence of events in books and how items of information are related		
 becoming increasingly familiar with and retelling a widerrange of stories, fairy stories and different ways 	dtraditionaltales E1/3: being introduced to non-fiction books that are structured in	
 recognising simple recurring literary language in stories and poetry 		
- discussing and clarifying the meanings of words, linking new meanings to known vocak		
- continuing to build up a repertoire of poems learnt by heart, appreciating these and re Understand both the books that they can already read accurately and fluently and tho		
	rovided by the teacher R1/5: checking that the text makes sense to them as they read and	
correcting inaccurate reading		
- making inferences on the basis of what is being said and done R1/2: answering and a	skingquestions	
- predicting what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far		
- participate in discussion about books, poems and other works that are read to them an		
- explain and discuss their understanding of books, poems and other material, both those		
	leading	
 Pupils should be taught to: continue to apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words until automatic decoding has become embedded and reading is fluent read accurately blending the sounds in words that contain the graphemes taught so far, especially recognising alternative sounds for graphemes read accurately words of two or more syllables that contain the same GPCs as above read words containing common suffixes read further common exception words, noting unusual correspondence between spelling and sound and where these occur in the word read most words quickly and accurately when they have been frequently encountered without overt sounding and blending 		
	ding out unfamiliar words accurately, automatically and without undue hesitation	
re-read these books to build up their fluency and confidence in word reading	Example stom questions	
Vocabulary Key Skills	Example stem questions	
 discussing and clarifying the meanings of words; link new meanings to known vocabulary 	• Can you find a noun/adjective/verb that tells/shows you that?	
,	• Why do you think that the author used the word to describe?	
discussing their favourite words and phrases	• Which other word on this page means the same as?	
 recognise some recurring language in stories and poems 	 Find an adjective in the text which describes 	
	 Which word do you think is most important in this section? Why? 	
	Which word best describes?	
Inference Key Skills	Example stem questions	
• make inferences about characters' feelings using what they say and do.	• What do you thinkmeans?	
• infer basic points and begin, with support, to pick up on subtler references.	• Why do you think that?	
answering and asking questions and modifying answers as the story progresses	• Why do you think ?	
 use pictures or words to make inferences 	• How do you think?	
	• When do you think ?	

	Where do you think ?
	How has the author made us think that ?
Prediction Key Skills	Example stem questions
• predicting what might happen on the basis of what has been read in terms of	• Where do you think will go next?
plot, character and language so far	What do you thinkwill say/do next?
• make predictions using their own knowledge as well as what has happened so far	 What do you think this book will be about? Why?
to make logical predictions and give explanations of them	 How do you think that this will end? What makes you say that?
	Who do you think has done it?
	What mightsay about that?
	 How does the choice of character affect what will happen next?
Explanation Key Skills	Example stem questions
• explain and discuss their understanding of books, poems and other material,	What is similar/different about two characters?
both those that they listen to and those that they read for themselves	• Explain why did that
 express my own views about a book or poem 	• Is this as good as?
 discuss some similarities between books 	Which is better and why?
 listen to the opinion of others 	• Does the picture help us? How?
	• What would you do if you were?
	 Would you like to live in this setting? Why?
	 Is there anything you would change about this story?
	• Do you agree with the author's? Why?
Retrieval Key Skills	Example stem questions
• independently read and answer simple questions about what they have just read.	• Who is/are the main character(s)?
 asking and answering retrieval questions 	• When/where is this story set? How do you know?
 draw on previously taught knowledge 	Which is your favourite/worst/funniest/ scariest part of the story? Why?
• remember significant event and key information about the text that they have read	• Tell me three facts you have learned from the text.
• Monitor their reading, checking words that they have decoded, to ensure that they	• Find the part where
fit within the text they have already read	• What type of text is this?
	• What happened to in the end of the story?
Sequencing Key Skills	Example stem questions
• discuss the sequence of events in books and how items of information are related.	What happens in the story's opening?
 retell using a wider variety of story language. 	• How/where does the story start?
• order events from the text.	What happened at the end of the?
• begin to discuss how events are linked focusing on the main content of the story.	What is the dilemma in this story?
	• How is it resolved?
	• Can you retell the story to me in 20 words or less?
	• Can you summarise in 3 sentences the beginning, middle and end of this story?

Progression of Reading Skills in Year 3		
Domain Coverage	Text Types	
Vocabulary – Inference – Prediction – Explanation – Retrieval - Summarising		
National Curriculum for Year 3 Maintain positive attitudes to reading and understanding of what they read by: - develop positive attitudes to reading and understanding of what they read by identifying how language, structure, and presentation contribute to meaning - listening to and discussing a wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books or textbooks - reading books that are structured in different ways and reading for a range of purposes - using dictionaries to check the meaning of words that they have read - increasing their familiarity with a wide range of books, including fairy stories, myths and legends, and retelling some of these orally - identifying themes and conventions in a wide range of books preparing poems and play scripts to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone, volume and action - discussing words and phrases that capture the reader's interest and imagination - recognising some different forms of poetry [for example, free verse, narrative poetry] - understand what they read, in books they can read independently, by checking that the text makes sense to them, discussing their understanding and V1: - explaining the meaning of words in context - drawing inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence predicting what might happen from det		
- participate in discussion about both books that are read to them and those they co	an read for themselves, taking turns and listening to what others say	
Word R	eading	
 Pupils should be taught to: apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes (etymology and morphology) as listed in English Appendix 1, both to read aloud and to understand the meaning of new words they meet read further exception words, noting the unusual correspondences between spelling and sound, and where these occur in the word 		
Vocabulary Key Skills	Example stem questions	
 use dictionaries to check the meaning of words that they have read discuss words that capture the readers interest or imagination identify how language choices help build meaning find the meaning of new words using substitution within a sentence. 	 What does this word/phrase/sentence tell you about the character/setting/mood? Can you find this word in the dictionary? By writing in this way, what effect has the author created? What other words/phrases could the author have used here? How has the author made you feel by writing? Which word tells you that? Find and highlight the word that is closest in meaning to? 	
Inference Key Skills	Example stem questions	
 children can infer characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their stated actions. justify inferences by referencing a specific point in the text. ask and answer questions appropriately, including some simple inference questions based on characters' feelings, thoughts and motives. make inferences about actions or events 	 What do you think means? Why do you think that? Why do you think? How do you think? Can you explain why? What do these words mean and why do you think that the author chose them? 	

Prediction Key Skills	 Find and copy a group of words which show? How does the description of show that they are? Who is telling the story? Why has the character done this at this time? Example stem questions
• justify predictions using evidence from the text.	Can you think of another story with a similar theme?
 use relevant prior knowledge to make predictions and justify them. 	Which stories have openings like this?
• use details from the text to form further predictions.	• Do you think that this story will develop the same way?
	• Why did the author choose this setting? Will that influence the story?
	• What happened before this and what do you think will happen after?
	• Do you think the setting will have an impact on plot moving forward?
Explanation Key Skills	Example stem questions
• discussing the features of a wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and	What is similar/different about two characters?
reference books	• Explain why did that.
• identifying how language, structure, and presentation contribute to meaning of	 Describe different characters' reactions to the same event.
both fiction and non-fiction texts	• Is this as good as?
recognise authorial choices and the purpose of these	• Which is better and why?
	• Why do you think they chose to order the text in this way?
	• What is the purpose of this text and who do you think it was written for?
	What is the author's viewpoint? How do you know?
Retrieval Key Skills	How are these two sections in the text linked? Example stem questions
use contents page and subheadings to locate information	Example stem questions Who are the characters in this text?
learn the skill of 'skim and scan' to retrieve details.	When / where is this story set? How do you know?
 begin to use quotations from the text. 	Which part of the story best describes the setting?
retrieve and record information from a fiction text.	What do you think is happening here?
retrieve information from a non-fiction text	• What might this mean?
	How might I find the information quickly?
	• What can I use to help me navigate this book?
	• How would you describe the story?
	Whose perspective is the story told from?
Summarising Key Skills	Example stem questions
• identifying main ideas drawn from a key paragraph or page and summarising these	What is the main point in this paragraph?
• begin to distinguish between the important and less important information in a text.	• Sum up what has happened so far in X words or less.
• give a brief verbal summary of a story.	Which is the most important point in these paragraphs?
• teachers begin to model how to record summary writing.	• Do any sections/paragraphs deal with the same themes?
identify themes from a wide range of books	• Have you noticed any similarities between this text and any others you have read?
 make simple notes from one source of writing 	What do I need to jot down to remember what I have read?

	Progression of Reading Skills in Year 4	
Domain Coverage	Text Types	
/ocabulary – Inference – Prediction – Explanation – Retrieval - Summarising		
National Cu	riculum for Year 4	
Maintain positive attitudes to reading and understanding of what they read by:		
 intonation, tone, volume and action discussing words and phrases that capture the reader's interest and imagina recognising some different forms of poetry [for example, free verse, narrative understand what they read, in books they can read independently, by check asking questions to improve their understanding of a text 	y, plays, non-fiction and reference books or textbooks of ave myths and legends, and retelling some of these orally ems and play scripts to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding through ation	
 participate in discussion about both books that are read to them and those 	they can read for themselves, taking turns and listening to what others say	
	d Reading	
Pupils should be taught to:		
	gy and morphology) as listed in English Appendix 1 , both to read aloud and to underston n spelling and sound, and where these occur in the word	
 apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes (etymology the meaning of new words they meet read further exception words, noting the unusual correspondences between Vocabulary Key Skills 	n spelling and sound, and where these occur in the word Example stem questions	
 apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes (etymology the meaning of new words they meet 	n spelling and sound, and where these occur in the word	
 apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes (etymologithe meaning of new words they meet read further exception words, noting the unusual correspondences between vocabulary Key Skills using dictionaries to check the meaning of words that they have read use a thesaurus to find synonyms discuss why words have been chosen and the effect these have on the reader explain how words can capture the interest of the reader discuss new and unusual vocabulary and clarify the meaning of these find the meaning of new words using the context of the sentence. 	 n spelling and sound, and where these occur in the word Example stem questions Can you find the meaning or a word with a similar meaning in a dictionary or thesaurus? What does this word/phrase/sentence tell you about the character/setting/mood? By writing, what effect has the author created? Do you think they intended to? What other words/phrases could the author have used here? Why? How has the author? 	
 apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes (etymologic the meaning of new words they meet read further exception words, noting the unusual correspondences between Vocabulary Key Skills using dictionaries to check the meaning of words that they have read use a thesaurus to find synonyms discuss why words have been chosen and the effect these have on the reader explain how words can capture the interest of the reader discuss new and unusual vocabulary and clarify the meaning of these 	 n spelling and sound, and where these occur in the word Example stem questions Can you find the meaning or a word with a similar meaning in a dictionary or thesaurus? What does this word/phrase/sentence tell you about the character/setting/mood? By writing, what effect has the author created? Do you think they intended to? What other words/phrases could the author have used here? Why? How has the author? Which word is closest in meaning to? 	

• use more than one piece of evidence to justify their answer	• Can you explain why based on two different pieces of evidence?
	• What do these words mean and why do you think that the author chose them?
	 Find and copy a group of words which show that
	 What impression ofdo you get from this paragraph?
Prediction Key Skills	Example stem questions
 justify predictions using evidence from the text. 	• Can you think of another text with a similar theme? How do their plots differ?
 use relevant prior knowledge as well as details from the text to form predictions and to justify them. 	 Which stories have openings like this? Do you think that this story will develop the same way?
 monitor these predictions and compare them with the text as they read on 	 Why did the author choose this setting? Will that influence the story?
	 What does this paragraph suggest what will happen next?
	• Do you think will happen? Explain your answers with evidence from the text.
Explanation Key Skills	Example stem questions
 discussing words and phrases that capture the reader's interest and 	What is similar/different about two characters? Did the author intend that?
imagination	• Explain why did that.
• identifying how language, structure, and presentation contribute to meaning	• Describe different characters' reactions to the same event.
 recognise authorial choices and the purpose of these 	• Is this as good as?
	• Which is better and why?
	 What can you tell me about how this text is organised?
	 Why is the text arranged in this way?
	 What is the purpose of this text and who is the audience?
	 How does the author engage the reader here?
	Which section was the most? Why?
Retrieval Key Skills	Example stem questions
 confidently skim and scan texts to record details, 	• Find the in this text. Is it anywhere else?
 using relevant quotes to support their answers to questions. 	 When/where is this story set? How do you know?
 retrieve and record information from a fiction or non-fiction text. 	• Find the part of the story that best describes the setting.
	 What do you think is happening here? Why?
	• What might this mean?
	Whose perspective is the story told by and how do you know?
	 How can you use the subheading to help you here?
Summarising Key Skills	Example stem questions
 use skills developed in year 3 in order to write a brief summary of main 	What is the main point in this paragraph? Is it mentioned anywhere else?
points, identifying and using important information.	• Sum up what has happened so far in X words/seconds or less.
 identifying main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph. 	Which is the most important point in these paragraphs? Why?
 identify themes from a wide range of books 	 Do any sections/paragraphs deal with the same themes?
 summarise whole paragraphs, chapters or texts 	 How might I record this to ensure the best possible outcome?
 highlight key information and record it in bullet points, diagrams, maps etc 	

Progression of Reading Skills in Year 5		
Domain Coverage	Text Types	
Vocabulary – Inference – Prediction – Explanation – Retrieval - Summarising		
National Cur	iculum for Year 5	
 from other cultures and traditions recommending books that they have read- identifying and discussing themes and conventions in and across a wide ran of writing S2: learning a wider range of poetry by heart making comparisons within and across books preparing poems and plays to read aloud and to perform, showing understo clear to an audience V1: understand what they read by: checking that the exploring the meaning of words in context asking questions to improve their understanding 	ting for a range of purposes nots and traditional stories, modern fiction, fiction from our literary heritage, and books It to their peers, giving reasons for their choices ge anding through intonation, tone and volume so that the meaning is book makes sense to them, discussing their understanding and ves from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence predicting what might ing key details that support htribute to meaning	
- participate in discussions about books that are read to them and those they		
Word Reading Pupils should be taught to: Apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes (morphology and etymology) as listed in <u>English Appendix 1</u> , both to read aloud and to understand the meaning of new words that they meet		
Vocabulary Key Skills	Example stem questions	
 explore the meaning of words in context, confidently using a dictionary discuss how the author's choice of language impacts the reader evaluate the authors use of language investigate alternative word choices that could be made begin to look at the use of figurative language use a thesaurus to find synonyms for a larger variety of words re-write passages using alternative word choices read around the word' and *explore its meaning in the broader context of a section or paragraph. 	 Can you quickly findin the dictionary and thesaurus? What does this word/phrase/sentence tell you about the character/setting/mood? By writing, what effect has the author created? Do you think they intended to? What other words/phrases could the author have used here? Why? How has the author made you/this character feel by writing? Why? Find and highlight the word which is closest in meaning to Find a word which demonstrates Can you rewrite this in the style of the author using your own words? How have simile and metaphor been used here to enhance the text? 	
Inference Key Skills	Example stem questions	
 drawing inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence. make inferences about actions, feelings, events or states 	 What do you think means? Why do you think that? Could it be anything else? I think ; do you agree? Why/why not? Why do you think the author? decided to? 	

 use figurative language to infer meaning give one or two pieces of evidence to support the point they are making. begin to draw evidence from more than one place across a text. 	 Can you explain why?? Can you give me evidence from somewhere else in the text? What do these words mean and why do you think that the author chose them? How does the author make you feel? What impression do you get from these paragraphs?
Prediction Key Skills	Example stem questions
 predicting what might happen from details stated and implied support predictions with relevant evidence from the text. confirm and modify predictions as they read on. 	 Can you think of another story with a similar theme? How do their plots differ? Which stories have openings like this? Do you think that this story will develop the same way? Why did the author choose this setting? Will that influence the story?
Explanation Key Skills	Example stem questions
 provide increasingly reasoned justification for my views recommend books for peers in detail give reasons for authorial choices begin to challenge points of view begin to distinguish between fact and opinion identifying how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning discuss and evaluate how authors use language, including figurative language, considering the impact on the reader explain and discuss their understanding of what they have read, including through formal presentations and debates. 	 What is similar/different about two characters? Did the author intend that? Explain why did that. Describe different characters' reactions to the same event. Does this story have a moral? Which is better and why? How is the text organised and what impact does this have on you as a reader? Why has the text been written this way? How can you tell whether it is fact and opinion? How is this text similar to the writing we have been doing? How does the author engage the audience?
Retrieval Key Skills	Example stem questions
 confidently skim and scan, and also use the skill of reading before and after to retrieve information. use evidence from across larger sections of text read a broader range of texts including myths, legends, stories from other cultures, modern fiction and archaic texts. retrieve, record and present information from non-fiction texts. ask my own questions and follow a line of enquiry. 	 Find the in this text. Is it anywhere else? When/where is this story set? Find evidence in the text. Find the part of the story that best describes the setting. What do you think is happening here? Why? Who is telling this story? Can you skim/scan quickly to find the answer?
Summarising Key Skills	Example stem questions
 summarising the main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph, page, chapter or the entire text identifying key details to support the main ideas. make connections between information across the text and include this is an answer. discuss the themes or conventions from a chapter or text identify themes across a wide range of writing 	 What is the main point in this paragraph? Is it mentioned anywhere else? Sum up what has happened so far in words/seconds or less. Which is the most important point in these paragraphs? Why? Do any sections/paragraphs deal with the same themes? Can you find a text with a similar theme?

Progression of Reading Skills in Year 6	
Domain Coverage	Text Types
Vocabulary – Inference – Prediction – Explanation – Retrieval - Summarising	
National Curriculum for Year 6	
Maintain positive attitudes to reading and understanding of what they read by: continuing to read and discuss an increasingly wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books or textbooks reading books that are structured in different ways and reading for a range of purposes increasing their familiarity with a wide range of books, including myths, legends and traditional stories, modern fiction, fiction from our literary heritage, and books from other cultures and traditions recommending books that they have read to their peers, giving reasons for their choices identifying and discussing themes and conventions in and across a wide range of writing learning a wider range of poetry by heart making comparisons within and across books preparing poems and plays to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone and volume so that the meaning is clear to an audience understand what they read by: checking that the book makes sense to them, discussing their understanding and exploring the mea ning of words in context asking questions to improve their understanding drawing inferences such as infering characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence predicting what might happen from details started and implied summarising the main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph, identifying key details that supp ort the main ideas identifying how language, structure and presentifion contribute to meaning discuss and evaluate how authors use language, including figurative language, considering the impact on the reader participate in discussions about books that are rea	
meaning of new words that they meet	
Vocabulary Key Skills	Example stem questions
 evaluate how the authors' use of language impacts upon the reader find examples of figurative language and how this impacts the reader and contributes to meaning or mood. discuss how presentation and structure contribute to meaning. explore the meaning of words in context by 'reading around the word' and independently explore its meaning in the broader context of a section or paragraph. 	 What does this word/phrase/sentence tell you about the character/setting/mood? By writing, what effect has the author created? Do you think they intended to? Can you find examples of simile, metaphor, hyperbole or personification in the text? Why has the text been organised in this way? Would you have done it differently? What other words/phrases could the author have used here? Why? How has the author made you/this character feel by writing? Why?
Inference Key Skills	Example stem questions
 drawing inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence. discuss how characters change and develop through texts by drawing inferences based on indirect clues. make inferences about events, feelings, states backing these up with evidence. 	 What do you think means? Why do you think that? Could it be anything else? I think; do you agree? Why/why not? Why do you think the author decided to? Can you explain why?

• infer characters' feelings, thoughts and motives, giving more than one piece of evidence to support each point made. They can draw evidence from different places across the text	 What do these words mean and why do you think that the author chose them? How do other people's descriptions ofshow that? Where else in the text can we find the answer to this question?
Prediction Key Skills	Example stem questions
 predicting what might happen from details stated and implied support predictions by using relevant evidence from the text confirm and modify predictions in light of new information. 	 Can you think of another story with a similar theme? How do their plots differ? Which stories have openings like this? Do you think that this story will develop the same way? Why did the author choose this setting? Will that influence the story?
Explanation Key Skills	Example stem questions
 provide increasingly reasoned justification for my views recommend books for peers in detail give reasons for authorial choices begin to challenge points of view begin to distinguish between fact and opinion identifying how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning discuss and evaluate how authors use language, including figurative language, considering the impact on the reader explain and discuss their understanding of what they have read, including through formal presentations and debates. 	 What is similar/different about two characters? Did the author intend that? Explain why did that. Describe different characters' reactions to the same event. Does this story have a moral? Which is better and why? Can you identify where the author has shown bias towards a particular character? Is it fact or is it opinion? How do you know? How does the author make you feel at this point in the story? Why did they do that?
• distinguish between fact, opinion and bias explaining how they know this.	• Can you explain it in a different way?
Retrieval Key Skills	Example stem questions
 Children confidently skim and scan, and also use the skill of reading before and after to retrieve information. *They use evidence from across whole chapters or texts Read a broader range of texts including myths, legends, stories from other cultures, modern fiction, plays, poetry and archaic texts. Retrieve, record and present information from a wide variety of non-fiction texts. Ask my own questions and follow a line of enquiry. 	 Find the in this text. Is it anywhere else? Can you skim the next and find me the answer to? When/where is this story set? Find evidence in the text. Find the part of the story that best describes the setting. What do you think is happening here? Why? Who is telling this story? What genre is? Can you look at these other texts and find me what is similar and what is different?
Summarising Key Skills	Example stem questions
 summarise information from across a text and link information by analysing and evaluating ideas between sections of the text. summarising the main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph, identifying key details to support the main ideas make comparisons across different books. summarise entire texts, in addition to chapters or paragraphs, using a limited 	 What is the main point of the text? Can you look in this paragraph? What does the author mean? Is it mentioned anywhere else? Sum up what has happened so far in words/seconds or less. Can you read the text and summarise what has happened? Which is the most important point in these paragraphs? Why?
amount of words or paragraphs.	 Do any sections/paragraphs deal with the same themes?