

## INTENT, IMPACT & IMPLEMENTATION OF MFL AT MOOR PARK PRIMARY SCHOOL

## Intent

At Moor Park the aim is to instil a love of language learning and an awareness of other cultures. We want pupils to develop the confidence to communicate in French for practical purposes, using both written and spoken French.

Through our scheme of work, we aim to give pupils a foundation for language learning that encourages and enables them to apply their skills to learning further languages, developing a strong understanding of the English language, facilitating future study and opening opportunities to study and work in other countries in the future.

The French scheme of work supports pupils to meet the National curriculum end of Key stage 2 attainment targets (there are no Key stage 1 attainment targets for Languages).

## Implementation

At Moor Park we have been using the Kapow curriculum since September 2022. We are gradually working our way through the units, but we are prioritising learning over coverage.

The French scheme of work is designed with three knowledge strands that run throughout our units with knowledge building cumulatively. These are:

- Phonics
- Vocabulary
- Grammar

This knowledge can then be applied within our skills strands, which also run throughout each unit in the scheme:

- Language comprehension (Listening and reading)
- Language production (Speaking and writing)

When we include intercultural understanding, this translate to 5 threshold concepts

- 1. Speaking and pronunciation
- 2. Listening
- 3. Reading and writing
- 4. Grammar
- 5. Intercultural understanding

Our National curriculum coverage shows which of our units cover each of the National curriculum attainment targets as well as each of the strands.

Our Progression of skills and knowledge shows the skills and knowledge that are taught within each year group and how these skills develop to ensure that attainment targets are securely met by the end of Key Stage 2.

Through the French scheme, pupils are given opportunities to communicate for practical purposes around familiar subjects and routines. The scheme provides balanced opportunities for communication in both spoken and written French, although in Year 3 the focus is on developing oral skills, before incorporating written French in Year 4 and beyond.

The scheme is a spiral curriculum, with key skills and vocabulary revisited repeatedly with increasing complexity, allowing pupils to revise and build on their previous learning. Cross-curricular links are included throughout our French units, allowing children to make connections and apply their language skills to other areas of their learning.

Lessons incorporate a range of teaching strategies from independent tasks, paired and group work including role-play, language games and language detective work.

Our scheme of work focuses on developing what we term 'language detective skills' and developing an understanding of French grammar, and key vocabulary rather than on committing to memory vast amounts of French vocabulary. Pronunciation is emphasised early on using our Mouth mechanics videos to support pupils with phoneme pronunciation in French.

Differentiated guidance is available for every lesson to ensure that lessons can be accessed and enjoyed by all. In order to help pupils, retain their French learning, we provide information about how to incorporate French into the classroom environment every day in our 'During the week' sections.

Strong subject knowledge is vital for staff to be able to deliver a highly effective languages curriculum. Each unit of lessons includes multiple teacher videos to develop subject knowledge and support ongoing CPD. This has been created with the understanding that many teachers do not feel confident delivering the full languages curriculum and every effort has been made to ensure that they feel supported to deliver lessons of a high standard that ensure pupil progression.

Lessons include a section entitled, 'Teacher knowledge - language points' to explain key grammar and other details to the teacher before the lesson, together with a Key vocabulary and pronunciation presentation with sound files to demonstrate the correct pronunciation. Many of the other presentations included in the lessons also include sound files, supporting teachers who are less confident with their own pronunciation to deliver the lesson and support the children's learning.

Mfl should be taught throughout Key stage 2 on a weekly basis – for between 45 mins and 1 hour. A collection of bilingual books has been started, with the intention of building it up annually. A weekly French club is available to Year 4,5 &6 pupils, which focuses on fun French activities – conversations, games, singing and intercultural understanding.

An annual European Day of Language takes place in September to enable children to build tolerance and respect of other languages and cultures in addition to French.

The impact of the scheme can be monitored continuously through both formative and summative assessment. Each lesson includes guidance to support teachers in assessing pupils against the learning objectives. An assessment spreadsheet is also available to record children's progress in each lesson to enable you to build a picture of their learning through each unit.

## **Impact**

After the implementation of French at Moor Park pupils should leave school equipped with a range of language-learning skills to enable them to study French, or any other language, with confidence at Key Stage 3.

The expected impact of following the French scheme of work is that children will:

- → Be able to engage in purposeful dialogue in practical situations (e.g., ordering in a cafe, following directions) and express an opinion.
- → Make increasingly accurate attempts to read unfamiliar words, phrases, and short texts.
- → Speak and read aloud with confidence and accuracy in pronunciation.
- → Demonstrate understanding of spoken language by listening and responding appropriately.
- → Use a bilingual dictionary to support their language learning.
- → Be able to identify word classes in a sentence and apply grammatical rules they have learnt.
- → Have developed an awareness of cognates and near-cognates and be able to use them to tackle unfamiliar words in French, English, and other languages.
- → Be able to construct short texts on familiar topics.

→ Meet the end of Key Stage 2 stage expectations outlined in the National curriculum for Languages.