# Introducing the Sparkyard Music Curriculum...

Singing and music are an essential part of any primary curriculum, and it is within the capability of *every* teacher in *every* school to deliver great music lessons.

The Sparkyard Music Curriculum provides teachers with a clear sequence of musical activities to use in the primary classroom. With fabulous Out of the Ark songs at its heart, it uses a skills-based approach where key musical concepts and themes are developed and revisited across the year groups, building on knowledge and understanding at every stage.

Each term is organized into progressive steps and within each step you will find a selection of fun, inspiring lessons to choose from. You don't have to complete every lesson in every step: simply choose the ones that suit you. Our helpful curriculum overviews will provide you with a summary of the key learning in each term, allowing you to start planning a sequence of exciting lessons for your class straight away. Our music curriculum covers the statutory National Curriculum for England and satisfies a wealth of suggestions made in the Model Music Curriculum.

We've worked hard to create a curriculum that offers flexibility and choice. You know your classes better than we do, so whether you choose to follow the curriculum step by step, or use your own knowledge to adapt lessons, remember that the overriding goal should be to foster a lasting love of music and enjoyment in singing.

#### Sparkyard lesson plans include:

- · Simple, easy-to-follow steps
- Fabulous songs
- · Assessment suggestions
- Listening examples from a diverse range of genres, styles and musical periods
- · Demonstration videos and audio clips
- · Glossary and list of key vocabulary
- Coverage of the inter-related dimensions of music and National Curriculum requirements
- · Printable resources for download



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## YEAR 1, TERM 1 – CONTENT COVERAGE

| STEP  | ACTIVITY   | WHAT'S ACHIEVABLE   | CURRICULUM<br>SKILLS                                       | INTER-RELATED<br>DIMENSIONS<br>OF MUSIC | KS1 NATION CURRICUIREQUIREM | LUM | LISTEN/LOOK   | SONG CHOICES   |
|---|--|---|--|---|-----------------------------|-----|---|--|
| 1. Exploring pulse through songs and movement     | What Is<br>Pulse?<br>Ideal for 1-2<br>sessions         | ★ To respond to music in creative ways ★ To maintain a steady pulse   | Sing<br>Listen<br>Compose                                  | Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Tempo<br>Dynamics    |                             |     | Radetsky March<br>by Strauss I<br>'Colonel Hathi's<br>March' by Robert<br>and Richard Sherman<br>from The Jungle Book | Hello, Hello, Good Morning<br>Look What I Can Do!<br>Marching In The Snow<br>One, Two, Three Little<br>Acorns<br>Wake Up!  |
|   | Copy Me<br>Ideal for a<br>single session               | <ul> <li>★ To respond to music in creative ways</li> <li>★ To maintain a steady pulse</li> <li>★ To follow simple musical instructions</li> </ul>   | Sing<br>Listen<br>Notation<br>Compose                      | Pulse<br>Rhythm                         |                             |     |   |  |
|   | Music And<br>Movement<br>Ideal for a<br>single session | <ul> <li>★ To maintain a steady pulse through movement</li> <li>★ To identify the pulse in two contrasting pieces of music</li> <li>★ To discuss how music makes us move in different ways</li> </ul> | Listen   | Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Tempo<br>Dynamics    |                             |     | 'Mattachins' from<br>Capriol Suite by<br>Warlock<br>Rondo Alla Turca<br>by Mozart                                     |  |
| 2. Controlling pulse using voices and instruments | Move<br>Together<br>Ideal for a single<br>session      | <ul> <li>★ To perform movements to a steady pulse</li> <li>★ To recognize and respond to changes in tempo</li> </ul>  | Sing<br>Listen   | Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Tempo                |                             |     | Walking On The<br>Beat by Bobby<br>McFerrin   | Counting Get Going Hello, Hello, Good Morning Look What I Can Do! Marching In The Snow March To The Beat Turning The Skipping Rope We're Strong Ants             |
|   | Pass It On!<br>Ideal for a<br>single session           | <ul> <li>★ To maintain a steady pulse through movement</li> <li>★ To work together and develop ensemble skills</li> </ul>   | Listen   | Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Tempo                |                             |     |   | Building Bricks Hello, Hello, Good Morning Look What I Can Do! March To The Beat Marching In The Snow Our Big Band Turning The Skipping Rope We're Strong Ants   |
|   | Play To The<br>Pulse<br>Ideal for 1-2<br>sessions      | <ul> <li>★ To play a steady pulse using percussion instruments</li> <li>★ To create a musical accompaniment</li> <li>★ To interpret a simple graphic score</li> </ul>                                 | Play<br>Compose<br>Notation<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians | Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Structure            |                             |     | 'La Réjouissance'<br>from Music For<br>The Royal<br>Fireworks by<br>Handel  | Building Bricks/Our Big Band<br>Get Going<br>Hello, Hello, Good Morning<br>Look What I Can Do!<br>Marching in The Snow<br>March To The Beat<br>We're Strong Ants |

#### YEAR 1, TERM 1 – CONTENT COVERAGE (cont.)

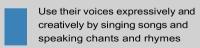
| STEP   | ACTIVITY   | WHAT'S ACHIEVABLE   | CURRICULUM<br>SKILLS                                       | INTER-RELATED<br>DIMENSIONS<br>OF MUSIC | CUF | RRICU | IONAI<br>JLUM<br>MENTS | LISTEN/LOOK  | SONG CHOICES                                |
|--|--|---|--|---|-----|-------|------------------------|--|---|
| (2.)   | Our Big<br>Band!<br>Ideal for 1-2<br>sessions          | <ul> <li>★ To play a steady pulse using untuned percussion instruments</li> <li>★ To explore and discuss the properties of instruments and their sounds (timbre)</li> </ul> | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians      | Dynamics<br>Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Timbre   |     |       |                        | In The Mood by<br>Glenn Miller<br>Hungarian Dance<br>No. 5 by Brahms | Our Big Band                                |
| 3. Exploring<br>the difference<br>between<br>pulse and<br>rhythm | Playing Like<br>Clockwork<br>Ideal for 1-2<br>sessions | <ul> <li>★ To play a steady pulse using percussion instruments</li> <li>★ To begin to recognize the difference between pulse and rhythm</li> </ul>                          | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians      | Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Timbre               |     |       |                        | "Clock' Symphony,<br>second movement<br>by Haydn                     | Big Ben<br>Big Round Clock<br>Sixty Seconds |
|  | March To<br>The Beat<br>Ideal for a single<br>session  | ★ To explore pulse and rhythm through movement  | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play                                     | Pulse<br>Rhythm                         |     |       |                        | Kathak Dance   | March To The Beat                           |
|  | Body Rhythm<br>Ideal for 2<br>sessions                 | ★ To identify the rhythm of words and explore the rhythm through movement   | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Improvise                        | Rhythm<br>Structure                     |     |       |                        | 'In The Hall of the<br>Mountain King'<br>from Peer Gynt<br>by Grieg  | Singing Syllables                           |
| 4. Copying and creating rhythmic patterns.                       | Clockwork<br>Rhythms<br>Ideal for 1-2<br>sessions      | <ul> <li>★ To perform a steady pulse using percussion instruments</li> <li>★ To copy simple rhythmic patterns</li> </ul>  | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians      | Rhythm<br>Timbre<br>Structure           |     |       |                        | The Evolution of<br>Call and Response                                | Big Ben                                     |
|  | Copy My<br>Pattern<br>Ideal for 2<br>sessions          | <ul> <li>★To copy rhythmic action patterns</li> <li>★To practise starting and stopping together</li> </ul>  | Sing<br>Listen<br>Improvise<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians | Rhythm<br>Structure                     |     |       |                        | Gumboot Dancing  | Christmas Conga<br>Hey, You in the Middle   |
|  | Long Or<br>Short?<br>Ideal for 2<br>sessions           | <ul> <li>★ To create musical patterns using longer and shorter sounds</li> <li>★ To represent sounds using simple graphic notation</li> </ul>                               | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Compose<br>Notation              | Rhythm<br>Timbre                        |     |       |                        |  | We're Detectives                            |

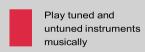
## YEAR 1, TERM 2 – CONTENT COVERAGE

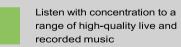
| STEP   | ACTIVITY   | WHAT'S ACHIEVABLE  | CURRICULUM<br>SKILLS                                     | INTER-RELATED<br>DIMENSIONS<br>OF MUSIC              | CUF | RRIC | TONAL<br>JLUM<br>MENTS | LISTEN/LOOK   | SONG CHOICES  |
|--|--|--|--|--|-----|------|------------------------|---|---|
| 1. Exploring<br>how sounds<br>can be<br>changed                  | Fast Or<br>Slow?<br>Ideal for a<br>single session      | ★ To recognize changes in tempo  | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play                                   | Tempo  |     |      |                        | Flight of the Bumblebee by<br>Rimsky-Korsakov<br>'The Swan' from Carnival of the<br>Animals by Saint-Saëns  | Clap Hands! Stamp Feet!<br>Counting<br>That's The Way We're<br>Put Together |
|  | Sound<br>Collectors<br>Ideal for 1-2<br>sessions       | <ul> <li>★ To investigate how sounds can be changed</li> <li>★ To recognize and describe musical changes</li> </ul>  | Sing<br>Play<br>Improvise<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians | Articulation<br>Dynamics<br>Tempo<br>Timbre<br>Pitch |     |      |                        | Étude Aux Chemins De Fer<br>by Schaeffer  | Sound Collectors<br>We're Detectives  |
|  | Ways To<br>Play<br>Ideal for a<br>single session       | <ul> <li>★ To create a variety of different vocal sounds (longer and shorter, louder and quieter, higher and lower)</li> <li>★ To investigate different ways of playing an instrument</li> </ul> | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play                                   | Articulation<br>Dynamics<br>Tempo<br>Timbre          |     |      |                        | Recycled Orchestra  | Spider Music<br>Blow, Tap, Pluck, Shake                                     |
| 2. Exploring the timbre of instruments and voices                | Musical<br>Characters<br>Ideal for a<br>single session | <ul><li>★ To explore vocal timbre</li><li>★ To perform songs with expression</li></ul>   | Sing<br>Listen<br>Notation<br>Improvise                  | Articulation<br>Dynamics<br>Timbre                   |     |      |                        | Artful Dodger from Oliver! by<br>Lionel Bart<br>Major-General from The Pirates of<br>Penzance by Gilbert and Sullivan<br>Rum Tum Tugger from Cats by<br>Andrew Lloyd Webber   | It's A New Year<br>Good Morning<br>Hello, Hello                             |
|  | Different<br>Voices<br>Ideal for a<br>single session   | ★ To explore vocal timbre  | Sing<br>Listen<br>Improvise                              | Articulation Dynamics Timbre                         |     |      |                        |   | I'll Sing This Song<br>Make A Face<br>Who Am I?                             |
|  | Unique<br>Timbre<br>Ideal for a<br>single session      | <ul><li>★ To explore vocal timbre</li><li>★ To explore instrumental timbre</li></ul>   | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play                                   | Dynamics<br>Timbre                                   |     |      |                        |   | I'm A Miracle<br>It's A New Year<br>Good Morning<br>Hello, Hello            |
|  | Sounds<br>From<br>Words<br>Ideal for 2<br>sessions     | <ul> <li>★ To create vocal and instrumental sound effects</li> <li>★ To choose, order and combine sounds</li> <li>★ To use musical vocabulary to describe sounds</li> </ul>                      | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Compose<br>Improvise           | Dynamics<br>Rhythm<br>Structure<br>Tempo<br>Timbre   |     |      |                        |   | Sounds  |
| 3. Sequencing<br>sounds to tell<br>stories and<br>create effects | Create A<br>Character<br>Ideal for a<br>single session | ★ To recognize how music communicate character   | Sing<br>Listen   | Dynamics<br>Pitch<br>Tempo<br>Timbre                 |     |      |                        | 'The Hut on Fowl's Legs' from Pictures At An Exhibition by Mussorgsky Flight of the Bumblebee by Rimsky-Korsakov 'Waltz of the Flowers' from The Nutcracker by Tchaikovsky 'He's A Pirate' from Pirates of the Caribbean by Klaus Badelt and Hans Zimmer 'Mars' from The Planets by Holst | I'm A Wicked Witch,<br>That's Me!<br>I Am A Giant                           |

#### YEAR 1, TERM 2 – CONTENT COVERAGE (cont.)

| STEP                                      | ACTIVITY   | WHAT'S ACHIEVABLE   | CURRICULUM<br>SKILLS                | INTER-RELATED<br>DIMENSIONS<br>OF MUSIC      | KS1 NAT<br>CURRICU<br>REQUIRE | JLUM | LISTEN/LOOK  | SONG CHOICES   |
|---|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------|------|--|--|
| (3.)                                      | Character<br>Motifs<br>Ideal for 1-2<br>sessions         | <ul> <li>★ To create simple sound and movement motifs</li> <li>★ To perform a sequence of motifs using instruments</li> </ul>   | Compose<br>Improvise<br>Listen      | Dynamics<br>Tempo<br>Timbre<br>Pitch         |                               |      |  | I Am A Giant<br>Fairytale Tea Party<br>Who Am I?   |
|   | The Mouse<br>And The<br>Giant<br>Ideal for 2<br>sessions | <ul> <li>★ To begin to control dynamics using voices and instruments</li> <li>★ To use music to tell a story</li> </ul>   | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play              | Dynamics<br>Pitch<br>Timbre                  |                               |      | William Tell Overture by Rossini   | The Mouse And<br>The Giant   |
| 4. Copying and creating rhythmic patterns | Inventing<br>Notation<br>Ideal for 1-2<br>sessions       | <ul> <li>★ To investigate different ways of playing an instrument</li> <li>★ To create a variety of contrasting sounds</li> <li>★ To create notation to represent sounds</li> </ul>                 | Sing<br>Play<br>Notation            | Articulation Dynamics Structure Tempo Timbre |                               |      | W W  | Spider Music   |
|   | Musical<br>Storyboards<br>Ideal for 1-2<br>sessions      | <ul> <li>★ To compose a sequence of sounds (beginning/middle/end)</li> <li>★ To interpret simple notation (e.g. pictorial storyboard)</li> <li>★ To follow simple performance directions</li> </ul> | Sing<br>Play<br>Notation<br>Compose | Dynamics Pitch Structure Tempo Timbre        |                               |      |  | The Seed Song<br>A Tiny Seed Was<br>Sleeping<br>Once Upon A Time<br>I Don't Want To Be A<br>Frog's Egg<br>Food Chain |
|   | A Spring<br>Score<br>Ideal for 2-3<br>sessions           | <ul> <li>★ To explore musical texture</li> <li>★ To play instruments while following a graphic score</li> </ul>   | Play<br>Notation                    | Tempo Texture Dynamics Timbre Structure      |                               |      | Symphony No. 1 'Spring' by<br>Schumann<br>On Hearing The First Cuckoo In<br>Spring<br>by Delius        | A Perfect Day In<br>Spring<br>A Tiny Seed Was<br>Sleeping<br>The Seed Song<br>Springtime                             |
|   | A Tiny Seed<br>Ideal for 2<br>sessions                   | To experiment with musical texture To follow simple notation To create a graphic score  | Sing<br>Play<br>Notation<br>Compose | Structure<br>Texture<br>Timbre               |                               |      | 'Waltz Of The Flowers' from<br>The Nutcracker by Tchaikovsky<br>'Flower Duet' from Lakmé<br>by Delibes | A Tiny Seed Was<br>Sleeping  |







# YEAR 1, TERM 3 – CONTENT COVERAGE

| STEP  | ACTIVITY   | WHAT'S ACHIEVABLE   | CURRICULUM<br>SKILLS                            | INTER-RELATED<br>DIMENSIONS<br>OF MUSIC      | CUR | RRICU | IONAL<br>JLUM<br>MENTS | LISTEN/LOOK   | SONG CHOICES   |
|---|--|---|---|--|-----|-------|------------------------|---|--|
| 1. Recognizing changes in pitch and copying simple pitch patterns | High Or Low?<br>Ideal for a<br>single session                            | <ul> <li>★ To use movement to respond to changes in pitch</li> <li>★ To use 'higher' or'lower' to describe sounds</li> </ul>  | Sing<br>Listen<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians   | Pitch<br>Rhythm<br>Timbre                    |     |       |                        | 'Characters With Long Ears' and 'The Elephant' from Carnival Of The Animals by Saint-Saëns 'The Dance Of The Sugar Plum Fairy' from The Nutcracker by Tchaikovsky | The Brrrass Band The Doodling Song The Marching Band   |
|   | Mystery Sounds<br>Ideal for 1-2<br>sessions                              | <ul> <li>★ To recognize high and low sounds in the environment</li> <li>★ To imitate high and low sounds using voices</li> <li>★ To compose song lyrics and simple vocal effects</li> </ul> | Sing<br>Listen<br>Compose                       | Pitch<br>Timbre                              |     |       |                        | 'The Lonely Goatherd' from<br>The Sound Of Music by<br>Rodgers and Hammerstein  | If You Were A Turkey<br>Sound Collectors   |
|   | Up To The Sky,<br>Down To The<br>Ground<br>Ideal for a<br>single session | <ul> <li>★ To identify high and low sounds</li> <li>★ To listen to and recall a sequence of high and low sounds</li> </ul>  | Listen<br>Play                                  | Pitch  |     |       |                        | 'The Dance Of The Sugar<br>Plum Fairy' from The<br>Nutcracker by Tchaikovsky,<br>played by GlassDuo   | Happy Sun High<br>We're Detectives   |
|   | Cuckoo Call<br>Ideal for 1-2<br>sessions                                 | <ul><li>★ To imitate changes in pitch</li><li>★ To improvise a two-note melody</li></ul>  | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Improvise<br>Notation | Pitch  |     |       | ı                      | 'The Cuckoo In The Heart Of The Woods' from Carnival Of The Animals by Saint-Saëns Organ Concerto in F Major by Handel  | Come With Me To The<br>Beach<br>Lying In The Daisies   |
|   | Climbing Up<br>And Down<br>Ideal for 2<br>sessions                       | <ul><li>★ To imitate changes in pitch</li><li>★ To identify melodies moving by step</li></ul>   | Sing<br>Listen                                  | Articulation Dynamics Pitch Structure Timbre |     |       |                        | Mishra Bhairavi Thumri<br>(Indian Classical)  | Climbing Up The Beanstalk<br>Pitter Patter Caterpillar<br>Rapunzel, LetYour Hair Down<br>Who's That Stealing My<br>Lettuces? |

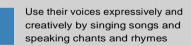
# YEAR 1, TERM 3 – CONTENT COVERAGE (cont.)

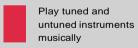
| STEP   | ACTIVITY   | WHAT'S ACHIEVABLE  | CURRICULUM<br>SKILLS  | INTER-RELATED<br>DIMENSIONS<br>OF MUSIC | KS1 NATIONAL<br>CURRICULUM<br>REQUIREMENTS | LISTEN/LOOK                                   | SONG CHOICES  |
|--|--|--|---|---|--|---|---|
| 2. Performing simple melodic patterns using voices and pitched instruments | Climbing The<br>Beanstalk<br>Ideal for a<br>single session | <ul><li>★ To play and sing melodies that move up and down by step</li><li>★ To play a simple melodic accompaniment</li></ul>   | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play  | Pitch<br>Structure                      |  |   | Climbing Up The Beanstalk<br>Little Red Riding Hood<br>Picnic   |
| instruments  | Sound Effects<br>Ideal for 1-2<br>sessions                 | <ul> <li>★ To create sound effects using voices and tuned percussion</li> <li>★ To identify examples of musical storytelling</li> <li>★ To perform songs to an audience</li> </ul>                                   | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play  | Dynamics Pitch Structure Tempo          |  | Cartoon music                                 | Climbing Up The Beanstalk Down Came That Mighty Beanstalk It Popped Right Out! Rapunzel, Let Your Hair Down Splosh! There Goes The Prince |
|  | Songs With<br>Percussion<br>Ideal for 2<br>sessions        | <ul> <li>★ To accompany a song using tuned and untuned percussion</li> <li>★ To identify musical patterns (e.g. high/low/high/low)</li> <li>★ To explore timbres produced by tuned percussion instruments</li> </ul> | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play  | Pitch<br>Timbre                         |  | Flight Of The Bumblebee by<br>Rimsky-Korsakov | Come With Me To The<br>Beach<br>Dandelion Clocks  |
| 3. Representing pitch  | Pipe Cleaners<br>Ideal for a<br>single session             | ★ To imitate changes in pitch ★ To use informal notation   | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Notation<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians | Pitch<br>Rhythm<br>Structure            |  | Rhapsody In Blue by Gershwin                  |   |
|  | Build A<br>Melody<br>Ideal for 1-2<br>sessions             | <ul> <li>★ To compose melodies using higher and lower notes</li> <li>★ To create graphic notation to represent a pattern of higher and lower notes</li> </ul>  | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Improvise<br>Compose<br>Notation        | Pitch<br>Structure                      |  |   | Come With Me To The<br>Beach<br>Dandelion Clocks<br>Happy Sun High<br>Just Sing!<br>Perfect Symmetry<br>Steam Train                       |

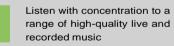
#### YEAR 1, TERM 3 – CONTENT COVERAGE (cont.)

| STEP                                      | ACTIVITY   | WHAT'S ACHIEVABLE  | CURRICULUM<br>SKILLS                          | INTER-RELATED<br>DIMENSIONS<br>OF MUSIC                    | KS1 NATIONAL<br>CURRICULUM<br>REQUIREMENTS |  | CURRICULUM |  |   |  | SONG CHOICES |
|---|--|--|---|--|--|--|------------|--|---|--|--------------|
| 4. Creating<br>music for a<br>performance | Perfect<br>Picnic<br>Ideal for 1-2<br>sessions   | <ul> <li>★ To prepare songs for performance</li> <li>★ To write new lyrics for well-known songs</li> <li>★ To follow simple musical scores</li> </ul>                  | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Compose<br>Notation | Dynamics<br>Pitch<br>Structure<br>Texture                  |  |  |            |  | Healthy Me<br>Lunch<br>Picnic   |  |              |
|   | Show Time<br>Ideal for 2<br>sessions             | <ul> <li>★ To prepare sonds for performance</li> <li>★ To follow simple performance</li> <li>directions</li> <li>★ To suggest ways to improve a performance</li> </ul> | Play<br>Sing                                  | Articulation Dynamics Pitch Pulse Rhythm Structure Texture |  |  |            |  | Your choice of songs from Year 1  |  |              |
|   | Musical<br>Sandwich<br>Ideal for 1-2<br>sessions | <ul> <li>★ To order sounds in a structure</li> <li>★ To compose simple melodies</li> <li>★ To perform simple rhythmic patterns based on spoken words</li> </ul>        | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Compose             | Pitch<br>Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Structure                      |  |  |            |  | Come With Me To The Beach<br>Don't Forget Your Sun Cream<br>Healthy Me<br>Lunch<br>Picnic<br>Sunglasses |  |              |









#### YEAR 2, TERM 1 – CONTENT COVERAGE

| STEP   | ACTIVITY   | WHAT'S ACHIEVABLE  | CURRICULUM<br>SKILLS                          | INTER-RELATED<br>DIMENSIONS<br>OF MUSIC     | KS1 N<br>CURR<br>REQUI | RICUL | LUM | LISTEN/LOOK   | SONG CHOICES  |
|--|--|--|---|---|------------------------|-------|-----|---|---|
| 1. Performing rhythms and movement to a steady | Exercise<br>Rhythms<br>Ideal for a<br>single session | <ul> <li>★ To maintain a steady pulse</li> <li>★ To copy pulse action sequences</li> <li>★ To compose call-and-echo movement sequences</li> </ul>  | Sing<br>Listen<br>Improvise                   | Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Structure<br>Tempo       |                        |       |     |   | Coordination Funk Get Going Look What I Can Do!   |
| pulse  | Musical<br>Instructions<br>Ideal for 1-2<br>sessions | <ul> <li>★ To perform movements to music</li> <li>★ To recognize and respond to musical instructions</li> <li>★ To recognize and begin to describe features of music (e.g. tempo, mood, timbre and pitch)</li> </ul> | Sing<br>Listen<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians | Pitch<br>Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Tempo<br>Timbre |                        |       |     | French National Anthem La Marseillaise All You Need Is Love by The Beatles Unsquare Dance by Dave Brubeck   | Bean Harvest<br>Harvest Hoedown   |
|  | Pass The<br>Ball!<br>Ideal for a<br>single session   | <ul> <li>★ To perform actions to a steady pulse</li> <li>★ To use movement to identify the first beat of the bar</li> <li>★ To develop ensemble skills</li> </ul>  | Listen<br>Play                                | Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Tempo                    |                        |       |     | Waltz No. 2 from Jazz<br>Suite. No. 2 by<br>Shostakovich<br>On The Beautiful Blue<br>Danube by Strauss II<br>The Liberty Bell March<br>by Sousa<br>'In the Hall Of The<br>Mountain King' from<br>Peer Gynt by Grieg | Beautiful Bird Coordination Funk Line Up, Line Up Lunch Make A Picture With Shapes Together Walking To School                     |
|  | Change!<br>Ideal for a<br>single session             | <ul> <li>★ To perform actions to a steady pulse</li> <li>★ To internalize pulse</li> <li>★ To develop ensemble skills</li> </ul>   | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play                        | Rhythm<br>Pulse                             |                        |       |     | 3   | Coordination Funk Line Up, Line Up Lunch This Day Together Walking To School  |
| 2. Copying and creating rhythmic patterns      | Foodie<br>Rhythms<br>Ideal for 1-2<br>sessions       | <ul> <li>★ To copy rhythm patterns</li> <li>★ To create rhythm patterns based on spoken words</li> <li>★ To play rhythms to a steady pulse</li> </ul>  | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Compose             | Pulse<br>Rhythm                             |                        |       |     |   | Healthy Me<br>The Harvest List<br>We Can Help<br>We've Got Tomatoes!  |
|  | Song Tennis<br>Ideal for a<br>single session         | <ul> <li>★ To internalize rhythm and melody ('thinking voice')</li> <li>★ To copy rhythmic and melodic patterns</li> <li>★ To follow a conductor</li> </ul>  | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play                        | Pitch<br>Pulse<br>Rhythm                    |                        |       |     |   | A Song You'll Love To Know! Careful How You Cross Counting It's Great When You Know The Alphabet! Perfect Symmetry The Number Bus |
|  | How Will<br>You Play?<br>Ideal for 1-2<br>sessions   | <ul> <li>★ To play rhythm patterns</li> <li>★ To begin to control dynamics when singing and playing instruments</li> <li>★ To explore the timbre of instruments</li> </ul>   | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play                        | Dynamics<br>Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Timbre       |                        |       |     | Symphony No. 4, fourth movement by Bruckner   | Bang, Tap, Stop!  |
|  | Time For A<br>Rest<br>Ideal for a<br>single session  | <ul> <li>★ To keep a steady pulse</li> <li>★ To listen to a rhythm and clap it back (call and response)</li> <li>★ To explore rests in music</li> </ul>  | Listen<br>Play                                | Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Structure                |                        |       |     |   | Coordination Funk I Can Play Medication Wake Up!  |

#### YEAR 2, TERM 1 – CONTENT COVERAGE (cont.)

| STEP                              | ACTIVITY   | WHAT'S ACHIEVABLE   | CURRICULUM<br>SKILLS                          | INTER-RELATED<br>DIMENSIONS<br>OF MUSIC               | KS1 NATI<br>CURRICU<br>REQUIRE | JLUM | LISTEN/LOOK                       | SONG CHOICES   |
|-----------------------------------|--|---|---|---|--------------------------------|------|-----------------------------------|--|
| (2.)                              | Have You<br>Heard Me?<br>Ideal for 2<br>sessions         | <ul> <li>★ To perform a rhythmic chant with a steady pulse</li> <li>★ To begin to recognize patterns of sound and silence</li> <li>★ To choose suitable sounds to accompany a poem</li> </ul> | Sing<br>Play<br>Compose                       | Articulation<br>Dynamics<br>Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Timbre |                                |      |                                   | Have You Heard Me?   |
| 3. Combining rhythmic patterns    | Body<br>Percussion<br>Ideal for a<br>single session      | <ul> <li>★ To recognize repeated rhythmic patterns</li> <li>★ To compose and perform a simple rhythmic ostinato</li> </ul>  | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Compose             | Pulse<br>Rhythm                                       |                                |      | Stomp - Live                      | Coordination Funk Medication Together We Are The Even Numbers  |
|                                   | We Can<br>Play!<br>Ideal for 1-2<br>sessions             | <ul> <li>★ To combine simple rhythm patterns</li> <li>★ To identify changes in musical texture</li> <li>★ To maintain a simple rhythmic part in a group</li> </ul>                            | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play                        | Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Tempo<br>Texture                   |                                |      |                                   | I Can Play   |
|                                   | Combining<br>Rhythms<br>Ideal for 2<br>sessions          | <ul> <li>★ To explore pulse and rhythm through movement</li> <li>★ To copy rhythm patterns</li> <li>★ To experiment with musical texture</li> <li>★ To perform a rhythmic ostinato</li> </ul> | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play                        | Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Texture                            |                                |      | Beardyman's Kitchen Diaries       | March To The Beat  |
| 4. Representing rhythmic patterns | Choose<br>Your Beat!<br>Ideal for a<br>single session    | <ul> <li>★ To internalize pulse</li> <li>★ To identify beats in a bar</li> <li>★ To compose simple beat patterns</li> <li>★ To follow a simple graphic score</li> </ul>                       | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play                        | Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Structure<br>Texture<br>Timbre     |                                |      |                                   | Coordination Funk London Bells Marching In The Snow Medication Put Your Coat On Together We Are The Even Numbers |
|                                   | Four-Beat<br>Patterns<br>Ideal for a<br>single session   | <ul> <li>★ To identify beats in a bar</li> <li>★ To compose four-beat sound patterns</li> <li>★ To create a simple graphic score</li> </ul>   | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Compose<br>Notation | Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Structure<br>Texture               |                                |      | We Are Family<br>by Sister Sledge | Coordination Funk London Bells Medication The Brussel Sprout Blues Wake Up! We Are The Even Numbers              |
|                                   | Meet<br>The Beat<br>Monsters!<br>Ideal for 2<br>sessions | <ul> <li>★ To identify patterns in music</li> <li>★ To copy rhythm patterns</li> <li>★ To identify rests in music</li> <li>★ To compose and play simple rhythm patterns</li> </ul>            | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Compose<br>Notation | Pulse<br>Rhythm                                       |                                |      |                                   | Black And White<br>Christmas<br>Dear Santa<br>Our Christmas Tree<br>The Mince Pie Song<br>Three Little Pigs      |



#### YEAR 2, TERM 2 – CONTENT COVERAGE

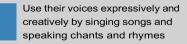
| STEP   | ACTIVITY   | WHAT'S ACHIEVABLE   | CURRICULUM<br>SKILLS                          | INTER-RELATED<br>DIMENSIONS<br>OF MUSIC           | CUF | RRIC | IONA<br>JLUM<br>MENT | LISTEN/LOOK   | SONG CHOICES   |
|--|--|---|---|---|-----|------|----------------------|---|--|
| 1. Recognizing<br>and exploring<br>musical mood  | How Do<br>You Feel?<br>Ideal for a<br>single session         | <ul> <li>★ To recognize how songs can communicate different moods</li> <li>★ To use movement to respond to the mood of music</li> </ul>   | Sing<br>Listen                                | Dynamics<br>Tempo                                 |     |      |                      | 'Air On The G String' from Orchestral Suite No. 3 by J. S. Bach Gymnopédie No. 3 by Satie Maple Leaf Rag by Scott Joplin 'Triumphal March' from Aida by Verdi 'Wedding March' from A Midsummer Night's Dream by Mendelssohn 'Jupiter' from The Planets by Holst | Clap Hands! Stamp<br>Feet!<br>Get Going<br>Let's Be Quiet<br>Make A Face<br>Keep On Smilling   |
|  | Musical<br>Moods<br>Ideal for a<br>single session            | <ul> <li>★ To recognize how music can communicate different moods</li> <li>★ To explore vocal timbre</li> <li>★ To choose appropriate vocabulary to describe music (e.g. fast, slow, spiky, smooth, loud, quiet, etc.)</li> </ul>                                   | Sing<br>Listen                                | Articulation<br>Dynamics<br>Tempo<br>Timbre       |     |      |                      |   | CountYour Blessings Good Morning Hello, Hello Hello, Hello, Good Morning I'll Sing This Song Keep On Smiling Let's Be Quiet                                      |
|  | Happy Or<br>Sad?<br>Ideal for 2<br>sessions                  | <ul> <li>★ To recognize and describe changes in musical mood</li> <li>★ To respond to changes in major and minor tonality</li> <li>★ To recognize musical contrasts, e.g. changes in tempo, dynamics, articulation, duration</li> </ul>                             | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play                        | Articulation Dynamics Pitch Tempo Timbre Tonality |     |      |                      | Eine Kleine Nachtmusik, K.525 by<br>Mozart<br>Symphony No. 5 by Beethoven   |  |
| 2. Choosing sounds to match a character, mood or | Peaceful<br>Percussion<br>Ideal for 1-2<br>sessions          | <ul> <li>★ To begin to control dynamics</li> <li>★ To select appropriate vocal<br/>and percussion sounds to<br/>match a theme</li> </ul>  | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Compose             | Dynamics<br>Pitch<br>Tempo<br>Timbre              |     |      |                      | 4'33" by John Cage  | Hush<br>Let's Be Quiet<br>Rapunzel's Song  |
| theme  | Calm And<br>Cross<br>Ideal for 1-2<br>sessions               | <ul> <li>★ To begin to learn about musical articulation and how it can be used expressively within music</li> <li>★ To compose and notate a piece of music with contrasting sections</li> <li>★ To vary tempo, dynamics and timbre to communicate a mood</li> </ul> | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Compose<br>Notation | Articulation Dynamics Structure Tempo Timbre      |     |      |                      |   | I'll Sing This Song I'm Cross! I'm A Wicked Witch, That's Me! I'm The Big, Bad Wolf Let's Be Quiet Rapunzel's Song Spider Music Who's That Stealing My Lettuces? |
|  | Musical<br>Doodle<br>Boards<br>Ideal for a<br>single session | <ul> <li>★ To use symbols to represent instrumental or vocal sounds</li> <li>★ To use musical vocabulary to describe sounds</li> <li>★ To follow a graphic score</li> </ul>   | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Notation<br>Compose | Articulation Dynamics Structure Timbre Tonality   |     |      |                      | 'Infernal Galop' from Orpheus<br>In The Underworld by Offenbach<br>Adagio from Clarinet Concerto in A<br>Major by Mozart<br>'Mars' from The Planets by Holst  | The Doodling Song  |

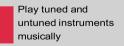
Fanfarra Cabua-Le-Le by Sergio Mendes

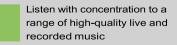
#### YEAR 2, TERM 2 – CONTENT COVERAGE (cont.)

| STEP  | ACTIVITY  | WHAT'S ACHIEVABLE  | CURRICULUM<br>SKILLS                          | INTER-RELATED<br>DIMENSIONS<br>OF MUSIC              | CUF | KS1 NATIONAL<br>CURRICULUM<br>REQUIREMENTS |  | l | LISTEN/LOOK  | SONG CHOICES  |
|---|---|--|---|--|-----|--|--|---|--|---|
| (2.)  | Scrape, Tap,<br>Blow, Shake<br>Ideal for 1-2<br>sessions  | <ul> <li>★ To use symbols to represent instrumental or vocal sounds</li> <li>★ To follow a conductor</li> </ul>  | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Notation<br>Compose | Articulation Dynamics Structure Tempo Timbre         |     |  |  |   | 'Spring' from The Four<br>Seasons by Vivaldi<br>Night On Bald Moun-<br>tain by Mussorgsky<br>'Air On The G String'<br>from Orchestral Suite<br>No. 3 by J. S. Bach | Colours Of The World<br>Sing Of A Rainbow<br>The Doodling Song  |
| 3. Sequencing<br>and combining<br>sounds to tell<br>stories and<br>create effects | Stormy<br>Weather<br>Ideal for 1-2<br>sessions            | <ul> <li>★ To identify and describe a sequence of sounds</li> <li>★ To identify and control dynamics</li> </ul>  | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Notation<br>Compose | Dynamics<br>Texture<br>Timbre                        |     |  |  |   | Easter Song by GLAD<br>'Storm Interlude' from<br>Peter Grimes by Britten   |   |
|   | Weather<br>Improvisation<br>Ideal for a<br>single session | <ul> <li>★ To select sounds to accompany a song</li> <li>★ To create and perform a sequence of weather sounds</li> <li>★ To improvise sounds within a structure</li> </ul>               | Sing<br>Play<br>Improvise<br>Compose          | Texture Tempo Dynamics Timbre Articulation Structure |     |  |  |   | Helios Overture<br>by Nielsen<br>Symphony No. 1<br>'Winter Daydreams'<br>by Tchaikovsky  | Can You See The Lightning? Hey Little April Shower Lazy Days Mister Wind Song For Every Season Wet, Wet, Wet! When It's A Sunny Day |
| 4. Creating and performing soundscapes  | Spring<br>Soundscapes<br>Ideal for 2<br>sessions          | <ul> <li>★ To recognize different instrumental timbres</li> <li>★ To improvise sounds on a given theme</li> <li>★ To experiment with and recognize changes in musical texture</li> </ul> | Sing<br>Play<br>Improvise                     | Structure<br>Texture<br>Timbre                       |     |  |  |   |  | Five Shiny Eggs<br>I'm A Little Chick<br>Spring Chicken   |
| 0'0   | Morning<br>Soundscapes<br>Ideal for 2<br>sessions         | <ul> <li>★ To begin to define and recognize a range of timbres and dynamics</li> <li>★ To create a musical story using appropriate timbres and dynamics on instruments</li> </ul>        | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Notation<br>Compose | Dynamics<br>Texture<br>Timbre                        |     |  |  |   | 'Morning Mood' from<br><i>Peter Gynt</i> by Grieg  | Get A Move On<br>Monday Morning<br>Morning Has Broken<br>It's Time To Wake Up<br>Wake Up!   |









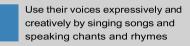
# YEAR 2, TERM 3 – CONTENT COVERAGE

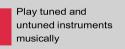
| STEP  | ACTIVITY  | WHAT'S ACHIEVABLE  | CURRICULUM<br>SKILLS   | INTER-RELATED<br>DIMENSIONS<br>OF MUSIC           | KS1 NATIC<br>CURRICUL<br>REQUIREMI | LUM | LISTEN/LOOK   | SONG CHOICES   |
|---|---|--|--|---|------------------------------------|-----|---|--|
| 1. Identifying<br>and describing<br>changes in<br>pitch | Pitch Doodles<br>Ideal for a<br>single session    | <ul> <li>★ To use movement to respond to changes in pitch</li> <li>★ To use 'higher' or 'lower' to describe sounds</li> </ul>  | Listen<br>Sing<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians                        | Pitch<br>Timbre                                   |                                    |     | The Waltzing Cat by Leroy Anderson Amazing Grace (Traditional) 'Chinese Dance' from The Nutcracker by Tchaikovsky | Sunflowers Growing<br>The Brrrass Band<br>The Marching Band                                  |
|   | Pitch Perfect<br>Ideal for a<br>single session    | <ul> <li>★ To recognize and describe changes in pitch</li> <li>★ To pitch-match simple phrases</li> <li>★ To explore vocal timbre</li> </ul>                                       | Sing<br>Listen   | Articulation<br>Dynamics<br>Pitch<br>Rhythm       |                                    | 7   |   | Good Morning   |
|   | High, Middle,<br>Low<br>Ideal for 1-2<br>sessions | <ul> <li>★ To identify high-, mid- and low-pitched sounds</li> <li>★ To listen to and recall a sequence of sounds</li> <li>★ To use graphic notation to represent pitch</li> </ul> | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Improvise<br>Compose<br>Notation           | Pitch<br>Structure                                |                                    |     |   | Happy Sun High<br>In 1666<br>We're Detectives  |
| 2. Copying pitch patterns                               | Up And Down<br>Ideal for 2<br>sessions            | <ul> <li>★ To identify changes in pitch</li> <li>★ To play ascending and descending melodies on tuned percussion</li> </ul>  | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Compose                                    | Pitch<br>Timbre                                   |                                    |     |   | Building Bricks<br>I Wish I Had A Robot<br>Old Toys, New Toys<br>Step It Up For Sport Relief |
|   | Copy My<br>Action<br>Ideal for 1-2<br>sessions    | ★To recognize and describe changes in pitch  | Listen<br>Play   | Pitch   |                                    |     | <i>'Do Re Mi'</i> from <i>The Sound Of Music</i> by Rodgers and Hammerstein                                       | Climbing Up The Beanstalk<br>Follow The Silver Trail   |
|   | Vocal Story<br>Maps<br>Ideal for 1-2<br>sessions  | <ul> <li>★ To imitate and describe changes in pitch</li> <li>★ To compose and notate a short composition using graphic notation</li> </ul>   | Sing<br>Listen<br>Compose<br>Notation<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians | Pitch<br>Rhythm<br>Structure<br>Texture<br>Timbre |                                    |     |   |  |
| 3. Creating and notating simple melodies                | Just Five<br>Notes<br>Ideal for 1-2<br>sessions   | <ul><li>★ To sing pentatonic songs</li><li>★ To begin to recognize pentatonic scales</li></ul>   | Sing<br>Listen<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians                        | Pitch<br>Pulse<br>Rhythm                          |                                    |     | The Girl With The Flaxen<br>Hair by Debussy   | Just Five Notes<br>Try and Try Again<br>What Goes In, Must<br>Come Out                       |

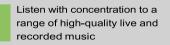
## YEAR 2, TERM 3 – CONTENT COVERAGE (cont.)

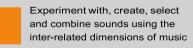
| STEP  | ACTIVITY   | WHAT'S ACHIEVABLE   | CURRICULUM<br>SKILLS   | INTER-RELATED<br>DIMENSIONS<br>OF MUSIC       | KS1 NAT<br>CURRIC<br>REQUIRE | ULUM | LISTEN/LOOK   | SONG CHOICES  |
|---|--|---|--|---|------------------------------|------|---|---|
| (3.)  | Pentatonic<br>Play<br>Ideal for 1-2<br>sessions  | ★ To compose simple pentatonic melodies   | Sing<br>Listen<br>Improvise<br>Notation                          | Pitch<br>Structure                            |                              |      | The Power Of The<br>Pentatonic Scale by<br>Bobby McFerrin | Just Five Notes Try and Try Again What Goes In, Must Come Out                                       |
|   | Step Or<br>Leap?<br>Ideal for 1-2<br>sessions    | <ul> <li>★ To play and sing melodies that move up and down by step</li> <li>★ To recognize melodies that move by step or leap</li> <li>★ To use graphic notation to represent a melody</li> </ul> | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Compose<br>Notation                    | Pitch<br>Structure                            |                              |      | W.W.  | Joey<br>Pitter Patter Caterpillar   |
| 4. Performing simple musical accompaniments and preparing | Summer<br>Songs<br>Ideal for 1-2<br>sessions     | <ul> <li>★To play and sing melodies that<br/>move up and down by step</li> <li>★To play a simple melodic<br/>accompaniment</li> </ul>   | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Compose                                | Pitch<br>Structure                            |                              |      | Min Fill  | Did You Ever?<br>Lovely Summer's Day  |
| for performance   | Songs Of<br>The Sea<br>Ideal for 2<br>sessions   | <ul> <li>★ To perform songs with instrumental accompaniment</li> <li>★ To play a simple rhythmic and/or melodic ostinato</li> </ul>   | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Compose<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians | Pitch<br>Rhythm<br>Structure<br>Texture       |                              |      | Leave Her Johnny<br>(Traditional Sea Shanty)              | Hey, Mr Pirate!<br>Red Sails<br>Remember The Mary<br>Rose<br>Sail West, Señor!<br>The Deep Blue Sea |
|   | Meet The<br>Dragons<br>Ideal for 2-3<br>sessions | <ul> <li>★ To compare songs on a given theme</li> <li>★ To develop a short performance<br/>to share with others</li> </ul>  | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play   | Dynamics Pitch Structure Tempo Timbre         |                              |      | Guangling Melody<br>(Chinese Traditional)                 | Dragon Dance<br>My Dragon<br>We're Going Round The<br>World   |
|   | Show Time<br>Ideal for 2<br>sessions             | <ul> <li>★ To prepare songs for performance</li> <li>★ To perform simple instrumental accompaniments</li> <li>★ To suggest ways to improve a performance</li> </ul>                               | Sing<br>Play   | Articulation Dynamics Pitch Structure Texture |                              |      |   | Your choice of songs from Year 1  |











# YEAR 3, TERM 1 – CONTENT COVERAGE

| STEP   | ACTIVITY  | WHAT'S ACHIEVABLE  | CURRICULUM<br>SKILLS                                   | INTER-RELATED<br>DIMENSIONS<br>OF MUSIC  | CUI | RRI | ATIO<br>CUL<br>REME | UM | LISTEN/LOOK                                      | SONG CHOICES  |
|--|---|--|--|--|-----|-----|---------------------|----|--|---|
| 1. Feeling the pulse and copying rhythmic patterns | Stretch,<br>Stamp, Clap<br>Ideal for a<br>single session    | <ul> <li>★ To recognize and define the duration of different note values while maintaining a steady beat</li> <li>★ To maintain movement accurately in time to music</li> </ul>  | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Notation                     | Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Tempo                 |     |     |                     |    |  | Coordination Funk<br>Start The Day With<br>Exercise<br>The Vegetable Song<br>Well Done! |
|  | One Action<br>Behind<br>Ideal for a<br>single session       | <ul> <li>★ To perform rhythmic actions to a steady pulse</li> <li>★ To internalize pulse</li> <li>★ To develop ensemble skills</li> </ul>  | Listen<br>Play   | Pulse<br>Rhythm                          |     |     |                     |    |  | Coordination Funk The Vegetable Song This Day Walking To School Well Done!              |
|  | Find The Beat<br>Ideal for a<br>single session              | <ul> <li>★ To recognize and maintain a pulse in different time signatures</li> <li>★ To develop ensemble skills         To identify musical characteristics of the waltz     </li> </ul>   | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play                                 | Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Tempo                 |     |     |                     |    | On The Beautiful<br>Blue Danube<br>by Strauss II | Coordination Funk In My Trolley Song Of Blessing These Simple Things                    |
|  | How Does The<br>Rhythm Go?<br>Ideal for a<br>single session | ★ To perform body-percussion rhythms at various tempos   | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Compose                      | Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Tempo                 |     |     |                     |    | The Percussion<br>Show                           | A Song You'll Love<br>To Know!<br>Warm The Brain  |
|  | I Can Play<br>Ideal for<br>2 sessions                       | <ul> <li>★ To combine simple rhythm patterns</li> <li>★ To identify changes in musical texture</li> <li>★ To maintain a simple rhythmic part in a group</li> </ul>   | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Genre/Histo-<br>ry/Musicians | Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Texture<br>Tempo      |     |     |                     |    | Balinese<br>Gamelan                              | I Can Play  |
| 2. Exploring call and response                     | Copy Cups<br>Ideal for<br>1-2 sessions                      | <ul> <li>★ To identify the first beat of a bar in 4</li> <li>★ To copy and create simple call-and-response rhythm patterns</li> <li>★ To create a rhythmic</li> <li>★ accompaniment to a song</li> <li>To identify musical characteristics of disco music</li> </ul> | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play                                 | Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Structure<br>Tempo    |     |     |                     |    | Everybody<br>Dance by Chic                       | Coordination Funk<br>Medication<br>Monday Morning                                       |
| V  | Hear The Call<br>Ideal for<br>1-2 sessions                  | <ul> <li>★ To perform call-and-response songs</li> <li>★ To identify the call-and-response structure of a song</li> <li>★ To perform a part within an ensemble</li> </ul>  | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Notation                     | Dynamics<br>Pitch<br>Rhythm<br>Structure |     |     |                     |    | Shosholoza<br>(Traditional)                      | The Greeting The Road Building Song   |

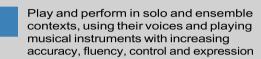
## YEAR 3, TERM 1 – CONTENT COVERAGE (cont.)

| STEP                                     | ACTIVITY   | WHAT'S ACHIEVABLE   | CURRICULUM<br>SKILLS   | INTER-RELATED<br>DIMENSIONS<br>OF MUSIC       | CUF | 2 NATION<br>IRRICULU<br>QUIREMEN |  | JLUM |  | LISTEN/LOOK  | SONG CHOICES   |
|--|--|---|--|---|-----|----------------------------------|--|------|--|--|--|
| (2.)                                     | Musical Jokes<br>Ideal for<br>1-2 sessions           | <ul> <li>★ To identify the call-and-response structure of a song</li> <li>★ To identify dynamics</li> <li>★ To compose and perform call-and-response phrases</li> <li>★ To identify the use of call and response in gospel music</li> </ul> | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Compose<br>Notation<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians | Dynamics<br>Rhythm<br>Structure               |     |                                  |  | I    |  |  | Can You?<br>I'm OK!<br>Knock, Knock!<br>Who's There?<br>Perfect Symmetry |
| 3. Performing a simple rhythmic ostinato | Ostinato Blues<br>Ideal for<br>1-2 sessions          | <ul> <li>★ To identify beats in a bar</li> <li>★ To compose and perform a rhythmic ostinato</li> <li>★ To listen to and compare versions of a song</li> </ul>   | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Compose<br>Notation<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians | Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Structure<br>Texture       |     |                                  |  | I    |  | Hound Dog by<br>Elvis Presley,<br>Eric Clapton<br>and Willie Mae<br>'Big Mama<br>Thorton'    | New Day Blues<br>The Brussel<br>Sprout Blues                             |
|  | Mystery<br>Number<br>Ideal for a<br>single session   | <ul> <li>★ To internalize pulse and rhythm</li> <li>★ To create rhythmic layers and perform these as a group</li> </ul>   | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play   | Pitch<br>Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Texture<br>Timbre |     |                                  |  |      |  | <i>'Hallelujah Chorus'</i> from <i>Messiah</i> by Handel                                     |  |
|  | Human<br>Drum Kit<br>Ideal for<br>2 sessions         | <ul> <li>★ To perform rhythmic patterns together accurately and in time</li> <li>★ To play polythythms on instruments as a group accurately and in time</li> <li>★ To recognize some features of 1950s' rock 'n' roll music</li> </ul>      | Play<br>Listen<br>Sing<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians                        | Rhythm<br>Texture<br>Timbre                   |     |                                  |  |      |  | Shake, Rattle<br>and Roll and<br>Rock Around<br>The Clock by<br>Bill Haley and<br>His Comets | Hey Diddle Diddle<br>Rock Around The<br>Shops<br>Teddy-Bear Rock         |
|  | It's Wicked<br>At Gran's!<br>Ideal for<br>2 sessions | <ul> <li>★ To carefully select sounds to accompany a poem</li> <li>★ To perform a poem with instrumental accompaniment</li> <li>★ To create and perform an ostinato accompaniment</li> </ul>  | Listen<br>Play<br>Compose  | Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Texture<br>Timbre          |     |                                  |  |      |  |  | It's Wicked At<br>Gran's!  |

#### YEAR 3, TERM 1 – CONTENT COVERAGE (cont.)

| STEP  | ACTIVITY  | VITY WHAT'S ACHIEVABLE   |   | INTER-RELATED<br>DIMENSIONS<br>OF MUSIC    | KS2 NATIONAL<br>CURRICULUM<br>REQUIREMENTS | LISTEN/LOOK                           | SONG CHOICES  |  |
|---|---|--|---|--|--|---------------------------------------|---|--|
| 4. Composing and notating rhythmic patterns | Cube Notation<br>Ideal for a<br>single session    | <ul> <li>★ To compose melodic patterns</li> <li>★ To create a simple graphic score</li> <li>To use informal notation</li> </ul>  | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Compose<br>Notation | Pitch<br>Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Structure      |  |                                       | Coordination Funk<br>Medication<br>The Greeting<br>The Road Building Song<br>Well Done!                     |  |
|   | Beat Monsters!<br>Ideal for<br>1-2 sessions       | <ul> <li>★</li> <li>★ To play rhythmic patterns</li> <li>★ To identify rests in music</li> <li>To compose rhythmic patterns</li> <li>To use informal notation</li> </ul> | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Compose<br>Notation | Pulse<br>Rhythm                            |  |                                       | Doctor Onomatopoeia<br>Make A Mummy<br>The Greeting<br>The Mince Pie Song<br>When Santa Comes               |  |
|   | Christmas<br>Improvisation<br>leal for 2 sessions | *To improvise by varying dynamics, timbre and tempo To interpret a graphic score   | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Improvise           | Dynamics<br>Rhythm<br>Structure<br>Texture |  | Improvisation<br>by Bobby<br>McFerrin | Down My Chimney  Christmas Has Started Christmas Stocking Grab A Plastic Reindeer Pull A Christmas Cracker! |  |
|   |   |  | Notation                                      | Tempo<br>Timbre                            |  |                                       |   |  |





Improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the inter-related dimensions of music

Listen with attention to detail and recall sounds

Use and understand staff/stave and other musical notations

Appreciate and understand a wide range of high-quality live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great composers and musicians

Develop an understanding of the history of music

## YEAR 3, TERM 2 – CONTENT COVERAGE

| STEP  | ACTIVITY   | WHAT'S ACHIEVABLE  | CURRICULUM<br>SKILLS                                      | INTER-RELATED<br>DIMENSIONS<br>OF MUSIC  | CUR | RRIC | TION/<br>ULUN<br>EMEN | 1 | LISTEN/LOOK   | SONG CHOICES  |
|---|--|--|---|--|-----|------|-----------------------|---|---|---|
| 1. Identifying<br>the inter-<br>related<br>dimensions<br>of music | Dynamic<br>Actions<br>Ideal for a<br>single session          | <ul> <li>★ To recognize differences in dynamic levels in music</li> <li>★ To define different dynamic levels using musical vocabulary</li> </ul>   | Sing<br>Listen  | Dynamics   |     |      |                       |   | Symphony No.5, first<br>movement by Beethoven<br>Piano Sonata No. 14<br>'Moonlight Sonata'<br>by Beethoven  | I'm Cross!<br>Music Italiano<br>Sing Anyway<br>The Mouse And<br>The Giant |
|   | Dynamic<br>Improvisation<br>Ideal for a<br>single session    | <ul> <li>★ To define different dynamic levels using musical vocabulary</li> <li>★ To improvise sound effects using body percussion, voices and instruments</li> <li>★ To control dynamics</li> </ul>   | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Improvise                       | Dynamics<br>Timbre   |     |      |                       |   |   | I'm Cross!<br>Music Italiano<br>Sing Anyway<br>The Mouse And<br>The Giant |
|   | Musical<br>Doodling<br>Ideal for a<br>single session         | <ul> <li>★ To use symbols to represent instrumental or vocal sounds</li> <li>★ To identify and describe the inter-related dimensions of music</li> </ul>   | Sing<br>Listen<br>Notation                                | Articulation Dynamics Notation Pitch Pulse Rhythm Structure Tempo Texture Timbre |     |      |                       |   | 'Winter' from The Four<br>Seasons by Vivaldi<br>Short Ride In A Fast<br>Machineby John Adams<br>Hungarian Dances<br>No. 5 and 6 by Brahms<br>Sabre Dance by<br>Khachaturian | The Doodling Song   |
| 2. Accompanying songs with suitable timbre and                    | We're Going<br>Round The<br>World<br>Ideal for<br>2 sessions | <ul> <li>★ To select suitable instruments to accompany a song</li> <li>★ To identify instruments according to a criterion (e.g. instrument families, country of origin)</li> </ul>   | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians     | Rhythm<br>Timbre   |     |      |                       |   | Asturias (Leyenda)<br>by Albeniz  | We're Going<br>Round The World  |
| expression  | Suitably<br>Samba!<br>Ideal for<br>2 sessions                | <ul> <li>★ To identify instruments used in samba music</li> <li>★ To select appropriate instruments according to their timbre</li> <li>★ To perform simple samba rhythms</li> </ul>  | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians     | Rhythm<br>Structure<br>Timbre  |     |      |                       |   | Batucada  | AiCarambaSamba<br>HarvestSamba  |
|   | Musical<br>Instructions<br>Ideal for<br>a single session     | <ul> <li>★ To recognize and define different dynamics and articulation in music</li> <li>★ To perform using different musical techniques</li> <li>★ To use notation for dynamics and articulation</li> </ul>   | Sing<br>Listen<br>Notation<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians | Articulation<br>Dynamics   |     |      |                       |   | 'Berceuse' from Dolly<br>Suite by Fauré<br>Pizzicato Polka by<br>Strauss II   | Silly Donkey!<br>Spider Music<br>The Body Song                            |
| 3. Creating sounds in response to a stimulus                      | Sound Actions<br>Ideal for a<br>single session               | <ul> <li>★ To begin to define and recognize different timbres of instruments</li> <li>★ To improvise sounds in response to a stimulus</li> <li>★ To play instruments with varied dynamics, articulation and tempo</li> <li>★ To use musical vocabulary to describe sounds</li> </ul> | Listen<br>Play<br>Improvise                               | Articulation<br>Dynamics<br>Timbre   |     |      |                       |   |   | Stretch And Grow<br>What A Flexible<br>Body!                              |

| Poetry In  | ★ To explore and select suitable sounds to      | Listen         | Articulation |  |  | The Hebrides Overture     | Poetry in Motion |
|------------|---|----------------|--------------|--|--|---------------------------|------------------|
| Motion     | communicate mood and atmosphere                 | Play           | Dynamics     |  |  | <i>'Fingal's Cave'</i> by | The Love Of God  |
| Ideal for  |   | Compose        | Structure    |  |  | Mendelssohn               | For Us           |
| 2 sessions | ★ To vary the inter-related dimensions of       | Genre/History/ | Tempo        |  |  | Nuages by Debussy         | These Simple     |
|            | music to achieve an intended effect             | Musicians      | Timbre       |  |  |                           | Things           |
|            | ★ To identify some features of a symphonic poem |                |              |  |  |                           |                  |

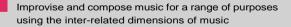
#### YEAR 3, TERM 2 – CONTENT COVERAGE (cont.)

| STEP  | ACTIVITY  | WHAT'S ACHIEVABLE  | CURRICULUM<br>SKILLS                                       | INTER-RELATED<br>DIMENSIONS<br>OF MUSIC              | CURF | NATION<br>RICULU<br>IREMEN | M | LISTEN/LOOK   | SONG CHOICES  |
|---|---|--|--|--|------|----------------------------|---|---|---|
| (3.)  | Musical<br>Phone Call<br>Ideal for<br>1-2 sessions    | <ul> <li>★ To improvise sounds within a structure</li> <li>★ To improvise sounds from a stimulus</li> <li>★ To vary the inter-related dimensions of music to achieve an intended effect</li> </ul>                           | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Improvise                        | Articulation Dynamics Structure Texture Timbre       |      |                            |   | Duetto buffo<br>di due gatti<br>'The Cat Duet'<br>attrib. Rossini   | All My Friends<br>Seeds Of Friendship<br>Special Friend                                   |
| 4. To compose music to communicate stories and settings | Musical<br>Stories<br>Ideal for<br>2 sessions         | <ul> <li>★ To recognize a range of timbres and dynamics</li> <li>★ To experiment with creating layers of musical sound</li> <li>★ To create a musical story using appropriate timbres and dynamics on instruments</li> </ul> | Sing<br>Play<br>Improvise                                  | Articulation Dynamics Structure Tempo Texture Timbre |      |                            |   |   | A Healthy Life<br>Dawn Chorus<br>In The Band<br>Pigs Oink-Oink<br>The World Around Me     |
|   | Journey Into<br>Space<br>Ideal for<br>2-3 sessions    | <ul> <li>★ To visualize a story from a piece of music</li> <li>★ To compose and perform a space sound-effect accompaniment</li> <li>★ To use graphic notation to represent sounds</li> </ul>                                 | Play<br>Improvise  | Articulation Dynamics Structure Tempo Texture Timbre |      |                            |   | 'Jupiter' from The<br>Planets by Holst<br>Deep Field by<br>Eric Whitacre<br>Three Million<br>Light Years From<br>Home by<br>John Williams | I'm Gonna Be An Astronaut<br>One Step On The Moon<br>Space Music                          |
|   | The Sound<br>Of The Wind<br>Ideal for<br>1-2 sessions | <ul> <li>★ To recognize different instrumental timbres and their effects</li> <li>★ To combine several layers of sound and describe the effect</li> <li>★ To create and follow a graphic score</li> </ul>                    | Play<br>Compose<br>Improvise<br>Notation                   | Dynamics<br>Structure<br>Texture<br>Timbre           |      |                            |   |   | The Sound Of The Wind   |
|   | Composition<br>Wheels<br>Ideal for<br>2 sessions      | <ul> <li>★ To recognize different instrumental timbres and their effects</li> <li>★ To combine several layers of sound and describe the effect</li> <li>★ To create and follow a graphic score</li> </ul>                    | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Compose<br>Improvise<br>Notation | Dynamics<br>Structure<br>Tempo<br>Texture<br>Timbre  |      |                            |   | 'Morning Mood'<br>from Peer Gynt<br>Suite No. 1<br>by Grieg   | A Perfect Day In Spring<br>As The Sun Rises<br>Morning Has Broken<br>New Day<br>Sun Arise |

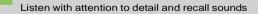


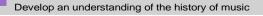
Play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression

Use and understand staff/stave and other musical notations



Appreciate and understand a wide range of highquality live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great composers and musicians





#### YEAR 3, TERM 3 – CONTENT COVERAGE

| STEP                                    | ACTIVITY  | WHAT'S ACHIEVABLE  | CURRICULUM<br>SKILLS   | INTER-RELATED<br>DIMENSIONS<br>OF MUSIC    | KS2 NATIO<br>CURRICUL<br>REQUIREME | .UM | LISTEN/LOOK   | SONG CHOICES  |
|---|---|--|--|--|------------------------------------|-----|---|---|
| Describing and experimenting with pitch | Farewell<br>Melodies<br>Ideal for a<br>single session     | <ul> <li>★ To recognize and describe changes in pitch</li> <li>★ To pitch-match with growing accuracy</li> <li>★ To compose a two-note melody based on the rhythm of words</li> </ul>            | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Compose  | Pitch<br>Rhythm                            |                                    |     |   | Encore! Goodbye School Is Nearly Over So Long, Farewell, Cheerio! |
|   | Identifying Pitch Ideal for a single session              | <ul> <li>★ To identify high-, mid- and low-pitched sounds</li> <li>★ To listen to and recall a sequence of sounds</li> <li>★ To represent pitch using actions and identify note names</li> </ul> | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play   | Pitch<br>Structure                         |                                    |     | The Skaters' Waltz by<br>Émile Waldteufel   | Happy Sun High<br>In 1666<br>Sunflowers<br>Growing                |
|   | Pass The Solo<br>Ideal for a<br>single session            | <ul> <li>★ To sing a solo line</li> <li>★ To recall pitch</li> <li>★ To sing accurately with variations in dynamics, articulation and timbre</li> </ul>  | Sing<br>Listen   | Articulation Dynamics Pitch Texture Timbre |                                    |     | Symphony No. 1<br>by Brahms<br>'No. 2 Adonai Roi' from<br>Chichester Psalms by<br>Leonard Bernstein | Down, Down To<br>The Allotment<br>The 'Losing<br>Things' Song     |
|   | Park<br>Soundscape<br>Ideal for 2<br>sessions             | <ul> <li>★ To use pitch to create an effect</li> <li>★ To describe pitch</li> <li>★ To compose motifs, using appropriate pitch and timbre</li> </ul>   | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Compose  | Pitch<br>Structure<br>Timbre               |                                    |     | 'Let's Go Fly A Kite'<br>from Mary Poppins<br>by Richard and<br>Robert Sherman                      | Go To The Park<br>The Park  |
| 2.<br>Representing<br>pitch             | Pipe Cleaner<br>Notation<br>Ideal for a single<br>session | <ul> <li>★ To imitate and describe changes in pitch</li> <li>★ To use graphic notation to represent pitch</li> </ul>   | Sing Listen Play Compose Notation Genre/History/ Musicians                   | Pitch<br>Rhythm<br>Structure               |                                    |     |   |   |
|   | Coin Notation<br>Ideal for<br>a single session            | <ul> <li>★To begin to describe the shape of a melody</li> <li>★ To use graphic notation to represent pitch</li> <li>★ To gain an understanding of different forms of musical notation</li> </ul> | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Compose<br>Notation<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians | Pitch<br>Rhythm<br>Structure               | П                                  | ı   | O Virgo Splendens<br>(Plainsong)  | Healthy Heart<br>Mr Jack-In-A-Box<br>Sunflowers<br>Growing        |
|   | Dotty<br>Notation<br>Ideal for<br>a single session        | <ul> <li>★ To use listening skills to correctly order a sequence of notes (C D E)</li> <li>★ To play music from graphic notation</li> </ul>  | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Compose<br>Notation                                | Pitch<br>Structure                         |                                    |     |   | Un, Deux, Trois   |
|   | Dotty Call<br>And Response<br>Ideal for<br>2 sessions     | <ul> <li>★ To create simple call-and-response (question and answer) phrases</li> <li>★ To represent music using graphic notation</li> </ul>  | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Compose<br>Notation                                | Dynamics<br>Pitch<br>Structure<br>Tempo    |                                    |     |   | Un, Deux, Trois   |

## YEAR 3, TERM 3 – CONTENT COVERAGE (cont.)

| STEP  | ACTIVITY   | WHAT'S ACHIEVABLE   | CURRICULUM<br>SKILLS   | INTER-RELATED<br>DIMENSIONS<br>OF MUSIC        | CURR | IATION<br>RICULU<br>IREMEN | M | LISTEN/LOOK  | SONG CHOICES                                   |
|---|--|---|--|--|------|----------------------------|---|--|--|
| 3. Exploring the pentatonic scale             | Pentatonic<br>Improvisation<br>Ideal for<br>2 sessions | <ul> <li>★ To sing pentatonic songs</li> <li>★ To improvise using the pentatonic scale</li> </ul>   | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Improvise                              | Articulation Dynamics Structure Texture Timbre |      |                            |   | A La Claire Fontaine<br>(Traditional)<br>Skye Boat Song<br>(Traditional)                                       | Just Five Notes                                |
|   | Try A Pentatonic Scale Ideal for 2 sessions            | <ul> <li>★ To recognize and play a pentatonic scale</li> <li>★ To improvise and compose a pentatonic melody</li> <li>★ To perform an ostinato accompaniment on tuned percussion</li> <li>★ To compose a melody to reflect the mood of the lyrics</li> </ul> | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Compose<br>Improvise                   | Dynamics<br>Pitch<br>Rhythm<br>Tempo<br>Timbre |      |                            |   | Symphony No.9<br>by Beethoven  | Sing Something Silly!<br>Try And Try Again     |
|   | Pentatonic<br>Haiku<br>Ideal for<br>2 sessions         | <ul> <li>★ To work as a class to compose a pentatonic melody for a haiku</li> <li>★ To perform a pentatonic melody</li> <li>★ To read informal notation (note names)</li> </ul>   | Play<br>Improvise  | Pitch<br>Rhythm<br>Structure                   |      |                            |   | Acadian Lullaby<br>(Traditional)   |  |
| 4. Performing songs with tuned accompaniments | In Harmony<br>Ideal for<br>1-2 sessions                | <ul> <li>★ To perform a simple harmony</li> <li>★ To maintain a part in an ensemble</li> </ul>  | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play   | Pitch<br>Rhythm<br>Structure                   |      |                            |   | 'Hallelujah Chorus'<br>from Messiah<br>by Handel<br>'Barcarolle' from The<br>Tales of Hoffmann<br>by Offenbach | Just Sing!<br>Music Matters                    |
|   | Trip-Trap<br>Melody<br>Ideal for<br>1-2 sessions       | <ul> <li>★ To play a simple melody using rhythmic notation</li> <li>★ To understand the note values of crotchets, quavers and minims</li> <li>★ To maintain a part in an ensemble</li> </ul>  | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play   | Pitch<br>Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Structure          |      |                            |   | 'March Of The Trolls'<br>from Lyric Pieces<br>by Grieg   | Trip, Trip-Trap                                |
|   | Melodic<br>Ostinato<br>Ideal for<br>2 sessions         | <ul> <li>★ To play a melodic ostinato</li> <li>★ To play melodies and rhythms accurately and in time together as an ensemble</li> </ul>   | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Compose<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians | Pitch<br>Rhythm<br>Structure<br>Texture        |      |                            |   |  | The Gift Of The Nile<br>The Road Building Song |

#### YEAR 3, TERM 3 – CONTENT COVERAGE (cont.)

| STEP | ACTIVITY   | WHAT'S ACHIEVABLE   | CURRICULUM<br>SKILLS   | INTER-RELATED<br>DIMENSIONS<br>OF MUSIC       | KS2 NATION CURRICU REQUIREM | LUM | LISTEN/LOOK  | SONG CHOICES   |
|------|--|---|--|---|-----------------------------|-----|--|--|
| (4.) | Musical<br>Interludes<br>Ideal for<br>2 sessions   | <ul> <li>★ To combine ostinato patterns</li> <li>★ To perform a melodic tuned ostinato</li> <li>★ To compose a musical interlude for a performance</li> </ul> | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Compose<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians | Pitch<br>Rhythm<br>Structure<br>Texture       |                             |     | 'Intermezzo' from<br>Cavalleria Rusticana<br>by Mascagni                                   | Are You Ready For<br>Some Summer Fun?<br>Don't ForgetYour Sun Cream<br>Fun At The Seaside<br>Start The Celebrations<br>What I Love Best On A<br>Summer's Day |
|      | Plan A<br>Performance<br>Ideal for<br>2-3 sessions | <ul> <li>★ To prepare songs for performance</li> <li>★ To suggest ways to improve a performance</li> </ul>  | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians            | Articulation Dynamics Structure Tempo Texture |                             |     | 'There's No Business<br>Like Show Business'<br>from Annie Get Your<br>Gun by Irving Berlin | Your choice of songs from<br>Year 3<br>Encore!<br>Note To The Audience   |



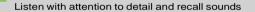


Play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression

Use and understand staff/stave and other musical notations

Improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the inter-related dimensions of music

Appreciate and understand a wide range of highquality live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great composers and musicians



Develop an understanding of the history of music

## YEAR 4, TERM 1 – CONTENT COVERAGE

| STEP   | ACTIVITY  | WHAT'S ACHIEVABLE   | CURRICULUM<br>SKILLS                                    | INTER-RELATED<br>DIMENSIONS<br>OF MUSIC      | KS2 NA<br>CURRIO<br>REQUIR | CULUN | Л | LISTEN/LOOK  | SONG CHOICES  |
|--|---|---|---|--|----------------------------|-------|---|--|---|
| 1. Copying rhythmic patterns and performing together | One Action<br>Behind<br>Ideal for a<br>single session       | <ul> <li>★ To perform rhythmic actions to a steady pulse</li> <li>★ To internalize pulse</li> <li>★ To develop ensemble skills</li> </ul>   | Listen<br>Play  | Pulse<br>Rhythm                              |                            |       |   | Symphony No. 6,<br>third movement<br>by Tchaikovsky  | Coordination Funk Food Colours Start The Day With Exercise The Vegetable Song Walking To School                   |
|  | Bouncy<br>Waltz<br>Ideal for a<br>single session            | To identify the first beat of a bar in 4  To maintain a steady beat accurately and in time wit <sub>3</sub> h balls and percussion instruments in 4   | Listen<br>Play<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians           | Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Tempo                     |                            |       |   | 'Waltz No. 2' from<br>Jazz Suite No. 2<br>by Shostakovich<br>'Waltz' from<br>Masquerade Suite<br>by Khachaturian | Come To The Globe<br>Hibernation<br>Just The Same<br>Thank You For Loving Me                                      |
|  | Call-And-<br>Response<br>Cups<br>Ideal for<br>2 sessions    | <ul> <li>★ To identify the first beat of a bar in 4/4</li> <li>★ To copy and create simple call-and-response rhythm patterns</li> <li>★ To create a rhythmic accompaniment to a song</li> </ul>   | Listen<br>Play<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians           | Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Structure<br>Tempo        |                            |       |   | Jambo recorded<br>by Ella Jenkins  | Alfred The Great Build A Fort Coordination Funk Medication Monday Morning   |
|  | Rhythm<br>Grids<br>Ideal for a<br>single session            | <ul> <li>★ To read and perform rhythms accurately and in time using body percussion</li> <li>★ To recall vocabulary of different tempos in music and apply them accurately</li> <li>★ To compose rhythmic patterns and perform at different tempos</li> </ul> | Listen<br>Play<br>Notation<br>Compose                   | Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Tempo                     | ı                          |       |   | Jambo recorded<br>by Ella Jenkins  | Join In The Dance<br>Moving To The Music<br>The School Rule Song  |
| 2. Exploring notation                                | Introducing<br>Note Values<br>Ideal for a<br>single session | <ul> <li>★ To recognize and define the duration of<br/>different note values while maintaining a<br/>steady beat</li> <li>★ To maintain movement accurately in time<br/>to music</li> </ul>   | Listen<br>Play<br>Notation                              | Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Tempo                     |                            |       |   |  | Coordination Funk<br>Start The Day With Exercise<br>The Vegetable Song<br>Well Done!                              |
|  | Recognizing Note Lengths Ideal for 2 sessions               | <ul> <li>★ To recognize and define the duration of different note values while maintaining a steady beat</li> <li>★ To maintain movement accurately in time to music</li> </ul>   | Listen<br>Play<br>Notation                              | Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Tempo                     |                            |       |   |  | Down, DownToThe Allotment<br>Sing A Song In Unison<br>The Harvest Of The<br>Whole World<br>Well Done!             |
|  | Rhythm<br>Pizzas<br>Ideal for<br>1-2 sessions               | <ul> <li>★ To recognize the duration of different note values</li> <li>★ To create and perform a rhythmic accompaniment</li> <li>★ To experiment with different rhythmic structures</li> </ul>  | Play<br>Notation<br>Compose                             | Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Structure                 | ı                          |       |   |  | Doing Our Bit For The Nation<br>Pizza!<br>Pizza Pieces<br>Space (If I Had A Rocket)<br>We're Going To The Country |
|  | Four Beats<br>In A Bar<br>Ideal for<br>2 sessions           | <ul> <li>★ To identify rhythms from song lyrics</li> <li>★ To compose a sequence of four-beat rhythms using minims, crotchets and quavers</li> <li>★ To recognize how the dimensions of music are used to establish mood and atmosphere</li> </ul>            | Listen<br>Play<br>Notation<br>Compose<br>Genre/History/ | Articulation Dynamics Pulse Rhythm Structure |                            |       |   | Lyric For Strings<br>by George Walker  | Sometimes I Wonder  |

★To identify instruments in the string family

Musicians

Tempo Timbre

# YEAR 4, TERM 1 – CONTENT COVERAGE (cont.)

| STEP                                 | ACTIVITY  | WHAT'S ACHIEVABLE   | CURRICULUM<br>SKILLS   | INTER-RELATED<br>DIMENSIONS<br>OF MUSIC           | CUF | NAT<br>RRICU<br>QUIRE | JLUN | 1 | LISTEN/LOOK                           | SONG CHOICES   |
|--------------------------------------|---|---|--|---|-----|-----------------------|------|---|---------------------------------------|--|
| 3. Sticking to my part               | Drum Away<br>Ideal for<br>2-3 sessions                  | <ul> <li>★ To perform a rhythmic ostinato</li> <li>★ To perform instrumental polyrhythms accurately as an ensemble</li> <li>★ To control dynamics</li> </ul>  | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play   | Dynamics<br>Rhythm<br>Texture                     |     |                       |      |   |                                       | Seeds of Friendship<br>Sing A Song In Unison<br>The Vegetable Song |
|                                      | Samba<br>Band<br>Ideal for<br>2 sessions                | <ul> <li>★ To perform individual rhythms accurately and in time on instruments</li> <li>★ To play instrumental polyrhythms accurately and in time as an ensemble</li> <li>★ To identify instruments used in samba music</li> <li>★ To select instruments according to their timbre</li> </ul> | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians                  | Rhythm<br>Structure<br>Timbre                     |     |                       |      |   | Magalenha by Sergio<br>Santos Mendes  | Ai Caramba Samba<br>Harvest Samba                                  |
|                                      | More<br>Mystery<br>Numbers<br>Ideal for<br>1-2 sessions | <ul> <li>★ To internalize pulse and rhythm</li> <li>★ To maintain an independent part in an ensemble</li> <li>★ To perform rhythmic patterns together accurately and in time</li> </ul>   | Listen<br>Play<br>Notation   | Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Texture<br>Timbre              |     |                       |      |   |                                       |  |
|                                      | I Like<br>Ideal for<br>1-2 sessions                     | <ul> <li>★ To maintain an independent part in an ensemble</li> <li>★ To lead a call-and-response chant in small groups</li> <li>★ To recognize and use different articulation, dynamics and tempos when playing instruments</li> </ul>  | Sing<br>Listen<br>Notation<br>Improvise<br>Genre/History.<br>Musicians | Articulation Dynamics Pulse Rhythm Tempo          |     |                       |      |   |                                       | Different Drums<br>I'm OK!<br>This Is Me!                          |
| 4. Composing in a rhythmic framework | This Is Me!<br>Ideal for<br>1-2 sessions                | <ul><li>★ To compose a verse of a song following a rhythmic structure</li><li>★ To perform a rhythmic ostinato</li></ul>  | Sing<br>Listen<br>Compose  | Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Structure<br>Texture           |     |                       |      |   |                                       | This Is Me!  |
|                                      | Beatbox<br>Ideal for<br>1-2 sessions                    | <ul> <li>★ To create vocal beatbox sounds that imitate the timbre of a drum kit</li> <li>★ To perform beatbox sounds using polyrhythms as a group</li> <li>★ To compose and perform a rap accurately and in time with a beatbox</li> </ul>  | Sing<br>Listen<br>Notation<br>Compose                                  | Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Structure<br>Texture<br>Timbre |     |                       |      |   | Beatbox Ventriloquism<br>by Beardyman | A Great Big Change<br>Give It All You've Got                       |

#### YEAR 4, TERM 1 - CONTENT COVERAGE (cont.)

| STEP | ACTIVITY                                       | WHAT'S ACHIEVABLE  | CURRICULUM<br>SKILLS  | INTER-RELATED<br>DIMENSIONS<br>OF MUSIC                     | CURRICULU | KS2 NATIONAL<br>CURRICULUM<br>REQUIREMENTS |   | LISTEN/LOOK                                  | SONG CHOICES  |
|------|--|--|---|---|-----------|--|---|--|---|
| (4.) | Festive<br>Phrases<br>Ideal for<br>2 sessions  | <ul> <li>★ To compose music using spoken phrases</li> <li>★ To combine musical layers</li> <li>★ To develop a rhythmic composition</li> <li>★ To follow graphic notation</li> <li>★ To vary dynamics, tempo and articulation to enhance a performance</li> </ul> | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Improvise<br>Compose<br>Notation                                | Articulation Dynamics Rhythm Pulse Structure Texture Tempo  |           |  |   | Carol Symphony<br>by Hely-<br>Hutchinson     | Ding Dong! Ding Dong! Merrily On High Joy To The World O Come All Ye Faithful O Little Town Of Bethlehem      |
|      | Rhythmic<br>Layers<br>Ideal for<br>2 sessions  | <ul> <li>★ To compose music using spoken phrases</li> <li>★ To combine musical layers</li> <li>★ To develop a rhythmic composition</li> <li>★ To follow graphic notation</li> <li>★ To vary dynamics, tempo and articulation to enhance a performance</li> </ul> | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Improvise<br>Compose<br>Notation<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians | Articulation Dynamics Rhythm Pulse Structure Texture Tempo  |           |  |   | 'Little' Fugue in<br>G minor by<br>J.S. Bach | In The Band Just Sing! Life Is A Song Music Italiano Sing - Just Because We Can! Sing Anyway The Bonkers Song |
|      | Character<br>Motifs<br>Ideal for<br>2 sessions | <ul> <li>★ To perform a rhythmic motif</li> <li>★ To vary timbre, articulation, pitch, dynamics and tempo</li> <li>★ To structure a composition</li> <li>★ To perform as an ensemble</li> </ul>  | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Compose<br>Notation   | Articulation Dynamics Rhythm Pulse Structure Texture Timbre |           |  |   | Symphony No.5 by Beethoven                   | I Like Books!   |
|      |  |  |   |   |           |  | 4 |  |   |



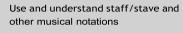
Play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression

1

Improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the inter-related dimensions of music



Listen with attention to detail and recall sounds





Appreciate and understand a wide range of high-quality live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great composers and musicians



Develop an understanding of the history of music

## YEAR 4, TERM 2 – CONTENT COVERAGE

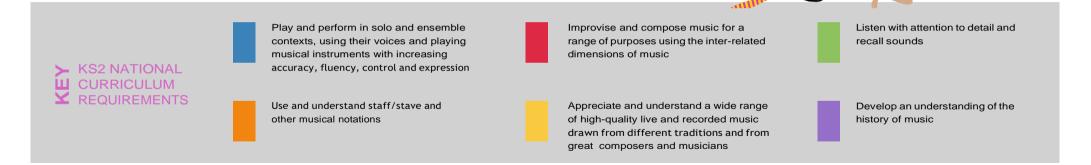
| STEP   | ACTIVITY  | WHAT'S ACHIEVABLE   | CURRICULUM<br>SKILLS   | INTER-RELATED<br>DIMENSIONS<br>OF MUSIC     | KS2 NA<br>CURRIO<br>REQUIR | CULU | IM |  | LISTEN/LOOK   | SONG CHOICES   |
|--|---|---|--|---|----------------------------|------|----|--|---|--|
| 1. Exploring instrumental timbre and instrument families | Instrument<br>Families<br>Ideal for a<br>single session       | <ul> <li>★ To recall instruments of all orchestral families:<br/>strings, woodwind, brass and percussion</li> <li>★ To recognize different timbres of instruments:<br/>metallic, wooden, high-/low-pitched,<br/>stringed, untuned/tuned percussion</li> </ul> | Sing<br>Listen<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians                        | Articulation<br>Timbre                      |                            |      |    |  |   | In The Band<br>We're Going Round<br>The World  |
|  | Instruments<br>Of The<br>Orchestra<br>Ideal for 2<br>sessions | <ul> <li>★ To recognize and define the instrumental families in an orchestra</li> <li>★ To recognize and define timbres of different instruments</li> <li>★ To recognize and recall the structure of a piece of music</li> </ul>                              | Listen<br>Notation<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians                    | Structure<br>Timbre                         |                            |      |    |  | The Young Person's<br>Guide To The<br>Orchestra by<br>Benjamin Britten  | Composer Fun Facts<br>Fireworks (Warm Up)<br>Please Miss!                                      |
|  | A Musical<br>Journey<br>Ideal for<br>1-2 sessions             | <ul> <li>★ To recognize and define a range of timbres</li> <li>★ To use appropriate timbres and dynamics on instruments</li> <li>★ To create a journey soundscape</li> </ul>  | Compose<br>Listen<br>Notation<br>Play<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians | Dynamics<br>Structure<br>Timbre             |                            |      |    |  | <i>'Vltava'</i> from <i>Má Vlast</i> by Smetana <i>Kočka leze dírou</i> (Traditional)   | Living and Learning<br>On The Move<br>Round The Bend<br>The Gift Of The Nile<br>Walk To School |
| 2. Exploring major and minor tonalities                  | Major Or<br>Minor?<br>Ideal for a<br>single session           | ★ To begin to recognize m minor tonalities  | Sing<br>Listen   | Pitch<br>Tempo<br>Timbre<br>Tonality        |                            |      |    |  | Piano Sonata No. 14 'Moonlight' by Beethoven Toccata and Fugue in D minor by J. S. Bach Eine Kleine Nachtmusik by Mozart 'Hallelujah Chorus' from Messiah by Handel | Mary's Song<br>Sad Song (In Winter)<br>Song Of The Wives<br>Today Is The Start                 |
|  | Melancholic<br>Music<br>Ideal for<br>1-2 sessions             | To begin to recognize major and minor tonalities  ★ To create musical ideas to communicate different moods  ★ To orgnaize sounds in a musical structure   | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Compose<br>Notation                        | Dynamics Pitch Rhythm Tempo Timbre Tonality |                            |      |    |  | Eleanor Rigby and<br>Ob-La-Di, Ob-La-<br>Da by The Beatles  |  |
|  | Major<br>And Minor<br>Call And<br>Response                    | <ul> <li>★ To begin to recognize major and minor tonalities</li> <li>★ To play major and minor chords</li> <li>★ To perform call-and-response rhythms</li> </ul>  | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Compose<br>Notation                        | Pitch<br>Rhythm<br>Tonality                 |                            |      |    |  |   | Florence Nightingale<br>Great Explorers<br>Song Of The Wives                                   |

# YEAR 4, TERM 2 - CONTENT COVERAGE (cont.)

| STEP  | ACTIVITY  | WHAT'S ACHIEVABLE  | CURRICULUM<br>SKILLS                                     | INTER-RELATED<br>DIMENSIONS<br>OF MUSIC        | CUR | NATIO<br>RICUI<br>UIREM | LUM |  | LISTEN/LOOK  | SONG CHOICES  |
|---|---|--|--|--|-----|-------------------------|-----|--|--|---|
| 3. Recognizing and responding to musical instructions | Lead And<br>Follow<br>Ideal for<br>1-2 sessions         | <ul> <li>★ To recognize the difference between staccato and legato articulation</li> <li>★ To control dynamics</li> <li>★ To explore vocal timbre</li> <li>★ To lead an ensemble</li> </ul>  | Sing<br>Listen   | Articulation<br>Dynamics<br>Pulse<br>Timbre    |     |                         |     |  |  | I'm Cross!  |
|   | Scarfing<br>Around<br>Ideal for<br>a single session     | <ul> <li>★ To recognize the difference between staccato and legato articulation</li> <li>★ To perform a dance sequence in response to staccato and legato articulation</li> <li>★ To identify the structure of a piece of music</li> </ul> | Sing<br>Listen   | Articulation<br>Structure                      |     |                         |     |  | 'Kangaroos' from<br>The Carnival of the<br>Animals by<br>Saint-Saëns | It's Nearly Playtime  |
|   | Kandinsky<br>Improvisation<br>Ideal for<br>1-2 sessions | <ul> <li>★ To improvise sounds, varying timbre, dynamics, rhythm, pitch and tempo</li> <li>★ To follow a graphic score</li> <li>★ To play as an ensemble</li> <li>★ To lead an ensemble</li> </ul>   | Listen<br>Improvise<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians       | Dynamics<br>Pitch<br>Rhythm<br>Tempo<br>Timbre |     |                         |     |  | 'Heil, Konig Heinrich!'<br>from Lohengrin<br>by Wagner               |   |
|   | Sound<br>Movement<br>Improvisation                      | <ul> <li>★ To improvise sounds, varying timbre, dynamics, rhythm, pitch and tempo</li> <li>★ To lead performance directions</li> </ul>   | Listen<br>Play<br>Improvise                              | Dynamics Pitch Rhythm Tempo Timbre             |     |                         |     |  |  | Clomp, Stomp<br>Coordination Funk<br>March To The Beat<br>Warm The Brain                                |
| 4. Composing in a structure                           | AB Structure<br>Ideal for<br>a single session           | <ul> <li>★ To recognize and recall the structure of a piece of music</li> <li>★ To compose music following an AB structure</li> </ul>  | Sing<br>Listen<br>Compose<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians | Dynamics<br>Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Structure       |     |                         |     |  |  | All Things Bright And Beautiful Make A Mummy What Goes In, Must Come Out Where On Earth Is My Philtrum? |

#### YEAR 4, TERM 2 - CONTENT COVERAGE (cont.)

| STEP | ACTIVITY   | WHAT'S ACHIEVABLE   | CURRICULUM<br>SKILLS   | INTER-RELATED<br>DIMENSIONS<br>OF MUSIC                   | CUF | KS2 NATIONAL<br>CURRICULUM<br>REQUIREMENTS |  | LISTEN/LOOK | SONG CHOICES |  |   |
|------|--|---|--|---|-----|--|--|-------------|--------------|--|---|
| (4.) | Musical<br>Antonyms<br>Ideal for<br>2 sessions           | <ul> <li>★ To recognize and recall the structure of a piece of music</li> <li>★ To explore techniques to vary dynamics, articulation, pitch and tempo</li> <li>★ To describe sounds using appropriate musical vocabulary</li> <li>★ To compose music following an AB structure</li> </ul> | Sing<br>Play<br>Listen   | Articulation Dynamics Pitch Structure Tempo               |     |  |  |             |              | Blowin' In The<br>Wind by Bob<br>Dylan<br>Heidenröslein<br>by Schubert | All Things Bright And Beautiful Make A Mummy What Goes In, Must Come Out Where On Earth Is My Philtrum? |
|      | Catchy<br>Chorus<br>Returns<br>Ideal for<br>2-3 sessions | <ul> <li>★ To create music with contrasting sections</li> <li>★ To recognize a rondo structure</li> <li>★ To follow a graphic score</li> </ul>  | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Compose<br>Notation<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians | Articulation Dynamics Rhythm Structure Tempo Timbre       |     |  |  |             |              | Für Elise by<br>Beethoven  | Spring Chicken<br>Spring Into Action<br>Spring Fever!<br>Wake Up!                                       |
|      | Musical<br>TopTrumps<br>Ideal for<br>2-3 sessions        | <ul> <li>★ To compose musical motifs</li> <li>★ To assign musical characteristics to characters, justifying choices</li> <li>★ To organize musical ideas into a structure</li> </ul>  | Play<br>Compose  | Articulation Dynamics Pitch Rhythm Structure Tempo Timbre |     |  |  |             | (4           |  | Fee, Fi, Fo, Fum<br>Have You Heard<br>The Story?  |



## YEAR 4, TERM 3 – CONTENT COVERAGE

| STEP  | ACTIVITY  | WHAT'S ACHIEVABLE   | CURRICULUM<br>SKILLS   | INTER-RELATED<br>DIMENSIONS<br>OF MUSIC           | CURR | ATIONAL<br>ICULUM<br>REMENTS | LISTEN/LOOK   | SONG CHOICES   |
|---|---|---|--|---|------|------------------------------|---|--|
| 1. Describing and internalizing pitch                             | Up And<br>Down The<br>Stairs<br>Ideal for a<br>single session | <ul> <li>★ To recognize and describe direction of pitch</li> <li>★ To internalize pitch</li> <li>★ To represent pitch using actions and staff notation</li> </ul>   | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Notation                                   | Pitch<br>Tempo                                    |      |                              | Alap In Raag Desh<br>(Indian Classical)   | Take A Major Scale   |
|   | Ascending Or<br>Descending?<br>Ideal for a<br>single session  | <ul> <li>★ To recognize direction of pitch accurately</li> <li>★ To use musical vocabulary to describe changes in pitch</li> <li>★ To recognize how melodies can be used as a 'call to action'</li> </ul> | Sing<br>Listen<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians                        | Pitch   |      |                              | 'Lights Out' bugle call<br>Last Post and Rouse<br>Fanfare For The Common<br>Man by Copland        | Memories<br>The Grasshopper<br>Song<br>Why Worry?  |
|   | Thinking<br>Voice<br>Ideal for a<br>single session            | <ul> <li>★ To internalize pitch, rhythm and melody</li> <li>★ To sing musical phrases with accurate tuning</li> <li>★ To follow performance directions</li> </ul>   | Sing<br>Listen   | Pitch<br>Pulse<br>Rhythm                          |      |                              |   | Composer Fun Facts Conkers! Coordination Funk 8 Times Funk 7 Times Table 12 Times Table The 'Good Times' Table The School Rule Song Wake Up! |
|   | Missing<br>Words<br>Ideal for a<br>single session             | <ul><li>★ To internalize pitch and melody</li><li>★ To perform movements to a steady pulse</li></ul>  | Sing<br>Listen   | Pitch<br>Pulse<br>Rhythm                          |      |                              | Hora Medura (Israeli<br>Folk Dance)   | Moving To The Music<br>That's The Way<br>We're Put Together  |
| 2. Composing<br>and improvising<br>with a given<br>range of notes | Pentatonic<br>Lucky Dip<br>Ideal for 1-2<br>sessions          | <ul> <li>★ To recognize a pentatonic scale</li> <li>★ To create pentatonic music</li> <li>★ To begin to recognize features of aleatoric music</li> </ul>  | Sing Play Compose Notation Genre/History/ Musicians                  | Pitch<br>Rhythm<br>Texture<br>Timbre<br>Structure |      |                              | In C by Terry Riley   | Just Five Notes  |
|   | Flowers In<br>Spring<br>Ideal for 1-2<br>sessions             | <ul> <li>★ To improvise on instruments using notes from the F major pentatonic scale</li> <li>★ To maintain a part in an ensemble</li> <li>★ To compose and notate a pentatonic melody</li> </ul>         | Sing Listen Play Improvise Compose Notation Genre/History/ Musicians | Pitch<br>Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Texture               |      | ı                            | Zousan (Japanese<br>Traditional)<br>Auld Lang Syne, lyrics<br>by Robert Burns<br>(composer Anon.) | Cause To Be Grateful   |

# YEAR 4, TERM 3 – CONTENT COVERAGE (cont.)

| STEP                               | ACTIVITY  | WHAT'S ACHIEVABLE   | CURRICULUM<br>SKILLS   | INTER-RELATED<br>DIMENSIONS<br>OF MUSIC | KS2 NA<br>CURRIC<br>REQUIR |   | LISTEN/LOOK  | SONG CHOICES   |
|------------------------------------|---|---|--|---|----------------------------|---|--|--|
| (2.)                               | Call-And-<br>Response<br>Melodies<br>Ideal for<br>2 sessions  | <ul> <li>★ To perform on an instrument in time as an ensemble</li> <li>★ To perform call-and-response patterns</li> <li>★ To improvise a melodic response</li> </ul>  | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Improvise<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians | Pitch<br>Rhythm<br>Structure            |                            | ı | Papageno/Papagena<br>duet from <i>The Magic</i><br><i>Flute</i> by Mozart  | Funny Sunny Song<br>Knock, Knock!<br>Who's There?<br>Song Of The Social<br>Classes<br>We're Here Again                                       |
| 3. Composing and notating melodies | Longer Than<br>The Line<br>Before!<br>Ideal for<br>2 sessions | <ul> <li>★ To describe the shape of a melody</li> <li>★ To use graphic notation to represent pitch</li> <li>★ To recognize the structure of a cumulative song</li> </ul>                                    | Sing<br>Listen<br>Notation<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians          | Pitch<br>Structure                      |                            |   | The Twelve Days Of<br>Christmas (Traditional)                              | I Got A Little Dog<br>In My Garden<br>In The Jungle<br>It's A Spring Thing!<br>The Harvest List<br>The Mad Moon<br>Song<br>The Marching Band |
|                                    | Leaping And<br>Stepping!<br>Ideal for 1-2<br>sessions         | <ul> <li>★ To use graphic notation to represent pitch and duration</li> <li>★ To identify and describe changes in pitch</li> <li>★ To identify monophonic texture in contrasting pieces of music</li> </ul> | Listen<br>Compose<br>Notation<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians       | Pitch<br>Rhythm<br>Texture              |                            |   | O Euchari by Hildegard of Bingen Bushes And Briars (Traditional Folk Song) | Wet Play<br>Yodelling  |
|                                    | Two-Bar<br>Melodies<br>Ideal for<br>2 sessions                | <ul> <li>★ To play a simple melody using rhythmic notation</li> <li>★ To create two-beat rhythms</li> <li>★ To understand the note values of crotchets, quavers and minims</li> </ul>                       | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play   | Dynamics<br>Pitch<br>Pulse<br>Rhythm    |                            | ľ |  | Lovely Summer's<br>Day   |
|                                    | Class<br>Conducting<br>Ideal for a<br>single session          | <ul> <li>★ To follow graphic notation</li> <li>★ To play as part of an ensemble</li> <li>★ To lead an ensemble</li> <li>★ To use dynamics to enhance a performance</li> </ul>                               | Sing<br>Play<br>Notation<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians            | Dynamics<br>Pitch                       |                            | ı | The Rite Of Spring<br>by Stravinsky  | Living And Learning<br>Sing Anyway   |

# YEAR 4, TERM 3 – CONTENT COVERAGE (cont.)

| STEP  | ACTIVITY                                    | WHAT'S ACHIEVABLE   | CURRICULUM<br>SKILLS                                    | INTER-RELATED<br>DIMENSIONS<br>OF MUSIC          | KS2 NATIONA<br>CURRICULUM<br>REQUIREMENT   |          | LISTEN/LOOK  | SONG CHOICES   |
|---|---|---|---|--|--|----------|--|--|
| 4. Exploring song structure and preparing for performance | Song Structure<br>Ideal for<br>2 sessions   | <ul> <li>★ To begin to recognize and define how music is ordered into different sections</li> <li>★ To prepare a song for performance</li> <li>★ To follow performance directions</li> </ul>          | Sing<br>Play<br>Notation<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians | Dynamics<br>Pitch<br>Structure                   |  |          | O Waly, Waly<br>(Traditional): three<br>arrangements by<br>Benjamin Britten,<br>Eva Cassidy and<br>John Rutter | Every Brand New Day<br>This Day  |
|   | Songwriter<br>Ideal for<br>2 sessions       | <ul> <li>★ To recognize the structure of a song</li> <li>★ To recognize rhythmic syllable placement in music</li> <li>★ To prepare songs for performance</li> </ul>                                   | Sing<br>Compose   | Pitch<br>Rhythm<br>Structure                     |  | <b>N</b> | 444  | When I Grow Up   |
|   | Lyrics<br>Ideal for<br>2 sessions           | <ul> <li>★ To recognize recurring rhythm and rhyme patterns in lyrics</li> <li>★ To compose lyrics within a given rhythmic and rhyming scheme</li> <li>★ To prepare a song for performance</li> </ul> | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play                                  | Pitch<br>Rhythm                                  |  |          |  | Just Sing!   |
|   | Let's Perform!<br>Ideal for 2-3<br>sessions | <ul> <li>★ To prepare songs for performance</li> <li>★ To suggest ways to improve a performance</li> </ul>  | Sing  | Dynamics<br>Articulation<br>Structure<br>Texture |  |          |  | Your choice of songs<br>from Year 4<br>Encore!<br>Note To The Audience |
|   |   |   |   |  |  |          |  |  |
| ➤ KS2 NA  | ATIONAL<br>CULUM                            | Play and perform in solo and ense contexts, using their voices and musical instruments with increas accuracy, fluency, control and ex   | playing<br>sing   |  | compose music for a<br>ses using the inter-r<br>music                                    | a        | - 5  | ention to detail and   |
| REQUIF  | REMENTS                                     | Use and understand staff/stave and other musical notations  | nd  | of high-quality<br>drawn from dif                | d understand a wide<br>live and recorded m<br>ferent traditions and<br>ers and musicians | nusic    | Develop an ur<br>history of mus  | nderstanding of the<br>ic  |

## YEAR 5, TERM 1 – CONTENT COVERAGE

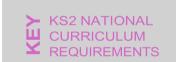
| STEP   | ACTIVITY   | WHAT'S ACHIEVABLE   | CURRICULUM<br>SKILLS   | INTER-RELATED<br>DIMENSIONS<br>OF MUSIC            | KS2 NATIONAL<br>CURRICULUM<br>REQUIREMENTS | LISTEN/LOOK  | SONG CHOICES  |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|---|
| 1. Exploring time signatures and performing together | Pass The<br>Beanbag<br>Ideal for a<br>single session           | ★To recognize and maintain a pulse indifferent metres (and time)  | Sing<br>Listen   | Pulse<br>Rhythm                                    |  | Al Citron<br>(Traditional)   | Coordination Funk Just The Same Thank You For Loving Me Ubuntu Who Was William Shakespeare? Wouldn't It Be Funny?                 |
|  | The Rhythm<br>Of Life<br>Ideal for 1-2<br>sessions             | <ul> <li>★ To perform rhythms accurately and in time as an ensemble</li> <li>★ To perform a canon</li> <li>★ To identify note values and follow rhythmic notation</li> </ul>  | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Compose<br>Notation<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians | Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Structure<br>Timbre             |  |  | Living And Learning<br>R.H.Y.T.H.M.<br>The Rhythm Of Life<br>Time For Everything  |
|  | Noodle<br>Dance<br>Ideal for<br>2 sessions                     | <ul> <li>★ To feel the daifferance between time signatures (4 and 4)</li> <li>★ To perform rhythms accurately and in time as an ensemble</li> <li>★ To compare traditional folk dances from around the world</li> </ul>                                       | Sing<br>Listen<br>Notation<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians                    | Pulse<br>Rhythm                                    |  | Basque Stick<br>Dance (Traditional)<br>Victorian Morris<br>Dance (Traditional) | Build A Fort Doing Our Bit For The Nation Elizabethan Music Thank You For Loving Me The Cow Appreciation Song These Simple Things |
|  | Elizabethan<br>Dance<br>Ideal for 2<br>sessions                | <ul> <li>★ To perform a rhythm ic accompaniment in 4 time</li> <li>★ To copy rhythmic patterns accurately</li> <li>★ To identify some characteristics of Elizabethan music</li> </ul>   | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians                        | Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Tempo<br>Timbre                 |  | Galliard (Traditional) Dances For Broken Consort by Morley                     | Come To The Globe<br>Elizabethan Music<br>Ful-de-lul-de-loo!<br>Who Was William Shakespeare?                                      |
|  | Hot Potato<br>Ideal for a<br>single session                    | <ul> <li>★ To recognize and maintain a pulse in different metres (4 and 4 time)</li> <li>★ To recognize some characteristics of minuets and polkas</li> </ul>   | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Notation<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians            | Pulse<br>Tempo                                     |  | Jenny Lind<br>Polka (Traditional)<br>Minuet by<br>Boccherini                   | Child In A Manger Born<br>Come To The Globe<br>Elizabethan Music<br>Just The Same   |
| 2. Performing rhythms expressively                   | Colour<br>Palette<br>Dynamics<br>Ideal for a<br>single session | <ul> <li>★ To listen to and copy rhythmic patterns</li> <li>★ To use dynamics expressively in performance</li> <li>★ To use musical vocabulary to describe dynamics</li> <li>★ To recognize some characteristics of music from the Romantic period</li> </ul> | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Notation   | Dynamics<br>Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Timbre              |  | Piano Concerto No. 2, first movement by Rachmaninoff                           | Fiesta<br>Give Yourselves A Clap  |
|  | Tabletop<br>Percussion<br>Machine<br>Ideal for<br>1-2 sessions | <ul> <li>★ To recognize and define a range of timbres</li> <li>★ To create and perform rhythmic patterns</li> <li>★ To organize rhythmic ideas within a structure</li> </ul>  | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Improvise  | Dynamics<br>Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Structure<br>Timbre |  |  | Coordination Funk<br>R.H.Y.T.H.M.<br>Rock Around The Shops<br>The Sand Dance  |

# YEAR 5, TERM 1 - CONTENT COVERAGE (cont.)

| STEP                          | ACTIVITY   | WHAT'S ACHIEVABLE  | CURRICULUM<br>SKILLS  | INTER-RELATED<br>DIMENSIONS<br>OF MUSIC                   | KS2 NAT<br>CURRIC<br>REQUIRE | ULUN | Л | LISTEN/LOOK   | SONG CHOICES   |
|-------------------------------|--|--|---|---|------------------------------|------|---|---|--|
| (2.)                          | National<br>Anthems<br>Ideal for<br>1-2 sessions       | <ul> <li>★ To copy rhythms accurately</li> <li>★ To follow rhythmic notation</li> <li>★ To use dynamics in performance</li> <li>★ To identify characteristics of a national anthem</li> </ul>  | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Notation<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians | Dynamics<br>Rhythm<br>Pulse                               |                              |      |   | Welsh National Anthem:<br>Land Of My Fathers  Polish National Anthem  Japan National Anthem   | The National Anthem  |
|                               | Musical<br>Motifs<br>Ideal for<br>2 sessions           | <ul> <li>★ To sing and play percussion with changes in tempo, articulation, dynamics, pitch and timbre</li> <li>★ To use the inter-related dimensions of music to evoke mood and atmosphere</li> </ul>   | Listen Play Compose Notation Genre/History/ Musicians             | Articulation Dynamics Pitch Pulse Rhythm Structure Timbre |                              |      |   | Symphony No. 5, first movement by Beethoven Smoke On The Water by Deep Purple 'Hedwig's Theme' from Harry Potter And The Philosopher's Stone by John Williams |  |
| 3. Exploring rhythmic texture | Rhythmic<br>Layers<br>Ideal for a<br>single session    | <ul> <li>★ To maintain an independent part in an ensemble</li> <li>★ To perform rhythms accurately</li> <li>★ To experiment with rhythmic texture</li> </ul>   | Listen<br>Play<br>Compose<br>Notation                             | Dynamics<br>Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Texture<br>Timbre          |                              |      |   | Clapping Music by Steve<br>Reich  | Clomp, Stomp<br>Crazy Clapping   |
|                               | Rhythm<br>Wall<br>Ideal for<br>1-2 sessions            | <ul> <li>★ To perform rhythms as an ensemble</li> <li>★ To recognize the difference between a sparse and a dense texture</li> <li>★ To experiment with musical texture when singing songs</li> </ul>   | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Notation                                | Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Texture                                |                              |      |   | Flash Mob Performances:<br>Grease<br>Lean On Me<br>Bolero   | I Have A Song To Sing<br>One Little Voice<br>Seeds Of Friendship   |
|                               | Watch The<br>Conductor<br>Ideal for<br>2 sessions      | <ul> <li>★ To maintain rhythms accurately and in time as a group</li> <li>★ To perform polyrhythms accurately and in time with others</li> <li>★ To follow accurately the directions of a conductor, with an understanding of dynamic contrasts</li> </ul> | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians             | Dynamics Pulse Rhythm Structure Texture                   |                              |      |   | Bolero by Ravel   | Time For Everything  |
|                               | Syncopated<br>Rhythms<br>Ideal for a<br>single session | <ul> <li>★ To recognize a syncopated rhythm</li> <li>★ To maintain a syncopated rhythm accurately and in time as a group</li> </ul>  | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play  | Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Structure<br>Texture                   |                              |      |   |   | Calypso Carol<br>Christmas Has Started<br>Harvest Samba<br>Mary's Boy Child<br>When It's A Sunny Day<br>'S No Problem<br>Sing Yourself A Happy<br>Song |

# YEAR 5, TERM 1 - CONTENT COVERAGE (cont.)

| STEP                                     | ACTIVITY  | WHAT'S ACHIEVABLE  | CURRICULUM<br>SKILLS   | INTER-RELATED<br>DIMENSIONS<br>OF MUSIC        | KS2 NATIONAL<br>CURRICULUM<br>REQUIREMENTS | LISTEN/LOOK   | SONG CHOICES              |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|---|---------------------------|
| 4. Creating and notating musical texture | Crazy<br>Clapping<br>Improvisation<br>Ideal for<br>1-2 sessions | <ul> <li>★ To follow rhythmic patterns accurately</li> <li>★ To follow graphic notation</li> <li>★ To experiment with musical texture</li> <li>★ To create a class improvisation</li> </ul>                            | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians                        | Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Structure<br>Texture        |  | Peter Gunn Theme by<br>Henry Mancini<br>The Pink Panther<br>Theme by Henry<br>Mancini   | Crazy Clapping            |
|  | Video-Call<br>Composition<br>Ideal for<br>2-3 sessions          | <ul> <li>★ To experiment with musical texture</li> <li>★ To create graphic notation</li> <li>★ To describe the structure of a piece of music</li> <li>★ To research information about significant composers</li> </ul> | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Compose<br>Notation<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians | Dynamics Pulse Rhythm Structure Texture Timbre |  | Horn Concerto No. 4, third movement by Mozart Water Music, Suite No. 3, third movement by Handel Brandenburg Concerto No. 5, third movement by J. S. Bach Symphony No. 5, first movement by Beethoven |                           |
|  | Recycled<br>Rhythms<br>Ideal for<br>2 sessions                  | <ul> <li>★ To experiment with rhythmic texture</li> <li>★ To create graphic notation</li> <li>★ To investigate different ways of classifying instruments</li> <li>★ To describe the timbre of instruments</li> </ul>   | Sing<br>Play<br>Compose<br>Notation<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians           | Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Tempo<br>Texture<br>Timbre  |  | Fish Bucket by<br>Weapons of Sound  | Recycle Me<br>Recycle It! |
|  |   |  |  |  |  |   |                           |



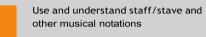
Play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression

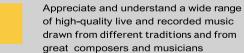


Improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the inter-related dimensions of music



Listen with attention to detail and recall sounds







Develop an understanding of the history of music

# YEAR 5, TERM 2 – CONTENT COVERAGE

| STEP  | ACTIVITY  | WHAT'S ACHIEVABLE  | CURRICULUM<br>SKILLS   | INTER-RELATED<br>DIMENSIONS<br>OF MUSIC                 | CU | RRIC | TION<br>ULUI<br>EMEN | M |  | LISTEN/LOOK  | SONG CHOICES                          |
|---|---|--|--|---|----|------|----------------------|---|--|--|---------------------------------------|
| 1. Developing an understanding of the inter-related dimensions and musical vocabulary | Musical<br>Ingredients<br>Ideal for a<br>single session | <ul> <li>★ To identify and describe the inter-related dimensions of music (pitch, dynamics, rhythm/duration, tempo, timbre, articulation)</li> <li>★ To use the inter-related dimensions of music to enhance a performance</li> <li>★ To recognize Italian musical vocabulary</li> </ul> | Sing<br>Listen<br>Improvise<br>Notation                              | Articulation Dynamics Pitch Rhythm Tempo Timbre         |    |      |                      |   |  |  | I'll Sing This Song<br>Music Italiano |
|   | Italiano<br>Ideal for a<br>single session               | <ul> <li>★ To recognize and use Italian musical vocabulary</li> <li>★ To vary tempo, dynamics and articulation when singing</li> <li>★ To follow musical directions</li> </ul>   | Sing<br>Listen<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians                        | Articulation<br>Dynamics<br>Tempo                       |    |      |                      |   |  | Trumpet Concerto, third movement by Haydn 'Largo' from Xerxes by Handel Piano Sonata No. 14 'Moonlight' by Beethoven Symphony No. 9 'From The NewWorld', second movement by Dvořák 'Summer' from The Four Seasons by Vivaldi     | l'Il Sing This Song<br>Music Italiano |
|   | Symbols<br>And Colours<br>Ideal for<br>2 sessions       | <ul> <li>★ To listen to and describe how the dimensions of music are used in a piece of music</li> <li>★ To use musical vocabulary associated with timbre, tempo and dynamics</li> <li>★ To devise graphic notation in response to music</li> </ul>                                      | Listen<br>Play<br>Compose<br>Notation<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians | Articulation<br>Dynamics<br>Rhythm<br>Tempo<br>Timbre   |    |      |                      |   |  | 'Artikulation' by Ligeto 'Cellogram' from Postal Pieces by James Tenney Postcard Pieces by Deborah Pritchard, Will Darkin, Samantha Fernando, Helen Darkin, James Joslin and Bethany Porter Lewis, performed by Louise McMonagle | Today                                 |
|   | Meet The<br>Artists<br>Ideal for a<br>single session    | <ul> <li>★ To listen to and describe how the dimensions of music are used in a piece of music</li> <li>★ To recognize changes in musical style</li> <li>★ To create artwork in response to features in a piece of music</li> </ul>   | Sing<br>Listen<br>Notation<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians            | Articulation Notation Pitch Rhythm Tempo Texture Timbre |    |      |                      |   |  | English Folk Song Suite by<br>Vaughan Williams   | Take 5 Styles                         |

| 2. Improvising musical patterns | Beat<br>Improv-<br>isation<br>Ideal for a<br>single session | <ul> <li>★ To create sounds using voices and body percussion</li> <li>★ To improvise sounds to a four-beat pulse</li> <li>★ To develop ensemble skills, playing sounds accurately and together</li> </ul> | Listen<br>Play<br>Improvise | Articulation<br>Pitch<br>Rhythm<br>Timbre |  |  |  |  |  |  | Coordination Funk<br>New Day Blues<br>Monday Morning<br>Song Of Blessing<br>Start The Day<br>With Exercise<br>Thank You For<br>Loving Me<br>The 'Good Times'<br>Tables (Any Table) |
|---------------------------------|---|---|-----------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|---------------------------------|---|---|-----------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|

# YEAR 5, TERM 2 - CONTENT COVERAGE (cont.)

| STEP              | ACTIVITY   | WHAT'S ACHIEVABLE   | CURRICULUM<br>SKILLS  | INTER-RELATED<br>DIMENSIONS<br>OF MUSIC      | KS2 NATIONAL<br>CURRICULUM<br>REQUIREMENT | LISTEN/LOOK  | SONG CHOICES   |
|-------------------|--|---|---|--|---|--|--|
| (2.)              | Mind The<br>Gap<br>Ideal for<br>2 sessions               | <ul> <li>★ To identify the call-and-response structure of a song</li> <li>★ To improvise rhythmic patterns to a four-beat pulse</li> <li>To develop ensemble skills, playing accurately and together</li> </ul>   | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Improvise                                   | Dynamics Pitch Pulse Rhythm Structure        |   | 'I'd Do Anything' from<br>Oliver! by Lionel Bart   | A Song You'll Love To Know! Music Makes The World Go Round Song Of The Social Classes Thank You God The Road Building Song |
|                   | Musical<br>Conver-<br>sations<br>Ideal for 2<br>sessions | <ul> <li>★ To play call-and-response rhythms</li> <li>★ To improvise rhythmic patterns, performing to a steady pulse</li> <li>★ To develop ensemble skills, playing accurately and together</li> </ul>  | Listen Play Improvise Genre/History/ Musicians                        | Dynamics<br>Rhythm<br>Structure<br>Timbre    |   | Trumpet Concerto,<br>first movement<br>cadenza by Haydn<br>Concerto for Turntables<br>and Orchestra by<br>Gabriel Prokofiev  | At The Cross<br>Music Makes The<br>World Go Round<br>Thank You God   |
|                   | Improvising<br>Melodies<br>Ideal for<br>2 sessions       | <ul> <li>★To play an improvised instrumental 'response' on pitched percussion</li> <li>★To improvise simple melodies over four beats</li> </ul>   | Sing<br>Play<br>Improvise   | Pitch<br>Rhythm<br>Structure                 |   | Spontaneous<br>Inventions by<br>Bobby McFerrin   | Springtime   |
| 3. Exploring Jazz | That's Jazz<br>Ideal for<br>1-2 sessions                 | <ul> <li>★ To recognize some stylistic features of jazz music</li> <li>★ To find out about influential jazz musicians</li> <li>★ To sing songs with an awareness of style</li> </ul>  | Sing<br>Listen<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians                         | Pitch<br>Rhythm<br>Timbre                    |   | Heebie Jeebies or<br>Indiana by Louis<br>Armstrong And His<br>Hot Five   | In The Band<br>Jazz Is Cool<br>Shoo-be-doo-ah  |
|                   | Scat<br>Ideal for 2<br>sessions                          | <ul> <li>★ To explore vocal timbre, imitating instrumental sounds</li> <li>★ To compose rhythms using 'scat' sounds</li> <li>★ To use the inter-related dimensions of music (timbre, dynamics, structure, tempo) in a composition</li> <li>★ To gain an understanding of 'scat' singing as a feature of jazz and blues music</li> </ul> | Sing<br>Listen<br>Compose<br>Improvise<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians | Dynamics Pitch Rhythm Structure Tempo Timbre |   | How High The Moon performed by Ella Fitzgerald Take The 'A' Train performed by Duke Ellington and His Orchestra Heebie Jeebies performed by Louis Armstrong And His Hot Five | In The Band<br>Jazz Is Cool<br>Shoo-be-doo-ah  |
|                   | Scat Improvisation Ideal for 1-2 sessions                | ★To improvise melodies musically and in time using 'scat' syllables   | Sing<br>Listen<br>Improvise<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians            | Pitch<br>Rhythm<br>Timbre                    |   | One Note Samba<br>performed by<br>Ella Fitzgerald  | Have You Heard? (He<br>Has Risen!)<br>Something Special  |

## YEAR 5, TERM 2 - CONTENT COVERAGE (cont.)

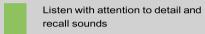
| STEP  | ACTIVITY  | WHAT'S ACHIEVABLE  | CURRICULUM<br>SKILLS   | INTER-RELATED<br>DIMENSIONS<br>OF MUSIC                                    | CUR | KS2 NATIONAL<br>CURRICULUM<br>REQUIREMENTS |  | LISTEN/LOOK | SONG CHOICES   |   |
|---|---|--|--|--|-----|--|--|-------------|--|---|
| 4. Composing<br>and notating<br>music inspired<br>by lyrics<br>and poetry | Volcano<br>Ideal for<br>2-3 sessions                | <ul> <li>★ To use the inter-related dimensions of music expressively when composing</li> <li>★ To identify how music can be used to create an atmosphere or mood</li> <li>★ To create and perform from a graphic score</li> </ul>  | Listen Play Compose Notation Genre/History/ Musicians                        | Articulation Dynamics Pitch Rhythm Texture Tempo Timbre                    |     |  |  |             | Artikulation by Ligeti   | Volcano   |
|   | Word<br>Work-Out!<br>Ideal for<br>2 sessions        | <ul> <li>★ To use voices creatively, making subtle changes to vocal timbre to achieve an effect</li> <li>★ To use the inter-related dimensions expressively when composing</li> <li>★ To create graphic notations</li> </ul>   | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Compose<br>Notation<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians | Articulation Dynamics Pitch Rhythm Structure Texture Tempo Timbre Tonality |     |  |  |             | 'The Hut on Fowl's<br>Legs' from Pictures<br>At An Exhibition<br>by Mussorgsky | The Synonym Song<br>Wonderful Words   |
|   | Composing<br>From Lyrics<br>Ideal for<br>2 sessions | <ul> <li>★ To play a melody to accompany a song using standard notation</li> <li>★ To compose music inspired by song lyrics over a simple melody</li> <li>★ To represent musical ideas using a combination of standard and graphic notation</li> <li>★ To recognize how music can establish mood and atmosphere</li> </ul> | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Compose<br>Notation                                | Articulation Dynamics Notation Pitch Rhythm Structure Texture Timbre       |     |  |  |             | Piece Peace by<br>Bill Evans   | Crazy Clapping Memories That's The Way We're Put Together Warm The Brain When Morning Comes |



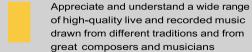
Play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression

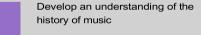


Improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the inter-related dimensions of music



Use and understand staff/stave and other musical notations





# YEAR 5, TERM 3 – CONTENT COVERAGE

| STEP                                      | ACTIVITY  | WHAT'S ACHIEVABLE  | CURRICULUM<br>SKILLS  | INTER-RELATED<br>DIMENSIONS<br>OF MUSIC          | CUI | 2 NAT<br>RRICU<br>QUIRE | JLUI | M | LISTEN/LOOK   | SONG CHOICES  |
|---|---|--|---|--|-----|-------------------------|------|---|---|---|
| 1. Exploring melodic layers               | Round<br>We Go<br>Ideal for a<br>single session     | <ul> <li>★ To maintain a part in a group when singing</li> <li>★ To perform a simple round</li> <li>★ To sing with a good awareness of pitch</li> </ul>  | Sing<br>Listen  | Pitch<br>Rhythm<br>Structure<br>Texture          |     |                         |      |   | Canon In D by Pachelbel   | Poor Little Pluto<br>School Is Nearly Over<br>Tick Tock (The Clocks<br>Go Forward)                |
|   | Round And<br>Round<br>Ideal for a<br>single session | <ul> <li>★ To identify the structure of a round</li> <li>★ To identify phrases in a round</li> <li>★ To sing in two parts, identifying the difference between unison and harmony singing</li> <li>★ To compare rounds</li> </ul> | Listen<br>Sing<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians                     | Pitch<br>Structure<br>Timbre                     |     |                         |      |   | Three Blind Mice (Traditional) Three Country Dances In One (Traditional compiled by Thomas Ravenscroft)                 | School Is Nearly Over   |
|   | Layers<br>Ideal for<br>1-2 sessions                 | <ul> <li>★ To sing a song in parts</li> <li>★ To describe how melodies fit together and produce harmony</li> <li>★ To develop listening skills when performing as a group</li> </ul>   | Sing<br>Listen  | Pitch<br>Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Structure<br>Texture |     |                         |      |   | 'One Day More' from Les<br>Misérables by Alain Boublil and<br>Claude-Michel Schönberg<br>Live Looping by Reinhardt Buhr | I Got A Little Dog<br>In The Band<br>The Bonkers Song<br>We Sing Your Praise                      |
|   | Play A<br>Round<br>Ideal for a<br>single session    | <ul> <li>★ To identify the structure of a round</li> <li>★ To play phrases from a round</li> <li>★ To play a round in two parts</li> </ul>   | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Notation<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians | Pitch<br>Structure<br>Timbre                     |     |                         |      |   | Frère Jacques (Traditional) performed by Mundwerk   | I Love To Sing! I Went To The Shop School Is Nearly Over Sing A Round Start The Day With Exercise |
| 2. Exploring scales, intervals and chords | Melodies<br>FromWords<br>Ideal for 1-2<br>sessions  | <ul> <li>★ To identify scalic patterns</li> <li>★ To compose simple melodies</li> <li>★ To notate melodies using informal and standard notation</li> </ul>   | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Notation                                | Dynamics<br>Pitch<br>Rhythm<br>Tempo             |     |                         |      |   |   | Celebrate Life Today!<br>Chocolate<br>Take A Major Scale  |
|   | Try ATriad<br>Ideal for a<br>single session         | <ul> <li>★ To play triads based on a major scale</li> <li>★ To hear the difference between major and minor chords</li> <li>★ To play a scale following letter and staff notation</li> </ul>                                      | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Notation                                | Pitch<br>Structure<br>Tonality                   |     |                         |      |   |   | Harmony<br>Our Time To Shine<br>Ubuntu  |

## YEAR 5, TERM 3 – CONTENT COVERAGE (cont.)

| STEP   | ACTIVITY   | WHAT'S ACHIEVABLE  | CURRICULUM<br>SKILLS   | INTER-RELATED<br>DIMENSIONS<br>OF MUSIC | KS2 NATION<br>CURRICULU<br>REQUIREMEN | M | LISTEN/LOOK  | SONG CHOICES                            |
|--|--|--|--|---|---------------------------------------|---|--|---|
| (2.)   | Exploring<br>Intervals<br>Ideal for a<br>single session        | <ul> <li>★ To hear the difference between musical intervals</li> <li>★ To identify, play and sing musical intervals</li> <li>★ To begin to recognize intervals that are consonant or dissonant</li> </ul>                                | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Notation                                   | Pitch                                   |                                       |   | 'Buckaroo Holiday' from 'Four Dance Episodes' from Rodeo by Copland Beethoven's 5th Symphony (First movement) Star Wars Theme by John Williams | EarWarm                                 |
|  | Match The<br>Chord To<br>The Word<br>Ideal for<br>1-2 sessions | <ul> <li>★ To select pitches to create major and minor chords</li> <li>★ To choose major and minor chords to establish mood</li> <li>★ To play chords accurately together as a group and produce harmony</li> </ul>                      | Play<br>Notation   | Pitch<br>Pulse<br>Rhythm                |                                       |   | Nocturne No. 2,<br>Op. 9 by Chopin<br>Scarborough Fair<br>(Traditional)  | Newspaper Pictures<br>Sometimes IWonder |
| 3. Creating and<br>playing harmonic<br>accompaniments<br>(drones, chords<br>and basslines) |  | <ul> <li>★ To compose a short pentatonic melody above a drone</li> <li>★ To notate a melody using staff and letter notation</li> <li>★ To sing a song with harmony parts</li> </ul>  | Sing Listen Play Notation Improvise Compose Genre/History/ Musicians | Dynamics<br>Pitch<br>Rhythm<br>Tempo    |                                       |   | Amazing Grace<br>(Traditional)<br>The Peacock Followed<br>The Hen (Traditional)  | As The Sun Rises                        |
|  | Now That's<br>Called<br>Harmony!<br>Ideal for<br>1-2 sessions  | <ul> <li>★ To identify notes from the C major chord (triad)</li> <li>★ To listen to and play short melodies by ear</li> <li>★ To combine melodic parts to create harmony</li> </ul>  | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Notation                                   | Pitch<br>Structure<br>Texture           |                                       |   | <i>Smile</i> by Charlie Chaplin  | Harmony The Harmony Blues Ubuntu        |
|  | Playing<br>With<br>Chords<br>Ideal for<br>1-2 sessions         | <ul> <li>★ To select pitches to create simple major chords</li> <li>★ To play chords accurately together as a group and produce three-part harmony</li> <li>★ To play a chordal accompaniment using staff and letter notation</li> </ul> | Play<br>Notation   | Pitch<br>Pulse<br>Rhythm                |                                       |   |  | He'll Be There                          |
|  | Extra-<br>ordinary<br>Ensemble<br>Ideal for 2<br>sessions      | <ul> <li>★ To accompany a song with a bassline</li> <li>★ To play as an ensemble, accurately and in time</li> <li>★ To identify characteristics of country rock music</li> </ul>   | Listen Play Compose Notation Genre/History/ Musicians                | Pitch<br>Rhythm<br>Structure            |                                       |   | Turn! Turn! Turn! by<br>The Byrds<br>I Can't Dance by Gram<br>Parsons  | Extraordinary Me!<br>Extraordinary You! |

# YEAR 5, TERM 3 - CONTENT COVERAGE (cont.)

| STEP                                    | ACTIVITY   | WHAT'S ACHIEVABLE  | CURRICULUM<br>SKILLS                                  | INTER-RELATED<br>DIMENSIONS<br>OF MUSIC | KS2 NATIONAL<br>CURRICULUM<br>REQUIREMENTS                                     | LISTEN/LOOK  | SONG CHOICES   |
|---|--|--|---|---|--|--|--|
| 4. Combining lyrics, melody and harmony | Write Your<br>Own Song<br>Ideal for<br>2-3 sessions    | <ul> <li>★ To recognize rhythmic syllable placement in music using lyrics</li> <li>★ To recognize the structure of a song</li> <li>★ To compose lyrics to fit a given melody</li> <li>★ To add a bassline accompaniment to a song</li> </ul> | Listen Play Compose Notation Genre/History/ Musicians | Pitch<br>Rhythm<br>Structure            |  | Wuthering Heights by<br>Kate Bush<br>'The Old Castle' from<br>Pictures At An Exhibition<br>by Mussorgsky   | Take A Major Scale   |
|   | Class Jingle<br>Ideal for<br>2 sessions                | To identify features of jingles To compose and perform a class jingle To notate a melody using staff or letter notation  | Sing<br>Play<br>Compose<br>Notation                   | Pitch<br>Rhythm<br>Structure            |  |  | Coordinating Conjunctions (FANBOYS) Give It All You've Got Perimeter-ter-ter! Ubuntu We Are One We're So Proud Of Our School |
|   | Lyrics And<br>Melody<br>Ideal for<br>2 sessions        | ★ To compose a song following a melodic structure To perform a melody and harmony part on tuned percussion To notate a melody using letter notation  | Sing<br>Play<br>Compose<br>Notation                   | Pulse<br>Pitch<br>Rhythm<br>Structure   |  | I'm Still Standing and<br>Your Song by Elton<br>John and Bernie Taupin<br>The Gnu Song by<br>Michael Flanders and<br>Donald Swann                          | Take A Major Scale   |
|   | We're<br>Building A<br>Song<br>Ideal for<br>2 sessions | ★ To compose a song following a melodic structure To perform a melody and harmony part on tuned percussion To notate a melody using letter notation  | Play<br>Sing<br>Listen<br>Compose<br>Notation         | Pitch<br>Rhythm<br>Structure            |  | Olympic Hymn by<br>Spyridon Samaras<br>The Olympian: The<br>Lighting OfTheTorchand<br>Closing by Philip Glass<br>Call Of The Champions<br>by John Williams | Singing A Thankful<br>Song<br>Sing Together<br>We Are One<br>We're Building  |
|   |  |  |   | _                                       |  | _  |  |
|   | ATIONAL<br>ICULUM                                      | Play and perform in solo and ens contexts, using their voices and musical instruments with increas accuracy, fluency, control and ex   | playing<br>sing                                       |   | ompose music for a<br>les using the inter-related<br>music                     | Listen with attention t<br>recall sounds   | o detail and   |
|   | REMENTS  | Use and understand staff/stave a other musical notations   | nd  | of high-quality l                       | understand a wide range<br>ive and recorded music<br>erent traditions and from | Develop an understar<br>history of music   | nding of the   |

great composers and musicians

# YEAR 6, TERM 1 – CONTENT COVERAGE

| STEP  | ACTIVITY  | WHAT'S ACHIEVABLE   | CURRICULUM<br>SKILLS   | INTER-RELATED<br>DIMENSIONS<br>OF MUSIC              | CURRI | ATIONAL<br>CULUM<br>REMENTS | LISTEN/LOOK   | SONG CHOICES   |
|---|---|---|--|--|-------|-----------------------------|---|--|
| Exploring time signatures and performing together | Rumpty<br>Tumpty<br>Ideal for a<br>single session | ★ To begin to understand the construction of a $\frac{6}{8}$ time signature ★ To maintain a steady beat in $\frac{6}{8}$  | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Notation                               | Pulse<br>Rhythm                                      |       |                             | Sicilienne for cello<br>and piano Op. 78<br>by Fauré                                    | Benediction Song Harvest Song I Will Rejoice J'ai Perdu Mon Chapeau! 93 Million Miles Ring Out Silent Night Song Of The Street Children Turn Back The Clocks |
|   | Pass The<br>Pebble<br>Ideal for<br>2 sessions     | <ul> <li>★ To maintain a steady pulse in different time signatures (4 and 8)</li> <li>★ To maintain a part in a small group</li> <li>★ To perform rhythmic patterns to the pulse</li> </ul>   | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians            | Pulse<br>Rhythm                                      |       |                             | You've Got To Hide<br>Your Love Away by<br>the Beatles<br>Sir Eglamore by<br>Kate Rusby | Benediction Song Coordination Funk Harvest Song In 1666 J'ai Perdu Mon Chapeau! 93 Million Miles This Christmas Time   |
|   | Cup<br>Rhythms<br>Ideal for<br>2 sessions         | <ul> <li>★ To maintain a steady pulse in different time signatures (4 and 8)</li> <li>★ To maintain a part in an ensemble</li> <li>★ To perform rhythmic patterns accurately</li> </ul>   | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play   | Dynamics<br>Pulse<br>Rhythm                          |       |                             |   | Coordination Funk Harvest Song 93 Million Miles Silent Night Turn Back The Clocks  |
|   | Mixed-up<br>Rhymes<br>Ideal for<br>1-2 sessions   | <ul> <li>★ To maintain a steady pulse in 8 to copy and create 6 to copy and create 8 the to identify characteristics of a jig (gigue)</li> </ul>  | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Compose<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians | Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Structure                         |       |                             | Gigue from Cello<br>Suite No.1 by<br>J.S. Bach<br>The Kesh Jig<br>(Traditional)         | Flea Song (It's The<br>Bee's Knees!)<br>Ful-de-loo-de-loo<br>Sing A Song For Harvest<br>The 'Losing Things' Song<br>Tickled Me Pink                          |
|   | Take Five<br>Styles<br>Ideal for<br>2 sessions    | <ul> <li>★ To recognize changes to musical pulse</li> <li>★ To perform accurately in different tempos and time signatures</li> <li>★ To demonstrate appropriate articulation on instruments in different styles of music</li> </ul> | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians            | Articulation<br>Dynamics<br>Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Tempo |       |                             | Libertango<br>by Piazzolla  | Take 5 Styles  |

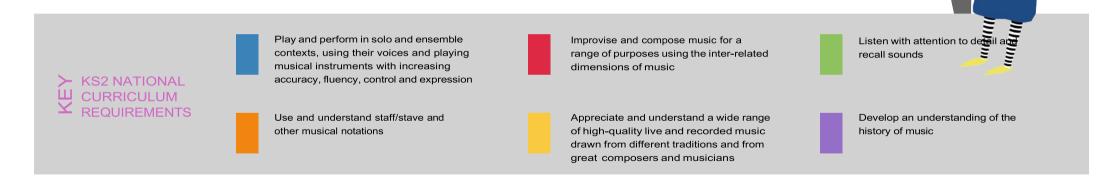
# YEAR 6, TERM 1 – CONTENT COVERAGE (cont.)

| STEP                                      | ACTIVITY   | WHAT'S ACHIEVABLE  | CURRICULUM<br>SKILLS                                  | INTER-RELATED<br>DIMENSIONS<br>OF MUSIC             | CUF | RRIC | IONA<br>JLUM<br>MENT |  | LISTEN/LOOK   | SONG CHOICES   |
|---|--|--|---|---|-----|------|----------------------|--|---|--|
| 2. Performing rhythms expressively        | Mad On<br>Popping<br>Ideal for<br>1-2 sessions             | <ul> <li>★ To select suitable timbres to accompany a poem</li> <li>★ To create layers of rhythm</li> <li>★ To perform a poem with expression</li> <li>★ To perform a solo part in a small group performance</li> </ul>         | Listen<br>Play<br>Compose                             | Articulation Dynamics Pulse Rhythm Structure Timbre |     |      |                      |  |   | Mad On Popping   |
|   | Plastic<br>Wrap<br>Ideal for<br>1-2 sessions               | <ul> <li>★ To experiment with using accents to create different musical effects</li> <li>★ To prepare a poem for performance</li> <li>★ To follow rhythmic notation</li> </ul>   | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Compose<br>Notation         | Articulation Pulse Rhythm Structure                 |     |      |                      |  | African talking drum<br>performed by Ayan<br>Bisi Adeleke | Plastic Wrap   |
|   | Quack,<br>Twitter,<br>Cluckety!<br>Ideal for<br>2 sessions | <ul> <li>★ To recognize the duration of quavers, crotchets and triplets</li> <li>★ To compose and perform rhythms accurately and in time</li> </ul>  | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Compose<br>Notation         | Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Structure<br>Tempo               |     |      |                      |  | Cantus Arcticus by<br>Einojuhani Rautavaara               | Dawn Chorus<br>Juicy Fruit<br>Lazy Days<br>The Mad Moon Song |
| 3. Performing polyrhythms with expression | African<br>Drums<br>Ideal for a<br>single session          | <ul> <li>★ To play three different tones on an African drum</li> <li>★ To play a rhythmic ostinato on drums or other untuned percussion</li> <li>★ To perform polyrhythms accurately and in time as part of a group</li> </ul> | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians | Dynamics Pulse Rhythm Texture Timbre                |     |      |                      |  | Djembe solo peformed<br>by M'Bemba Bangoura               | Living And Learning  |
|   | Latin<br>Rhythms<br>Ideal for<br>1-2 sessions              | <ul> <li>★ To perform polyrhythms</li> <li>★ To recognize some features of<br/>Latin music</li> <li>★ To create and perform an<br/>ostinato as an acompainment</li> </ul>  | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians | Dynamics Pulse Rhythm Structure Texture             |     |      |                      |  | La Salsa Nunca Se<br>Acaba by<br>Susie Hansen             | Ai Caramba Samba   |
|   | Samba<br>Rhythms<br>Ideal for                              | <ul> <li>★ To play polyrhythms accurately<br/>and in time as an ensembe</li> <li>★ To identify characteristics of</li> </ul>   | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play                                | Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Structure                        |     |      |                      |  |   | Ai Caramba Samba<br>Fiesta<br>Harvest Samba                  |



## YEAR 6, TERM 1 – CONTENT COVERAGE (cont.)

| STEP  | ACTIVITY  | WHAT'S ACHIEVABLE  | CURRICULUM<br>SKILLS   | INTER-RELATED<br>DIMENSIONS<br>OF MUSIC | KS2 NATIONA<br>CURRICULUM<br>REQUIREMENT | 1 | LISTEN/LOOK   | SONG CHOICES   |
|---|---|--|--|---|--|---|---|--|
| 4. Organizing rhythmic ideas in a structure | Write A Rap<br>Ideal for<br>2 sessions                | <ul> <li>★To recognize the structure of<br/>a song written in rap style</li> <li>★To compose appropriate rap<br/>lyrics over an eight-bar verse</li> </ul>   | Sing<br>Listen<br>Compose  | Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Structure            |  |   | Planet Rock by Afrika<br>Bambaataa &<br>Soulsonic Force               | The Glft Of Life   |
|   | Cup<br>Choreography<br>Ideal for<br>2 sessions        | <ul> <li>★ To perform rhythms accurately and expressively</li> <li>★ To organize rhyhmic ideas into a structure</li> <li>★ To identify and describe changes in musical texture</li> <li>★ To compose cup and body-percussion rhythms from rhythmic notation</li> </ul> | Play Listen Compose Improvise Notation Genre/History/ Musicians    | Dynamics Pulse Rhythm Texture Timbre    |  |   | Konnakol performance<br>by V. Shivapriya and<br>B. R. Somashekar Jois | Christmas Has Started<br>Coordination Funk<br>Light Up The Sky<br>Midnight |
|   | Body-Beat<br>Composition<br>Ideal for<br>1-2 sessions | <ul> <li>★ To perform body-percussion rhythms as an ensemble</li> <li>★ To organize rhythmic ideas into musical structures</li> <li>★ To notate a composition</li> <li>★ To compare how body percussion is used in different cultures and traditions</li> </ul>        | Sing<br>Play<br>Compose<br>Notation<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians | Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Structure<br>Tempo   |  |   | Gumboot dancing<br>Saman dancing<br>Traditional Romany<br>dancing     |  |



# YEAR 6, TERM 2 – CONTENT COVERAGE

| STEP  | ACTIVITY   | WHAT'S ACHIEVABLE   | CURRICULUM<br>SKILLS  | INTER-RELATED<br>DIMENSIONS<br>OF MUSIC     | CUR | RRIC | TION:<br>ULUI<br>EMEN | M | LISTEN/LOOK  | SONG CHOICES   |
|---|--|---|---|---|-----|------|-----------------------|---|--|--|
| 1. Improvising<br>and exploring<br>vocal and<br>instrumental<br>effects | Sound<br>Effects<br>Ideal for a<br>single session          | <ul> <li>★ To experiment with vocal sounds, varying pitch, articulation, timbre and dynamics</li> <li>★ To follow a graphic score</li> </ul>  | Sing<br>Listen<br>Improvise<br>Notation                             | Articulation<br>Dynamics<br>Pitch<br>Timbre |     |      |                       |   | The Honda Civic<br>'Choir' by<br>Steve Sidwell   | Cheeky Charlie Chick Cookies I'm Chipper and I'm Chirpy Peter Piper That's Alliteration! Warm Up In Style! |
|   | Mickey<br>Mousing<br>Ideal for<br>2 sessions               | <ul> <li>★ To experiment with vocal and instrumental sounds, varying pitch, articulation, timbre and dynamics</li> <li>★ To improvise on instruments in response to a stimulus</li> <li>★ To describe music using appropriate musical vocabulary</li> <li>★ To explore musical techniques used in film music</li> </ul> | Sing<br>Play<br>Improvise<br>Compose<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians | Articulation Dynamics Pitch Tempo Timbre    |     |      |                       |   | Steamboat Willie<br>directed by<br>Walt Disney<br>Clip from<br>Spider-Man  | What A Flexible Body!  |
|   | Fireworks!<br>Ideal for<br>2 sessions                      | <ul> <li>★ To use a range of vocal timbres to create sound imagery</li> <li>★ To perform a soundscape following a graphic score (with timeline)</li> <li>★ To identify key features of Tchaikovsky's 1812 Overture</li> </ul>   | Sing Listen Compose Improvise Notation Genre/History/ Musicians     | Dynamics Pich Structure Texture Timbre      |     |      |                       |   | 1812 Overture<br>by Tchaikovsky<br>UVorot, UVorot<br>(Traditional)<br>La Marseillaise                              | Fireworks (Warm-up)  |
|   | Articulate<br>Ideal for a<br>single session                | <ul> <li>★ To recognize staccato and legato articulation</li> <li>★ To sing with appropriate articulation</li> </ul>  | Sing<br>Listen  | Articulation<br>Pitch<br>Timbre             |     |      |                       |   | Clarinet Concerto,<br>second movement<br>by Mozart<br>Villageoises, Staccato<br>by Poulence                        | Build A Fort<br>I'm Chipper and I'm Chirpy<br>Major General Calculate<br>Medication<br>Silly Donkey!       |
| 2. Using harmony to create moods and atmosphere                         | The Power<br>Of Intervals<br>Ideal for a<br>single session | <ul> <li>★ To hear how different musical intervals sound</li> <li>★ To identify, play and sing musical intervals</li> <li>★ To recognize the difference between consonant and dissonant sounds in harmony</li> </ul>  | Sing<br>Play<br>Notation<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians             | Pitch<br>Structure                          |     |      |                       |   | 'Somewhere Over<br>The Rainbow' from<br>The Wizard Of Oz<br>by Harold Arlen<br>Theme from Jaws<br>by John Williams | Ear Warm   |
|   | Dark And<br>Light<br>Ideal for<br>2 sessions               | <ul> <li>★ To select appropriate dynamics, harmony and timbre to establish mood and atmosphere</li> <li>★ To use consonant and dissonant harmony to create 'tension' and 'release'</li> <li>★ To listen to and suggest ways to improve a performance</li> </ul>   | Play<br>Listen<br>Compose   | Dynamics<br>Pitch<br>Tempo<br>Timbre        |     |      |                       |   |  | Dark And Light<br>Sun Arise  |

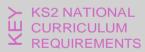
# YEAR 6, TERM 2 – CONTENT COVERAGE (cont.)

| STEP   | ACTIVITY  | WHAT'S ACHIEVABLE  | CURRICULUM<br>SKILLS                                    | INTER-RELATED<br>DIMENSIONS<br>OF MUSIC           | KS2 NATIONAL<br>CURRICULUM<br>REQUIREMENTS | LISTEN/LOOK  | SONG CHOICES   |
|--|---|--|---|---|--|--|--|
| (2.)   | Unity And<br>Discord<br>Ideal for<br>1-2 sessions                     | <ul> <li>★ To explore ways that 'unity' and 'discord' can be illustrated through music</li> <li>★ To explore and play the inter-related dimensions to create contrasting musical effects</li> <li>★ To play instruments responding to the directions of a conductor</li> </ul>                     | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Compose                       | Dynamics<br>Pitch<br>Timbre<br>Tonality           |  | Panic by Harrison Birtwhistle 'Jupiter' from The Planets by Holst  | As One<br>Differences Make<br>Us Unique  |
| 3. Exploring musical styles and performance skills | On With The<br>Show<br>Ideal for<br>1-2 sessions                      | <ul> <li>★ To identify key features of musical theatre in a range of songs</li> <li>★ To discuss the development of musical theatre</li> <li>★ To consider ways to improve a vocal performance (e.g. using clear diction)</li> </ul>   | Sing<br>Listen<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians           | Pitch<br>Rhythm<br>Structure                      |  | 'Another Op'nin', Another<br>Show' from Kiss Me, Kate<br>by Cole Porter<br>'Major General's Song' from<br>The Pirates of Penzance<br>by Gilbert and Sullivan<br>'I Got Rhythm' from Girl<br>Crazy by George and<br>Ira Gershwin<br>'Jacob and Sons' from<br>Joseph and The Amazing<br>Technicolour Dreamcoat by<br>Andrew Lloyd Webber | Betcha<br>Cookies<br>Our Time To Shine<br>Peter Piper<br>That's Alliteration!<br>Today Is The Start            |
|  | Take To The<br>Stage<br>Ideal for<br>1-2 sessions                     | <ul> <li>★ To sing songs with an awareness of style</li> <li>★ To explore techniques to communicate characters effectively, considering the role of the performer and audience</li> <li>★ To consider ways to improve a vocal performance (e.g. using clear diction, facial expression)</li> </ul> | Sing<br>Listen<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians           | Articulation Dynamics Pitch Tempo Timbre Tonality |  | 'Consider Yourself' from<br>Oliver! by Lionel Bart<br>'If I Only Had A Brain' from<br>The Wizard Of Oz by<br>Arlen and Harburg   | Betcha Make A Difference Song Of The Social Classes Song Of The Street Children The Slave Song Tickled Me Pink |
|  | Communicate<br>With Your<br>Audience<br>Ideal for a single<br>session | <ul> <li>★ To consider ways to communicate the lyrical meaning of a song</li> <li>★ To explore ideas for staging a section of a song</li> <li>★ To develop understanding of what makes a successful performance</li> </ul>   | Sing  | Articlation<br>Dynamics<br>Texture<br>Timbre      |  |  | Completely Uniquely Me! Extraordinary Me! Extraordinary You! I'm Not Who You Say I Am It's My Life This is Me! |
|  | In The Pit!<br>Ideal for<br>1-2 sessions                              | <ul> <li>★ To perform an instrumental accompaniment in <sup>3</sup> time</li> <li>★ To recognize some characteristics of musical theatre performance</li> <li>★ To perform an ostinato rhythm using</li> </ul>   | Sing<br>Play<br>Notation<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians | Pulse<br>Rhythm<br>Tempo                          |  | Medley from Les Misérables<br>by Claude-Michel Schönberg,<br>Alain Boublil and<br>Jean-Marc Natel  | Ai Caramba Samba<br>Fiesta<br>Harvest Samba<br>Lunchtime Queue   |

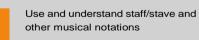
| standard notation |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
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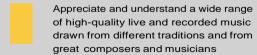
## YEAR 6, TERM 2 – CONTENT COVERAGE (cont.)

| EP  | ACTIVITY  | WHAT'S ACHIEVABLE  | CURRICULUM<br>SKILLS   | INTER-RELATED<br>DIMENSIONS<br>OF MUSIC                           | CUF | RRIC | TION.<br>ULUI<br>EMEN | VI | LISTEN/LOOK   | SONG CHOICES   |
|---|---|--|--|---|-----|------|-----------------------|----|---|--|
| Composing<br>ndperforming<br>usictocreate<br>oods and<br>mosphere | Space Sounds<br>In Sync<br>Ideal for<br>2 sessions    | <ul> <li>★ To use instruments and voices creatively, making subtle changes to tempo and dynamics to achieve an effect</li> <li>★ To use the inter-related dimensions expressively when composing</li> <li>★ To create and follow a graphic score (with timeline)</li> </ul>  | Play<br>Compose<br>Notation<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians                   | Articulation Dynamics Pitch Rhythm Structure Texture Timbre       |     |      |                       |    | First Step by Hans<br>Zimmer  | Space Music  |
|   | One Actor,<br>Many Roles<br>Ideal for<br>2-3 sessions | <ul> <li>★ To consider ways to communicate the lyrical meaning of a song</li> <li>★ To compose music using a melodic motif, using the inter-related dimensions of music to evoke mood and atmosphere</li> <li>★ To notate music using a combination of standard and graphic notation</li> <li>★ To explore how composers use leitmotifs to represent characters</li> </ul> | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Compose<br>Notation<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians | Articulation Dynamics Pitch Rhythm Structure Texture Tempo timbre |     |      |                       |    | Excerpts from Tristan And Isolde by Wagner Star Wars Theme by John Williams | Completely Uniquely Me! Extraordinary Me! Extraordinary You! I'm Not Who You Say I Am I'm OK! It's My Life This is Me! |
|   | Comedy<br>Sound Effects<br>Ideal for<br>2 sessions    | <ul> <li>★ To perform a song with expression, exploring techniques to communicate style and mood</li> <li>★ To create and perform 16-beat rhythms, following graphic notation</li> <li>★ To create graphic notation to represent a sequence of comedy sound effects</li> </ul>   | Sing<br>Play<br>Listen<br>Compose<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians             | Dynamics<br>Structure<br>Tempo<br>Timbre                          |     |      |                       |    | Excerpt from Ratatouille by Michael Giacchino, performed by a Foley Artist  | Doing Something<br>Funny!  |
|   | Roller Coaster<br>Ride!<br>Ideal for<br>2 sessions    | <ul> <li>★ To use instruments and voices creatively, making subtle changes to tempo and dynamics to achieve an effect</li> <li>★ To use the inter-related dimensions expressively when composing</li> </ul>  | Play<br>Listen<br>Compose<br>Notation  | Dynamics Pitch Tempo Timbre                                       |     |      |                       |    | 1812 Overture<br>by Tchaikovsky   | The Roller Coaster   |



accuracy, fluency, control and expression







## YEAR 6, TERM 3 – CONTENT COVERAGE

| STEP                              | ACTIVITY  | WHAT'S ACHIEVABLE   | CURRICULUM<br>SKILLS                          | INTER-RELATED<br>DIMENSIONS<br>OF MUSIC                   | KS2 NA<br>CURRI<br>REQUIF | CULU | M | LISTEN/LOOK   | SONG CHOICES   |
|-----------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---------------------------|------|---|---|--|
| 1. Investigating song ingredients | What's The<br>Message?<br>Ideal for 1-2<br>sessions | <ul> <li>★ To discuss how songs can be used to tell a story, express a feeling and communicate a message</li> <li>★ To analyze a song, identifying how the musical dimensions are used to express the lyrical content</li> <li>★ To recognize the importance of song lyrics in communicating a message</li> </ul> | Sing<br>Listen<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians | Pitch<br>Rhythm<br>Structure<br>Timbre<br>Tonality        |                           |      |   | What Have They Done To The Rain, by Malvina Reynolds, performed by Joan Baez Big Yellow Taxi by Joni Mitchell | A Great Big Change<br>Green Song<br>In The Bin (7 million Tons)  |
|                                   | Song<br>Structures<br>Ideal for a<br>single session | <ul> <li>★ To evaluate the structure of a song</li> <li>★ To listen for structural features in contrasting pieces of music</li> <li>★ To recognize key characteristics of pop songs</li> </ul>  | Listen<br>Sing<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians | Structure   |                           |      |   | Hey Jude and<br>With A Little Help<br>From My Friends<br>by The Beatles                                       | Conkers! Don'tForgetYourSunCream Everybody Sing Harvest Samba London Bells Song For Every Day The Mary Rose We're So Proud Of Our School When We Celebrate   |
|                                   | Song And<br>Dance<br>Ideal for 1-2<br>sessions      | <ul> <li>★ To recognize the structural features of a song</li> <li>★ To interpret the lyrical content of a song</li> <li>★ To identify 'hooks' in pop songs</li> <li>★ To represent song features with movement and dance</li> </ul>  | Sing<br>Listen<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians | Pitch<br>Rhythm<br>Structure                              |                           |      |   | Hound Dog by Elvis<br>Presley<br>Respect by Aretha<br>Franklin  | Everybody Sing!<br>When We Celebrate   |
|                                   | Song<br>Detectives<br>Ideal for<br>2 sessions       | <ul> <li>★ To identify and describe musical features of a song</li> <li>★ To recognize the structure of a song</li> <li>★ To develop critical listening skills</li> </ul>   | Sing<br>Listen<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians | Pitch<br>Structure<br>Tempo Texture<br>Timbre<br>Tonality |                           |      |   |   | A Great Big Change All Around The World There Is Singing Benediction Song Different Drums Dragonfly Jazz is Cool Singsational Sun Arise The White Cliffs Of Dover 1066 Rap Today We're Building Who Was William Shakespeare? |

# YEAR 6, TERM 3 – CONTENT COVERAGE (cont.)

| STEP  | ACTIVITY  | WHAT'S ACHIEVABLE   | CURRICULUM<br>SKILLS   | INTER-RELATED<br>DIMENSIONS<br>OF MUSIC             | KS2 NATIONAL<br>CURRICULUM<br>REQUIREMENTS | LISTEN/LOOK   | SONG CHOICES   |
|---|---|---|--|---|--|---|--|
| 2. Exploring scales and sequences                     | The Bells!<br>Ideal for 1-2<br>sessions             | <ul> <li>★ To identify melodic patterns in songs and music</li> <li>★ To play melodies on tuned percussion from notation</li> <li>★ To create music inspired by bell chimes</li> </ul>  | Listen<br>Play<br>Notation<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians          | Pitch<br>Pulse<br>Tempo<br>Tonality                 |  | Westminster Quarters<br>Carillon de Westminster<br>by Louis Vierne<br>La Cathédrale Engloutie<br>by Debussy | London Bells<br>Ring Out The Bells!  |
|   | Clearly<br>Chromatic<br>Ideal for 1-2<br>sessions   | <ul> <li>★ To identify and sing a chromatic melody</li> <li>★ To play a chromatic melody using tuned percssion</li> <li>★ To sing a harmony part</li> </ul>   | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Improvise<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians | Pitch<br>Rhythm                                     |  | Flight of the Bumblebee<br>by Rimsky-Korsakov<br>'Habenera' from Carmen<br>by Bizet                         | Dragonfly<br>Happiness Is Not<br>Make A Mummy<br>Wouldn't It Be Funny?   |
|   | Exploring<br>Sequences<br>Ideal for 1-2<br>sessions | <ul> <li>★ To listen to and identify melodic patterns in songs</li> <li>★ To listen, identify and play a melodic sequence in music</li> </ul>   | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Notation                                 | Pitch<br>Rhythm<br>Structure                        |  | Symphony No. 5 by<br>Beethoven<br>'Do Re Mi' from The<br>Sound of Music by<br>Rodgers and Hammerstein       | Back In School Again Ding Dong! Merrily On High H.A.P.P.Y. Infant Holy The First Days Of Summer When I Grow Up |
|   | Spot The<br>Sequence!<br>Ideal for 1-2<br>sessions  | <ul> <li>★ To listen to and identify melodic pattern in songs</li> <li>★ To listen to and identify a melodic sequence in music</li> <li>★ To compose a short melodic sequence</li> </ul>  | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Notation                                 | Pitch<br>Rhythm<br>Structure                        |  | You Don't Have To Say<br>You Love Me by Dusty<br>Springfield<br>God Save The Queen                          | The First Days of<br>Summer  |
| 3. Playing and creating chord sequences and basslines | This Is The<br>Blues<br>Ideal for<br>2 sessions     | <ul> <li>★ To perform a blues-style riff</li> <li>★ To begin to recognize the structure of a 12-bar blues</li> <li>★ To identify features of blues music</li> </ul>   | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians              | Pitch<br>Rhythm<br>Structure                        |  | Good Morning Blues by<br>Lead Belly<br>Woke Up This Morning<br>by B. B. King                                | New Day Blues<br>The Brussel Sprout<br>Blues<br>The Harmony Blues  |
|   | Leavers'<br>Ensemble<br>Ideal for<br>2 sessions     | <ul> <li>★ To describe the melodic structure of a song</li> <li>★ To create musical textures using melodic ostinato</li> <li>★ To play an instrumental ensemble accurately and in time</li> <li>★ To follow notation</li> </ul> | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Notation<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians  | Pitch<br>Rhythm<br>Structure<br>Texture<br>Tonality |  | Gamelan music   | Lea Song   |

|  |            |   |        |           |  | _ |  |
|--|------------|---|--------|-----------|--|---|--|
|  | Chord      | ★ To identify chord progressions in songs | Sing   | Pitch     |  |   |  |
|  | Changers   |   | Listen | Rhythm    |  |   |  |
|  | Ideal for  | ★ To play a simple chord progression      | Play   | Structure |  |   |  |
|  | 2 sessions | using melodic instruments                 | _      | Tonality  |  |   |  |



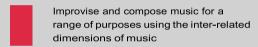
## YEAR 6, TERM 3 – CONTENT COVERAGE (cont.)

| STEP  | ACTIVITY  | WHAT'S ACHIEVABLE   | CURRICULUM<br>SKILLS  | INTER-RELATED<br>DIMENSIONS<br>OF MUSIC               | CUI | KS2 NATIONAL<br>CURRICULUM<br>REQUIREMENTS |  | LISTEN/LOOK | SONG CHOICES |   |   |
|---|---|---|---|---|-----|--|--|-------------|--------------|---|---|
| (3.)  | Create A<br>Chord<br>Ideal for<br>2 sessions        | <ul> <li>★ To select pitches to create chords</li> <li>★ To play a simple chord progression</li> <li>★ To follow graphic and rhythmic notation</li> </ul>                   | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Notation  | Dynamics Pitch Rhythm Structure Tempo Tonality        |     |  |  |             |              |   | Different Drums<br>Fiesta<br>Harmony<br>Harmony Blues<br>Ubuntu   |
| 4. Composing and performing music for an occasion | Song Of<br>Celebration<br>Ideal for 2-3<br>sessions | <ul> <li>★ To explore the structure of a song</li> <li>★ To compose and notate the lyrics and melody for a celebratory song</li> <li>★ To perform as an ensemble</li> </ul> | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Compose<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians                          | Pitch<br>Rhythm<br>Structure<br>Tonality              |     |  |  |             |              | Zadok The Priest by Handel<br>Haffner Serenade by Mozart<br>This Is The Day by John Rutter  | Celebrate Life Today Everybody Sing! Fiesta Start The Celebrations When We Celebrate                      |
|   | Moving On<br>Ideal for 2-3<br>sessions              | <ul> <li>★To perform a simple bassline accurately</li> <li>★To compose lyrics and melody</li> <li>★To perform together as an ensemble</li> </ul>                            | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Improvise<br>Compose<br>Notation                                | Dynamics Pitch Rhythm Structure Tonality              |     |  |  |             |              | You Are My Sunshine<br>by Jimmie Davies and<br>Charles Mitchell<br>Rock Around The Clock by<br>Billy Haley and His Comets   | Leavers' Song Moving On Start The Celebrations So Long, Farewell, Cheerio! Today We Celebrate             |
|   | School<br>Fanfare<br>Ideal for 2-3<br>sessions      | <ul> <li>★ To compose a fanfare</li> <li>★ To recognize characteristics of fanfares</li> <li>★ To notate a melody using letter or staff notation</li> </ul>                 | Sing<br>Listen<br>Play<br>Improvise<br>Compose<br>Notation<br>Genre/History/<br>Musicians | Dynamics Pitch Rhythm Structure Tempo Timbre Tonality |     |  |  |             |              | Royal Entrance Fanfare by Randy Dunn Fanfare for St Edmundsbury by Benjamin Britten 'The Big Turtle Fanfare' from South China Sea and 'Vorspiel' from Le Grande Macabre by György Ligeti Fanfare For The Common Man by Eric Copland | As One<br>Fanfare<br>Give It All You've Got!<br>Sing A Song In Unison<br>This Is our School<br>We Are One |

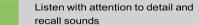


Play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression

Use and understand staff/stave and other musical notations



Appreciate and understand a wide range of high-quality live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great composers and musicians



Develop an understanding of the history of music

### Year 1 Sparkyard Music Curriculum Key Learning and Skills Overview

#### **Kev Learning**

| Term 1: Move To The Beat  | Term 2: Exploring Sounds   | Term 3: High or Low?   |
|---|--|--|
| Children can:  Learn to recognise pulse, matching movements to music Explore percussion instruments Perform simple instrumental accompaniments to familiar songs  Create simple choreography and learn about dance traditions such as South African Gumboot Dancing and North Indian Kathak Dance | Children can:  Explore how sounds can be produced in different ways using voices and instruments  Sing simple songs, adding facial expressions and actions to enhance performance  Recognise how composers using dynamics, tempo and timbre to reflect a character or theme  Use song lyrics as a stimulus for a composition  Compose short sound sequences to tell a story and perform them to each other  Follow musical instructions and invent notation to represent sound sequences | Children can:  Learn to identify and describe pitch  Explore sounds created by a variety of different instruments and voice, describing their pitch and timbre  Play simple listening games, identifying and copying simple pitch patterns  Use a variety of tuned and untuned percussion instruments  Compose simple sound effects to accompany sections of a story  Compose pitch patterns and represent them using simple graphic notation  Prepare songs for a class performance |

#### Skills Overview:

The Sparkyard Music Curriculum for Y1 enables children to develop a range of skills in singing, playing, listening, composing, improvising and exploring notation. The 'at a glance' table identifies termly coverage, and you will see that many skills are revisited across the course of the year.

Use these statements to build a picture of the musical learning in your class. Not only can they aid your planning, but they can also give you some ideas of the things to look out for when your class are engaged in any kind of musical activity.

Becoming a musician, even simply learning to engage actively with music, means nurturing a range of positive behaviours. These behaviours are central to almost every lesson in Y1 and you can aim for your class to:

- Talk about music making, identifying things that they enjoy or work well
- Follow instructions and listen to the suggestions of others
- Take turns

It is also important to recognise that musical learning takes place both in and outside the classroom. We know that musical learning will be strengthened through regular opportunities to practise and celebrate music making with others so in Y1 we recommend that children:

- Revisit songs and musical activities throughout the week
- Perform songs to other classes or in assemblies each term
- Share and practise songs at home using the Sparkyard share link.

| Our Sparkyard Music Curriculum will enable children in Y1 to develop these SINGING and PLAYING skills:             | Term 1:<br>MOVE TO THE<br>BEAT | Term 2:<br>EXPLORING<br>SOUNDS | Term 3:<br>HIGH OR LOW? |
|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. Sing simple songs, chants and rhymes as a class   | ٧                              | ٧                              | ٧                       |
| 2. Copy simple pitch patterns accurately (e.g. singing call and response songs) *                                  | ٧                              | ٧                              | ٧                       |
| 3. Respond to visual performance directions (e.g. start, stop, loud, quiet)  | ٧                              | ٧                              | ٧                       |
| 4. Walk, move or clap a steady beat with others, changing the speed of the beat as the tempo of the music changes. | ٧                              | ٧                              |                         |
| 5. Perform short copycat rhythms patterns accurately e,g, word pattern chants                                      | ٧                              | ٧                              | ٧                       |
| 6 Play simple rhythmic accompaniments to songs to a steady pulse (e.g. short, repeated rhythms)                    | ٧                              |                                |                         |
| 7. Play pitch patterns on tuned instruments  |                                | ٧                              | ٧                       |
| 8. Explore instrumental and vocal timbre, recognising how sounds can be changed                                    | ٧                              | ٧                              | ٧                       |
| 9. Perform to an audience**  |                                |                                | ٧                       |
| 10. Explore ways to perform a song (e.g. adding simple actions or changing vocal timbre)                           |                                | ٧                              | ٧                       |

| Our Sparkyard Music Curriculum will enable children in Y1 to develop these <b>LISTENING</b> skills, and knowledge about <b>GENRE / HISTORY / MUSICIANS</b> | Term 1:<br>MOVE TO THE<br>BEAT | Term 2:<br>EXPLORING<br>SOUNDS | Term 3:<br>HIGH OR LOW? |
|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. Listen with understanding to music from a range of different periods, styles and share ideas and opinions about the music.                              | ٧                              | ٧                              | ٧                       |
| 2. Respond to music through movement and dance, identifying a steady beat with others and changing the speed of the beat as the tempo of music changes     | ٧                              | ٧                              | ٧                       |
| 3. Listen and describe musical patterns using appropriate vocabulary (high, low, loud, soft, fast, slow, spiky, smooth, long, short)                       | ٧                              | ٧                              | ٧                       |
| 4. Listen to sounds in the local school environment, comparing high and low sounds.  |                                |                                | ٧                       |

| Our Sparkyard Music Curriculum will enable children in Y1 to develop these <b>COMPOSITION</b> and <b>IMPROVISATION</b> skills: | Term 1:<br>MOVE TO THE<br>BEAT | Term 2:<br>EXPLORING<br>SOUNDS | Term 3:<br>HIGH OR LOW? |
|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. Create simple vocal chants or rhythm phrases, e.g. using question and answer phrases  | ٧                              |                                | ٧                       |
| 2. Create musical sound effects and short sequences of sounds in response to stimuli (e.g. song lyrics)                        | ٧                              | ٧                              | ٧                       |
| 3. Combine sounds to tell a story, choosing and playing classroom instruments or sound makers                                  | ٧                              | ٧                              |                         |
| 4. Create simple rhythm patterns   | ٧                              |                                |                         |
| 5. Create simple pitch patterns  |                                | ٧                              | ٧                       |
| 6. Use music technology (if available, to capture, change and combine sounds   |                                | ٧                              |                         |
| 7. Experiment with different ways to create sound (e.g. body percussion, vocal sounds)   | ٧                              | ٧                              | ٧                       |
| 8. Explore percussion sounds to enhance songs and storytelling   |                                | ٧                              | ٧                       |
| 9. Perform to an audience**  |                                |                                | ٧                       |
| 10. Explore ways to perform a song (e.g. adding simple actions or changing vocal timbre)                                       |                                | ٧                              | ٧                       |

| Our Sparkyard Music Curriculum will enable children in Y1 to develop these <b>NOTATION</b> skills:  | Term 1:<br>MOVE TO THE<br>BEAT | Term 2:<br>EXPLORING<br>SOUNDS | Term 3:<br>HIGH OR LOW? |
|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. Recognise how graphic notation can represent created sounds, exploring and inventing own symbols | ٧                              | ٧                              | ٧                       |
| 2. Follow pictures and symbols to guide singing and playing   | ٧                              | ٧                              | ٧                       |

<sup>\*</sup>You can develop this skill when learning any of our songs. Take advantage of the double-click feature on our WOS player -double-click any line and get the class to sing it back!

<sup>\*\*</sup> This skill isn't mentioned in every lesson because performing to an audience doesn't always have to involve a hall of parents! Get the class performing to each other on a regular basis or try an impromptu performance of the song they are working on the school playground. Singing and sharing musical learning with another class is a great way to develop musicianship and get your class working and thinking like performers!

## Year 2 Sparkyard Music Curriculum Key Learning and Skills Overview

### **Key Learning**

| TERM 1: Time To Play – Exploring Pulse and Rhythmic Patterns   | TERM 2: Musical Moods and Pictures  | TERM 3: Patterns with Pitch – Exploring Pitch and Melody  |
|--|---|---|
| Children can:  • Develop ensemble skills through singing a range of songs  | Children can:  • Learn how songs and music can communicate different  | Children can:  • Describe pitch and timbre of instruments   |
| <ul> <li>Develop ensemble skins through singing a range of songs and musical passing games</li> <li>Learn to recognise the difference between pulse and rhythm</li> <li>Investigate different ways to play rhythms, varying instrumental timbre and dynamics</li> <li>Play a rhythmic accompaniment to a song or poem, selecting suitable sounds and timbre</li> <li>Create simple four-beat rhythms and represent using graphic notation</li> <li>Listen with concentration to a range of music, recognising</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Evan now soings and music can communicate different emotions</li> <li>Investigate different ways to express the mood of a song, adding facial expressions and changing voice</li> <li>Work as a class and in small groups to compose and improvise music on the theme of weather</li> <li>Explore instrumental and vocal timbres, selecting sounds to match a mood, character or theme</li> <li>Learn to follow and give simple musical instructions</li> <li>Use songs to inspire a simple soundscape</li> <li>Listen to music and represent sounds using a range of graphic</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Play simple listening games, using movement to describe the direction of pitch</li> <li>Sing songs, developing pitch matching skills and perform them with actions and movement</li> <li>Learn to use their voices creatively, following graphic notations such as vocal story maps and pipe cleaner notation</li> <li>Learn to play simple melodies and accompaniments using tuned percussion</li> <li>Prepare songs and music for a class performance</li> </ul> |
| rhythmic features  | symbols   | r repare songs and music for a class performance  |

### Skills Overview:

The Sparkyard Music Curriculum for Y2 enables children to develop a range of skills in singing, playing, listening, composing, improvising and exploring notations. The 'at glance' table identifies termly coverage, and you will see that many skills are revisited across the course of the year.

Use these statements to build a picture of the musical learning in your class. Not only can they aid your planning, but they can also give you some ideas of the things to look out for when your class are engaged in any kind of musical activity.

Becoming a musician, even simply learning to engage actively with music, means nurturing a range of positive behaviours. These behaviours are central to almost every lesson in Y2 and you can aim for your class to:

- Explore, sing and perform a range of age-appropriate songs as a class
- Work collaboratively as a class and in small groups, trying out musical ideas and making improvements where necessary Talk about music making, identifying things that they enjoy or work well

It is also important to recognise that musical learning takes place both in and outside the classroom. We know that musical learning will be strengthened through regular opportunities to practise and celebrate music making with others so in Y2 we recommend that children:

- Revisit songs and musical activities throughout the week
- Perform songs to other classes or in assemblies each term
- Share and practise songs at home using the Sparkyard share link.

| Our Sparkyard Music Curriculum will enable children in Y2 to develop these <b>SINGING</b> and <b>PLAYING</b> skills:   | Term 1: TIME TO PLAY EXPLORING PULSE | Term 2:<br>MUSICAL<br>MOODS AND<br>PICTURES | Term 3: PATTERNS WITH PITCH |
|--|--------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|
| 1. Sing songs, chants and rhymes regularly with a good sense of pulse and rhythm and increasing vocal control          | ٧                                    | √   | ٧                           |
| 2. Sing songs and play singing games, copying pitch patterns accurately *  | ٧                                    | ٧   | ٧                           |
| 3. Sing short phrases independently as part of a singing game or short song  |                                      | ٧   | ٧                           |
| 4. Respond to visual performance directions and musical instructions and symbols (e.g. dynamics f, p, <, >)            | ٧                                    | ٧   | ٧                           |
| 5. Perform rhythmic patterns accurately and invent rhythms for others to copy on untuned percussion or body percussion | ٧                                    |   |                             |
| 6. Play simple repeated rhythms or melody (ostinato)   | ٧                                    |   | ٧                           |
| 7. Explore word rhythms when singing songs, transferring rhythms to instruments or body percussion                     | ٧                                    |   | ٧                           |
| 8. Control simple dynamics and tempo when singing and playing  | ٧                                    | ٧   | ٧                           |
| 9. Play simple melodies and accompany songs using tuned percussion   |                                      |   | ٧                           |
| 10. Explore ways to communicate the mood of a song (e.g. adding facial expression, changing dynamics)                  |                                      | ٧   | ٧                           |
| 11. Perform to an audience**   |                                      |   | ٧                           |

<sup>\*</sup>You can develop this skill when learning any of our songs. Take advantage of the double-click feature on our WOS player -double-click a line and get the class to sing it back!

<sup>\*\*</sup> This skill isn't mentioned in every lesson because performing to an audience doesn't always have to involve a hall of parents! Get the class performing to each other on a regular basis or how about an Impromptu performance of the song they are working on the school playground. Singing and sharing musical learning with another class is a great way to develop musicianship and get your class working and thinking like performers!

| Our Sparkyard Music Curriculum will enable children in Y2 to develop these LISTENING skills, and knowledge about GENRE / HISTORY / MUSICIANS  | Term 1:<br>TIME TO PLAY<br>EXPLORING<br>PULSE | Term 2:<br>MUSICAL<br>MOODS AND<br>PICTURES | Term 3: PATTERNS WITH PITCH |
|---|---|---|-----------------------------|
| 1. Listen with understanding to music from a range of different periods, styles and share ideas and opinions about the music.   | ٧   | ٧   | ٧                           |
| 2. Listen to and describe simple changes in dynamics, tempo, pitch and articulation using appropriate musical vocabulary (faster, slow, spiky, smooth, loud, soft, getting louder/quieter) and say how it effects the music | ٧   | ٧   | ٧                           |
| 3. Listen to and interpret features in recorded or live music using dance, art or drama   | ٧   | ٧   | ٧                           |
| 4. Move to the pulse of familiar music, coordinating movements and recognising changes in tempo   | ٧   | ٧   | ٧                           |
| 5. Respond independently to pitch changes heard in melodic phrases, indicating with actions   |   |   | ٧                           |

| Our Sparkyard Music Curriculum will enable children in Y2 to develop these <b>COMPOSITION</b> and <b>IMPROVISATION</b> skills: | Term 1:<br>TIME TO PLAY<br>EXPLORING<br>PULSE | Term 2:<br>MUSICAL<br>MOODS AND<br>PICTURES | Term 3: PATTERNS WITH PITCH |
|--|---|---|-----------------------------|
| 1. Create music in response to a non-musical stimulus  | ٧   | ٧   |                             |
| 2. Compose or improvise simple descriptive sounds to match a mood, character or theme  |   | ٧   |                             |
| 3. Recognise and explore how to change and combine sounds to create simple effects   |   | ٧   |                             |
| 4. Explore musical structures, choosing and ordering sounds  | ٧   | ٧   | ٧                           |
| 5. Recognise and explore how to change and combine sounds to create simple effects   |   | ٧   |                             |
| 6. Use music technology, if available to capture change and combine sounds   |   |   |                             |
| 7. Create rhythmic patterns from various stimuli, eg spoken words  | ٧   |   |                             |
| 8. Compose simple melodies using a given range of notes  |   |   | ٧                           |
| 9. Collaborate with others, trying out musical ideas and make improvements where necessary                                     | ٧   |   |                             |

| Our Sparkyard Music Curriculum will enable children in Y2 to develop these <b>NOTATION</b> skills: | Term 1:<br>MOVE TO THE<br>BEAT | Term 2:<br>EXPLORING<br>SOUNDS | Term 3:<br>HIGH OR<br>LOW? |
|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1. Invent graphic notations to represent simple features of music (e.g. dynamics and tempo)        |                                | ٧                              | ٧                          |
| 2. Use graphic notation to represent rhythmic or melodic patterns                                  | ٧                              | ٧                              | ٧                          |
| 3. Use graphic symbols to keep a record of a composed piece  |                                | ٧                              | ٧                          |
| 4. Follow graphic notations to guide singing and playing   | ٧                              | ٧                              | ٧                          |

### Year 3 Sparkyard Music Curriculum Key Learning and Skills Overview

### **Key Learning**

| Term 1: Hear It, Play It! Exploring Rhythmic Patterns   | Term 2: Painting Pictures With Sound  | Term 3: Sing, Play, Notate!  |
|---|---|--|
| Children can:   | Children can:   | Children can:  |
| <ul> <li>Explore rhythmic patterns</li> <li>Identify and play rhythms using body percussion, instruments or other sound makers</li> <li>Perform call and response songs and compose their own call-and-response (question and answer phrases)</li> <li>Develop ensemble skills, performing simple rhythmic ostinato to accompany a song or poem</li> <li>Sing songs influenced by different musical styles and listen out for simple stylistic features in music</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Learn to identify and describe the ingredients         (dimensions) that make up music</li> <li>Perform instrumental accompaniments, selecting suitable timbres to suit the style of a song</li> <li>Create suitable music to accompany song lyrics and poetry, varying the dimensions of music to evoke mood and atmosphere</li> <li>Compose music inspired by stories or settings</li> <li>Create and organise music with layers of musical sound</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Learn to identify and describe the direction of pitch in simple melodies</li> <li>Use voices creatively, creating simple soundscapes singing independently and as part of a group</li> <li>Learn to represent melodies from songs using dot notation and other graphic representations</li> <li>Explore pentatonic scales, singing songs and composing or improvising simple melodies</li> <li>Listen and compare versions of music, understanding the</li> </ul> |
| <ul> <li>listen out for simple stylistic features in music</li> <li>Compose simple rhythmic patterns and represent them using graphic notation</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Create and organise music with layers of musical sound<br/>(texture) and represent them using graphic notations</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Listen and compare versions of music, understanding telements that shape a performance</li> <li>Prepare music for a performance</li> </ul>  |

### Skills Overview:

The Sparkyard Music Curriculum for Y3 enables children to develop a range of skills in singing, playing, listening, composing, improvising and exploring notations. The 'at a glance' table identifies termly coverage, and you will see that many skills are revisited across the course of the year.

Use these statements to build a picture of the musical learning in your class. Not only can they aid your planning, but they can also give you some ideas of the things to look out for when your class are engaged in any kind of musical activity.

Becoming a musician, even simply learning to engage actively with music, means nurturing a range of positive behaviours. These behaviours are central to almost every lesson in Y3 and you can aim for your class to:

- Explore and sing a widening range of age-appropriate songs as a class
- Work collaboratively as a class and in small groups, trying out musical ideas and making improvements where necessary
- Show growing awareness of different musical roles (conductor, performer, audience, ensemble)

It is also important to recognise that musical learning takes place both in and outside the classroom. We know that musical learning will be strengthened through regular opportunities to practise and celebrate music making with others so in Y3 we recommend that children:

- Revisit songs and musical activities throughout the week
- Perform songs to other classes or in assemblies each term
- Share and practise songs at home using the Sparkyard share link.

| Our Sparkyard Music Curriculum will enable children in Y3 to develop these <b>SINGING</b> and <b>PLAYING</b> skills:                    | Term 1:<br>HEAR IT, PLAY<br>IT! | Term 2: PAINTING PICTURES WITH SOUND | Term 3:<br>SING, PLAY,<br>NOTATE! |
|---|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1. Sing a widening range of unison songs of varying styles and structures, tunefully and with expression                                | ٧                               | ٧                                    | ٧                                 |
| 2. Perform actions and movements confidently and in time as a group.  | ٧                               |                                      | ٧                                 |
| 3. Sing call and response songs with accurate tuning  | ٧                               |                                      | ٧                                 |
| 4. Play call and response rhythms and melodies  |                                 |                                      | ٧                                 |
| 5. Perform rhythms using instruments or body percussion in time with the music, responding to changes in tempo.                         | ٧                               |                                      |                                   |
| 6. Accompany songs with simple rhythmic or melodic ostinato using known rhythms and note values   | ٧                               |                                      | ٧                                 |
| 7. Control dynamics when singing and playing and respond to performance directions and symbols (e.g. f,p, <, >)                         | ٧                               | ٧                                    | ٧                                 |
| 8. Explore and select instrumental timbres to suit the mood or style of a piece of music  | ٧                               | ٧                                    | ٧                                 |
| 9. Play melodies on tuned instruments, following notation where appropriate (e.g. dot, rhythmic and letter notation)                    | ٧                               |                                      | ٧                                 |
| 10. Prepare for a performance and consider elements that might shape a performance (e.g. assigning roles, characterisation, movement) * |                                 |                                      | ٧                                 |
| 11. Show growing awareness of different musical roles (conductor, performer, audience, ensemble)  | ٧                               | ٧                                    | ٧                                 |

<sup>\*</sup> This skill isn't mentioned in every lesson because performing to an audience doesn't always have to involve a hall of parents! Get the class performing to each other on a regular basis or how about an Impromptu performance of the song they are working on the school playground. Singing and sharing musical learning with another class is a great way to develop musicianship and get your class working and thinking like performers!

| Our Sparkyard Music Curriculum will enable children in Y3 to develop these <b>LISTENING</b> skills, and knowledge about <b>GENRE / HISTORY / MUSICIANS</b>   | Term 1:<br>HEAR IT, PLAY<br>IT! | Term 2: PAINTING PICTURES WITH SOUND | Term 3:<br>SING, PLAY,<br>NOTATE! |
|--|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1. Listen to music developing and understanding of its background, history and context.  | ٧                               | ٧                                    | ٧                                 |
| 2. Listen out for specific features of music (e.g. tempo, dynamics, texture, articulation) and explain responses using a growing range of musical vocabulary | ٧                               | ٧                                    | ٧                                 |
| 3. Listen, and describe how the interrelated dimensions are used to create moods and effects   |                                 | ٧                                    | ٧                                 |
| 4. Use listening skills to correctly order a sequence of notes   |                                 |                                      | ٧                                 |
| 5. Listen, and identify direction of pitch in a simple melody, copying with voices or instruments  |                                 | ٧                                    | ٧                                 |
| 6. Listen, and interpret features in recorded or live music using dance, art or drama  |                                 | ٧                                    |                                   |

| Our Sparkyard Music Curriculum will enable children in Y3 to develop these <b>COMPOSITION</b> and <b>IMPROVISATION</b> skills: | Term 1:<br>HEAR IT, PLAY<br>IT! | Term 2: PAINTING PICTURES WITH SOUND | Term 3:<br>SING, PLAY,<br>NOTATE! |
|--|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1. Compose or improvise simple call and response phrases   | ٧                               | ٧                                    |                                   |
| 2. Compose rhythmic accompaniments using untuned percussion  | ٧                               |                                      | ٧                                 |
| 3. Experiment with musical texture (e.g. combining layers of rhythm)   | ٧                               | ٧                                    |                                   |
| 4. Structure a composition with a clear beginning/middle/end and combine layers of musical sound.                              |                                 | ٧                                    | ٧                                 |
| 5. Compose and improvise in response to a range of stimuli (e.g. poems, stories, songs or art work)                            | ٧                               | ٧                                    |                                   |
| 6. Compose and improvise simple pentatonic melodies  |                                 |                                      | ٧                                 |
| 7. Vary the interrelated dimensions to create different moods and effects.   | ٧                               | ٧                                    |                                   |
| 8. Collaborate with others, trying out musical ideas and making improvements where needed.                                     | ٧                               | ٧                                    | ٧                                 |

| Our Sparkyard Music Curriculum will enable children in Y3 to develop these <b>NOTATION</b> skills: | Term 1:<br>HEAR IT, PLAY<br>IT! | Term 2: PAINTING PICTURES WITH SOUND | Term 3:<br>SING, PLAY,<br>NOTATE! |
|--|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1. Play from rhythmic notation and understand the value of minims, crotchets and quavers           | ٧                               |                                      | ٧                                 |
| 2. Follow graphic notation to guide singing and playing  | ٧                               | ٧                                    | ٧                                 |
| 3. Use graphic notation to represent rhythmic or melodic patterns                                  |                                 | ٧                                    | ٧                                 |
| 4. Create graphic notation to represent two or more layers of musical sound                        | ٧                               | ٧                                    |                                   |
| 5. Apply word chants to rhythms, understanding how to link each syllable to a musical note         | ٧                               | ٧                                    | ٧                                 |

### Year 4 Sparkyard Music Curriculum Key Learning and Skills Overview

### **Key Learning**

| Term 1: Playing With Rhythm – Playing Together and Rhythmic Structures  | Term 2: Musical Contrasts  | Term 3: Melody Builders – Exploring Melodies and Song<br>Structures   |
|---|--|---|
| <ul> <li>Children can:         <ul> <li>Develop ensemble skills, learning to perform together rhythmically</li> <li>Follow and lead musical instructions</li> <li>Develop their knowledge of rhythmic notations</li> </ul> </li> <li>Play from range of rhythmic notations, performing as a class and in small groups</li> <li>Sing a range of songs and learn how music can be built by combining layers of rhythm (ostinato)</li> <li>Compose in a rhythmic framework (e.g. writing lyrics to fit a melody, creating rhythm grids or exploring rhythmic motifs</li> </ul> | Children can:  Explore instrumental timbres, learning how instruments can be grouped and classified in different ways  Listen to music such as The Young Person's Guide To The Orchestra and identify orchestral families (string, woodwind, brass and percussion)  Identify changes in tonality and develop recognition of major and minor chords through simple listening games  Follow and lead performance directions, controlling instruments and voices  Learn how to create musical contrasts by varying pitch, tempo, articulation, and dynamics  Compose music in a given structure such as AB or Rondo form or by exploring musical motifs | Children can:  Learn to describe and internalize pitch and use their 'thinking voice'  Develop improvisation skills, creating melodies using a small note range  Compose melodies and record using graphic and letter notation  Explore and recognize the structure of songs and music  Compose lyrics and create simple musical arrangements  Plan a class performance |

#### Skills Overview:

The Sparkyard Music Curriculum for Y4 enables children to develop a range of skills in singing, playing, listening, composing, improvising and exploring notation. The 'at a glance' table identifies termly coverage, and you will see that many skills are revisited across the course of the year.

Use these statements to build a picture of the musical learning in your class. Not only can they aid your planning, but they can also give you some ideas of the things to look out for when your class are engaged in any kind of musical activity.

Becoming a musician, even simply learning to engage actively with music, means nurturing a range of positive behaviours. These behaviours are central to almost every lesson in Y4 and you can aim for your class to:

- Explore and perform a widening range of appropriate songs as a class
- Work collaboratively as a class and in small groups, trying out musical ideas
- Suggest improvements for own and others work
- Explore different musical roles (performer, audience, conductor, ensemble)
- Talk about music, expressing preferences

It is also important to recognise that musical learning takes place both in and outside the classroom. We know that musical learning will be strengthened through regular opportunities to practise and celebrate music making with others so in Y4 we recommend that children:

- Revisit songs and musical activities throughout the week
- Perform as a class or small group in assemblies or concerts each term
- Share and practise songs at home using the Sparkyard share link.

| Our Sparkyard Music Curriculum will enable children in Y4 to develop these <b>SINGING</b> and <b>PLAYING</b> skills:                     | Term 1: PLAYING WITH RHYTHM | Term 2:<br>MUSICAL<br>CONTRASTS | Term 3:<br>MELODY<br>BUILDERS |
|--|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1. Continue to sing a wide range of unison and simple part songs in different styles and structures, pitching the voice accurately.      | ٧                           | ٧                               | ٧                             |
| 2. Internalize pitch and copy melodic phrases accurately*  |                             |                                 | ٧                             |
| 3. Follow and lead performance directions including those for getting louder (crescendo) and quieter (diminuendo)                        | ٧                           |                                 | ٧                             |
| 4. Sing songs in major and minor keys recognizing the difference in tonality   |                             | ٧                               |                               |
| 5. Perform rhythms accurately, recognizing and defining note values and rests  | ٧                           |                                 | ٧                             |
| 6. Perform rhythms using instruments or body percussion to music in different time signatures, responding to changes in tempo.           | ٧                           |                                 |                               |
| 7. Maintain an ostinato (rhythmic or melodic), performing accurately and in time as an ensemble  | ٧                           |                                 | ٧                             |
| 8. Play and perform simple melodies as a whole class or in small groups following appropriate notations                                  |                             |                                 | ٧                             |
| 9. Control changes in dynamics, tempo and articulation when singing and playing  | ٧                           |                                 |                               |
| 10. Suggest simple ways to enhance singing or playing to communicate a particular mood or atmosphere (e.g. changing dynamics)            |                             |                                 | ٧                             |
| 11. Prepare for a performance and consider elements that might shape a performance (e.g. assigning roles, characterisation, movement) ** |                             |                                 | ٧                             |
| 12. Show understanding of different musical roles (e.g. conductor, performer, audience ensemble)   | ٧                           |                                 | ٧                             |

<sup>\*\*</sup> This skill isn't mentioned in every lesson because performing to an audience doesn't always have to involve a hall of parents! Get the class performing to each other on a regular basis or how about an Impromptu performance of the song they are working on the school playground. Singing and sharing musical learning with another class is a great way to develop musicianship and get your class working and thinking like performers!

| Our Sparkyard Music Curriculum will enable children in Y4 to develop these LISTENING skills, and knowledge about GENRE / HISTORY / MUSICIANS        | Term 1: PLAYING WITH RHYTHM | Term 2: MUSICAL CONTRASTS | Term 3:<br>MELODY<br>BUILDERS |
|---|-----------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1. Listen to music with an understanding or stories, origins and traditions, history and social context of the music they listen to, sing and play. | ٧                           | ٧                         | ٧                             |
| 2. Recognise and describe timbres of instruments and recall orchestral families (string, woodwind, brass and percussion).                           | ٧                           | ٧                         |                               |
| 3. Listen and identify musical contrasts (e.g. dynamics, tempo, articulation, tonality and discuss the effect on the listener)                      |                             | ٧                         |                               |
| 4. Listen and identify structures used to shape songs and music (e.g. call and response, rondo form)  | ٧                           | ٧                         | ٧                             |
| 5. Listen and describe direction and shape of melodies  | ٧                           |                           | ٧                             |
| 6. Recognize major and minor chords   |                             | ٧                         |                               |
| 7. Listen and compare music, discussing similarities and differences and expressing preferences.  | ٧                           | ٧                         | ٧                             |

| Our Sparkyard Music Curriculum will enable children in Y4 to develop these <b>COMPOSITION</b> and <b>IMPROVISATION</b> skills:                | Term 1:<br>PLAYING WITH<br>RHYTHM | Term 2:<br>MUSICAL<br>CONTRASTS | Term 3:<br>MELODY<br>BUILDERS |
|---|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1. Improvise rhythms or melodies  | ٧                                 |                                 | ٧                             |
| 2. Compose and represent melodies using appropriate notations (e.g. graphic scores, combination of rhythm notation and letter names)          | ٧                                 | ٧                               | ٧                             |
| 3. Arrange individual notation cards of known note values to create a sequence of 2,3 or 4 beat phrases                                       | ٧                                 |                                 | ٧                             |
| 4. Compose layers of rhythm (ostinato phrases)  | ٧                                 |                                 |                               |
| 5. Make decisions about the overall structure of compositions and improvisations  | ٧                                 | ٧                               |                               |
| 6. Compose music following a given musical structure (e.g. call and response, rondo, AB)  |                                   | ٧                               |                               |
| 7. Compose lyrics following a given rhythmic/rhyming structure  |                                   |                                 | ٧                             |
| 8. Carefully select instrumental timbres to achieve and effect and explore ways to create musical contrasts (e.g. forte/piano/staccato/legato |                                   | ٧                               |                               |

| /presto/lento, major/minor)                                 |   |   |   |
|---|---|---|---|
| 9. Evaluate performances, making improvements where needed. | ٧ | ٧ | √ |

| Our Sparkyard Music Curriculum will enable children in Y4 to develop these <b>NOTATION</b> skills:   | Term 1: PLAYING WITH RHYTHM | Term 2:<br>MUSICAL<br>CONTRASTS | Term 3:<br>MELODY<br>BUILDERS |
|--|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1. Play from rhythmic notation and understand the value of semibreves, minims, crotchets and quavers   | <b>~</b>                    |                                 | ٧                             |
| 2. Play from pitch notation (e.g. graphic notation, combination of rhythm and note names)  |                             |                                 | ٧                             |
| 3. Follow and perform simple rhythmic scores to a steady beat, maintain individual parts accurately within the rhythmic texture, achieving a sense of ensemble | ٧                           |                                 |                               |
| 4. Use graphic notations to represent layers of rhythm.  | ٧                           |                                 |                               |
| 5. Explore a range of notation e.g. graphic symbols, rhythm notation to capture and record creative ideas.   |                             | ٧                               | ٧                             |
| 6. Use a graphic score to represent musical structure  |                             | ٧                               |                               |

### Year 5 Sparkyard Music Curriculum Key Learning and Skills Overview

### **Key Learning**

| Term 1: Exploring Rhythmic Layers   | Term 2: Music and Words   | Term 3: Song Ingredients – Exploring Melody, Harmony and Lyrics  |
|---|---|--|
| <ul> <li>Children can:         <ul> <li>Develop their understanding of rhythm and rhythmic notation.</li> <li>Explore time signatures, learning to feel the difference between three and four beats in a bar.</li> <li>Listen to a range of music, exploring folk traditions such as Morris and Basque Dance</li> <li>Learn to play rhythms expressively, selecting suitable timbre and dynamics</li> <li>Develop ensemble skills</li> <li>Learn how composers create interesting textures by combining layers of musical sound</li> <li>Perform songs and accompany them with polyrhythmic texture</li> <li>Represent multilayered textures using informal notation such as rhythm grids.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Explore songs and musical activities to develop understanding of the inter-related dimensions of music and musical vocabulary</li> <li>Explore creative listening activities, learning to represent expressive features in music in a graphic score</li> <li>Improvise rhythmic and melodic patterns to a four- beat pulse and perform with a sense of style</li> <li>Learn how improvisations has been used throughout musical history</li> <li>Learn about music styles such as jazz and influential musicians such as Louis Armstrong.</li> <li>Create music inspired by words and poetry, exploring techniques to establish mood and atmosphere</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Children can:         <ul> <li>Learn about key ingredients used in songs: rhythm, melody, harmony and lyrics!</li> <li>Learn rounds and part songs such as School Is Nearly Over and I Got A Little Dog</li> <li>Identify how layers of melody can be combined to create a polyphonic texture identifying these features in music from the past and present</li> <li>Develop their understanding of intervals, scales and chords</li> <li>Learn to notate pitches using staff and letter notation</li> <li>Play together as an ensemble and accompany song melodies using chords, drones or basslines</li> <li>Learn how songs can reflect the time and place in which they are written and may be sung to mark a social or cultural occasion.</li> <li>With a selection of activities to choose from, write a section of a song, compose a school jingle or write a song to celebrate their school community.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |

#### Skills Overview:

The Sparkyard Music Curriculum for Y5 enables children to develop a range of skills in singing, playing, listening, composing, improvising and exploring notation. The 'at a glance' table identifies termly coverage, and you will see that many skills are revisited across the course of the year.

Use these statements to build a picture of the musical learning in your class. Not only can they aid your planning, but they can also give you some ideas of the things to look out for when your class are engaged in any kind of musical activity.

Becoming a musician, even simply learning to engage actively with music, means nurturing a range of positive behaviours. These behaviours are central to almost every lesson in Y5 and you can aim for your class to:

- Explore and perform a widening range of songs
- Talk confidently about the music they make and listen to
- Evaluate own and others' work, explaining ideas using musical vocabulary and making necessary adjustments

It is also important to recognise that musical learning takes place both in and outside the classroom. We know that musical learning will be strengthened through regular opportunities to practise and celebrate music making with others so in Y5 we recommend that children:

• Revisit songs and musical activities throughout the week

- Perform a range of songs as a choir in school assemblies, school performance opportunities and to a wider audience.
- Share and practise songs at home using the Sparkyard share link.

| Our Sparkyard Music Curriculum will enable children in Y5 to develop these <b>SINGING</b> and <b>PLAYING</b> skills:   | Term 1: EXPLORING RHYTHMIC LAYERS | Term 2:<br>MUSIC AND<br>WORDS | Term 3:<br>SONG<br>INGREDIENTS |
|--|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1. Sing a wide range of unison and part songs using clear diction, accurate tuning, expression and awareness of style  | ٧                                 | V                             | ٧                              |
| 2. Sing and play with a sense of ensemble, following performance directions and understanding how different parts fit together   | ٧                                 | ٧                             | ٧                              |
| 3. Use dynamics, tempo, articulation when singing and playing, responding to musical symbols and vocabulary accurately (e.g. pp, p mp, mf, f, ff, <, > accelerando, rallentando, staccato, legato) | ٧                                 | ٧                             | ٧                              |
| 4. Play rhythmic patterns accurately and expressively using instruments or body percussion   | ٧                                 | ٧                             |                                |
| 5. Maintain a rhythmic or melodic part as part of a multi-layered piece, performing accurately.  | ٧                                 |                               | ٧                              |
| 6. Develop knowledge of scales and intervals through singing and playing   |                                   |                               | ٧                              |
| 7. Understand how triads are formed and play them on tuned percussion or keyboards   |                                   |                               | ٧                              |
| 8. Play simple chords, drones, or bass lines and use them to accompany a familiar song   |                                   |                               | ٧                              |
| 9. Explore and suggest ways to enhance the communication and performance of songs and music (e.g. varying dynamics)  | ٧                                 | ٧                             | ٧                              |
| 10. To evaluate performances, suggesting ways to improve and making necessary adjustments  | ٧                                 |                               |                                |

| Our Sparkyard Music Curriculum will enable children in Y5 to develop these LISTENING skills, and knowledge about GENRE / HISTORY / MUSICIANS        | Term 1:<br>EXPLORING<br>RHYTHMIC<br>LAYERS | Term 2:<br>MUSIC AND<br>WORDS | Term 3:<br>SONG<br>INGREDIENTS |
|---|--|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1. Listen to music with an understanding or stories, origins and traditions, history and social context of the music they listen to, sing and play. | ٧  | ٧                             | ٧                              |
| 2. Listen, compare and evaluate music from a diverse range of genres, styles and musical periods  | ٧  | ٧                             | ٧                              |
| 3. Develop understanding of a particular musical style or genre, identifying key influences and shared characteristics                              | ٧  | ٧                             |                                |
| 4. Use a range of musical vocabulary to describe musical features such as instruments, time signature, dynamics, tempo, timbre, articulation        | ٧  | ٧                             | ٧                              |
| 5. Interpret features of music through visual art or movement   |  | ٧                             | ٧                              |
| 6 Listen and identify structures used to shape songs and music (e.g. call and response, rondo form)   | ٧  | ٧                             | ٧                              |
| 7. Understand how pitches can be combined to create harmony and describe the effect   |  | ٧                             | ٧                              |

| Our Sparkyard Music Curriculum will enable children in Y5 to develop these <b>COMPOSITION</b> and <b>IMPROVISATION</b> skills:  | Term 1:<br>EXPLORING<br>RHYTHMIC<br>LAYERS | Term 2:<br>MUSIC AND<br>WORDS | Term 3:<br>SONG<br>INGREDIENTS |
|---|--|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1. Improvise rhythmic or melodic patterns to a steady pulse or drone, developing a sense of shape and character   | ٧  | ٧                             | ٧                              |
| 2. Compose and improvise in response to a range of stimuli (e.g. song lyrics, poetry) and use the interrelated dimensions to capture the intended mood and atmosphere | ٧  | ٧                             | ٧                              |
| 3. Compose and notate short melodies using: staff and informal notation   | ٧  |                               | ٧                              |
| 4. Compose music with contrasting sections  | ٧  | ٧                             |                                |

| 5. Use chords to evoke a specific atmosphere or mood   |   |   | ٧ |
|--|---|---|---|
| 6. Compose music using a combination of lyrics and melody  |   |   | ٧ |
| 7. Evaluate own and others' work, explaining ideas using musical vocabulary and making necessary adjustments | ٧ | ٧ | ٧ |

| Our Sparkyard Music Curriculum will enable children in Y5 to develop these <b>NOTATION</b> skills:                               | Term 1: EXPLORING RHYTHMIC LAYERS | Term 2:<br>MUSIC AND<br>WORDS | Term 3:<br>SONG<br>INGREDIENTS |
|--|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1. Use and perform a range of rhythmic notations and develop understanding of note durations (semibreve, minim, crochet, quaver) | ٧                                 | ٧                             |                                |
| 2. Develop understanding of time signatures (3/4 and 4/4)  | ٧                                 |                               |                                |
| 3. Read and perform pitch notation within an octave  | ٧                                 |                               | ٧                              |
| 4. Represent compositions using a combination of graphic and standard notations  | ٧                                 | ٧                             | ٧                              |
| 5. Use and understand musical symbols (e.g. pp, p mp, mf, f, ff, <, >) and apply them to compositions                            |                                   | ٧                             | ٧                              |

### Year 6 Sparkyard Music Curriculum Key Learning and Skills Overview

#### **Key Learning**

| Term 1: We've Got Rhythm: Rhythmic Devices and Structure   | Term 2: Musical Effects and Moods   | Term 3: Celebrating Songs  |
|--|---|--|
| <ul> <li>Explore time signatures and through songs and collaborative rhythm games, get a feel for 6/8 rhythms and learn to identify changes in time signature.</li> <li>Perform rhythms expressively, experimenting with vocal and instruments effects by varying articulation, dynamics and timbre and learn to identify these features when listening to each other perform.</li> <li>Listen to rhythms from around the world</li> <li>Learn to play polyrhythms and create different polyrhythmic textures.</li> <li>Compose in a rhythmic structure. From a choice of activities, write a short rap, choregraph a routine with plastic cups or create a 16 beat (four bar) body percussion break to accompany the song, Fiesta!</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Children can:         <ul> <li>Get creative with vocal and instrumental sounds, developing improvisation skills</li> </ul> </li> <li>Learn to make subtle changes to vocal timbre as well as exploring dynamics, pitch, tempo and articulation to achieve effects.</li> <li>Learn about intervals through simple tuned percussion activities</li> <li>Explore how consonant and dissonant sounds in harmony can create moods and atmosphere</li> <li>Learn how composers use music to communicate characters, settings and moods, identifying and exploring techniques such as leitmotifs used by film composer, John Williams</li> <li>Learn about key features of musical theatre, identifying the role of actors, musicians, and audience!</li> <li>Work in small groups and explore ways to interpret and convey the lyrical meaning of a song effectively adding appropriate dynamics, vocal timbre, facial expression and movement.</li> <li>Explore composition activities such as film soundtracks, leitmotifs, sound-effect rhythms or a musical roller coaster ride and represent them using a combination of graphic and standard notations.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Children can:         <ul> <li>Develop their knowledge of song ingredients.</li> <li>Learn how composers uses the inter-related dimensions to communicate the message of a song as well as identifying structural features such as verse, chorus and bridge.</li> <li>Identify and describe melodic patterns and sequences in songs, playing them by ear on melodic instruments.</li> <li>Compose and notate simple melodies inspired by <i>Ring Out The Bells</i> and <i>London Bells</i></li> <li>Play as an ensemble and learn to play simple chord progressions and bass lines to accompany songs</li> <li>Listen to a range of music from protest songs to royal fanfares and understand how composers find their inspiration from specific events and situations in the world.</li> <li>Compose music for a specific occasion, writing a song of celebration, a leavers' song or a school fanfare.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |

#### Skills Overview:

The Sparkyard Music Curriculum for Y6 enables children to develop a range of skills in singing, playing, listening, composing, improvising and exploring notation. The 'at a glance' table identifies termly coverage, and you will see that many skills are revisited across the course of the year.

Use these statements to build a picture of the musical learning in your class. Not only can they aid your planning, but they can also give you some ideas of the things to look out for when your class are engaged in any kind of musical activity.

Becoming a musician, even simply learning to engage actively with music, means nurturing a range of positive behaviours. These behaviours are central to almost every lesson in Y6 and you can aim for your class to:

- Explore and perform a widening range of songs as a class
- Evaluate own and others' work, explaining ideas using musical vocabulary and suggesting ways to improve
- Develop understanding of different musical roles (e.g. conductor, musicians, performer, audience )

It is also important to recognise that musical learning takes place both in and outside the classroom. We know that musical learning will be strengthened through regular opportunities to practise and celebrate music making with others so in Y6 we recommend that children:

- Revisit songs and musical activities throughout the week
- Perform a range of songs as a choir in school assemblies, school performance opportunities and to a wider audience.
- Share and practise songs at home using the Sparkyard share link.

| Our Sparkyard Music Curriculum will enable children in Y6 to develop these <b>SINGING</b> and <b>PLAYING</b> skills:  | Term 1:<br>WE'VE GOT<br>RHYTHM | Term 2:<br>MUSICAL<br>EFFECTS AND<br>MOODS | Term 3:<br>CELEBRATING<br>SONGS |
|---|--------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| 1. Sing a wide range of unison and part songs including those that involve syncopated rhythms, observing phrasing, accurate pitching, diction and appropriate style.  | ٧                              | ٧  | ٧                               |
| 2. Sing and play with a sense of ensemble, following performance directions, understanding how different parts fit together   | ٧                              | ٧  | ٧                               |
| 3. Explore techniques to enhance the communication and lyrical meaning of a song or poem and apply to whole class, small group and solo performances  |                                | ٧  | ٧                               |
| 4. Play rhythmic patterns accurately and expressively using instruments or body percussion in a range of time signatures and recognise if they are going out of time (e.g. speeding up or slowing down)     | ٧                              | ٧  |                                 |
| 5. Maintain a rhythmic or melodic part as part of a multi-layered piece, performing accurately and expressively.  | ٧                              |  |                                 |
| 6. Identify, recall and describe melodic patterns in songs and music and perform using voice or tuned instruments   |                                | ٧  | ٧                               |
| 7. Play chord progressions, drones or bass lines and use them to accompany a song   |                                |  | ٧                               |
| 8. Use knowledge of scales to explore intervals, sequences and chromatic scales   |                                | ٧  | ٧                               |
| 9. Use range of dynamics, tempo, articulation when singing and playing, responding to musical symbols and vocabulary accurately (e.g. pp, p mp, mf, f, ff, <, > accelerando, rallentando, staccato, legato) |                                | ٧  | ٧                               |
| 10. Develop understanding of different musical roles (e.g. conductor, musicians, performer, audience )  |                                | ٧  | ٧                               |

| Our Sparkyard Music Curriculum will enable children in Y6 to develop these LISTENING skills, and knowledge about GENRE / HISTORY / MUSICIANS                                 | Term 1:<br>WE'VE GOT<br>RHYTHM | Term 2: MUSICAL EFFECTS AND MOODS | Term 3:<br>CELEBRATING<br>SONGS |
|--|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1. Listen to music with an understanding or stories, origins and traditions, history and social context of the music they listen to, sing and play.                          | V                              | V                                 | ٧                               |
| 2. Listen, compare and evaluate music from a diverse range of genres, styles and musical periods   | ٧                              | ٧                                 | ٧                               |
| 3. Develop understanding of a particular musical style or genre, identifying key influences, shared characteristics and musical techniques used                              | ٧                              | ٧                                 | ٧                               |
| 4. Use a range of musical vocabulary to describe music commenting on features such as instruments, time signature, dynamics, tempo, timbre, pitch, articulation              | ٧                              | ٧                                 | ٧                               |
| 5. Analyze songs, exploring lyrics and identifying structural features (e.g. verse, chorus, bridge)  | ٧                              |                                   | ٧                               |
| 6 Understand how harmony can be used to create moods and atmosphere (major/minor/consonant/dissonant) and listen out for these features in the music they play and listen to | ٧                              | ٧                                 |                                 |

| Our Sparkyard Music Curriculum will enable children in Y6 to develop these <b>COMPOSITION</b> and <b>IMPROVISATION</b> skills:  | Term 1:<br>WE'VE GOT<br>RHYTHM | Term 2: MUSICAL EFFECTS AND MOODS | Term 3:<br>CELEBRATING<br>SONGS |
|---|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1. Improvise vocal and instrumental effects as a class and in small groups  |                                | V                                 |                                 |
| 2. Use voices and instruments creatively, making subtle changes to timbre, articulation, pitch and dynamics to achieve effects or create styles, moods and atmosphere | ٧                              | ٧                                 |                                 |
| 3. Understand and explore how harmony can be used to create moods and atmosphere (major/minor/consonant/dissonant)  |                                | ٧                                 |                                 |
| 4. Create extended compositions, organising rhythmic ideas into a structure (e.g. creating 16-beat rhythms)   | ٧                              | ٧                                 |                                 |
| 5. Use song structures as a basis for a composition (e.g. composing lyrics)   | ٧                              |                                   | ٧                               |
| 5. Compose and perform music for a specific occasion, using a combination of lyrics, melody and harmony   |                                |                                   | ٧                               |
| 6. Evaluate own and others' work, explaining ideas using musical vocabulary and suggesting ways to improve  | ٧                              | ٧                                 | ٧                               |

| Our Sparkyard Music Curriculum will enable children in Y6 to develop these <b>NOTATION</b> skills:                                      | Term 1:<br>WE'VE GOT<br>RHYTHM | Term 2:<br>MUSICAL<br>EFFECTS AND<br>MOODS | Term 3:<br>CELEBRATING<br>SONGS |
|---|--------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| 1. Use and perform a range of rhythmic notations and further develop understanding of note durations (semibreve, minim, crochet, quaver | ٧                              | ٧  | ٧                               |
| 2. Develop understanding of time signatures (3/4 and 4/4, 6/8)  | ٧                              | ٧  |                                 |
| 3. Read and perform from pitch notation   |                                | ٧  | ٧                               |
| 4. Read and perform from graphic notation   | ٧                              | ٧  | ٧                               |
| 5. Represent compositions using graphic and standard notations  |                                | ٧  | ٧                               |
| 6. Notate melodies and chords using staff or informal notation.   |                                |  | ٧                               |
| 7. Use and understand a range of musical symbols (e.g. pp, p mp, mf, f, ff, <, >) and apply them to compositions                        | ٧                              | ٧  | ٧                               |

# Sing and Play Skills

| Our Sparkyard Music Curriculum will enable children in Y1 to develop these <b>SINGING</b> and <b>PLAYING</b> skills:   | Term 1:<br>MOVE TO THE<br>BEAT                | Term 2:<br>EXPLORING<br>SOUNDS              | Term 3:<br>HIGH OR LOW?           |
|--|---|---|-----------------------------------|
| 1. Sing simple songs, chants and rhymes as a class   | V   | √   | ٧                                 |
| 2. Copy simple pitch patterns accurately (e.g. singing call and response songs) *                                      | ٧   | V   | ٧                                 |
| 3. Respond to visual performance directions (e.g. start, stop, loud, quiet)  | ٧   | ٧   | ٧                                 |
| 4. Walk, move or clap a steady beat with others, changing the speed of the beat as the tempo of the music changes.     | V   | V   |                                   |
| 5. Perform short copycat rhythms patterns accurately e,g, word pattern chants  | ٧   | V   | ٧                                 |
| 6 Play simple rhythmic accompaniments to songs to a steady pulse (e.g. short, repeated rhythms)                        | ٧   |   |                                   |
| 7. Play pitch patterns on tuned instruments  |   | ٧   | ٧                                 |
| 8. Explore instrumental and vocal timbre, recognising how sounds can be changed  | ٧   | ٧   | ٧                                 |
| 9. Perform to an audience**  |   |   | ٧                                 |
| 10. Explore ways to perform a song (e.g. adding simple actions or changing vocal timbre)                               |   | ٧   | ٧                                 |
| Our Sparkyard Music Curriculum will enable children in Y2 to develop these <b>SINGING</b> and <b>PLAYING</b> skills:   | Term 1:<br>TIME TO PLAY<br>EXPLORING<br>PULSE | Term 2:<br>MUSICAL<br>MOODS AND<br>PICTURES | Term 3: PATTERNS WITH PITCH       |
| 1. Sing songs, chants and rhymes regularly with a good sense of pulse and rhythm and increasing vocal control          | ٧   | ٧   | ٧                                 |
| 2. Sing songs and play singing games, copying pitch patterns accurately *  | ٧   | ٧   | ٧                                 |
| 3. Sing short phrases independently as part of a singing game or short song  |   | ٧   | ٧                                 |
| 4. Respond to visual performance directions and musical instructions and symbols (e.g. dynamics f, p, <, >)            | ٧   | ٧   | ٧                                 |
| 5. Perform rhythmic patterns accurately and invent rhythms for others to copy on untuned percussion or body percussion | V   |   |                                   |
| 6. Play simple repeated rhythms or melody (ostinato)   | ٧   |   | ٧                                 |
| 7. Explore word rhythms when singing songs, transferring rhythms to instruments or body percussion                     | ٧   |   | ٧                                 |
| 8. Control simple dynamics and tempo when singing and playing  | ٧   | ٧   | ٧                                 |
| 9. Play simple melodies and accompany songs using tuned percussion   |   |   | ٧                                 |
| 10. Explore ways to communicate the mood of a song (e.g. adding facial expression, changing dynamics)                  |   | √   | ٧                                 |
| 11. Perform to an audience**   |   |   | ٧                                 |
| Our Sparkyard Music Curriculum will enable children in Y3 to develop these <b>SINGING</b> and <b>PLAYING</b> skills:   | Term 1:<br>HEAR IT, PLAY<br>IT!               | Term 2: PAINTING PICTURES WITH SOUND        | Term 3:<br>SING, PLAY,<br>NOTATE! |
| 1. Sing a widening range of unison songs of varying styles and structures, tunefully and with expression               | ٧   | ٧   | ٧                                 |
| 2. Perform actions and movements confidently and in time as a group.   | ٧   |   | ٧                                 |
| 3. Sing call and response songs with accurate tuning   | ٧   |   | ٧                                 |
| 4. Play call and response rhythms and melodies   |   |   | ٧                                 |
| 5. Perform rhythms using instruments or body percussion in time with the music, responding to changes in tempo.        | ٧   |   |                                   |
| 6. Accompany songs with simple rhythmic or melodic ostinato using known rhythms and note values                        | ٧   |   | ٧                                 |
| 7. Control dynamics when singing and playing and respond to performance directions and symbols (e.g. f,p, <, >)        | ٧   | ٧   | ٧                                 |

| 8. Explore and select instrumental timbres to suit the mood or style of a piece of music  | ٧                                 | ٧  | ٧                              |
|---|-----------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|
| 9. Play melodies on tuned instruments, following notation where appropriate (e.g. dot, rhythmic and letter notation)  | ٧                                 |  | ٧                              |
| 10. Prepare for a performance and consider elements that might shape a performance (e.g. assigning roles, characterisation, movement) *   |                                   |  | ٧                              |
| 11. Show growing awareness of different musical roles (conductor, performer, audience, ensemble)  | ٧                                 | ٧  | ٧                              |
| Our Sparkyard Music Curriculum will enable children in Y4 to develop these <b>SINGING</b> and <b>PLAYING</b> skills:  | Term 1: PLAYING WITH RHYTHM       | Term 2:<br>MUSICAL<br>CONTRASTS            | Term 3:<br>MELODY<br>BUILDERS  |
| 1. Continue to sing a wide range of unison and simple part songs in different styles and structures, pitching the voice accurately.   | ٧                                 | ٧  | ٧                              |
| 2. Internalise pitch and copy melodic phrases accurately*   |                                   |  | ٧                              |
| 3. Follow and lead performance directions including those for getting louder (crescendo) and quieter (diminuendo)   | V                                 |  | ٧                              |
| 4. Sing songs in major and minor keys recognizing the difference in tonality  |                                   | ٧  |                                |
| 5. Perform rhythms accurately, recognizing and defining note values and rests   | ٧                                 |  | ٧                              |
| 6. Perform rhythms using instruments or body percussion to music in different time signatures, responding to changes in tempo.  | ٧                                 |  |                                |
| 7. Maintain an ostinato (rhythmic or melodic), performing accurately and in time as an ensemble   | ٧                                 |  | ٧                              |
| 8. Play and perform simple melodies as a whole class or in small groups following appropriate notations   |                                   |  | ٧                              |
| 9. Control changes in dynamics, tempo and articulation when singing and playing   | ٧                                 |  |                                |
| 10. Suggest simple ways to enhance singing or playing to communicate a particular mood or atmosphere (e.g. changing dynamics)   |                                   |  | ٧                              |
| 11. Prepare for a performance and consider elements that might shape a performance (e.g. assigning roles, characterisation, movement) **  |                                   |  | ٧                              |
| 12. Show understanding of different musical roles (e.g. conductor, performer, audience ensemble)  | ٧                                 |  | ٧                              |
| Our Sparkyard Music Curriculum will enable children in Y5 to develop these <b>SINGING</b> and <b>PLAYING</b> skills:  | Term 1: EXPLORING RHYTHMIC LAYERS | Term 2:<br>MUSIC AND<br>WORDS              | Term 3:<br>SONG<br>INGREDIENTS |
| 1. Sing a wide range of unison and part songs using clear diction, accurate tuning, expression and awareness of style   | ٧                                 | ٧  | ٧                              |
| 2. Sing and play with a sense of ensemble, following performance directions and understanding how different parts fit together  | ٧                                 | ٧  | ٧                              |
| 3. Use dynamics, tempo, articulation when singing and playing, responding to musical symbols and vocabulary accurately (e.g. pp, p mp, mf, f, ff, <, > accelerando, rallentando, staccato, legato)  | ٧                                 | ٧  | ٧                              |
| 4. Play rhythmic patterns accurately and expressively using instruments or body percussion  | ٧                                 | ٧  |                                |
| 5. Maintain a rhythmic or melodic part as part of a multi-layered piece, performing accurately.   | ٧                                 |  | ٧                              |
| 6. Develop knowledge of scales and intervals through singing and playing  |                                   |  | ٧                              |
| o. Develop knowledge of scales and intervals through singing and playing  |                                   |  | ٧                              |
| 7. Understand how triads are formed and play them on tuned percussion or keyboards  |                                   |  | V                              |
| 1 0 00 1 1 0  |                                   |  | V<br>√                         |
| 7. Understand how triads are formed and play them on tuned percussion or keyboards  | √                                 |  | -                              |
| 7. Understand how triads are formed and play them on tuned percussion or keyboards  8. Play simple chords, drones, or bass lines and use them to accompany a familiar song  | √<br>√                            |  | ٧                              |
| 7. Understand how triads are formed and play them on tuned percussion or keyboards  8. Play simple chords, drones, or bass lines and use them to accompany a familiar song  9. Explore and suggest ways to enhance the communication and performance of songs and music (e.g. varying dynamics)   |                                   | Term 2:<br>MUSICAL<br>EFFECTS AND<br>MOODS | ٧                              |
| 7. Understand how triads are formed and play them on tuned percussion or keyboards  8. Play simple chords, drones, or bass lines and use them to accompany a familiar song  9. Explore and suggest ways to enhance the communication and performance of songs and music (e.g. varying dynamics)  10. To evaluate performances, suggesting ways to improve and making necessary adjustments  | √<br>Term 1:<br><b>WE'VE GOT</b>  | MUSICAL<br>EFFECTS AND                     | V V Term 3: CELEBRATING        |
| 7. Understand how triads are formed and play them on tuned percussion or keyboards  8. Play simple chords, drones, or bass lines and use them to accompany a familiar song  9. Explore and suggest ways to enhance the communication and performance of songs and music (e.g. varying dynamics)  10. To evaluate performances, suggesting ways to improve and making necessary adjustments  Our Sparkyard Music Curriculum will enable children in Y6 to develop these SINGING and PLAYING skills:  1. Sing a wide range of unison and part songs including those that involve syncopated rhythms, observing phrasing, accurate pitching, diction and | Term 1: WE'VE GOT RHYTHM          | MUSICAL<br>EFFECTS AND<br>MOODS            | V V Term 3: CELEBRATING SONGS  |

| 4. Play rhythmic patterns accurately and expressively using instruments or body percussion in a range of time signatures and recognise if they are going out of time (e.g. speeding up or slowing down)     | ٧ | ٧ |   |
|---|---|---|---|
| 5. Maintain a rhythmic or melodic part as part of a multi-layered piece, performing accurately and expressively.  | ٧ |   |   |
| 6. Identify, recall and describe melodic patterns in songs and music and perform using voice or tuned instruments   |   | ٧ | ٧ |
| 7. Play chord progressions, drones or bass lines and use them to accompany a song   |   |   | ٧ |
| 8. Use knowledge of scales to explore intervals, sequences and chromatic scales   |   | ٧ | ٧ |
| 9. Use range of dynamics, tempo, articulation when singing and playing, responding to musical symbols and vocabulary accurately (e.g. pp, p mp, mf, f, ff, <, > accelerando, rallentando, staccato, legato) |   | ٧ | ٧ |
| 10. Develop understanding of different musical roles (e.g. conductor, musicians, performer, audience )  |   | ٧ | ٧ |

# Listening Skills and Genre / History / Musicians Knowledge

| Our Sparkyard Music Curriculum will enable children in Y1 to develop these LISTENING skills, and knowledge about GENRE / HISTORY / MUSICIANS  | Term 1:<br>MOVE TO THE<br>BEAT       | Term 2:<br>EXPLORING<br>SOUNDS              | Term 3:<br>HIGH OR LOW?           |
|---|--------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| 1. Listen with understanding to music from a range of different periods, styles and share ideas and opinions about the music.   | √                                    | √   | ٧                                 |
| 2. Respond to music through movement and dance, identifying a steady beat with others and changing the speed of the beat as the tempo of music changes  | ٧                                    | ٧   | ٧                                 |
| 3. Listen and describe musical patterns using appropriate vocabulary (high, low, loud, soft, fast, slow, spiky, smooth, long, short)  | √                                    | ٧   | ٧                                 |
| 4. Listen to sounds in the local school environment, comparing high and low sounds.   |                                      |   | ٧                                 |
| Our Sparkyard Music Curriculum will enable children in Y2 to develop these LISTENING skills, and knowledge about GENRE / HISTORY / MUSICIANS  | Term 1: TIME TO PLAY EXPLORING PULSE | Term 2:<br>MUSICAL<br>MOODS AND<br>PICTURES | Term 3: PATTERNS WITH PITCH       |
| 1. Listen with understanding to music from a range of different periods, styles and share ideas and opinions about the music.   | √                                    | √   | ٧                                 |
| 2. Listen to and describe simple changes in dynamics, tempo, pitch and articulation using appropriate musical vocabulary (faster, slow, spiky, smooth, loud, soft, getting louder/quieter) and say how it effects the music | ٧                                    | ٧   | ٧                                 |
| 3. Listen to and interpret features in recorded or live music using dance, art or drama   | ٧                                    | ٧   | ٧                                 |
| 4. Move to the pulse of familiar music, coordinating movements and recognising changes in tempo   | √                                    | √   | ٧                                 |
| 5. Respond independently to pitch changes heard in melodic phrases, indicating with actions   |                                      |   | ٧                                 |
| Our Sparkyard Music Curriculum will enable children in Y3 to develop these LISTENING skills, and knowledge about GENRE / HISTORY / MUSICIANS  | Term 1:<br>HEAR IT, PLAY<br>IT!      | Term 2: PAINTING PICTURES WITH SOUND        | Term 3:<br>SING, PLAY,<br>NOTATE! |
| 1. Listen to music developing an understanding of its background, history and context.  | ٧                                    | ٧   | ٧                                 |
| 2. Listen out for specific features of music (e.g. tempo, dynamics, texture, articulation) and explain responses using a growing range of musical vocabulary  | ٧                                    | ٧   | ٧                                 |
| 3. Listen, and describe how the interrelated dimensions are used to create moods and effects  |                                      | ٧   | ٧                                 |
| 4. Use listening skills to correctly order a sequence of notes  |                                      |   | ٧                                 |
| 5. Listen, and identify direction of pitch in a simple melody, copying with voices or instruments   |                                      | ٧   | ٧                                 |
| 6. Listen, and interpret features in recorded or live music using dance, art or drama   |                                      | ٧   |                                   |
| Our Sparkyard Music Curriculum will enable children in Y4 to develop these LISTENING skills, and knowledge about GENRE / HISTORY / MUSICIANS  | Term 1: PLAYING WITH RHYTHM          | Term 2:<br>MUSICAL<br>CONTRASTS             | Term 3:<br>MELODY<br>BUILDERS     |
| 1. Listen to music with an understanding or stories, origins and traditions, history and social context of the music they listen to, sing and play.   | √                                    | ٧   | ٧                                 |
| 2. Recognise and describe timbres of instruments and recall orchestral families (string, woodwind, brass and percussion).   | ٧                                    | ٧   |                                   |
| 3. Listen and identify musical contrasts (e.g. dynamics, tempo, articulation, tonality and discuss the effect on the listener)  |                                      | ٧   |                                   |
| 4. Listen and identify structures used to shape songs and music (e.g. call and response, rondo form)  | ٧                                    | ٧   | ٧                                 |
| 5. Listen and describe direction and shape of melodies  | ٧                                    |   | ٧                                 |
| 6. Recognize major and minor chords   |                                      | ٧   |                                   |
| 7. Listen and compare music, discussing similarities and differences and expressing preferences.  | ٧                                    | ٧   | ٧                                 |

| Our Sparkyard Music Curriculum will enable children in Y5 to develop these <b>LISTENING</b> skills, and knowledge about <b>GENRE / HISTORY / MUSICIANS</b>                   | Term 1:<br>EXPLORING<br>RHYTHMIC<br>LAYERS | Term 2:<br>MUSIC AND<br>WORDS     | Term 3:<br>SONG<br>INGREDIENTS  |
|--|--|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1. Listen to music with an understanding or stories, origins and traditions, history and social context of the music they listen to, sing and play.                          | ٧  | ٧                                 | ٧                               |
| 2. Listen, compare and evaluate music from a diverse range of genres, styles and musical periods   | ٧  | ٧                                 | ٧                               |
| 3. Develop understanding of a particular musical style or genre, identifying key influences and shared characteristics   | ٧  | ٧                                 |                                 |
| 4. Use a range of musical vocabulary to describe musical features such as instruments, time signature, dynamics, tempo, timbre, articulation                                 | ٧  | ٧                                 | ٧                               |
| 5. Interpret features of music through visual art or movement  |  | ٧                                 | ٧                               |
| 6 Listen and identify structures used to shape songs and music (e.g. call and response, rondo form)  | ٧  | ٧                                 | ٧                               |
| 7. Understand how pitches can be combined to create harmony and describe the effect  |  | ٧                                 | ٧                               |
| Our Sparkyard Music Curriculum will enable children in Y6 to develop these LISTENING skills, and knowledge about GENRE / HISTORY / MUSICIANS                                 | Term 1:<br>WE'VE GOT<br>RHYTHM             | Term 2: MUSICAL EFFECTS AND MOODS | Term 3:<br>CELEBRATING<br>SONGS |
| 1. Listen to music with an understanding or stories, origins and traditions, history and social context of the music they listen to, sing and play.                          | √  | ٧                                 | ٧                               |
| 2. Listen, compare and evaluate music from a diverse range of genres, styles and musical periods   | ٧  | V                                 | ٧                               |
| 3. Develop understanding of a particular musical style or genre, identifying key influences, shared characteristics and musical techniques used                              | ٧  | ٧                                 | ٧                               |
| 4. Use a range of musical vocabulary to describe music commenting on features such as instruments, time signature, dynamics, tempo, timbre, pitch, articulation              | ٧  | ٧                                 | ٧                               |
| 5. Analyze songs, exploring lyrics and identifying structural features (e.g. verse, chorus, bridge)  | ٧  |                                   | ٧                               |
| 6 Understand how harmony can be used to create moods and atmosphere (major/minor/consonant/dissonant) and listen out for these features in the music they play and listen to | ٧  | ٧                                 |                                 |

## Compose and Improvise Skills

| Our Sparkyard Music Curriculum will enable children in Y1 to develop these <b>COMPOSITION</b> and <b>IMPROVISATION</b> skills: | Term 1:<br>MOVETO THE<br>BEAT        | Term 2:<br>EXPLORING<br>SOUNDS              | Term 3:<br>HIGH OR LOW?           |
|--|--------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| 1. Create simple vocal chants or rhythm phrases, e.g. using question and answer phrases  | ٧                                    |   | ٧                                 |
| 2. Create musical sound effects and short sequences of sounds in response to stimuli (e.g. song lyrics)                        | ٧                                    | ٧   | ٧                                 |
| 3. Combine sounds to tell a story, choosing and playing classroom instruments or sound makers                                  | ٧                                    | ٧   |                                   |
| 4. Create simple rhythm patterns   | ٧                                    |   |                                   |
| 5. Create simple pitch patterns  |                                      | ٧   | ٧                                 |
| 6. Use music technology (if available, to capture, change and combine sounds   |                                      | ٧   |                                   |
| 7. Experiment with different ways to create sound (e.g. body percussion, vocal sounds)   | ٧                                    | ٧   | ٧                                 |
| 8. Explore percussion sounds to enhance songs and storytelling   |                                      | ٧   | ٧                                 |
| 9. Perform to an audience**  |                                      |   | ٧                                 |
| 10. Explore ways to perform a song (e.g. adding simple actions or changing vocal timbre)                                       |                                      | ٧   | ٧                                 |
| Our Sparkyard Music Curriculum will enable children in Y2 to develop these <b>COMPOSITION</b> and <b>IMPROVISATION</b> skills: | Term 1: TIME TO PLAY EXPLORING PULSE | Term 2:<br>MUSICAL<br>MOODS AND<br>PICTURES | Term 3: PATTERNS WITH PITCH       |
| 1. Create music in response to a non-musical stimulus  | ٧                                    | ٧   |                                   |
| 2. Compose or improvise simple descriptive sounds to match a mood, character or theme  |                                      | ٧   |                                   |
| 3. Recognise and explore how to change and combine sounds to create simple effects   |                                      | ٧   |                                   |
| 4. Explore musical structures, choosing and ordering sounds  | ٧                                    | ٧   | ٧                                 |
| 5. Recognise and explore how to change and combine sounds to create simple effects   |                                      | ٧   |                                   |
| 6. Use music technology, if available to capture change and combine sounds   |                                      |   |                                   |
| 7. Create rhythmic patterns from various stimuli, eg spoken words  | ٧                                    |   |                                   |
| 8. Compose simple melodies using a given range of notes  |                                      |   | ٧                                 |
| 9. Collaborate with others, trying out musical ideas and make improvements where necessary                                     | ٧                                    |   |                                   |
| Our Sparkyard Music Curriculum will enable children in Y3 to develop these <b>COMPOSITION</b> and <b>IMPROVISATION</b> skills: | Term 1:<br>HEAR IT, PLAY<br>IT!      | Term 2: PAINTING PICTURES WITH SOUND        | Term 3:<br>SING, PLAY,<br>NOTATE! |
| 1. Compose or improvise simple call and response phrases   | ٧                                    | ٧   |                                   |
| 2. Compose rhythmic accompaniments using untuned percussion  | ٧                                    |   | ٧                                 |
| 3. Experiment with musical texture (e.g. combining layers of rhythm)   | ٧                                    | ٧   |                                   |
| 4. Structure a composition with a clear beginning/middle/end and combine layers of musical sound.                              |                                      | ٧   | ٧                                 |
| 5. Compose and improvise in response to a range of stimuli (e.g. poems, stories, songs or art work)                            | ٧                                    | ٧   |                                   |
| 6. Compose and improvise simple pentatonic melodies  |                                      |   | ٧                                 |
| 7. Vary the interrelated dimensions to create different moods and effects.   | ٧                                    | ٧   |                                   |
| 8. Collaborate with others, trying out musical ideas and making improvements where needed.                                     | V                                    | ٧   | ٧                                 |

| Our Sparkyard Music Curriculum will enable children in Y4 to develop these <b>COMPOSITION</b> and <b>IMPROVISATION</b> skills:   | Term 1: PLAYING WITH RHYTHM       | Term 2:<br>MUSICAL<br>CONTRASTS            | Term 3:<br>MELODY<br>BUILDERS   |
|--|-----------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| 1. Improvise rhythms or melodies   | ٧                                 |  | ٧                               |
| 2. Compose and represent melodies using appropriate notations (e.g. graphic scores, combination of rhythm notation and letter names)                                     | ٧                                 | ٧  | ٧                               |
| 3. Arrange individual notation cards of known note values to create a sequence of 2,3 or 4 beat phrases  | ٧                                 |  | ٧                               |
| 4. Compose layers of rhythm (ostinato phrases)   | ٧                                 |  |                                 |
| 5. Make decisions about the overall structure of compositions and improvisations   | ٧                                 | ٧  |                                 |
| 6. Compose music following a given musical structure (e.g. call and response, rondo, AB)   |                                   | ٧  |                                 |
| 7. Compose lyrics following a given rhythmic/rhyming structure   |                                   |  | ٧                               |
| 8. Carefully select instrumental timbres to achieve and effect and explore ways to create musical contrasts (e.g. forte/piano/staccato/legato/presto/lento, major/minor) |                                   | ٧  |                                 |
| 9. Evaluate performances, making improvements where needed.  | ٧                                 | ٧  | ٧                               |
| Our Sparkyard Music Curriculum will enable children in Y5 to develop these <b>COMPOSITION</b> and <b>IMPROVISATION</b> skills:   | Term 1: EXPLORING RHYTHMIC LAYERS | Term 2:<br>MUSIC AND<br>WORDS              | Term 3:<br>SONG<br>INGREDIENTS  |
| 1. Improvise rhythmic or melodic patterns to a steady pulse or drone, developing a sense of shape and character  | ٧                                 | ٧  | ٧                               |
| 2. Compose and improvise in response to a range of stimuli (e.g. song lyrics, poetry) and use the interrelated dimensions to capture the intended mood and atmosphere    | ٧                                 | ٧  | ٧                               |
| 3. Compose and notate short melodies using: staff and informal notation  | ٧                                 |  | ٧                               |
| 4. Compose music with contrasting sections   | ٧                                 | ٧  |                                 |
| 5. Use chords to evoke a specific atmosphere or mood   |                                   |  | ٧                               |
| 6. Compose music using a combination of lyrics and melody  |                                   |  | ٧                               |
| 7. Evaluate own and others' work, explaining ideas using musical vocabulary and making necessary adjustments   | ٧                                 | ٧  | ٧                               |
| Our Sparkyard Music Curriculum will enable children in Y6 to develop these <b>COMPOSITION</b> and <b>IMPROVISATION</b> skills:   | Term 1:<br>WE'VE GOT<br>RHYTHM    | Term 2:<br>MUSICAL<br>EFFECTS AND<br>MOODS | Term 3:<br>CELEBRATING<br>SONGS |
| 1. Improvise vocal and instrumental effects as a class and in small groups   |                                   | √  |                                 |
| 2. Use voices and instruments creatively, making subtle changes to timbre, articulation, pitch and dynamics to achieve effects or create styles, moods and atmosphere    | ٧                                 | ٧  |                                 |
| 3. Understand and explore how harmony can be used to create moods and atmosphere (major/minor/consonant/dissonant)   |                                   | ٧  |                                 |
| 4. Create extended compositions, organising rhythmic ideas into a structure (e.g. creating 16-beat rhythms)  | ٧                                 | ٧  |                                 |
| 5. Use song structures as a basis for a composition (e.g. composing lyrics)  | ٧                                 |  | ٧                               |
| 5. Compose and perform music for a specific occasion, using a combination of lyrics, melody and harmony  |                                   |  | ٧                               |
| 6. Evaluate own and others' work, explaining ideas using musical vocabulary and suggesting ways to improve   | ٧                                 | ٧  | ٧                               |

## Notate Skills

| Our Sparkyard Music Curriculum will enable children in Y1 to develop these NOTATION skills:  | Term 1:<br>MOVE TO THE<br>BEAT       | Term 2:<br>EXPLORING<br>SOUNDS       | Term 3:<br>HIGH OR LOW?           |
|--|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1. Recognise how graphic notation can represent created sounds, exploring and inventing own symbols  | ٧                                    | ٧                                    | ٧                                 |
| 2. Follow pictures and symbols to guide singing and playing  | ٧                                    | ٧                                    | ٧                                 |
| Our Sparkyard Music Curriculum will enable children in Y2 to develop these <b>NOTATION</b> skills:   | Term 1: TIME TO PLAY EXPLORING PULSE | Term 2: MUSICAL MOODS AND PICTURES   | Term 3: PATTERNS WITH PITCH       |
| 1. Invent graphic notations to represent simple features of music (e.g. dynamics and tempo)  |                                      | ٧                                    | ٧                                 |
| 2. Use graphic notation to represent rhythmic or melodic patterns  | ٧                                    | ٧                                    | ٧                                 |
| 3. Use graphic symbols to keep a record of a composed piece  |                                      | √                                    | V                                 |
| 4. Follow graphic notations to guide singing and playing   | ٧                                    | √                                    | V                                 |
| Our Sparkyard Music Curriculum will enable children in Y3 to develop these <b>NOTATION</b> skills:   | Term 1:<br>HEAR IT, PLAY<br>IT!      | Term 2: PAINTING PICTURES WITH SOUND | Term 3:<br>SING, PLAY,<br>NOTATE! |
| 1. Play from rhythmic notation and understand the value of minims, crotchets and quavers   | √                                    |                                      | √                                 |
| 2. Follow graphic notation to guide singing and playing  | ٧                                    | √                                    | V                                 |
| 3. Use graphic notation to represent rhythmic or melodic patterns  |                                      | √                                    | √                                 |
| 4. Create graphic notation to represent two or more layers of musical sound  | √                                    | √                                    |                                   |
| 5. Apply word chants to rhythms, understanding how to link each syllable to a musical note   | ٧                                    | √                                    | √                                 |
| Our Sparkyard Music Curriculum will enable children in Y4 to develop these <b>NOTATION</b> skills:   | Term 1: PLAYING WITH RHYTHM          | Term 2:<br>MUSICAL<br>CONTRASTS      | Term 3:<br>MELODY<br>BUILDERS     |
| 1. Play from rhythmic notation and understand the value of semibreves, minims, crotchets and quavers   | ٧                                    |                                      | ٧                                 |
| 2. Play from pitch notation (e.g. graphic notation, combination of rhythm and note names)  |                                      |                                      | ٧                                 |
| 3. Follow and perform simple rhythmic scores to a steady beat, maintain individual parts accurately within the rhythmic texture, achieving a sense of ensemble | ٧                                    |                                      |                                   |
| 4. Use graphic notations to represent layers of rhythm.  | ٧                                    |                                      |                                   |
| 5. Explore a range of notation e.g. graphic symbols, rhythm notation to capture and record creative ideas.   |                                      | ٧                                    | ٧                                 |
| 6. Use a graphic score to represent musical structure  |                                      | ٧                                    |                                   |
| Our Sparkyard Music Curriculum will enable children in Y5 to develop these <b>NOTATION</b> skills:   | Term 1: EXPLORING RHYTHMIC LAYERS    | Term 2:<br>MUSIC AND<br>WORDS        | Term 3:<br>SONG<br>INGREDIENTS    |
| 1. Use and perform a range of rhythmic notations and develop understanding of note durations (semibreve, minim, crochet, quaver)                               | ٧                                    | ٧                                    |                                   |
| 2. Develop understanding of time signatures (3/4 and 4/4)  | ٧                                    |                                      |                                   |
| 3. Read and perform pitch notation within an octave  | ٧                                    |                                      | ٧                                 |
| 4. Represent compositions using a combination of graphic and standard notations  | ٧                                    | ٧                                    | ٧                                 |
| 5. Use and understand musical symbols (e.g. pp, p mp, mf, f, ff, <, >) and apply them to compositions  |                                      | ٧                                    | ٧                                 |

| Our Sparkyard Music Curriculum will enable children in Y6 to develop these <b>NOTATION</b> skills:                                      | Term 1:<br>WE'VE GOT<br>RHYTHM | Term 2:<br>MUSICAL<br>EFFECTS AND<br>MOODS | Term 3:<br>CELEBRATING<br>SONGS |
|---|--------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| 1. Use and perform a range of rhythmic notations and further develop understanding of note durations (semibreve, minim, crochet, quaver | ٧                              | ٧  | ٧                               |
| 2. Develop understanding of time signatures (3/4 and 4/4, 6/8)  | ٧                              | ٧  |                                 |
| 3. Read and perform from pitch notation   |                                | ٧  | ٧                               |
| 4. Read and perform from graphic notation   | ٧                              | ٧  | ٧                               |
| 5. Represent compositions using graphic and standard notations  |                                | ٧  | ٧                               |
| 6. Notate melodies and chords using staff or informal notation.   |                                |  | ٧                               |
| 7. Use and understand a range of musical symbols (e.g. pp, p mp, mf, f, ff, <, >) and apply them to compositions                        | ٧                              | ٧  | ٧                               |

<sup>\*</sup>You can develop this skill when learning any of our songs. Take advantage of the double-click feature on our WOS player, double-click a line and get the class to sing it back!

<sup>\*\*</sup> This skill isn't mentioned in every lesson because performing to an audience doesn't always have to involve a hall of parents! Get the class performing to each other on a regular basis or how about an Impromptu performance of the song they are working on the school playground. Singing and sharing musical learning with another class is a great way to develop musicianship and get your class working and thinking like performers!