

To support the oracy development of the children at Mountford Manor, progressive language frames have been developed for each subject to support talk, discussion and debate. A specific *purpose of language function* has been identified for each subject to enable them to 'Talk like an Expert' – the language frame progression have been based on the Progression in Language Structures developed by Tower Hamlets EMA team (2009)

<u>Language Functions</u>	Subject*
Language of Argument	<u>PSHE</u>
Language of Comparison	<u>Geography</u>
Language of Hypothesis	<u>Science</u>
Language of Predicting	<u>Science</u>
Language of Deduction	<u>History</u>
Language of Opinion	<u>Art</u>
Language of Description	<u>DT</u>
Language of Evaluation	<u>Music</u>
Language of Retelling	<u>RE</u>
Language of Explanation	<u>PE</u>
Language of Sequencing	<u>Computing</u>

^{*}click on subject name to go to language structure progression

PSHE

<u> </u>	
	The language of Argument (Agreeing and disagreeing)
	He / She didn't share / take turns
	• I want to
EYFS	• I like
	• I don't like
	• I think Why?
	• I like because and
V4	I don't like because and
Year 1	I agree with because
	• It is right
	• It is wrong
	agree / disagree because
Year 2	I think because and also because
	However
	• Also
	An argument for is because
Year 3	An argument against isbecause
	I understand however / due to / but / therefore
	I accept your decision however I feel / believe because / as / due / to
	An argument foris because and
Year 4	An argument against isbecauseand
	I understand thatdepending on the content but would argue
	I understand your point of view, however I disagree because
	In my opinion should be banned.
	I have two main reasons for believing this. First of all, as I'm sure you'll agree,
Year 5	My second important reason for wanting to ban is that is that
	Perhaps some people would argue thatthatthat
	However, I would point out that
	It is clear that a ban onwould be a great step forward!



	On the one hand but
Year 6	Convince me that
	I am convinced
	Given that

<u>Geography – </u>	Talk like a Geographer
	The language of Comparison (Comparing and Contrasting)
EYFS	 It is the same because It looks the same because It is different / They are different because It is not the same. This isand that is
Year 1	 They are the same becauseis
Year 2	 They are the same because They are similar because They are different because isandis They are alike because they are both It feels different because this one
Year 3	 and
Year 4	 andare both
Year 5	 In some waysandare alike. For instance they both Another feature they have in common is that Furthermore they are both However they also differ in some ways. For examplewhile Another difference is
Year 6	 In some waysandare alike. For instance they both



<u>Science</u> – Talk like a Scientist

	The language of Hypothesis
	(a suggestion that tries to explain something, based on evidence)
	• It
EYFS	isbecausebecause
	I thinkbecausebt
	willbecausebecause
	Theisbecause
	• 1
	thinkbecauseand
Year 1	I don't
	thinkbecauseandand
	will happen
	because
Year 2	I think thisbecausebecause
rear 2	I know this, so I think
	This will happen because
Year 3	Because I know thatI know
	Due to thisI know that
Year 4	Because I know that I know that
Teal 4	Due to the fact thatI know thatwill happen
	Maybe it's because
	It is true that
	Can we prove that
Year 5	In conclusion
	I would like to prove /
	disprove
	Perhaps the reason is
	Based on the evidence I have been presented with, I can
	conclude
Year 6	Taking everything into account
	Having analysed
	Having pondered
	Given this, it is likely that

<u>Science</u> – Talk like a Scientist

<u> ran</u>		
	The language of Prediction (Predicting)	
EYFS	 I think it will	
Year 1	 I thinkbecause	
Year 2	•samesimilar	



• I thinkbecause
I predict thatbecausebecause
I think they will be alike because they are both
I predict
thatbecausehowever/meanwhile/therefore/also
I predict thatafter / as a result of
This is probable because
andare different in thattherefore as a result
After predict that
The outcome will bebecause
I predict
thatbecausehowever
Due to the fact that (extension of
because)
As a result ofthis will happen because
All events lead on tobecausebecause
Becauseandare similar, I predict thatwill happen.
The outcome will bedue to
Based on predict that
After hearing all the evidence, I think that will happen
I predict that
I believe / I think might / or might / or
• If Then
X has happened, therefore I think
In light of predict
There is a high / low probability
The chances of/The likelihood of/Due to the fact that/Upon consideration of
the relevant factors

<u>History</u> – Talk like a Historian

listory run	A THE CONTROL OF THE
	The language of Deduction (Making an assumption based on prior knowledge)
	• It willbecausebecause
	I think I is
EVEC	• I thinkbecause
EYFS	• It isbecause
	• It hasbecausebecause
	happened because
	I think that
Year 1	• I think thatbecausebecause
rear 1	• It isbecausebecause
	happened because
V2	I think thatbecausebecause
Year 2	This happenedbecause
	• I know this
	I conclude thatbecause
Year 3	I found thatbecause
	As a result ofl conclude that
	After looking at the evidence / artefacts conclude that



	In conclusion, I would say thatdue to the fact
Year 4	that
	 From what I have read/ already know it make me think
	thatbecause Having analysed the
	evidence, I conclude that
	• The fact is
	• In effect
Year 5	Given thatthenthen
rear 5	I deduce/deduct
	I have worked out
	In conclusion
	I conclude
	The facts lead to
	Based on
Year 6	Been lead to the conclusion that
	The evidence leads to
	Having considered
	This infers that

Art - Talk like... An Artist / critic

	The language of Opinion	
EYFS	 I like / don't like It is good/nice/beautiful It is not nice 	
ear 1	 I thinkbecause I likebestbecause 	
Year 2	 I thinkbecause I preferbecause My partner thinks I agree/disagree because 	
Year 3	 I appreciate/understand's opinion because/as/due to However I feelbecause/as/due to My opinion/view isbecause/as/due to 	
Year 4	 I appreciate's opinion because Due to However I think differently because Most people would agree thatbecause What is your opinion on this piece of art? 	
Year 5	 Therefore / In my opinion / I believe He/she is considered It is my opinion thathowever others may/might believe 	
Year 6	 Consequently / Based on fact / Because of my beliefs To hold the view / After consideration After / On reflection It is my understanding that The facts lead me to the conclusion that 	



DT – Talk like an engineer/inventor

<u> — Таік ііке</u>	an engineer/inventor
	The language of Description (describing)
	It is big / small (size) It is (shape name)
FIVE	It is a (shape name)
	It is soft / hard or hot / cold (texture / properties)
	It feels like
	It looks like
EYFS	It tastes like
	It sounds like
	It smells like
	It is the same because
	It is different because
	• It isandand
	• Theisisand
	• This is They are
Year 1	• They arebecause
	It is a (adjective) / (noun)
	•has
	• have
	• It / This isand
	This has and
Year 2	• Theisandand
	They
	areandand
	• I feelbecause
	It looks/feels/sounds/smells like
Year 3	It appears to bebecause
	• It seems to beasas
	I think it looks likedue to
	It looks/feels/tastes/sounds/smells like
Year 4	It appears to bebecausebecause
	It seems to be likebecausel think it looks
	likebecausebecause
	It looks/feels/tastes/sounds/smells like
Year 5	It appears to bebecause
	It seems to be likebecausel think it looks
	likebecause
Year 6	In comparison to
Teal 0	It reminds me ofbecause / therefore / meanwhile
	Why? How? What? Tell Me About

Music – Talk like a musician/composer

	The language of Evaluation (evaluating)
EVEC	I made this sound.
	 I created this song/music
EYFS	I did this
	I've done this



	I foundhard/easy because
Year 1	I like / dislike because
	I feel thatnext time.
	• I could
	In my opinionbecause
	I think my /song/music isbecause Next
	time I couldI
	found I like /
Year 2	dislikebecausebecause
	It was interesting becauseI like this because
	I like the part wherebecausebecause
	What I found hard about this work was
	I found this piece of work hard/easy because
	I found this workbecause
	Next time I could/would/
Year 3	Maybe you could try / I feel that
	I enjoyed it because
	was successful / ambitious because
	You could improve this work by
	• I enjoyedbecause
Year 4	was successful / ambitious because
	You could improve this work byMaybe you could
	try Next time I / you could / would
	My view is
Voor E	thatbecause This is
Year 5	supported by the fact that
	In my opinionfurthermoreHowever
	Possible improvements may include
	My view is that
Year 6	In my opinion
	This is supported by the fact that
	Furthermorehoweverhowever
	Possible improvements may include
	Or alternatively

RE – Talk like an theologian

	The language of Retelling – (Events and story telling)
	• First I
F1/F0	• Then After After
	And then
	happened first.
	• Nexthappened.
	• Thenhappened.
EYFS	•happened last.
	• Nextandhappened.
	At the endhappened.
	happened in the beginning.
	happened in the middle.
	happened in the end.



Year 1	 My partner said Once upon a time One day Long ago 'What happened next?'
Year 2	First, Next, Then, After that, Finally At lastSuddenly
Year 3	 Once upon a time Once there was As a result of Meanwhile Later on Eventually Unfortunately Luckily I remember that Then this happened During Lastly In the end To conclude / In conclusion
Year 4	 In the beginning
Year 5	• First, Next, Then, After that, Finally 'What happened next?' 'What did?'
Year 6	 First, Next, Then, After that, Finally 'What happened next?' 'What did?' In summary
	The consequence of

PE – Talk like an sportsman/athlete/coach

	The language of Explanation –
	(Explaining and sometimes incorporating sequence language structures.)
EYFS	 It is You put I / He / She It isbecause That isbecause Thebecause When
Year 1	 I



	• Ibecause
Year 2	
	When Ibecause
	• After I
	• Thebecause
	We/Theybecause
	• HowWhyWhereWhen
Year 3	• How Why
	Where When
i eai 3	What After After
	Then / As a result of / Later / because
	• How
	• Why
	• Where
Year 4	• When
	• What
	• After
	Then / As a result of / Later / Meanwhile / Furthermore / Eventually / In contrast to / Because
	Because of x happened
	• For example In
Voor F	conclusion
Year 5	To begin with As a
	result of
	• The reason(s) for
	•such as
Year 6	• Due tox has / is
	• In summary
	Owing tox has / is
	This has altered
	• Evidently

<u>Computing</u> – Talk like a coder/engineer

compating	The language of Sequencing—
	• First Next Then
	After that
	•and then
	happened first.
EYFS	Nexthappened.
	• Thenhappened.
	happened last.
	• It isbecausebecause
	• It is
	First I will
	Next I would
Year 1	• Then I
	After that I
	Finally I
	• First (First <u>put</u> the hat on)
Year 2	• Next
	After that



	• Finally
	Last of all
Year 3	• Firstbecause
	Nexthowever
rear 5	Thentherefore
	Finally/Eventually/Lastlybecause
Year 4	Firstlybecause/however/therefore/after a while/meanwhile/ in
	addition
	• Next Then
	Finally/Eventually/Lastly
	In conclusion
Year 5	Meanwhile
	Following this / that
	In the beginning
	Whilst X was Y was
Year 6	During X – Y happened.
	Initially the were
	• However