**Friday 12th June:** Good Morning Year 4, we have come to the end of another week, doesn't time fly?! Have a wonderful weekend; why not try going on a thinking walk, also let the people in your family know how much they mean to you. Take care.

Mr H, Mr C and Miss Patterson

Mr H, Mr C and Mis	S Patterson
Daily reading	Today, please read for 30 minutes. If anyone at home has the opportunity to discuss this with you, please ask them to. One of the world religions we will be studying this term is Buddhism. Read the text at the end of today's daily learning ' <b>The beginning of Buddhism'</b> then answer the questions. You can do this in your English books.
Daily times tables	Please continue to learn your year group times tables: 6x, 7x and 9x.
	Get someone to test you on a times table. To make it more difficult, make them test you using flash cards. They could test you on all your times tables or decimal times tables e.g. 0.6 x 5 = 3
	Times tables website: <u>https://www.timestables.co.uk/</u>
Termly Spellings	Please take time to learn spellings for future weeks and to re-visit past spellings. These can be found on the school website at <u>https://www.newbridge.bathnes.sch.uk/</u> and go to the tab <b>Classes</b> and click on your class.
	Using the words and writing them down are the best ways to learn them. Activities you could do are:
	Find the meaning of the words
	Put the words into sentences
	<ul> <li>If there is a pattern, how many words you can find with the same pattern</li> <li>Draw pictures of the what the words mean with the word in the picture</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Create a word search</li> </ul>
	Create a crossword
	Test your parents!
Science / Maths	Charles Darwin is one of the most famous scientists in the world and lived from 1809-1882. He studied animals and plants and was a bit like David Attenborough. Try and find out more about Charles Darwin. https://www.bbc.co.uk/teach/class-clips-video/ks2-charles-darwin-victorian-science/zddbnrd
	Throughout his life, Charles Darwin collected anything that grew, crept or flew. He would often take a walk to collect samples or think his ideas through as he walked. Why not take your own 'Thinking Walk'? Take some masking tape or sticky tape, wrap it around your wrist, sticky side up Get someone to help and remember not to make it too tight. Then take a thinking walk outdoors and pick up small bits and bobs, petals, seeds and small leaves work well. Carefully cut off your nature wristband and stick into your book. Then record what you picked up into a table in your maths book.
	You could do this over the weekend on different walks recording what you find.



National	Look in your Reading Log and find all of the spellings for your year group. How many of these can you
Curriculum	learn? Can you write a sentence using the words?
Word Lists	
Curriculum Overview	Take time to look at the Curriculum Overview for your year group. This can be found on the school website at <u>https://www.newbridge.bathnes.sch.uk/</u> Go to the tab <b>Key Information</b> , go down the menu on the left hand side to <b>Curriculum</b> , go to <b>Termly Overview</b> and click on the one for your year group.
	Talk to a grown up at home and decide on an aspect you would like to find out more about. This means that when you come back to school, you will be able to share something new.
Useful websites	Please see the useful websites list.
	g all of these areas of learning. Please can I ask that your parent sends a few lines in an email to let me ve completed today.

4H: <u>4h@newbridge.bathnes.sch.uk</u> 4C: <u>4c@newbridge.bathnes.sch.uk</u>

Please look out for tomorrow's learning, from Mr Hempleman and Mr Cumpson

## The Beginning of Buddhism

## One Man

There was once a wealthy prince in India called Siddhartha Gautama. One day, Siddhartha Gautama left his palace and saw people who were old and ill. This made him very sad.

He realised that all people suffered.

Siddhartha Gautama meditated under the Bodhi tree. He thought about how people could learn to stop suffering.

When he had reached an answer, he became the Buddha.

Buddha decided he would teach others about his new wisdom and understanding about the world. He created the Four Noble Truths to help people end their suffering.

## Buddha's Four Noble Truths

Dukkha - All people suffer.

Samudaya - There is a cause for suffering. People suffer because they want things they not got: fame, money and to be young again.

Nirodha - There is an end to suffering. Buddha said that if people stopped wanting things all the time, they would be happy.

Magga - In order to end the suffering for good, people must follow the Eightfold Path. This is a set of eight rights, or instructions, created by Buddha.

## Asala-Dharma Day

Asala-Dharma Day is a celebration when Buddhists think about the day that Buddha began teaching people about his understanding of life and how to be happy, and to give thanks for his wisdom. Buddhists might go to the temple and listen to Buddha's teachings. They may think about the Four Noble Truths and how they can improve their lives. Who was Siddhartha Gautama?
 An old man

 A rich prince
 An ill man
 A woman
 Which word closely matches the meaning of the word suffering?
 Unexpected
 Misery
 Illness
 old age
 What was Siddhartha Gautama thinking about under the Bodhi tree?

 4. Who did Siddhartha Gautama become after meditating?

5. In the Four Noble Truths created by Buddha, what does Dukkha mean?

That all people want things. That all suffering will end That all people suffer. That all princes suffer.

6.

Match up the sentences.

People suffer because Their suffering will end The Eightfold Path is a set of instructions. they want things. when they stop wanting things.