



Curriculum Objectives			
EYFS	KS1		
Birth to 3	Pupils should be taught to:		
Lift their head while lying on their front.	master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing and		
Push their chest up with straight arms.	catching, as well as developing balance, agility and co-ordination, and		
Roll over: from front to back, then back to front.	begin to apply these in a range of activities		
Enjoy moving when outdoors and inside.	participate in team games, developing simple tactics for attacking and		
Sit without support.	defending		
Begin to crawl in different ways and directions.	perform dances using simple movement patterns.		
Pull themselves upright and bouncing in preparation for walking.			
Reach out for objects as co-ordination develops.			
Pass things from one hand to the other. Let go of things and hand them			
to another person, or drop them.			
Gradually gain control of their whole body through continual practice			
of large movements, such as waving, kicking, rolling, crawling and			
walking.			
Clap and stamp to music.			
Fit themselves into spaces, like tunnels, dens and large boxes, and			
move around in them.			
Enjoy starting to kick, throw and catch balls.			
Build independently with a range of appropriate resources.			
Begin to walk independently – choosing appropriate props to support			
at first.			
Walk, run, jump and climb – and start to use the stairs independently.			
Spin, roll and independently use ropes and swings (for example, tyre			
swings).			
Sit on a push-along wheeled toy, use a scooter or ride a tricycle.			
3 and 4 year olds			
Continue to develop their movement, balancing, riding (scooters, trikes and billion) and ball slills.			
and bikes) and ball skills.			
Go up steps and stairs, or climb up apparatus, using alternate feet.			





- Skip, hop, stand on one leg and hold a pose for a game like musical statues.
- Use large-muscle movements to wave flags and streamers, paint and make marks.
- Start taking part in some group activities which they make up for themselves, or in teams.
- Increasingly be able to use and remember sequences and patterns of movements which are related to music and rhythm.
- Match their developing physical skills to tasks and activities in the setting. For example, they decide whether to crawl, walk or run across a plank, depending on its length and width.
- Collaborate with others to manage large items, such as moving a long plank safely, carrying large hollow blocks.

Reception

- Revise and refine the fundamental movement skills they have already acquired:
 - Rolling
 - Crawling
 - Walking
 - Jumping
 - Running
 - Hopping
 - Skipping
 - Climbing
- Progress towards a more fluent style of moving, with developing control and grace.
- Develop the overall body strength, co-ordination, balanced and agility needed to engage successfully with future physical education session and other physical disciplines including dance, gymnastics, sport and swimming.
- Combine different movements with ease and fluency.
- Confidently and safely use a range of large and small apparatus indoors and outside, alone and in a group.





- Develop overall body-strength, balance, co-ordination and agility.
- Further develop and refine a range of ball skills including: throwing, catching, kicking, passing, batting, and aiming.
- Develop confidence, competence, precision and accuracy when engaging in activities that involve a ball.

Gross Motor Skills ELG

Children at the expected level of development will:

- Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others.
- Demonstrate strength, balance and coordination when playing.
- Move energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing.

Objectives		
YN YR	YR1	YR2
As an exerciser I can As an exerciser I can	As an exerciser I can	As an exerciser I can
Use large-muscle movements to wave flags and streamers, paint and make marks. (Spring-Summer - Which colours make you feel happy or sad? What would you find at the farm? What minibeasts would you find in your garden? What can I do with water?) Progress towards a more fluent style of moving, with developing control and grace. Develop the overall body strength, co- ordination, balance and agility needed to engage successfully with future physical education sessions and other physical	 Master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing and catching, as well as developing balance, agility and co- ordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities (Cycle B 22-23 Y1 & 2: Autumn 1, why are humans not like tigers? Power of PE multi-skills / Cycle B 22- 23 Y1 & Cycle A 21-22 Y2: Autumn 2 – Where 	 Master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing and catching, as well as developing balance, agility and co- ordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities (Cycle A 21-22 Y1&2: Autumn 1, Why would a dinosaur not make a good pet? Power of PE multi-skills / Cycle B 22-23 Y2





	dance, gymnastics, sport and swimming. Combine different movements with ease and fluency. Confidently and safely use a range of large and small apparatus indoors and outside, alone and in a group. Develop overall body-strength, balance, co-ordination and agility.	do we live and how has it changed? Power of PE Gymnastics)	people like Rosa Parks helped to make the world a better place? Power of PE Gymnastics)
	 Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others; Demonstrate strength, balance and coordination when playing; Move energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing. 		





		(Summer 2 –What bears		
		can you find around the		
		world? PE Unit Circus)		
Basic Movements and Team Games	 Enjoy starting to kick, throw and catch balls. Build independently with a range of appropriate resources. Walk, run, jump and climb Spin, roll and independently use ropes and swings (for example, tyre swings). Sit on a push-along 	 Revise and refine the fundamental movement skills they have already acquired: Rolling Crawling Walking Jumping Running Hopping Skipping climbing 	Master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing and catching, as well as developing balance, agility and coordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities (Cycle B 22-23 Y1&2: Summer 1 – Which birds and plants would Peter	Master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing and catching, as well as developing balance, agility and coordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities (Cycle B 22-23 Y2: Spring 2 – What do we know about the Victorians and the way
	wheeled toy, use a scooter or ride a tricycle. (Autumn – Who lives in my house? Where does the day go at night?) • Continue to develop their movement, balancing, riding (scooters, trikes and bikes) and ball skills. • Go up steps and stairs, or climb up apparatus,	 Develop the overall body strength, coordination, balance and ability needed to engage successfully with the future physical education sessions and other physical disciplines including dance, gymnastics, sport and swimming. Further develop and refine a range of ball skills including: 	 rabbit find in our park? Power of PE Athletics) Participate in team games, developing simple tactics for attacking and defending (Cycle B 22-23 Y1&2: Spring 1 – Why can't a penguin live near the equator? Power of PE health related exercise) (Cycle B 22-23 Y1&2: Summer 2 – What do aliens 	they lived? Power of PE Dance / Cycle A 21-22 Y2: Summer 1 – Where would you prefer to live England or Kenya? Power of PE Athletics) • Participate in team games, developing simple tactics for attacking and defending (Cycle A 21-22 Y2: Spring 1 – what is our school made of? Power of PE football/
	 using alternate feet. Start taking part in some group activities which they make up for 	throwing, catching, kicking, passing, batting, and aiming.	think of life on planet Earth? Power of PE orienteering)	Cycle A 21-22 Y2: Summer 2 - How old are the trees around us? Power of PE sticking and fielding)





	themselves, or in teams. Match their developing physical skills to tasks and activities in the setting. For example, they decide whether to crawl, walk or run across a plank, depending on its length and width. Collaborate with others to manage large items, such as moving a long plank safely, carrying large hollow blocks. (Spring-Summer – Which colours make you feel happy or sad? What would you find at the farm? What mini-beats would you find in your garden? What can I do with water?)	 Develop confidence, competence, precision and accuracy when engaging in activities that involve a ball. ELG Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others Demonstrate strength, balance and coordination when playing Move energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing. (Autumn 1 – What do I know about me? PE Unit – Transport Autumn 2 – Why are there so many leaves on the ground? PE Unit – Autumn Spring 1 - How can a map help me? PE Unit – people who help us Spring 2 – Twinkl Twinkl Little Star PE Unit Space) 		
Dance	Clap and stamp to music.	Progress towards a more fluent style of	Master basic movements including	





(Autumn – Who lives in my house? Where does the day go at night?)

- Skip, hop, stand on one leg and hold a pose for a game like musical statues.
- Increasingly be able to use and remember sequences and patterns of movements which are related to music and rhythm.

(Spring-Summer – Which colours make you feel happy or sad? What would you find at the farm? What mini-beasts would you find in your garden? What can I do with water?)

- moving, with developing control and grace.
- Develop the overall body strength, coordination, balance and ability needed to engage successfully with the future physical education sessions and other physical disciplines including dance, gymnastics, sport and swimming.
- Combine different movements with ease and fluency.
- Confidently and safely use a range of large and small apparatus indoors and outside, alone and in a group.

ELG

- Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others;
- Demonstrate strength, balance and coordination when playing
- Move energetically, such as running,

- running, jumping, throwing and catching, as well as developing balance, agility and coordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities
- Perform dances using simple movement patterns.

(Cycle B 22-23 Y1&2: Spring 2 – is the Wii/X-Box better than Grandma or Grandad's old toys? Power of PE Dance)





jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping	
and climbing. (Summer 1 – Who can I ask	
for help? Unit- Athletics/	
Sports day)	