



## Grammar Progression Document

	Punctuation	Sentence Construction	Terminology
Reception	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Full stops</li> <li>Capital letters</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Simple sentences</li> </ul>	Letter, word, finger space, sentence, capital letter, full stop
Year 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Question marks</li> <li>Exclamation marks</li> <li>Capital letter for pronoun I</li> <li>Capital letters for names</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Compound sentences using 'and'</li> </ul>	Letter, word, sentence, capital letter, full stop, question mark, exclamation mark, singular, plural, punctuation
Year 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Commas in a list</li> <li>Apostrophes for contraction</li> <li>Apostrophes for singular possession</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Subordination and co-ordination</li> <li>Expanded noun phrases</li> <li>Statements, questions, exclamations and commands</li> <li>Present and past tense</li> <li>Progressive tense</li> </ul>	Noun, noun phrase, statement, question, exclamation, command, simple, compound, adjective, verb, imperative (bossy) verb, adverb, verb tense, past, present, suffix, apostrophe, comma
Year 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Inverted commas for direct speech</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Adverbs, conjunctions and prepositions of time, place and cause</li> <li>Paragraphs</li> <li>Headings and subheadings</li> <li>Present perfect tense</li> </ul>	Preposition, conjunction, word family, prefix, clause, main clause, subordinate clause, direct speech, inverted commas, speech marks, simile, onomatopoeia
Year 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Inverted commas and other punctuation for direct speech; including a capital letter and end punctuation with the speech and a comma after the reporting clause</li> <li>Apostrophes for plural possession</li> <li>Commas after fronted adverbials</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Noun phrases expanded with modifying adjectives, nouns and preposition phrases</li> <li>Fronted adverbials</li> <li>Pronouns to avoid repetition</li> </ul>	Determiner, pronoun, possessive pronoun, adverbial phrase, fronted adverbial
Year 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Commas to clarify meaning and avoid ambiguity (marking clauses and phrases with commas)</li> <li>Parenthesis, using brackets, commas and dashes</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Relative clauses</li> <li>Modal verbs</li> </ul>	Modal verb, relative pronoun, relative clause, parenthesis, bracket, dash, cohesion, ambiguity, rhetorical question, metaphor, personification
Year 6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Semi-colon, colon and dash</li> <li>Colon to introduce a list</li> <li>Semi-colons within lists</li> <li>Bullet points</li> <li>Hyphens to avoid ambiguity</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Passive voice</li> <li>Formal and informal tone</li> <li>Subjunctive form</li> </ul>	Subject, object, active, passive, synonym, antonym, ellipsis, hyphen, colon, semi-colon, bullet points, compound word