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V7	HISTORY CURRICULUM JOURNEY						
Year 7 Timing of		Year 7			Year 7		
academic	Half Term 1 (12 lessons)	Half Term 2 (16 lessons)	Half Term 3 (10 lessons)	Half Term 4 (12 lessons)	Half Term 5 (12 lessons)	Half Term 6 (10 lessons)	
year: Overview	, , ,	· · ·	, i	1300s: A golden country:the empire of Mali 1300s & the Black			
Overview	World views in 1000 AD  1. What was Constantinople like in 1050? -	A conquered England 6. Who will be the next King of England? 7. What were the	Power in Medieval England  12. Crown Vs Church: Murder in the Cathedral. 13. How	Death  18. What does the story of Mansa Musa reveal about	The Tudors 1500-1600  21. How did Henry VII gain and consolidate his power?	The Stuarts 1600-1700  26.Did Elizabeth solve the question of religion? 27. How did	
Sequence of	Empress Zoe 2. How was Islam connected to the world before 1000? 3. What does the French village of Conques teach us about Western Europe before 1000? 4. What is the story of Britain up to 1066? 5. Who were the Anglo-Saxons and what were their achievments?	key battles in the Norman Conquest? 8. How was England conquered? 9. How were castles used by William? 10. How did William consolidate his power? 11. How disruptive were the Normans?	important was the Magna Carta? 14. Where did our Parliament come from? (2 lessons) 15.Why were peasants so angry in 1381? 16. Power to the people? 17. Why did the barons keep rebelling against their English rulers?	medieval west Africa 1300s? 19.Order and disorder in Walsham. How did one village respond to the Black Death? 20. The consequences of the Black Death. A story of changing histories.	22. The Reformation in Germany. How did Luther's protest become so big, so fast? 23. Why did Henry VIII	Elizabeth maintain power for 45 years? 28.Elizabethan worlds 29. Why did England gain Scottish King? 30.Why is November 5th such a significant date in English history? 31. Why did the English execute their King? 32. Why did witchcraft cause terror in Stuart England?	
Year 8				Year 8			
academic	Half Term 1 (12 lessons)	Half Term 2 (16 lessons)	Half Term 3 (10 lessons)	Half Term 4 (12 lessons)	Half Term 5 (12 lessons)	Half Term 6 (10 lessons)	
Overview	The British Empire 1500-1900 India and Ireland	The End of the Empire India & Ireland 1900 onwards.The Transatlantic Slave Trade	Britain and the Industrial Revolution	Fighting for a voice in Industrial Britain	The Great War 1914-18	The end of the Great war and the inter-war years.	
knowledge	33. Why is 'what was the British Empire?' a really difficult question to answer? 34. Early Empire. What did colonisation mean for the Irish people?: 35. Early Empire. India. How did a British company become an empire? 36. How did the Irish respond to British rule in the 19th century? 37.How did Indians resist the expanding Company rule and how did the British Raj change the lives of Indian people?	38. Ireland. What is the story of 20th Century British rule? 39. How did Indians challenge British rule after the First World War? 40.Why was 1947 such a significant year in the history of India? 41 What was the slave trade? 42. What was the life experience of a slave 43. Why was slavery abolished?	44. From homeworkers to factory workers 45. How did factories create towns? 46. How did peoples lives change with the growth of factories? 47.Who were the Luddites?. 48.How were factory working conditions improved? 49.How was transport revolutionised ? 50. Why was it an age of invention? 51. What was the Industrial Revolution?	52.How close was Britain to revolution in 1848? 53.Was this an age of improvement for women? 54. How significant was the Match Girls' Strike? 55. How did women gain the vote? 56. What was the place of Britain in the world by early 20th Century?	57. Did we sleep walk into the First World War? 58. Why did men volunteer to fight for King and country? 59. What was life like in the trenches? 60. Why is the Battle of the Somme so infamous? 61. Was WW1 a white mans'war?	62. What was life like on the home front? 63. What role did our local area in the Great War? 64. Why did Germany sign the Armistice in 1918? 65. Was the Treaty of Versailles an act of unwisdom? 66. Was the First World War worth winning? 67. Why were the 1930s so hungry?	
Year 9 Timing of academic	Half Term 1 (12 lessons)	Half Term 2	Half Term 3 (10 lessons)	Year 9 Half Term 4 (12 lessons)	Half Term 5 (12 lessons)	Half Term 6 (10 lessons)	
year: Overview	The rise of the totalitarian states - Dictatorship over democracy: Russia, Italy and Germany	Understanding the Holocaust : How and why did it happen? (UCL centre of Holocaust education) (16 lessons)	The Second World War 1939-45	The Second World War 1939-45	The Cold War	The fight for equality - Black Civil Rights	
Sequence of knowledge	68.What is the difference between democracy and dictatorship? 69. How did Russia change under communism - Stalin? 70. How did Italy change under fascism -Mussolini? 71. What was Germany like in the 1920s? 72. Why did Hitler become so popular? 73. What was life like in Nazi Germany?	74. Jewish life in Europe. Who were the Jews in Europe before the Second World War? 75. How did Jewish life change under Nazi rule 1933-39? 76. How did the Second World War impact on Europe's Jews? 77. The Holocaust: Responses and responsibility 78. Was there justice?	79. Why was there another world war? 80. Was Dunkirk a miracle? 81. Who were 'the few'? 82. How did Britain prepare for total war? 83. How did the Blitz impact on Liverpool? 84. Why did USA join the war?	85. What was Operation Mincemeat? 86. Why was D-Day a turning point in the war? 87. What role did the Empire play in World War 2? 88. Was the bombing of Dresden necessary? 89. Why did Germany lose World War 2? 90. Why does the war go nuclear?	such a problem? 93. Cold War hotspot1: Why did	97. Why was the American Civil War so significant for Black people in America? 98. Was the end of slavery a new dawn? - Jim Crow laws 99. Was Brown vs the Board of Education 1954 significant in the struggle for equality? 100. What does the life of Emmett Till shine on the fight for equal rights? 101. How significant was Montgomery bus boycott? 102. Different religions but the same dream? - X and King 103. Why should we remember the Empire Windrush? 104. 32. Why did witchcraft cause terror in Stuart England?	
Year 10	KEY STAGE 4						
Timing of academic	Half Term 1	Half Term 2	Half Term 3	Half Term 4	Half Term 5	Half Term 6	
year: Topic	Crime and Punishment Workbook -Y10HT1 click						
Topic	tab below	Crime and Punishment - Y10HT1 click tab below	Crime and Punishment - Y10HT3	Early Elizabethan England 1558-88	Early Elizabethan England 1558-88	Early Elizabethan England 1558-88	
Overview	Crime Throught Time (c1000-present) & Enforcement Through time (c1000-present)	Enforcement through time coninued followed by punishment Through Time (c1000-present)  Year 11	Whitechapel c1870-1900	Queen, government and religion, 1558–69	Challenges to Elizabeth at home and abroad, 1569–88	Elizabethan society in the Age of Exploration, 1558–88	
Year 11		Tear 11					
Timing of academic year:	Half Term 1	Half Term 2	Half Term 3	Half Term 4	Half Term 5	Half Term 6	
Topic	Weimar and Nazi Germany, 1918–39	Weimar and Nazi Germany, 1918–39	Weimar and Nazi Germany, 1918–39	Superpower Relations and the Cold War 1941-91	Superpower Relations and the Cold War 1941-91	Revision/ Exams	
Scheme of Learning Topic(s)	The rise and fall of the Weimar Republic, 1918- 1929	Hitler's rise to power 1919-1933 and Nazi control up to 1939.		Origins of the Cold War 1941-58 & Cold War Crises 1958-70	Cold War Crises 1958-70 & End of the Cold War 1970-91		