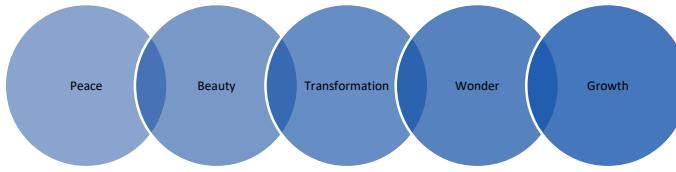


# Geography (Y3) – Coasts

## Key aspects of physical geography: coasts

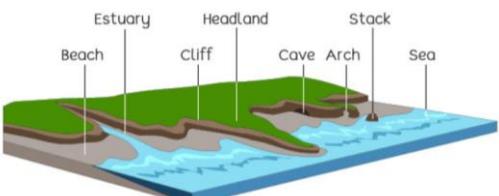
### Prior Knowledge

- Human features are things that have been built by people and Physical features are things that would be there if humans were not (Y2, Spring Term)
- Seaside have both human and physical features (Y2, Summer Term)
- Seaside are areas located at some points where the land meets the sea (Y2, Summer Term)
- The seaside is a popular place to visit and this is due to the human and physical features of the area (Y2, Summer Term)
- Blackpool is the nearest coast to where we live (Y2, Summer Term)
- People who live near the coast are glad of sea defences to help protect their homes and local areas (Y2, Summer Term)
- Tourism is important for a local area (Y3, Spring Term)



### Key Knowledge

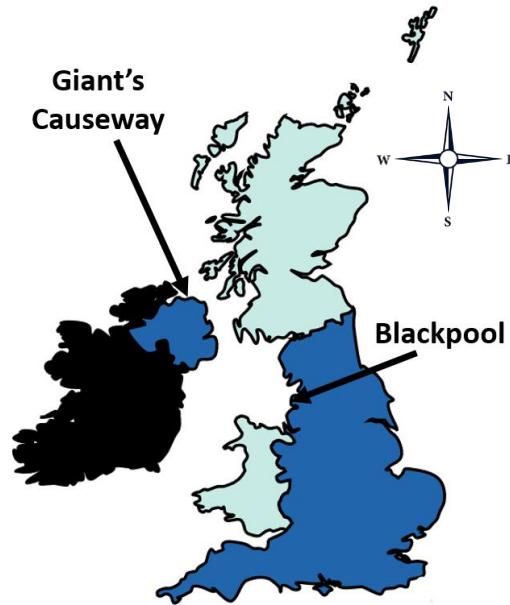
- The UK has many coastal areas as it is surrounded by sea
- Coast lines have different human and physical features including piers, lighthouses, bays and cliffs
- The features of a coastline have formed and changed over time due to erosion and deposition
- The Giant's Causeway is an area of Northern Ireland's coastline
- The Giant's Causeway was formed when lava was released from a volcano
- Blackpool is part of England's North West coastline and is our nearest coast.
- Blackpool has developed over time due to human influence and building
- The coasts are popular for tourists who visit them via different transport methods and for different reasons. Tourists can have a positive effect on the local economy
- The weather at the coast can provide useful ways of creating energy and electricity but can also lead to natural disasters such as flooding
- The coasts can have both positive and negative effects on people who live near them and visit them
- People can have a positive and negative effect on the coasts' natural surroundings



How are coasts impacted by people and place?

### Key Vocabulary

<b>Coast</b>	The part of the land adjoining or near the sea.
<b>Sea Level</b>	The average height of the sea's surface.
<b>Aerial Map</b>	A photographic view of a place taken from above.
<b>Erosion</b>	The process by which rock is slowly worn away.
<b>Deposition</b>	When pieces of earth are moved to a new location
<b>Lava</b>	Molten rock which is released from a volcano
<b>Tourism</b>	The travel of people to different places for pleasure or business activities.
<b>Economy</b>	The way that a place buys and sells products
<b>Island</b>	A piece of land completely surrounded by water
<b>Land locked</b>	A country almost or entirely surrounded by land.



Aerial map of Blackpool



Aerial map of the Giant's Causeway

