GCSE ENGLISH LITERATURE

Assessment of this GCSE:

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- This GCSE is assessed by your *Summer 2020 exams only* The content of the exams is *80% unseen questions on set texts, and 20% unseen* • texts

<i>Component 1</i> - Shakespeare and Poetry Written exam - 2 hours <i>(40% of total qualification)</i>			
Section A	 Shakespeare - Macbeth One essay question - character or theme One extract question - characters; relationships; mood and atmosphere 	20%	
Section B	 Poetry from 1789 to the present day: Two questions based on poems from the anthology One question will involve comparison 	20%	

<i>Component 2</i> - Post-1914 Drama; 19th Century Prose and Unseen Poetry Written exam - 2 hours and 30 minutes <i>(60% of total qualification)</i>			
Section A	 Willy Russell - Blood Brothers One source based question on the play 	20%	
Section B	 Charles Dickens - A Christmas Carol One source based question on the play Marks are awarded for knowledge of the context 	20%	
Section C	 Unseen poetry from the 20th / 21st Century Two questions on unseen poems One question will involve comparison 	20%	

READING

Literal and inferential comprehension:

- **understanding** a word, phrase or sentence in context
- exploring aspects of **plot**, **characterisation**, **events** and **settings**
- distinguishing between what is stated explicitly and what is **implied**
- explaining **motivation**, sequence of events, and the **relationship** between actions or events

Critical reading:

- identifying the **theme** and distinguishing between themes
- **supporting** a point of view by referring to **evidence** in the text
- recognising the possibility of and evaluating different responses to a text
- using understanding of writers' **social**, **historical and cultural contexts** to inform evaluation
- making an informed **personal response** that derives from **analysis** and **evaluation** of the text

Evaluation of a writer's choice of vocabulary, grammatical and structural features:

- **analysing** and **evaluating** how **language** (including figurative language), **structure**, **form** and **presentation** contribute to quality and **impact**
- using **linguistic and literary terminology** for such evaluation (such as, but not restricted to, phrase, metaphor, meter, irony and persona, synecdoche, pathetic fallacy)

Comparing texts:

- **comparing** and contrasting texts studied, referring where relevant to theme, characterisation, context (where known), style and literary quality
- **comparing** two texts **critically** with respect to the above

WRITING

Producing clear and coherent text:

- writing **effectively** about literature for a range of purposes such as: to describe, explain, summarise, argue, analyse and evaluate
- discussing and maintaining a point of view
- selecting and emphasising key points
- using relevant quotation and using detailed textual references

Accurate Standard English:

• accurate spelling, punctuation and grammar.