

Learning Support Board
Week Commencing
4th April 2022

#### Things you need to know.

For most pupils the school is now closed for the Easter holidays. Year 11s may be attending Easter School. Summer term begins on Tuesday 19th April.

Learningsupport@parklandsacademy.co.uk



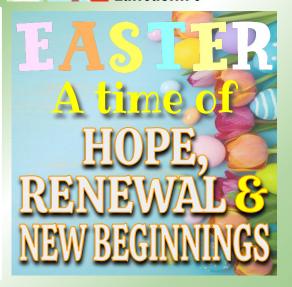
"A true friend thinks you're a good egg even if you're slightly cracked."

Bernard Meltzer





Special Educational Needs and Disabilities Local Offer in Lancashire





Follow us on Instagram:

phs\_learningsupport

#### **Useful** Links

- **ADDitude website**
- Autism Eye
- Autism Parenting Magazine
- British Dyslexia Association
- The Communication Trust

- FIND Newsletter
- Lancashire SEND Partnership
- Headspace (Meditation & Sleep)
- KOOTH Mental Health Support
- Local Offer
- NHS Urgent Mental Health Helpline
- Witherslack Group

#### Interesting things to know and do:



# Historical Story of the Week On this day in 1949. WASHINGTON TREATY ESTABLISHES NATO

### 12 Countries Agree Principle of Collective Defence

The foundations of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) were officially laid down on 4th April 1949 with the signing of the North Atlantic Treaty, more popularly known as the Washington Treaty. The twelve founding members of NATO had declared their inherent right to individual or collective defence from Article 51 of the United Nations (U.N.) Charter. Members are committed to protect each other. This is why, in the current Ukraine conflict, NATO has been reluctant to get directly involved since Ukraine is not a member state. Intervention would bring NATO members into direct conflict with Russia.

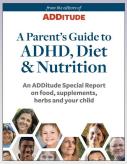
NATO was born out of the hostilities that emerged between the Soviet Union and Western powers at the end of the Second World War. This "East-West" divide was fuelled by conflicting interests and political ideologies. Tensions were exacerbated by events in 1948 such as the Berlin blockade in April, the Communist coup in Czechoslovakia in June and direct threats to the sovereignty of Norway, Greece and Turkey. As the power of the Soviet Union spread to several Eastern European countries, the British Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin spoke of the need for a "treaty of alliance and mutual assistance", a defensive alliance within the framework of the U.N. Charter.

The U.S.A. would only agree to provide military support to Europe if it were united so in March 1948 Belgium, France, Luxembourg, the Netherlands and the United Kingdom signed the Brussels Treaty which created the Western Union. In the meantime, the U.S. Senate adopted the Vandenberg Resolution – which allowed the United States to participate in a mutual defence system in times of peace.

In August 1948, talks began between the five powers of the Brussels Treaty together with the U.S.A. and Canada. Denmark, Iceland, Italy, Norway and Portugal were invited to the final sessions of negotiations. The 12 members decided that they would have the right to review the Treaty after 10 years and be able to withdraw from the organization after 20 years. There has never been a review or a withdrawal. To date, the last country to join NATO has been North Macedonia and there are presently 30 member states.







A Parent's Guide to ADHD, Diet, & Nutrition produced by ADDitude is a 64-page report. Read it to learn more. You can download the eBook but it costs \$10.95 (£8.30).



The Autism Education Trust (AET) is a not for profit programme led by two national autism charities – the National Autistic Society (NAS) and Ambitious about Autism (AaA). Established and supported by the Department for Education, the AET supports partnerships to improve educational access, experience and outcomes for autistic children and young people. Underpinned by current research into good autism practice, the AET programme is structured around the three education phases – Early Years. Schools and Post 16.



The Lancashire SEND Partnership brings together all the agencies in Lancashire which provide special educational needs and disability (SEND) services for children, young people, their parents and carers, with representatives from those who use the service.





IPSEA (Independent Provider of Special Education Advice) is a registered charity offering free and independent legally based information, advice and support to help get the right education for children and young people with all kinds of special educational needs and disabilities.



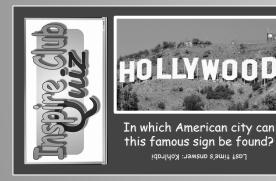
Learning Support Board
Week Commencing
4th April 2022

#### Things you need to know:

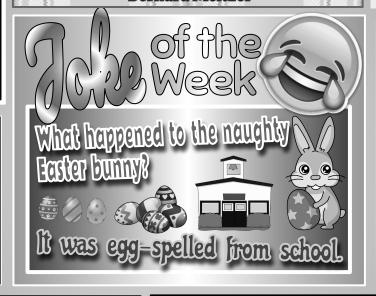
For our year eleven pupils, GCSE exams are fast approaching. We hope everything is going well.

If not, you can find us in N17.

Learningsupport@parklandsacademy.co.uk



"A true friend thinks you're a good egg even if you're slightly cracked." Bernard Meltzer





Special Educational Needs and Disabilities Local Offer in Lancashire





Follow us on Instagram:
<a href="mailto:phs-learningsupport">phs learningsupport</a>

#### Useful Limks

- ADDitude website
- Autism Eye
- Autism Parenting Magazine
- British Dyslexia Association
- **■** The Communication Trust

- **FIND Newsletter**
- GOV.UK Covid-19 Information
- Headspace (Meditation & Sleep)
- KOOTH Mental Health Support
- Local Offer
- NHS Urgent Mental Health Helpline
- Witherslack Group

#### Interesting things to know and do:



# Historical Story of the Week On this day in 1949

## WASHINGTON TREATY ESTABLISHES NATO

#### 12 Countries Agree Principle of Collective Defence

The foundations of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) were officially laid down on 4th April 1949 with the signing of the North Atlantic Treaty, more popularly known as the Washington Treaty. The twelve founding members of NATO had declared their inherent right to individual or collective defence from Article 51 of the United Nations (U.N.) Charter. Members are committed to protect each other. This is why, in the current Ukraine conflict, NATO has been reluctant to get directly involved since Ukraine is not a member state. Intervention would bring NATO members into direct conflict with Russia.

NATO was born out of the hostilities that emerged between the Soviet Union and Western powers at the end of the Second World War. This "East-West" divide was fuelled by conflicting interests and political ideologies. Tensions were exacerbated by events in 1948 such as the Berlin blockade in April, the Communist coup in Czechoslovakia in June and direct threats to the sovereignty of Norway, Greece and Turkey. As the power of the Soviet Union spread to several Eastern European countries, the British Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin spoke of the need for a "treaty of alliance and mutual assistance", a defensive alliance within the framework of the U.N. Charter.

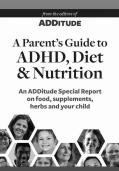
The U.S.A. would only agree to provide military support to Europe if it were united so in March 1948 Belgium, France, Luxembourg, the Netherlands and the United Kingdom signed the Brussels Treaty which created the Western Union. In the meantime, the U.S. Senate adopted the Vandenberg Resolution – which allowed the United States to participate in a mutual defence system in times of peace.

In August 1948, talks began between the five powers of the Brussels Treaty together with the U.S.A. and Canada. Denmark, Iceland, Italy, Norway and Portugal were invited to the final sessions of negotiations. The 12 members decided that they would have the right to review the Treaty after 10 years and be able to withdraw from the organization after 20 years. There has never been a review or a withdrawal. To date, the last country to join NATO has been North Macedonia and there are presently 30 member states.









A Parent's Guide to ADHD, Diet, & Nutrition produced by ADDitude is a 64-page report. Read it to learn more. You can download the eBook but it costs \$10.95 (£8.30).



#### Autism Education Trust

The Autism Education Trust (AET) is a not for profit programme led by two national autism charities – the National Autistic Society (NAS) and Ambitious about Autism (AaA). Established and supported by the Department for Education, the AET supports partnerships to improve educational access, experience and outcomes for autistic children and young people. Underpinned by current research into good autism practice, the AET programme is structured around the three education phases – Early Years. Schools and Post 16.

#### Lancashire SEND Partnership

The Lancashire SEND Partnership brings together all the agencies in Lancashire which provide special educational needs and disability (SEND) services for children, young people, their parents and carers, with representatives from those who use the service.

WORTH A LOOK IPSEA

IPSEA (Independent Provider of Special Education Advice) is a registered charity offering free and independent legally based information, advice and support to help get the right education for children and young people with all kinds of special educational needs and disabilities.