The Vikings		Year 4 Knowledge Organiser		
Images of Viking History	Key Figures in Viking History	Key Dates	<u>Key Vocabulary</u>	
Vikings – AD 700 to AD 1100	King Alfred the Great (AD 849-899) Alfred did a lot of great things for	AD 700 - The Viking Age begins.  AD 793 - First invasion to Britain raiding monasteries on the coast, including Lindisfarne.  AD 866 - Danes capture York (which the Vikings called Jorvik) and make it their kingdom.	Anglo- Saxons:	The main group of people living in Britain when the Vikings invaded.
	England including defeating the Vikings in several battles and keeping		Danelaw:	The area of England ruled by the Danish Vikings.
	part of England under Anglo-Saxon rule.  Athelstan (AD 927 -939)		Longboat:	A Viking ship with a sail and oars, also called a dragon-ship, used for fighting and carrying out raids.
Viking Longship or Dragon ship.	First King to unite English kingdoms.  Guthrum	AD 876 - Vikings settle permanently in Britain.	Monastery:	A place where people who have dedicated their lives to religion, such as monks or nuns live.
	(AD 879-890) King of the Vikings in Danelaw at the time of the treaty with the Saxons.	AD 886 - King Alfred defeats the Vikings but allows them to settle in Eastern England.	Pagan:	A person who believes in many gods.
	King Canute (AD 995-1035) Viking King of England, Denmark, and	AD 1001 - The Vikings land in America and establish a settlement.	Rune:	A letter from the alphabet used by Vikings.
The may show have Wings care to the British Jake  Viking countries: (Scandinavia)  Norway, Sweden and Denmark.	Edward the Confessor (AD 1042-1055) Penultimate Saxon King of England (before Harold II who lost at Hastings).  William the Conqueror (AD 1028-1087)	AD 1014 - King Canute of Denmark becomes King of England.  AD 1066 - Battle of Hastings take place and William the conqueror is crowned King.  AD 1100 - End of the Viking age.	Trader:	A person who sells goods.
			Fjord:	A long, narrow inlet with steep sides or cliffs, created by a glacier.
			Freeman:	A person who is not a slave and free to choose who he or she worked for.
	Became King of England in 1066 after winning in the Battle of Hastings.		Chieftain:	The leader of a village or small group of people.