

National Curriculum 2014 Planning Document

Statutory Requirements Year 5

This document contains all of the statutory requirements of the National Curriculum (2014) broken down by subject. Please note this document should also be read in conjunction with the English and Maths appendices.

The document is to support the long, medium and short term planning processes to ensure both full coverage and progression. In the non-core subjects it is important that Key Stage teams plan for progression as this is not prescribed within the curriculum document. This document will form the start of the planning process and can be used as a monitoring tool to ensure all elements of the core areas are covered within the National Curriculum Year Group.

			ENGLISH			
Spoken Word	Word Reading	Comprehension	Writing – transcription	Writing – Handwriting	Writing – Composition	Writing – Grammar, Vocabulary and Punctuation
Pupils should be taught to: Ilisten and respond appropriat ely to adults and their peers ask relevant questions to extend their understan ding and knowledg e use relevant strategies to build their vocabular y articulate and justify answers, argument s and opinions give well-	Pupils should be taught to: apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes (morphology and etymology), as listed in English Appendix 1, both to read aloud and to understand the meaning of new words that they meet.	Pupils should be taught to: maintain positive attitudes to reading and understanding of what they read by: continuing to read and discuss an increasingly wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books or textbooks reading books that are structured in different ways and reading for a range of purposes increasing their familiarity with a wide range of books, including myths, legends and traditional stories, modern fiction, fiction from our literary heritage, and books from other cultures and traditions recommending books that they	Spelling (see English Appendix 1) Pupils should be taught to: use further prefixes and suffixes and understand the guidance for adding them spell some words with 'silent' letters [for example, knight, psalm, solemn] continue to distinguish between homophones and other words which are often confused use knowledge of morphology and etymology in spelling and understand that the spelling of some words needs to be learnt specifically, as listed in English Appendix 1 use dictionaries to check the spelling and meaning of words use the first three or four letters of a word to check spelling, meaning or both of these in a dictionary use a thesaurus.	Pupils should be taught to: write legibly, fluently and with increasing speed by: choosing which shape of a letter to use when given choices and deciding whether or not to join specific little choosing the writing implement that is best suited for a task.	Pupils should be taught to: plan their writing by: identifying the audience for and purpose of the writing, selecting the appropriate form and using other similar writing as models for their own noting and developing initial ideas, drawing on reading and research where necessary in writing narratives, considering how authors have developed characters and settings in what pupils have read, listened to or seen performed draft and write by: selecting appropriate grammar and vocabulary, understanding	Pupils should be taught to: develop their understanding of the concepts set out in English Appendix 2 by: recognising vocabulary and structures that are appropriate for formal speech and writing, including subjunctive forms using passive verbs to affect the presentation of information in a sentence using the perfect form of verbs to mark relationships of time and cause using expanded noun phrases to convey complicated information concisely using modal verbs or adverbs to indicate degrees of possibility using relative clauses beginning with who, which, where, when,

structured	have read to their	how such choices whose, that or with
descriptio	peers, giving	can change and an implied (i.e.
ns,	reasons for their	enhance meaning omitted) relative
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ons and	identifying and	describing • learning the
narratives	discussing	settings, grammar for years
for	themes and	characters and 5 and 6 in English
different	conventions in	atmosphere and Appendix 2
purposes,	and across a wide	integrating • indicate grammatical and
including	range of writing	dialogue to
for		convey character
expressin	• making	and advance the using commas to
g feelings	comparisons within and across	action clarify meaning or
maintain		avoid ambiguity in précising longer
	books	nassages
attention	 learning a wider 	using hyphens to
and	range of poetry by	using a wide avoid ambiguity
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e actively	 preparing poems 	dashes or commas
in collaborat	and plays to read	within and across to indicate
	aloud and to	paragraphs parenthesis
ive	perform, showing	 using further using semi-colons,
conversat	understanding	organisational colons or dashes to
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staying	intonation, tone	presentational
on topic and	and volume so	devices to independent
	that the meaning	structure text and
initiating and	is clear to an	to guide the
	audience	introduce a list
respondin	and a set of set the sec	example,
g to	 understand what they 	headings, bullet punctuating bullet
comment	read by:	points, points consistently
S	checking that the	underlining] use and understand
use	book makes	evaluate and edit by: the grammatical
spoken	sense to them,	 assessing the terminology in
language	discussing their	effectiveness of English Appendix 2
to	understanding	their own and accurately and
develop	and exploring the	others' writing appropriately in
understan	meaning of words	discussing their
ding	in context	proposing writing and reading
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the statements of fact and	the	statements of fact and	

listener(s)	opinion			
consider and evaluate different viewpoint s, attending to and building on the contributi ons of others select and use appropriat e registers for effective communi cation.	retrieve, record and present information from non-fiction participate in discussiful about books that are to them and those the can read for themselve building on their own others' ideas and challenging views courteously explain and discuss the understanding of what they have read, include through formal presentations and debates, maintaining focus on the topic and using notes where necessary provide reason justifications formal provide reason justifications formal provide reason justifications formal presentations and debates.	ns sad s, nd eir ng		
	their views.			

		N	laths			
	mber – Addition Numb nd subtraction Multipli and div	cation fractions inc	Measurement	Geometry – Properties of shape	Geometry – Position and direction	Statistics
taught to: read, write, order and compare numbers to at least 1 000 000 and determine the value of each digit count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1 000 000 interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with positive and negative	methods (columnar addition and subtraction) add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy solve addition and subtraction multistep problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why. all fact of a number factors number of prime number factors compound prime number factors compound prime number of prime nu	taught to: compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number and use cabulary are cabulary are and site (nonnumbers and site (nonnumbers as are all multiples of the same number and use cabulary are capulated and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually, including tenths and hundredths are up to prime call prime are up to the other and write.	Pupils should be taught to: convert between different units of metric measure (for example, kilometre and metre; centimetre and millimetre; gram and kilogram; litre and millilitre) understand and use approximate equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints measure and calculate the perimeter of composite	Pupils should be taught to: identify 3-D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2-D representations know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles draw given angles, and measure them in degrees (°) identify: angles at a point and one whole turn (total 360°) angles at a point on a straight line and ½ a turn (total 180°) other multiples of 90° use the properties of rectangles to deduce	Pupils should be taught to: Identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed.	Pupils should be taught to: solve compariso n, sum and difference problems using informatio n presented in a line graph complete, read and interpret informatio n in tables, including timetables .

number up to	method,	as a mixed	rectilinear	related facts and find
1 000 000 to	including long	number [for	shapes in	missing lengths and
the nearest	multiplication for	example, $\frac{2}{5}$	centimetres and	angles
10, 100, 1000,	two-digit	example, 5	metres	distinguish between
10 000 and	numbers	4 6 ,	calculate and	=
100 000	 multiply and 	$+\frac{4}{5}=\frac{6}{5}=1$		regular and irregular
- ask a musels an	manipiy and	1	compare the	polygons based on
solve number	divide numbers	$\left[\frac{1}{5}\right]$	area of	reasoning about equal
problems and	mentally		rectangles	sides and angles.
practical problems that	drawing upon known facts	 add and 	(including	
involve all of	KIIOWII Iacis	subtract	squares), and including using	
the above	 divide numbers 	fractions with	standard units,	
the above	up to 4 digits by	the same		
read Roman	a one-digit	denominator	square centimetres	
numerals to	number using	and	(cm²) and	
1000 (M) and	the formal	denominators	square metres	
recognise	written method	that are	(m ²) and	
years written	of short division	multiples of	estimate the	
in Roman	and interpret	the same	area of irregular	
numerals.	remainders	number	shapes	
	appropriately for	 multiply proper 	знарсз	
	the context	fractions and	 estimate volume 	
	 multiply and 	mixed	[for example,	
	divide whole	numbers by	using 1 cm ³	
	numbers and	whole	blocks to build	
	those involving	numbers,	cuboids	
	decimals by 10,	supported by	(including	
	100 and 1000	materials and	cubes)] and	
		diagrams	capacity [for	
	 recognise and 	read and write	example, using	
	use square	decimal	water]	
	numbers and	numbers as	solve problems	
	cube numbers,	fractions [for	involving	
	and the notation	example, 0.71	converting	
	for squared (2)	-	between units	
	and cubed (3)	$=\frac{71}{100}$]	of time	
	 solve problems 	100		
	involving	 recognise and 	use all four	
	multiplication	use	operations to	
	and division	thousandths	solve problems	

T				
including using	and relate	involving		
their knowledge	them to tenths,	measure [for		
of factors and	hundredths	example,		
multiples,	and decimal	length, mass,		
squares and	equivalents	volume, money]		
cubes	round	using decimal		
 solve problems 	decimals with	notation,		
involving	two decimal	including		
addition,	places to the	scaling.		
subtraction,	nearest whole			
multiplication	number and to			
and division and	one decimal			
a combination	place			
of these,				
including	read, write,			
understanding	order and			
the meaning of	compare			
the equals sign	numbers with			
	up to three			
 solve problems 	decimal places			
involving	solve			
multiplication	problems			
and division,	involving			
including	number up to			
scaling by	three decimal			
simple fractions	places			
and problems				
involving simple	 recognise the 			
rates.	per cent			
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	and			
	understand			
	that per cent			
	relates to			
	'number of			
	parts per			
	hundred', and			
	write			
	percentages			
	as a fraction			

with denominator 100, and as a decimal		
solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{5}$, $\frac{2}{5}$,		
$\frac{4}{5}$ and those fractions with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25.		

Science									
Working Scientifically	Living things and their habitats	Animals, inc Humans	Properties and changes of materials	Earth & Space	Forces				
During years 5 and 6, pupils should be taught to use the following practical scientific methods, processes and skills through the teaching of the programme of study content: • planning different types of scientific enquiries to answer questions, including recognising and controlling variables where necessary • taking measurements, using a range of scientific equipment, with increasing accuracy and precision, taking repeat readings when appropriate • recording data and results of increasing complexity using scientific diagrams and labels, classification keys, tables, scatter graphs, bar and line graphs • using test results to make predictions to set up further comparative and fair tests • reporting and presenting findings from enquiries, including conclusions,	Pupils should be taught to: describe the differences in the life cycles of a mammal, an amphibian, an insect and a bird describe the life process of reproduction in some plants and animals.	Pupils should be taught to: describe the changes as humans develop to old age.	Pupils should be taught to: compare and group together everyday materials on the basis of their properties, including their hardness, solubility, transparency, conductivity (electrical and thermal), and response to magnets know that some materials will dissolve in liquid to form a solution, and describe how to recover a substance from a solution use knowledge of solids, liquids and gases to decide how mixtures might be separated, including through filtering, sieving and evaporating give reasons, based on evidence from comparative and fair tests, for the particular uses of everyday materials, including metals, wood and plastic demonstrate that dissolving, mixing and changes of state are reversible changes	Pupils should be taught to: describe the movement of the Earth, and other planets, relative to the Sun in the solar system describe the movement of the Moon relative to the Earth describe the Sun, Earth and Moon as approximately spherical bodies use the idea of the Earth's rotation to explain day and night and the apparent movement of the sun across the sky.	Pupils should be taught to: explain that unsupported objects fall towards the Earth because of the force of gravity acting between the Earth and the falling object identify the effects of air resistance, water resistance and friction, that act between moving surfaces recognise that some mechanisms, including levers, pulleys and gears, allow a smaller force to have a greater effect.				

causal relationships and explanations of and degree of trust in results, in oral and written forms such as displays and other presentations	explain that some changes result in the formation of new materials, and that this kind of change is not usually reversible,	
identifying scientific evidence that has been used to support or refute ideas or arguments.	including changes associated with burning and the action of acid on bicarbonate of soda.	

Non-Core Subjects							
Art & Design	Computing	Design &	Geography	History	MFL	Music	PE
		Technology					
Pupils should be taught to develop their techniques, including their control and their use of materials, with creativity, experimentation and an increasing awareness of different kinds of art, craft and design. Pupils should be taught: to create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas to improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials [for example, pencil, charcoal,	Pupils should be taught to: design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts use sequence, selection, and repetition in programs; work with variables and various forms of input and output use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs understand computer networks including the internet; how they can provide multiple services,	Through a variety of creative and practical activities, pupils should be taught the knowledge, understanding and skills needed to engage in an iterative process of designing and making. They should work in a range of relevant contexts [for example, the home, school, leisure, culture, enterprise, industry and the wider environment]. When designing and making, pupils should be taught to: **Design** use research and develop design criteria to inform the design of innovative, functional, appealing products that are fit for purpose, aimed at particular individuals or groups	Pupils should extend their knowledge and understanding beyond the local area to include the United Kingdom and Europe, North and South America. This will include the location and characteristics of a range of the world's most significant human and physical features. They should develop their use of geographical knowledge, understanding and skills to enhance their locational and place knowledge. Pupils should be taught to: Locational knowledge locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on Europe (including the location of Russia) and North and South America, concentrating on their environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities name and locate counties and cities of the United Kingdom, geographical regions and their identifying human and physical	Pupils should continue to develop a chronologically secure knowledge and understanding of British, local and world history, establishing clear narratives within and across the periods they study. They should note connections, contrasts and trends over time and develop the appropriate use of historical terms. They should regularly address and sometimes devise historically valid questions about change, cause, similarity and difference, and significance. They should construct informed responses that involve thoughtful selection and organisation of relevant historical information. They should understand how our knowledge of the past is constructed from a range of sources. In planning to ensure	Pupils should be taught to: Ilisten attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding Explore the patterns and sounds of language through songs and rhymes and link the spelling, sound and meaning of words Engage in conversations; ask and answer questions; express opinions and respond to	Pupils should be taught to: play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the inter-related dimensions of music listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory use and understand staff and other musical notations appreciate and	Pupils should be taught to: use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination play competitive games, modified where appropriate [for example, badminton, basketball, cricket, football, hockey, netball, rounders and tennis], and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance [for example, through

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paint, clay] such as the world	 generate, 	characteristics, key	the progression described above	those of	understand a	athletics and
about greatwide web; and the	develop, model	topographical features	through teaching the	others;	wide range of	gymnastics]
artists, opportunities they	and	(including hills,	British, local and	seek	high-quality live	 perform dances
architects and offer for	communicate	mountains, coasts and	world history outlined	clarification	and recorded	using a range
designers in communication and	their ideas	rivers), and land-use	below, teachers	and help*	music drawn	of movement
history. collaboration	through	patterns; and	should combine	speak in	from different	patterns
use search	discussion,	understand how some	overview and depth	sentences,	traditions and	
technologies	annotated	of these aspects have	studies to help pupils	using	from great	take part in
effectively,	sketches, cross- sectional and	changed over time	understand both the long arc of	familiar	composers and musicians	outdoor and
appreciate how	exploded	 identify the position and 	development and the	vocabulary,	musicians	adventurous
results are selected	diagrams,	significance of latitude,	complexity of specific	phrases	 develop an 	activity
and ranked, and be	prototypes,	longitude, Equator,	aspects of the	and basic	understanding	challenges both
discerning in	pattern pieces	Northern Hemisphere,	content.	language	of the history of	individually and
evaluating digital	and computer-	Southern Hemisphere,	Pupils should be	structures	music.	within a team
content	aided design	the Tropics of Cancer	taught about:	develop		within a team
select, use and	alded deelgii	and Capricorn, Arctic	 changes in 	accurate		compare their
combine a variety	Make	and Antarctic Circle, the	Britain from the	pronunciati		performances
of software	 select from and 	Prime/Greenwich	Stone Age to	on and		with previous
(including internet	use a wider	Meridian and time	the Iron Age	intonation		ones and
services) on a	range of tools	zones (including day	the Roman	so that		demonstrate
range of digital	and equipment	and night)	Empire and its	others		improvement to
devices to design	to perform		impact on	understand		achieve their
and create a range	practical tasks	Place knowledgeunderstand	Britain	when they		personal best.
of programs,	[for example,	geographical similarities	5	are reading		
systems and	cutting, shaping,	and differences through	Britain's	aloud or		
content that	joining and	the study of human and	settlement by	using		
accomplish given	finishing],	physical geography of a	Anglo-Saxons	familiar		
goals, including	accurately	region of the United	and Scots	words and		
collecting,	select from and	Kingdom, a region in a	 the Viking and 	phrases*		
analysing,	use a wider	European country, and	Anglo-Saxon	present		
evaluating and	range of	a region within North or	struggle for the	ideas and		
presenting data	materials and	South America	Kingdom of	information		
and information	components,		England to the	orally to a		
 use technology 	including	Human and physical	time of Edward	range of		
safely, respectfully	construction	geography	the Confessor	audiences*		
and responsibly;	materials,	 describe and 	a local history			
recognise	textiles and	understand key aspects	study	read		
acceptable/unacce	ingredients,	of:	Study	carefully		
ptable behaviour;	according to	physical	a study of an	and show		

							1	
identify a range of	their functional	geography,		aspect or		understandi		
ways to report	properties and	including:		theme in British		ng of		
concerns about	aesthetic	climate zones,		history that		words,		
content and	qualities	biomes and		extends pupils'		phrases		
contact.		vegetation		chronological		and simple		
	Evaluate	belts, rivers,		knowledge		writing		
	 investigate and 	mountains,		beyond 1066				
	analyse a range	volcanoes and		-	•	appreciate		
	of existing	earthquakes,	•	the		stories,		
	products	and the water		achievements		songs,		
	·	cycle		of the earliest		poems and		
	 evaluate their 	-		civilizations –		rhymes in		
	ideas and	• human		an overview of		the		
	products	geography,		where and		language		
	against their	including: types		when the first		broaden		
	own design	of settlement		civilizations	-	their		
	criteria and	and land use,		appeared and a				
	consider the	economic		depth study of		vocabulary		
	views of others	activity		one of the		and		
	to improve their	including trade		following:		develop		
	work	links, and the		Ancient Sumer;		their ability		
		distribution of		The Indus		to		
	 understand how 	natural		Valley; Ancient		understand		
	key events and	resources		Egypt; The		new words		
	individuals in	including		Shang Dynasty		that are		
	design and	energy, food,		of Ancient		introduced		
	technology have	minerals and		China		into familiar		
	helped shape	water		J.iiila		written		
	the world			Anniant Grass		material,		
		Geographical skills and	•	Ancient Greece		including		
	Technical knowledge	fieldwork		- a study of		through		
	apply their	use maps, atlases,		Greek life and		using a		
	understanding	globes and		achievements		dictionary		
	of how to	digital/computer		and their		-		
	strengthen,	mapping to locate		influence on	•	write		
	stiffen and	countries and describe		the western		phrases		
	reinforce more	features studied		world		from		
	complex					memory,		
	structures	 use the eight points of a 	•	a non-		and adapt		
	oti dotaloo	compass, four and six-		European		these to		
	 understand and 	figure grid references,		society that		create new		
	use mechanical	symbols and key		provides		sentences,		
		<u> </u>			l	,	I.	

1	systems in their	(including the use of	contrasts with	to express	
	products [for	Ordnance Survey	British history –	ideas	
1	example, gears,	maps) to build their	one study	clearly	
	pulleys, cams,	knowledge of the	chosen from:	 describe 	
	levers and	United Kingdom and	early Islamic	people,	
1	linkages]	the wider world	civilization,		
	- understand and	use fieldwork to observe,	including a	places,	
	 understand and use electrical 		study of	things and actions	
		measure, record and present the human and physical	Baghdad c. AD	orally* and	
	systems in their		900; Mayan	·	
	products [for	features in the local area	civilization c.	in writing	
1	example, series	using a range of methods,	AD 900; Benin	understand	
1	circuits	including sketch maps, plans	(West Africa) c.	basic	
	incorporating	and graphs, and digital	AD 900-1300.	grammar	
	switches, bulbs,	technologies.		appropriate	
	buzzers and			to the	
	motors]			language	
	apply their			being	
	understanding			studied,	
	of computing to			including	
	program,			(where	
	monitor and			relevant):	
	control their			feminine,	
	products.			masculine	
	p. 2 3 5 5 5 5			and neuter	
1	Cooking and nutrition			forms and	
	Cooking and natition			the	
	understand and			conjugation	
	apply the			of high-	
	principles of a			frequency	
	healthy and			verbs; key	
	varied diet			features	
	varieu uiei			and	
	prepare and			patterns of	
	cook a variety of			the	
	predominantly			language;	
	savoury dishes			how to	
	using a range of			apply	
	cooking			these, for	
	techniques			instance, to	
	•			motanice, to	

understand	build	
seasonality, and	sentences;	
know where and	and how	
how a variety of	these differ	
ingredients are	from or are	
grown, reared,	similar to	
caught and	English.	
processed.		
	The starred (*)	
	content above	
	will not be	
	applicable to	
	ancient	
	languages.	