

Unit Title: What does 'home' mean to you?

Y1
Summer 2

End Point - The aim of this unit is for pupils to:

- Understand the difference between 'urban' and 'rural' areas
- Know the different types of houses and make comparisons
- Know the location of our homes: town, county, country and continent
- Consolidate key knowledge from the Year 1 geography curriculum

End of unit outcome:

Write an estate agent's leaflet for their home, describing their home and its location

Links:





Y1 Science - Animals including humans – habitat
Y1 – Plants (Growing seeds in the garden)

Prior Knowledge:

- Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non-fiction texts and maps; (ELG)
- Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts and when appropriate maps; (ELG)
- Know some similarities and differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class; (ELG)
- Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including seasons and changing states of matter (ELG)
- Know that they live in Middlesbrough, in the UK
- Know the four capitals and four countries of the UK and know that London is the capital city of the UK.
- Know the 7 continents
- Know that Kenya is a country in Africa
- Know that the Savannah is a region in Africa
- Know the types of homes in London at the time of the Great Fire
- Know what a human and physical feature is

- Human and physical features in our environment and other environments studied
- Know the different types of settlement

Key Aspects of the Unit:

	Map and atlas work/Fieldwork and investigation
	Location
	Physical Features: Understand that physical features are natural features in an environment. Understand that physical features can include: beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation, season and weather and volcanoes.
	Human Features: Understand that human features are features in an environment that have been made by people. Understand that human features can include: city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office, port, harbour and shop.

Key Knowledge:

- Know that they live in Middlesbrough (or alternative if applicable) in the county of North Yorkshire, in the country of the United Kingdom, in the continent of Europe
- Revisit the four countries in the UK and their capital cities
- Know that London is the capital city of the UK
- Name and locate the world's seven continents (Asia, Africa, North America, South America, Antarctica, Europe, and Oceania).
- Revisit the types of settlements: village, town, city
- Revisit the definition of human and physical features and identify ones in the local area
- Know the different types of home: detached, semi-detached, terraced, bungalow and flat
- Make comparisons between houses in other places studied this year and what 'home' means to the people who live there

Geographical Skills:

Mapping:

- Know that maps give information about locations - 'where' and 'what'
- Find information on aerial photographs
- Use a simple picture map to move around school/local area

- Make a simple plan by looking own on objects
- Draw simple picture maps of real or imaginary places
- Label a simple map
- Know that symbols mean something on a map
- Use own symbols on a simple map
- Begin to use simple tallies and/or tables for data collection (Maths link)

Fieldwork:

- Engage in simple, teacher led fieldwork enquiry of the local area
- Use observation, including the senses to identify features/patterns including similarities and differences
- Use simple locational and directional language to describe features and routes

Vocabulary

Aerial view	A view from above
Continents	A very large area of land that consists of many countries, such as Europe
City	A large town. London is an example of a city.
Landscape	Everything you can see when you look across an area of land, including hills, rivers, buildings, trees and plants.
Town	A large group of houses, shops and buildings where people live and work. Towns are larger than villages but smaller than cities.
Settlement	a settlement is where people have come to live and have built their homes
Environment	Everything around us - the natural world of land, sea, air, plants and animals