

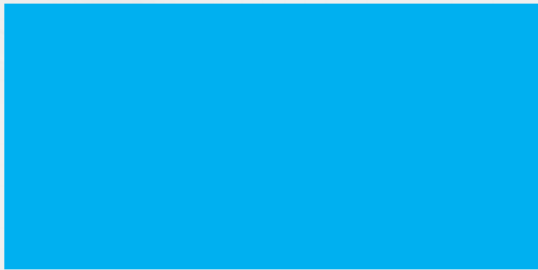
# Step 5

# Area of Rectangles

In focus

All these rectangles have an area of  $36\text{cm}^2$ .

9cm



12cm



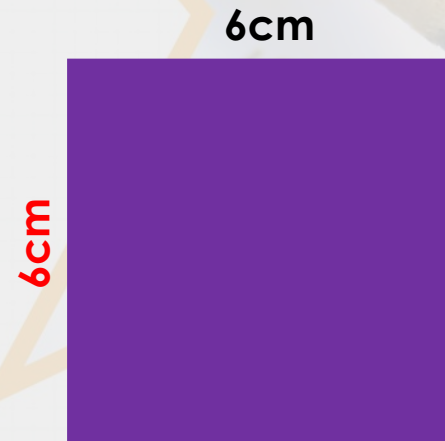
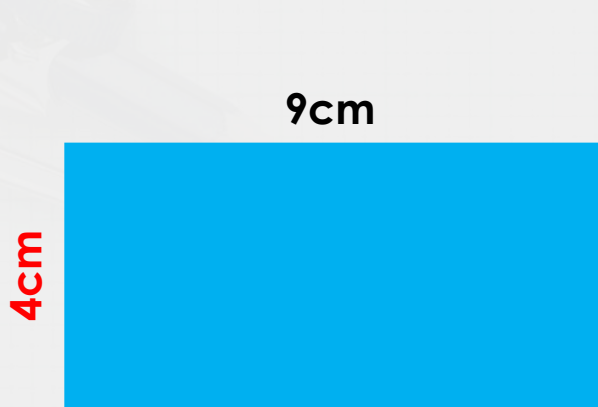
6cm



Find the missing lengths.

In focus

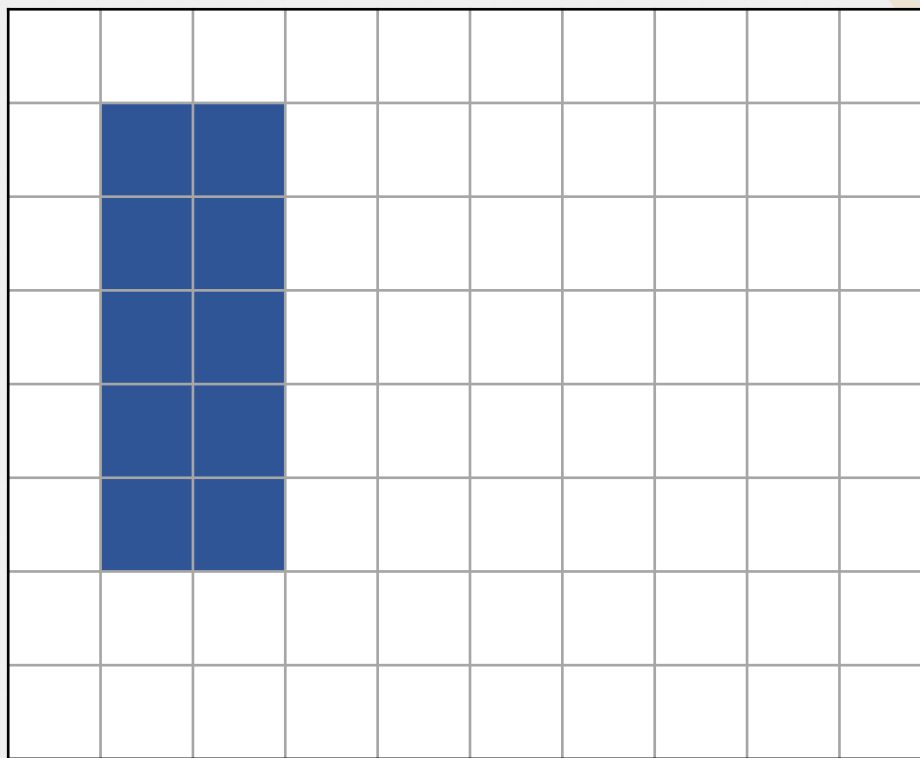
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Find the missing lengths.

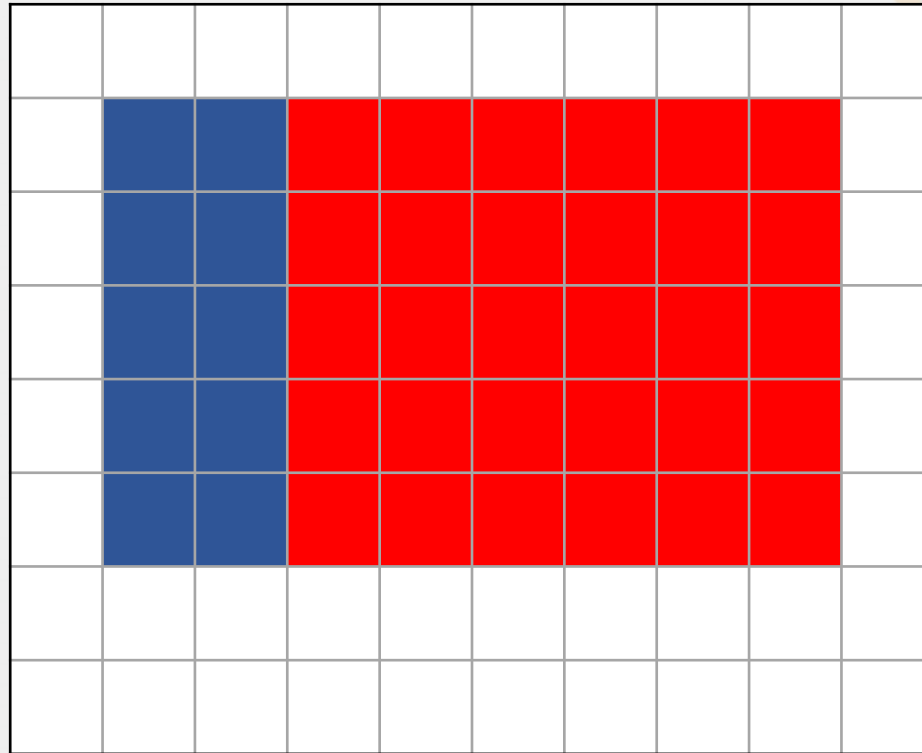
## Varied Fluency 1

Complete the shape so that the rectangle has an area of  $40\text{cm}^2$ .



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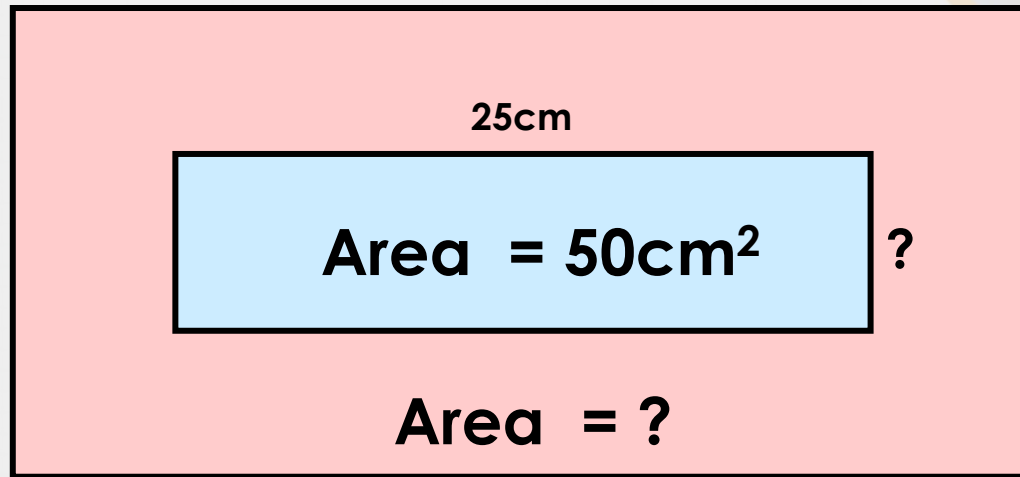


$$5\text{cm} \times 8\text{cm} = 40\text{cm}^2$$

## Problem Solving 1

Using the information, calculate the area of the larger rectangle.

?

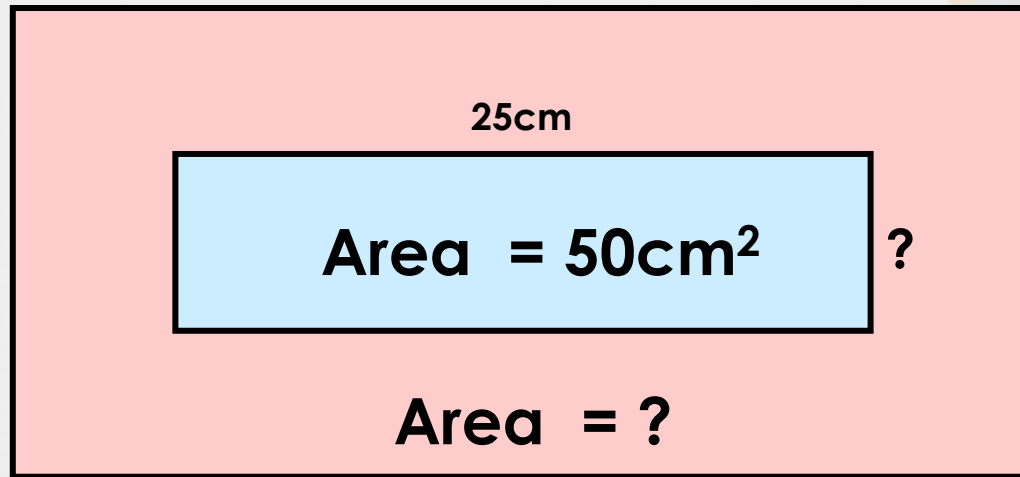


The larger rectangle has sides that are twice as long as the smaller one.

## Problem Solving 1

Using the information, calculate the area of the larger rectangle.

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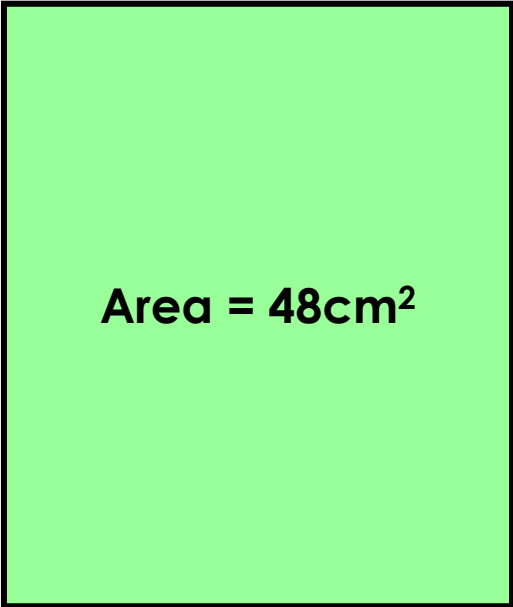


The larger rectangle has sides that are twice as long as the smaller one.

The smaller rectangle has sides of  $25\text{cm} \times 2\text{cm}$ .  
The larger rectangle has sides of  $50\text{cm} \times 4\text{cm}$ .  
Area of larger rectangle =  $200\text{cm}^2$ .

## Problem Solving 2

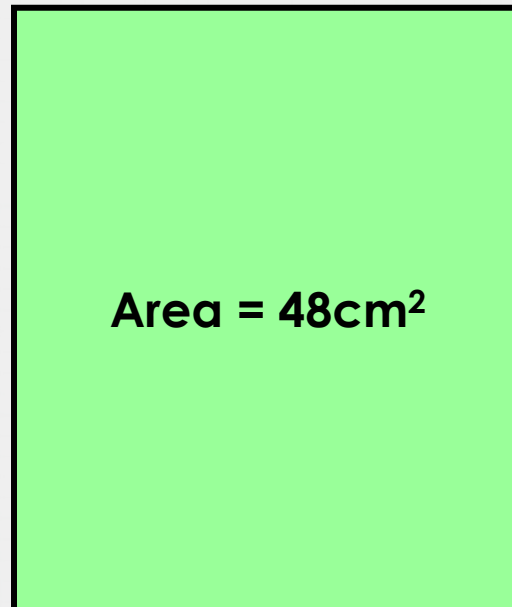
**This rectangle has an area of  $48\text{cm}^2$ . What could the dimensions be?  
Include a range of possible answers.**


$$\text{Area} = 48\text{cm}^2$$



## Problem Solving 2

**This rectangle has an area of  $48\text{cm}^2$ . What could the dimensions be?  
Include a range of possible answers.**



**Various answers, for example:  
8cm x 6cm, 24cm x 2cm, 12cm x 4cm**

Reasoning 1

Max says,



The area of this rectangle is  $36\text{cm}^2$ .

9cm



Explain Max's mistake.

## Reasoning 1

Max says,



The area of this rectangle is  $36\text{cm}^2$ .

9cm



Explain Max's mistake.

Max has realised that the shape is a square, but...

## Reasoning 1

Max says,



The area of this rectangle is  $36\text{cm}^2$ .

9cm

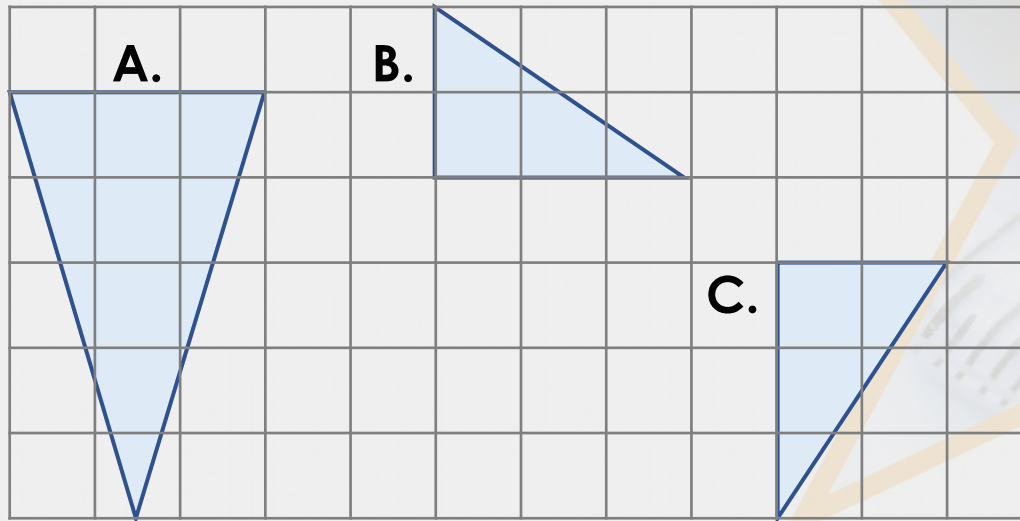


**Explain Max's mistake.**

**Max has realised that the shape is a square, but he has added together all the sides instead of multiplying one side by the other. The correct answer is  $9\text{cm} \times 9\text{cm} = 81\text{cm}^2$ .**

## Problem Solving 1

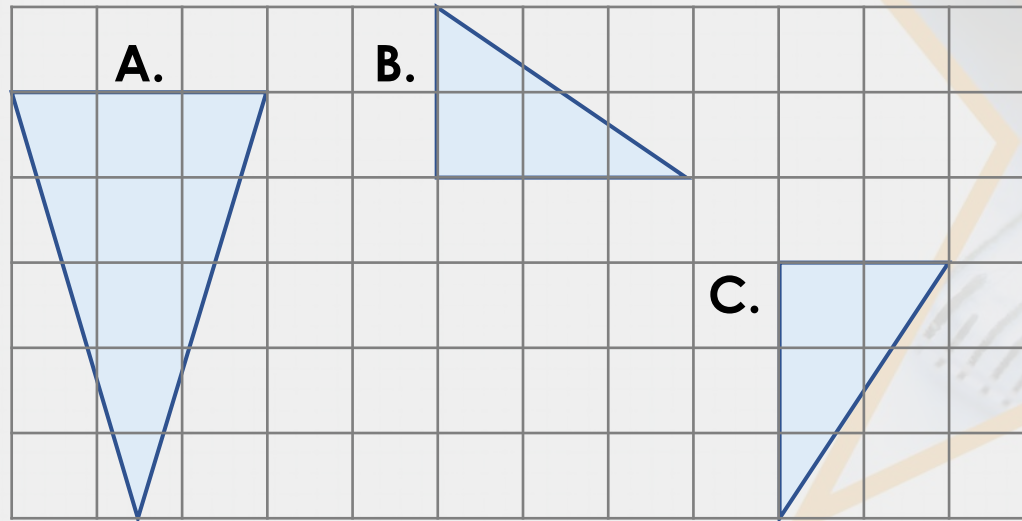
Here are three triangles. Each square equals  $1\text{cm}^2$ .



Create three questions about the area of the triangles. Remember to include answers.

## Problem Solving 1

Here are three triangles. Each square equals  $1\text{cm}^2$ .



Create three questions about the area of the triangles. Remember to include answers.

**Various answers, for example:**

**Which triangles have the same area? (B and C)**

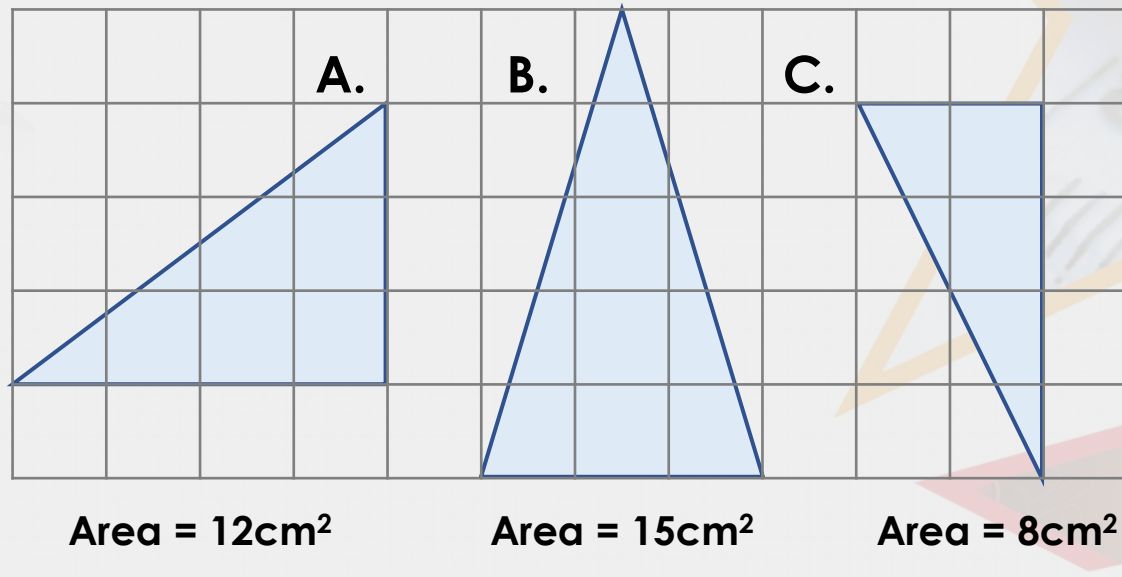
**Which triangle has the largest area? (A)**

**Which triangles have a combined area of  $10.5\text{cm}^2$ ? (A and B or A and C)**

## Reasoning 1

Seth has worked out the area of these triangles, however he's got them all wrong!

Each square =  $1\text{cm}^2$ .



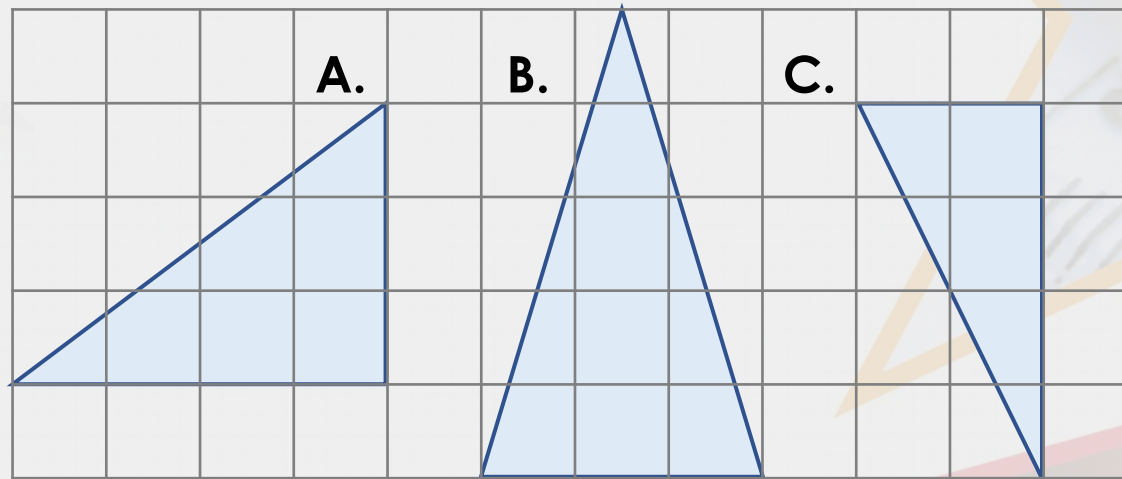
Correct and explain his mistakes.

Seth has calculated the area of the rectangles but has not halved it to get the area of the triangles.

## Reasoning 1

Seth has worked out the area of these triangles, however he's got them all wrong!

Each square =  $1\text{cm}^2$ .



Area =  $12\text{cm}^2$

Area =  $15\text{cm}^2$

Area =  $8\text{cm}^2$

Area =  $6\text{cm}^2$

Area =  $7.5\text{cm}^2$

Area =  $4\text{cm}^2$

Correct and explain his mistakes.

Seth has calculated the area of the rectangles but has not halved it to get the area of the triangles.



## Light Bulb Challenge

Kiran is drawing a triangle.

She says,



My triangle has an area of  $14\text{cm}^2$ .

Use squared paper to draw triangles with the same area as Kiran's.

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She says,



My triangle has an area of  $14\text{cm}^2$ .

Use squared paper to draw triangles with the same area as Kiran's.

**Various answers. Accept any triangle or triangles drawn with an accurate area of  $14\text{cm}^2$ .**