## Science – Key Knowledge Strands

|           | To know about our bodies (inside and out).  | To know that living things can be classified into broad groups.  | To know the structure of a flowering plant.   |  |
|-----------|---|--|---|--|
| Nursery   | To know what we hear, see and smell with.   | To know the life cycle of a chick.   | To know about growth and decay over time - plant seeds and bulbs so children observe.   |  |
| Reception | To know what we taste and touch with.   | To know about a butterfly life cycle by taking part in first-hand scientific explorations.   |   |  |
| Y1        | To know about and name body parts and say which part of the body is associated with each sense.   | To know the names of, describe and compare a variety of common animals including fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals.  | To know about and describe the basic structure of a variety of common flowering plants, including trees.  |  |
| Y2        | To know about and describe the importance of exercise, eating the right amounts of different types of food, and hygiene.  | To know the names of a variety of plants and<br>animals in their habitats, including<br>microhabitats.   | To know about and be able to describe how seeds<br>and bulbs grow into mature plants and when each<br>part grows by observing them.             |  |
| Y3        | To know that humans, need the right types and<br>amount of nutrition, and that they cannot make their<br>own food; they get nutrition from what they eat.   |  | To know about and describe the functions of different parts of flowering plants: roots, stem/trunk, leaves and flowers.                         |  |
| Y4        | To know that humans have skeletons and muscles for<br>support, protection and movement.<br>To identify the different types of<br>teeth in humans and their simple functions.  | To know that living things can be grouped in a<br>variety of ways.<br>To know how to use classification keys to help<br>group, identify and name a variety of living<br>things in their local and wider environment.   |   |  |
| Υ5        | To know and describe the simple functions of the<br>basic parts of the digestive system in humans.<br>To know the names of the main parts of the human<br>circulatory system, and describe the functions of the<br>heart, lungs, blood vessels and blood.<br>To know about the impact of diet,<br>exercise, drugs and lifestyle on the way their bodies<br>function.<br>To know and describe the changes as humans<br>develop to old age. | To know about and describe the differences in<br>the life cycles of a mammal, an amphibian, an<br>insect and a bird.   | To know about the part that flowers play in the<br>life cycle of flowering plants, including pollination,<br>seed formation and seed dispersal. |  |
| Y6        |   | To know about and describe how living things<br>are classified into broad groups according to<br>common observable characteristics and based<br>on similarities and differences, including micro-<br>organisms, plants and animals.<br>To know how to classify plants and animals<br>based on specific characteristics giving reasons. |   |  |

|           | To know that materials can be changed.  | To know that light travels in a straight line unless it is blocked.  | To know the recognised<br>circuit symbols.<br>To know how to construct a<br>simple circuit and adapt it for<br>a purpose.  | To know the effects of different forces.   |
|-----------|---|--|--|--|
| Nursery   | To talk about differences between materials.  |  |  |  |
| Reception | To know what happens to water in very cold weather.   | To know about changes across the 4 seasons in the local area through observations.   |  |  |
| Y1        | To know about and describe the simple physical<br>properties of a variety of everyday materials.<br>To use this knowledge to compare and group<br>together a variety of everyday materials.   | To know about and describe weather<br>associated with the seasons and how day<br>length varies through observations.   |  | To know about pushes and pulls as forces.  |
| Y2        | To know how the shapes of solid objects made<br>from some materials can be changed by<br>squashing, bending, twisting and stretching.   |  |  | To know about forces when<br>squashing, bending, twisting and<br>stretching solid objects.   |
| Y3        | To know about physical properties of rocks and<br>use this knowledge to compare and group<br>together different kinds of rocks.   | To know that shadows are formed when<br>the light from a light source is blocked by<br>an opaque object.<br>To know that there are patterns in the<br>way that the size of shadows change. |  |  |
| Y4        | To know that some materials change state<br>when they are heated or cooled, and measure<br>or research the temperature at which this<br>happens in degrees Celsius (°C).<br>To know that some materials will dissolve in<br>liquid to form a solution and describe how to<br>recover a substance from a solution. |  | To know how to construct a simple<br>series electrical circuit, identifying<br>and naming its basic parts, including<br>cells, wires, bulbs, switches and<br>buzzers and identify why it<br>does/doesn't work.   | To know and be able to explain<br>that unsupported objects fall<br>towards the Earth because of the<br>force of gravity acting between the<br>Earth and the falling object.<br>To know about the effects of<br>friction between moving surfaces. |
| Y5        |   | To know about day and night and the<br>apparent movement of the sun across the<br>sky using the idea of the Earth's rotation.  |  |  |
| Y6        | To know that dissolving, mixing and changes of<br>state are reversible changes.<br>To know and be able to explain that some<br>changes result in the formation of new<br>materials, and that this kind of change is not<br>usually reversible.  | To know that light appears to travel in<br>straight lines.<br>To use this knowledge to explain why<br>shadows have the same shape as the<br>objects that cast them.                        | To know about variations in how<br>components function, including the<br>brightness of bulbs, the loudness of<br>buzzers and the on/off position of<br>switches.<br>To know how to use recognised<br>symbols when representing a simple<br>circuit in a diagram. | To know about the effects of air<br>resistance and water resistance.<br>To know that some mechanisms<br>including levers, pulleys and gears<br>allow a smaller force to have a<br>greater effect.  |