



Seabridge Primary – Handwriting Progression Document

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3/4	Year 5/6 (Handwriting and Presentation)
	Pupils should be taught to:	Pupils should be taught to:	Pupils should be taught to:	Pupils should be taught to:
Statutory Requirements	 sit correctly at a table, holding apencil comfortably and correctly begin to form lower-case lettersin the correct direction, startingand finishing in the right place form capital letters form digits 0-9 understand which letters belong to which handwriting 'families' (i.e. letters that are formed in similar ways) and to practise these. 	 form lower-case letters of the correct size relative to one another start using some of the diagonal and horizontal strokes needed to join letters and understand which letters, when adjacent toone another, are best left unjoined write capital letters and digits of the correct size, orientation andrelationship to one another and to lower case letters use spacing between words that reflects the size of the 	strokes that are needed to join letters and understand which letters, when adjacent to one another, are best left unjoined • increase the legibility, consistency and quality of their handwriting (for example, by ensuring that the down strokes of letters are parallel and equidistant; that lines of writingare spaced sufficiently so that the ascenders and descenders of	write legibly, fluently and with increasing speed by: choosing which shape of a letter to use when given choices and deciding whether or not to join specific letters choosing the writing implement that is best suitedfor a task.
Non-Statutory Notes and Guidance	Handwriting requires frequent and discrete, direct teaching. Pupils should be able to form letters correctly and confidently. The size of the writing implement (pencil, pen) should not be too large for a young pupil's hand. Whatever is being used should allow the pupil to hold it easilyand correctly so that bad habits are avoided. Left-handed pupils should receive specific teaching to meet their needs.	correct letter formation frequently. They should be taught to write with a joined style as soon as they can form letters securely with the correct orientation.	letters do not touch). Pupils should be using joined handwriting throughout their independent writing. Handwriting should continue to be taught, with the aim of increasing the fluency withwhich pupils are able to write down what they want to say. This, in turn, will support their composition and spelling.	get in the way of their writing down