

**Dance Progression Grid** 



## Curriculum intent:

Shawclough Primary School believes that Physical Education (PE), experienced in a safe and supportive environment, is essential to ensure children attain optimum physical and emotional development and good health. We intend to deliver high-quality teaching and learning opportunities that inspire all children to succeed in physical education and in developing life skills. We want to teach children skills to keep them safe such as being able to swim. We also want to teach children how to be effective participators, creative thinkers through cooperate and collaboration with others as part of an effective team workers, understanding fairness and equity of play to embed life-long values. Our curriculum aims to improve the wellbeing and fitness of all children at Shawclough, not only through the sporting skills taught, but through the underpinning values and disciplines PE promotes.

## **Early Years Outcome**

The main Early Years Outcomes covered in the Dance units are:

- Moves freely and with pleasure and confidence in a range of ways, such as slithering, shuffling, rolling, crawling, walking, running, jumping, skipping, sliding and hopping.
- Experiments with different ways of moving.
- Children show good control and coordination in large and small movements. They move confidently in a range of ways, safely negotiating space.
- Enjoys joining in with dancing and ring games.
- Beginning to move rhythmically.
- Imitates movement in response to music.
- Begins to build a repertoire of songs and dances.
- Children sing songs, make music and dance, and experiment with ways of changing them.
- Developing preferences for forms of expression.

## **KS1 National Curriculum Aims**

Pupils should develop fundamental movement skills, become increasingly competent and confident and access a broad range of opportunities to extend their agility, balance and coordination, individually and with others. They should be able to engage in competitive (both against self and against others) and cooperative physical activities, in a range of increasingly challenging situations. Pupils should be taught to:

- master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing and catching, as well as developing balance, agility and coordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities;
- perform dances using simple movement patterns.

## **KS2 National Curriculum Aims**

Pupils should continue to apply and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways and to link them to make actions and sequences of movement. They should enjoy communicating, collaborating and competing with each other. They should develop an understanding of how to improve in different physical activities and sports and learn how to evaluate and recognise their own success. Pupils should be taught to:

- develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance [for example, through athletics and gymnastics];
- perform dances using a range of movement patterns;
- compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.

gesture in order to exp feelings, ideas and expe	response to music. and responses with a s dance. ations of movement and ress and respond to eriences. neir own ideas, thoughts					
Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
			Health & Fitness			
To describe how the body feels when still and when exercising.	<ul> <li>To describe how the body feels before, during and after exercise.</li> <li>To carry and place equipment safely.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To recognise and describe how the body feels during and after different physical activities.</li> <li>To explain what they need to stay healthy</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To recognise and describe the effects of exercise on the body.</li> <li>To know the importance of strength and flexibility for physical activity.</li> <li>To explain why it is important to warm up and cool down.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To describe how the body reacts at different times and how this affects performance.</li> <li>To explain why exercise is good for your health.</li> <li>To know some reasons for warming up and cooling down.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To know and understand the reasons for warming up and cooling down.</li> <li>To explain some safety principles when preparing for and during exercise.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To understand the importance of warming up and cooling down.</li> <li>To carry out warm-ups and cool-downs safely and effectively.</li> <li>To understand why exercise is good for health, fitness and wellbeing.</li> </ul>

			Dance Skills			To know ways they can become healthier.
<ul> <li>To join a range of different movements together.</li> <li>To change the speed of their actions.</li> <li>To change the style of their movements.</li> <li>To create a short movement phrase which demonstrates their own ideas.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To copy and repeat actions.</li> <li>To put a sequence of actions together to create a motif.</li> <li>To vary the speed of their actions.</li> <li>To use simple choreographic devices such as unison, canon and mirroring.</li> <li>To begin to improvise independently to create a simple dance.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To copy, remember and repeat actions.</li> <li>To create a short motif inspired by a stimulus.</li> <li>To change the speed and level of their actions.</li> <li>To use simple choreographic devices such as unison, canon and mirroring.</li> <li>To use different transitions within a dance motif.</li> <li>To move in time to music.</li> <li>To improve the timing of their actions.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To begin to improvise with a partner to create a simple dance.</li> <li>To create motifs from different stimuli.</li> <li>To begin to compare and adapt movements and motifs to create a larger sequence.</li> <li>To use simple dance vocabulary to compare and improve work.</li> <li>To perform with some awareness of rhythm and expression.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To identify and repeat the movement patterns and actions of a chosen dance style.</li> <li>To compose a dance that reflects the chosen dance style.</li> <li>To confidently improvise with a partner or on their own.</li> <li>To compose longer dance sequences in a small group.</li> <li>To demonstrate precision and some control in response to stimuli.</li> <li>To begin to vary dynamics and develop actions and motifs in</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To identify and repeat the movement patterns and actions of a chosen dance style.</li> <li>To compose individual, partner and group dances that reflect the chosen dance style.</li> <li>To show a change of pace and timing in their movements.</li> <li>To develop an awareness of their use of space.</li> <li>To demonstrate imagination and creativity in the movements they devise in</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To identify and repeat the movement patterns and actions of a chosen dance style.</li> <li>To compose individual, partner and group dances that reflect the chosen dance style.</li> <li>To use dramatic expression in dance movements and motifs.</li> <li>To perform with confidence, using a range of movement patterns.</li> <li>To demonstrate strong and controlled movements throughout a dance</li> </ul>

	response to	response to	sequence.
	stimuli.	stimuli.	Combine
		<ul><li>To use</li></ul>	flexibility,
	• To	transitions to	techniques and
	demonstrate	link motifs	movements to
	rhythm and	smoothly	create a fluent
	spatial	together.	sequence.
	awareness.	To improvise	To move
	<ul> <li>To change</li> </ul>	with	appropriately
	parts of a	confidence,	and with the
	dance as a	still	required style
	result of self-	demonstrating	in relation to
	evaluation.	fluency across	the stimulus,
	<ul> <li>To use simple</li> </ul>	the sequence.	e.g. using
	dance	<ul> <li>To ensure</li> </ul>	various levels,
	vocabulary	their actions	ways of
	when	fit the rhythm	travelling and
	comparing and	of the music.	motifs.
	improving	<ul> <li>To modify</li> </ul>	<ul><li>To show a</li></ul>
	work.	parts of a	change of pace
		sequence as a	and timing in
		result of self	their
		and peer	movements.
		evaluation.	To move
		To use more .	rhythmically
		complex	and accurately
		dance	in dance
		vocabulary to	sequences.
		compare and	To improvise
		improve work.	with
			confidence,
			still
			demonstrating
			fluency across their
			sequence.  • To dance with
			fluency and
			control, linking

						all movements and ensuring that transitions flow.  • To demonstrate consistent precision when performing dance sequences.  • To modify some elements of a sequence as a result of self and peer evaluation.  • To use complex dance vocabulary to compare and improve work.
			Compete/Perform	<u> </u>		
To control my body when performing a sequence of movements.	<ul> <li>To perform using a range of actions and body parts with some coordination.</li> <li>To begin to perform learnt skills with some control.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To perform sequences of their own composition with coordination.</li> <li>To perform learnt skills with increasing control.</li> <li>To compete against self and others.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To develop the quality of the actions in their performances.</li> <li>To perform learnt skills and techniques with control and confidence.</li> <li>To compete against self and others in</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To perform and create sequences with fluency and expression.</li> <li>To perform and apply skills and techniques with control and accuracy.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To perform own longer, more complex sequences in time to music.</li> <li>To consistently perform and apply skills and techniques with accuracy and control.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To link actions to create a complex sequence using a full range of movement.</li> <li>To perform the sequence in time to music.</li> <li>To perform and apply a variety of skills and techniques confidently, consistently</li> </ul>

			a controlled manner.			and with precision.
			Evaluate			
<ul> <li>To talk about what they have done.</li> <li>To talk about what others have done.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To watch and describe performances.</li> <li>To begin to say how they could improve.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To watch and describe performances, and use what they see to improve their own performance.</li> <li>To talk about the differences between their work and that of others.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To watch, describe and evaluate the effectiveness of a performance.</li> <li>To describe how their performance has improved over time.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To watch, describe and evaluate the effectiveness of performances, giving ideas for improvements.</li> <li>To modify their use of skills or techniques to achieve a better result.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To choose and use criteria to evaluate own and others' performances.</li> <li>To explain why they have used particular skills or techniques, and the effect they have had on their performance.</li> </ul>	To thoroughly evaluate their own and others' work, suggesting thoughtful and appropriate improvements
Vocabulary						
,	Basic movement	Developing balance	Agility and coordination	Team games	Movement patterns	
KS1	Jump Hop Stop on command Sprint Run Skip Gallop	Single balance Apparatus Side roll Climb Walk	Throw Catch Roll Target Kick Accuracy Aim Dribble Balance Strike Obstacle Hit Pass	Opponent Control Rules Team Cooperate Control Accuracy Team Work	Dance Theme Pattern Movement Beat Sequence Mirror	
KS2		Forward roll Backward Roll	Over Arm Throw Under Arm Throw	Participation Tactics	Create Perform	

(The vocabulary for KS1 continues but is up-levelled	Control	Chest pass	Attack	Expressive dance	
in KS2)	Coordination	Volley	Defend	phase	
	Precision	Pivot	Defence	Expression	
	Control	Bounce	Competitive	Contrast Consistency	
	Fluency	Consistency	Competition	Dynamics	
	-	Dynamics	Compete	Speed	
		Speed	Mark	Direction	
		Direction		Level	
		Level		Coordination	
		Coordination		Precision	
		Precision		Control	
		Control		Fluency	
		Fluency		Evaluate	
		Dribble		Improve	
				Develop	
				Transition	
				Compose	
				Compare	
				Adapt	
				Refine	
				Symmetry	