

	Strand	National curriculum	Expectation
	Strailu		<u> </u>
		• asking simple questions and recognising that they can be answered	• asking simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in
		in different ways	different ways
	Working	observing closely, using simple equipment	observing closely, using simple equipment
	scientifically	performing simple tests	performing simple tests
	solentiniany	identifying and classifying	identifying and classifying
		• using their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions	using their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions
Science		gathering and recording data to help in answering questions	gathering and recording data to help in answering questions
_ <u>□</u>		identify, name, draw and label the basic parts of the human body	Name, draw and label the basic parts of the body.
Ci		and say which part of the body is associated with each sense	Link the senses to the appropriate body part.
S	Animals		Use their senses to compare different textures, sounds, tastes, smells,
			sight.
		observe changes across the 4 seasons	Observe and comment on changes in the seasons.
	Seasonal	observe and describe weather associated with the seasons and	Name the seasons and suggest the type of weather in each season.
	Change	how day length varies	Comment on how day length varies within each season.
	Strand	National curriculum	Expectation
		use technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information	To begin to use technology safely and respectfully.
		private; identify where to go for help and support when they have	To discuss and help Digi- duck follow Safety rules
	E Safety	concerns about material on the internet or other online technologies	
Computing	,	recognise common uses of information technology beyond school	
pul		Use technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate	To use a trackpad on a laptop
Ξ		and retrieve digital content	To begin to use a trackpad and clicking skills to create an image on
ပ္ပ	Information		paint.
	technology		To use a simple paint/drawing app to create an image.
			To begin to learn how to switch a laptop on and off safely.
			To begin to use different colours on a paint app to fill a picture.



	Strand	National curriculum	Expectation
	Locational Knowledge	Name and locate the world's seven continents and five oceans. Name, locate and identify characteristics of the four countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom and its surrounding seas	To name and locate some places in their locality, the UK and wider world.
hy	Place knowledge	Understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom, and of a small area in a contrasting non-European country	To compare the UK with a contrasting country in the world;
	Human and physical feature	Identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the United Kingdom and the location of hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and the North and South Poles	 To know where they live. Point to area on a simple map of the UK. To know where their nearest city is. To identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in UK.
Geography	Geographical skills and fieldwork	Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and its countries, as well as the countries, continents and oceans studied at this key stage. Use simple compass directions (North, South, East and West) and locational and directional language [for example, near and far; left and right], to describe the location of features and routes on a map Geography – key stages 1 and 2 3. Use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features; devise a simple map; and use and construct basic symbols in a key. Use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of their school and its grounds and the key human and physical features of its surrounding environment.	 To teach led enquiries, to ask and respond to simple closed questions. To use information books/pictures as sources of information. To investigate their surroundings To make observations about where things are e.g. within school or local area. To study the school grounds, noticing human and physical features (e.g. bench and slope/hill) To notice key human and physical features in the surrounding local environment. To use relative vocabulary (e.g. bigger/smaller, like/dislike) To learn names of some places within/around the UK. E.g. Home town, cities, countries e.g. Wales, France. To picture maps and globes



	ı	Autumii 2 – Team Woi	
	Strand	National curriculum	Expectation
History	Chronological understanding	Pupils should develop an awareness of the past, using common words and phrases relating to the passing of time. They should know where the people and events they study fit within a chronological framework.	 To sequence events in their life. To develop a simple awareness of the past.
	Range and depth of historical knowledge	Pupils should identify similarities and differences between ways of life in different periods. Children should choose and use parts of stories and other sources to show that they know and understand key features of events.	 To recognise the difference between past and present in their own life and the lives of others. To know and recount episodes from stories about the past, knowing and understanding key events
	Historical enquiry	Children should ask and answer questions, using other sources to show that they know and understand key features of events.	 To find answers to simple questions about the past from sources of information e.g. artefacts. To ask and answer simple Historical questions.
	Organising and presenting	Pupils should use a wide vocabulary of everyday historical terms.	 To communicate their knowledge through discussion, drawing, drama and roe play, making models, writing and using ICT. To use simple terms to talk about the passing of time.
	Strand	National curriculum	Expectation
gu	Developing Ideas	KS1 pupils should be taught to use a range of materials creatively to design and make products.	Early sketch book work • To start to record simple media and explorations.
Art and Design	Drawing	KS1 pupils should be taught to use drawing to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination.	Experiment with a variety of media; pencils, rubbers, crayons, pastels, felt tips, charcoal, pen, chalk • To begin to control the types of marks made with the range of media. • To draw on different surfaces with a range of media. • To develop a range of tone using a pencil and use a variety of drawing techniques such as: hatching, scribbling, stippling, and blending to create light/ dark lines.



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	Sculpture	KS1 pupils should be taught to use sculpture to develop and share	To experiment in a variety of malleable media such as clay, papier-
		their ideas, experiences and imagination.	mache, salt dough, modroc.
			To shape and model materials for a purpose (e.g. a pot, tile) from
			observation and imagination.
	Art through		To take a self-portrait or a photograph.
	technology		To use a simple computer paint program to create a picture
	Responding to	KS1 pupils should be taught about the work of a range of artists, craft	To look at and talk about own work and that of other artists and the
	art	makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities	techniques they had used expressing their likes and dislikes.
		between different practices and disciplines, making links to their own work.	• To explore the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work.
	Strand	National curriculum	Expectation
PE	Dance	Pupils should develop fundamental movement skills, become increasingly competent and confident and access a broad range of opportunities to extend their agility, balance and coordination, individually and with others. They should be able to engage in competitive (both against self and against others) and co-operative physical activities, in a range of increasingly challenging situations. Pupils should be taught to: • master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing and catching, as well as developing balance, agility and coordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities; • perform dances using simple movement patterns.	 Health and fitness To describe how the body feels before, during and after exercise. To carry and place equipment safely. Dance Skills To copy and repeat actions. To put a sequence of actions together to create a motif. To vary the speed of their actions. To use simple choreographic devices such as unison, canon and mirroring. To begin to improvise independently to create a simple dance Compete/Perform To perform using a range of actions and body parts with some coordination. To begin to perform learnt skills with some control. Evaluate To watch and describe performances. To begin to say how they could improve



	Autumn 2 – Team Worker			
	Gymnastics	The main KS1 national curriculum aims covered in the Gymnastics	Health and Fitness	
		units are:	To describe how the body feels before, during and after exercise.	
		Master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing and	Acquiring and Developing Skills in Gymnastics (General)	
		catching, as well as developing balance, agility and coordination, and	To create and perform a movement sequence.	
		begin to apply these in a range of activities	• To copy actions and movement sequences with a beginning, middle and end.	
			To link two actions to make a sequence.	
			To recognise and copy contrasting actions (small/tall, narrow/wide).	
			To travel in different ways, changing direction and speed.	
			To hold still shapes and simple balances.	
			To carry out simple stretches.	
			To carry out a range of simple jumps, landing safely.	
			• To begin to move with control and care	
			Jumps	
			To complete straight jump	
			To complete tuck jump	
			To complete jumping jack	
			To complete half turn	
			To complete Cat spring	
			Compete/Perform	
			To perform using a range of actions and body parts with some	
			coordination.	
			To begin to perform learnt skills with some control.	
			Evaluate	
			To watch and describe performances.	
			To begin to say how they could improve	



	C+rond	National curriculum	Evportation
	Strand	National curriculum	Expectation
	Singing	Use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes;	 To sing simple songs, chants and rhymes from memory, singing collectively and at the same pitch, responding to simple visual directions and counting in. To begin with simple songs with a very small range, mi-so and then slightly wider. To sing a wide range of call and response songs, control vocal pitch and match pitch with accuracy.
	Listening	Listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high- quality live and recorded music;	 To develop shared knowledge and understanding of the stories, origins, traditions, history and social context of the music they are listening to, singing and playing. To listen to recorded performances and opportunities to experience live music making in and out of school.
Music	Composting	Experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the interrelated dimensions of music.	 To improvise simple vocal chants, using question and answer phrases. To create musical sound effects and short sequences of sounds in response to stimuli. Combine sounds to make a story, choosing and playing instruments or sound-makers. To understand the difference between creating a rhythm pattern and a pitch pattern. To invent, retain and recall rhythm and pitch patterns and perform these for others, taking turns. To use music technology, if available, to capture, change and combine sounds. To recognise how graphic notation can represent created sounds. Explore and invent own symbols.
	Musicianship pulse/beat	Play tuned and untuned instruments musically;	 To walk, move or clap a steady beat with others, changing the speed of the beat as the tempo of the music changes. To use body percussion, (e.g. clapping, tapping, walking) and classroom percussion (shakers, sticks and blocks, etc.), playing repeated rhythm



		Autumn 2 – Team Wor	ker
			patterns (ostinati) and short, pitched patterns on tuned instruments (e.g. glockenspiels or chime bars) to maintain a steady beat. • To respond to the pulse in recorded/live music through movement and dance.
	Musicianship pitch	Play tuned and untuned instruments musically;	 To listen to sounds in the local school environment, comparing high and low sounds. To sing familiar songs in both low and high voices and talk about the difference in sound. To explore percussion sounds to enhance storytelling
			To follow pictures and symbols to guide singing and playing.
	Strand	National curriculum	Expectation
Design Technology	Design	Design purposeful, functional, appealing products for themselves and other users based on design criteria generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through talking, drawing, templates, mockups and, where appropriate, information and communication technology	 To have own ideas To explain what I want to do To explain what my product is for, and how it will work To use pictures and words to plan, begin to use models To design a product for myself following design criteria To research similar existing products
	Make	 To select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing] To select from and use a wide range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their characteristics 	 To explain what I'm making and why To consider what I need to do next To select tools/equipment to cut, shape, join, finish and explain choices To measure, mark out, cut and shape, with support To choose suitable materials and explain choices To try to use finishing techniques to make product look good To work in a safe and hygienic manner
De	Evaluate	Explore and evaluate a range of existing products 2 evaluate their ideas and products against design criteria	 To talk about my work, linking it to what I was asked to do To talk about existing products considering: use, materials, how they work, audience, where they might be used To talk about existing products, and say what is and isn't good To talk about things that other people have made To begin to talk about what could make product better



		Autumn 2 – Team Wor	NCI
	Technical Knowledge - Cooking and Nutrition	Use the basic principles of a healthy and varied diet to prepare dishes Understand where food comes from	 To describe textures To wash hands & clean surfaces To think of interesting ways to decorate food To say where some foods come from, (i.e. plant or animal) To describe differences between some food groups (i.e. sweet, vegetable etc.) To discuss how fruit and vegetables are healthy
	Techinical Knowledge mechanisms	Explore and use mechanisms [for example, levers, sliders, wheels and axles], in their products.	 To cut, peel and grate safely, with support To begin to use levers or slides
	Strand	National curriculum	Expectation
	Who is a Christian and what do they believe? (believing)		 Talk about simple ideas about Christian beliefs about God and Jesus. Retell a story about what Christians think about God - drama, art etc. saying what it means. Talk about issues of right/wrong, good/bad arising from stories. Ask some questions about believing in God and offer some ideas of their own.
RE	How and why do we celebrate special and sacred times?		 Identify some ways Christians celebrate Christmas / Easter / Harvest / Pentecost and some ways a festival is celebrated in another religion. Re-tell stories connected with Christmas / Easter / Harvest / Pentecost and a festival in another religions and say why these are important to believers. Ask questions and suggest answers about stories to do with Christian festivals and a story from a festival in another religion. Collect examples of what people do, give, sing, remember or think about at the religious celebrations studied, and say why they matter to believers.



Strand	National curriculum	Expectation
Health and	1. What is meant by a healthy lifestyle?	Internet safety - E-Safety
Wellbeing	2. How to maintain physical, mental and emotional health and	To learn about the importance of using the internet
	wellbeing.	To know how to keep safe and how and where to get help
	3. How to manage risks to physical and emotional health and	To use strategies to stay safe when using ICT and the internet
	wellbeing.	To know the importance of self-respect and how this links to their own
	4. Ways of keeping physically and emotionally safe.	happiness
	5. about managing change, including puberty, transition and loss.	happiness - Smile!
	6. How to make informed choices about health and wellbeing and to	To learn about making positive choices and how they can lead to
	recognise sources of help with this.	happiness
	7. How to respond in an emergency.	• To recognise, name and manage their feelings in a positive way
	8. To identify different influences on health and wellbeing.	Anger Grrr!
		To recognise how their behaviour affects other people
		• To recognise how their behaviour and that of others may influence
u l		people both positively and negatively
Realtionships	1. How to develop and maintain a variety of healthy relationships,	Friendship - Forever Friends
Ĺ	within a range of social/cultural contexts.	To learn how to develop positive relationships with peers
	2. How to recognise and manage emotions within a range of	To identify different relationships that they have and why these are
	relationships.	important
	3. How to recognise risky or negative relationships including all	Responses - You and Me
	forms of bullying and abuse.	To recognise and communicate feelings to others
	4. How to respond to risky or negative relationships and ask for	To listen to, reflect on and respect other people's views and feelings
	help.	Opinions - I think
	5. How to respect equality and diversity in relationships	• To understand that it is important to share their opinions and to be
		able to explain their views
		To learn to listen to other people and play and work co-operatively
		Friendship - Make Friends
		To understand the importance of making friends
		To identify and respect the differences and similarities between peop
		To develop positive relationships through work and play



		Good Manners - How Rude!
		 To know the conventions of courtesy and manners
		Feelings - How I feel
		To recognise and communicate feelings to others
Living in the	1. About respect for self and others and the importance of	Rules Expectations - We Expect
wider world	responsible behaviours and actions.	• To understand the reason why we have rules
	2. About rights and responsibilities as members of families, other	To learn about rules as expectations
	groups and ultimately as citizens.	To understand to agree and follow rules for their group and classroor
	3. About different groups and communities.	Rules Expectations - Class charter
	4. To respect equality and to be a productive member of a diverse	• To understand the why we have rules / expectations
	community.	• To learn about how they can contribute to the life of the class
	5. About the importance of respecting and protecting the	To suggest rules that would improve things for the common good
	environment.	Taking Turns - It's Your Turn
	6. About where money comes from, keeping it safe and the	• To understand why it is important to be able to take turns
	importance of managing it effectively.	To agree and follow rules for a collaborative game
	7. How money plays an important part in people's lives.	To take turns and share as appropriate
	8. A basic understanding of enterprise.	