

School Driver Focus Spring 1 – Effective Participator

	Strand	National curriculum	Expectation
		• asking simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in different ways	Ask simple scientific questions Use simple equipment to make close observations
	Working	 observing closely, using simple equipment 	Carry out simple tests
	scientifically	 performing simple tests 	Identify and classify things
e S	scientinearly	 identifying and classifying 	Using my tests and observations to suggest what I have found out
C		• using their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions	Gather, record and use data to answer questions
Science		 gathering and recording data to help in answering questions 	
Š		 identify and compare the suitability of a variety of everyday 	
	Everyday	materials, including wood, metal, plastic, glass, brick, rock, paper and	
	Materials	cardboard for particular uses	
	materials	• find out how the shapes of solid objects made from some materials	
		can be changed by squashing, bending, twisting and stretching	
	Strand	National curriculum	Expectation
	Strand	National curriculum use technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information	• To begin to use safe search engines such as www.safesearchkids.com
	Strand		•
	Strand E Safety	use technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information	• To begin to use safe search engines such as www.safesearchkids.com
ßu		use technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information private; identify where to go for help and support when they have	• To begin to use safe search engines such as www.safesearchkids.com
outing	E Safety	use technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information private; identify where to go for help and support when they have concerns about material on the internet or other online technologies recognise common uses of information technology beyond school use technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information	• To begin to use safe search engines such as www.safesearchkids.com
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computing	E Safety Technology (Digital	use technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information private; identify where to go for help and support when they have concerns about material on the internet or other online technologies recognise common uses of information technology beyond school use technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information private; identify where to go for help and support when they have concerns about material on the internet or other online technologies	 To begin to use safe search engines such as www.safesearchkids.com To understand not to open pop ups.
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Geography	Geographical skills and fieldwork	Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and its countries, as well as the countries, continents and oceans studied at this key stage. Use simple compass directions (North, South, East and West) and locational and directional language [for example, near and far; left and right], to describe the location of features and routes on a map Geography – key stages 1 and 2 3. Use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features; devise a simple map; and use and construct basic symbols in a key. Use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of their school and its grounds and the key human and physical features of its surrounding environment.	 Geographical Enquiry To encourage children to ask simple geographical questions; Where is it? What's it like? To make appropriate observations about why things happen. To make simple comparisons between features of different places. To conduct regular fieldwork activities Direction/Location To follow directions (as yr 1 and inc'. NSEW) Drawing Maps To draw a map of a real or imaginary place. (e.g. add detail to a sketch map from aerial photograph) Representation To begin to understand the need for a key. To use class agreed symbols to make a simple key. Using Maps To follow a route on a map To use a plan view. Perspective To look down on objects to make a plan view map. Stlye of Map To use large scale OS maps.



	Strand	National curriculum	Expectation
		Pupils should develop an awareness of the past, using common	 To sequence artefacts closer together in time.
	Chronological	words and phrases relating to the passing of time. They should know	• To place events on a simple timeline, adding times previously studied.
	understanding	where the people and events they study fit within a chronological	
		framework.	
	Range and	Pupils should identify similarities and differences between ways of	• To know and recount episodes from stories about the past, knowing
	depth of	life in different periods.	and understanding key events
	historical	Children should choose and use parts of stories and other sources to	 To talk about similarities and differences between ways of life in
2	knowledge	show that they know and understand key features of events.	different periods.
Histo	Historical	Children should understand some of the ways in which we find out	• To compare pictures or photographs of people or events in the past.
ist	interpretation	about the past and identify different ways in which it is represented.	 To use stories to encourage children to distinguish between fact and
Т	interpretation		fiction and to help them remember key Historical facts.
		Children should ask and answer questions, using other sources to	• To handle sources and evidence to ask and answer questions about the
	Historical	show that they know and understand key features of events.	past on the basis of simple observations
	enquiry		• To ask and answer appropriate Historical questions, using their growing
			Historical knowledge.
	Organising and	Pupils should use a wide vocabulary of everyday historical terms.	• To communicate their knowledge though discussion, drawing, drama
	presenting		and role play, making models, writing and ICT.
	presenting		 To use simple terms to talk about the passing of time.



	Strand	National curriculum	Expectation
Art and Design	Developing Ideas	KS1 pupils should be taught to use a range of materials creatively to design and make products.	Early sketch book work To plan and develop simple ideas To collect textures and patterns to inform other work
	Drawing	KS1 pupils should be taught to use drawing to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination.	 To draw lines/marks from observations. To demonstrate control over the types of marks made with a range of media such as crayons, pastels, felt tips, charcoal, pen, chalk. To understand tone through the use of different grades of pencils (HB, 2B, 4B)
	Printing	KS1 pupils should be taught to develop a wide range of art/design techniques using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space.	 To continue to explore printing simple pictures with a range of hard and soft materials e.g. cork, pen barrels, sponge. To demonstrate experience at impressed printing: drawing into ink, printing from objects. To use equipment and media correctly and be able to produce a clean printed image. To make simple marks on rollers and printing palettes To take simple prints i.e. mono - printing. To experiment with overprinting motifs and colour
	Art through technology		• To understand how to use 'zoom' to show an object in detail – e.g. using a viewfinder to focus on a specific part of an artefact before drawing it
	Responding to art	KS1 pupils should be taught about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, making links to their own work.	 To continue to explore the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, making comparisons and describing the differences and similarities and making links to their own work. To express thoughts and feelings about a piece of art. To reflect and explain the successes and challenges in a piece of art created.



			• To explain how a piece of art makes them feel – link to emotions. Identify changes they might make or how their work could be developed further
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PE	Games	 Pupils should develop fundamental movement skills, become increasingly competent and confident and access a broad range of opportunities to extend their agility, balance and coordination, individually and with others. They should be able to engage in competitive (both against self and against others) and co-operative physical activities, in a range of increasingly challenging situations. Pupils should be taught to: master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing and catching, as well as developing balance, agility and co-ordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities; participate in team games, developing simple tactics for attacking and defending; perform dances using simple movement patterns. 	 Health and fitness To recognise and describe how the body feels during and after different physical activities. To explain what they need to stay healthy. Striking and hitting a ball To strike or hit a ball with increasing control. To learn skills for playing striking and fielding games. To position the body to strike a ball. Throwing and catching a ball To throw different types of equipment in different ways, for accuracy and distance. To use hand-eye coordination to control a ball. Vary types of throw used. Travelling with a ball To bounce and kick a ball whilst moving. To use kicking skills in a game. Passing a Ball To know how to pass the ball in different ways. Using Space To use different ways of travelling at different speeds and following different pathways, directions or courses. To change speed and direction whilst running.



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		Attacking and Defending
		• To begin to use and understand the terms attacking and defending.
		Use at least one technique to attack or defend to play a game
		successfully.
		Compete/Perform
		 To compete against self and others
		Evaluate
		• To watch and describe performances, and use what they see to
		improve their own performance.
		• To talk about the differences between their work and that of others
Gymnastics	The main KS1 national curriculum aims covered in the Gymnastics	Health and fitness
	units are:	• To recognise and describe how the body feels during and after
	• Master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing and	different physical activities.
	catching, as well as developing balance, agility and coordination, and	• To explain what they need to stay healthy
	begin to apply these in a range of activities	Acquiring and Developing Skills in Gymnastics (General)
		• To climb onto and jump off the equipment safely.
		• To move with increasing control and care.
		Vault
		To hurdle step onto springboard
		• To straight jump off springboard
		• To tuck jump off springboard
		Shapes & Balances
		To complete standing balances
		To complete kneeling balances
		• To complete large body part balances
		To balance on apparatus
		• To balance with a partner



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			 To complete pike, tuck, star, straight, straddle shapes To front and back support Compete/Perform To perform sequences of their own composition with coordination. Perform learnt skills with increasing control. Evaluate To watch and describe performances and use what they see to improve their own performance. To talk about the differences between their work and that of others.
	Strand	National curriculum	Expectation
U	Singing	Use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes;	 To sing songs regularly with a pitch range of do-so with increasing vocal control. To sing songs with a small pitch range, pitching accurately. To know the meaning of dynamics (loud/quiet) and tempo (fast/slow) and be able to demonstrate these when singing by responding to (a) the leader's directions and (b) visual symbols (e.g. crescendo, decrescendo, pause).
Music	Listening	Listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high- quality live and recorded music;	 To develop shared knowledge and understanding of the stories, origins, traditions, history and social context of the music they are listening to, singing and playing. To listen to recorded performances and opportunities to experience live music making in and out of school.
	Composting	Experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the inter- related dimensions of music.	 To create music in response to a non-musical stimulus. To work with a partner to improvise simple question and answer phrases, to be sung and played on untuned percussion, creating a musical conversation.



	Musicianship pulse/beat	Play tuned and untuned instruments musically;	 To use graphic symbols, dot notation and stick notation, as appropriate, to keep a record of composed pieces. To use music technology to capture, change and combine sounds. To understand that the speed of the beat can change, creating a faster or slower pace (tempo). To mark the beat of a listening piece by tapping or clapping and recognising tempo as well as changes in tempo. To walk in time to the beat of a piece of music or song. Know the difference between left and right to support coordination and shared movement with others. To begin to group beats in twos and threes by tapping knees on the first (strongest) beat and clapping the remaining beats. To identify the beat groupings in familiar music that they sing regularly and listen to.
	Musicianship pitch	Play tuned and untuned instruments musically;	 To play a range of singing games based on the cuckoo interval matching voices accurately, supported by a leader playing the melody. To sing short phrases independently within a singing game or short song. To respond independently to pitch changes heard in short melodic phrases, indicating with actions. Recognise dot notation and match it to 3-note tunes played on tuned percussion.



	Strand	National curriculum	Expectation
	Design	Design purposeful, functional, appealing products for themselves and other users based on design criteria generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through talking, drawing, templates, mock-ups and, where appropriate, information and communication technology	 To have own ideas and plan what to do next To explain what I want to do and describe how I may do it To design products for myself and others following design criteria To choose best tools and materials, and explain choices To use knowledge of existing products to produce ideas.
Technology	Make	 To select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing] To select from and use a wide range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their characteristics 	 To explain what I am making and why it fits the purpose *make suggestions as to what I need to do next. To join materials/components together in different ways *measure, mark out, cut and shape materials and components, with support. *describe which tools I'm using and why To choose suitable materials and explain choices depending on characteristics.
Design Tech	Evaluate	Explore and evaluate a range of existing products I evaluate their ideas and products against design criteria	 To describe what went well, thinking about design criteria To talk about existing products considering: use, materials, how they work, audience, where they might be used; express personal opinion To evaluate how good existing products are To talk about what I would do differently if I were to do it again and why.
	Techinical Knowledge Materials and structure	Build structures, exploring how they can be made stronger, stiffer and more stable	 To measure materials To describe some different characteristics of materials To join materials in different ways
	Techinical Knowledge mechanisms	Explore and use mechanisms [for example, levers, sliders, wheels and axles], in their products.	 To use levers or slides To begin to understand how to use wheels and axles
	Textiles	Select from and use a wide range of textiles according to their characteristics	 To measure textiles To join textiles together to make a product, and explain how I did it



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			 To carefully cut textiles to produce accurate pieces To explain choices of textile To understand that a 3D textile structure can be made from two identical fabric shapes.
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RE	How and why do we celebrate special and sacred times? (expressing) How should we care for others and the world, and why does it matter?		 Identify ways Christians celebrate Christmas/Easter/Pentecost etc. and ways other faiths celebrate special festivals. Ask questions & suggest answers about stories to do with Christian festivals and a story/festival from another faith. Collect examples of what people do, give, sing at festivals and why they matter to believers. Retell stories from Bible and other faiths about caring for the world. Identify people who respond to God by caring for others. Discuss good and bad, right and wrong. Talk about 'The Golden Rule' and what would happen if people
	(living)		followed it. Express creation story creatively.
	Strand	National curriculum	Expectation
PSHE	Health and Wellbeing	 Pupils will be taught: 1. What is meant by a healthy lifestyle? 2. How to maintain physical, mental and emotional health and wellbeing. 3. How to manage risks to physical and emotional health and wellbeing. 4. Ways of keeping physically and emotionally safe. 5. about managing change, including puberty, transition and loss. 	 Keeping Clean - Bath Time To learn about the importance of and reasons for bathing and showering To manage basic personal hygiene Skin - Skinny Tips To learn about the importance of and reasons for bathing and showering To understand the importance of maintaining personal hygiene Dental Hygiene - Brushing Up!



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6. How to make informed choices about health and wellbeing	 To learn about the importance of effective teeth cleaning and good 	
and to recognise sources of help with this.	dental hygiene	
7. How to respond in an emergency.	Dental Hygiene - Bright White!	
8. To identify different influences on health and wellbeing.	 To learn how to take care of teeth, in addition to brushing 	
	To manage basic personal hygiene	
	Dental Hygiene - Top Teeth	
	 To find out which foods are good for us 	
	• To understand the importance of a healthy lifestyle, including dental	
	hygiene	
	To make simple choices that improve their health and well-being e.g.	
	healthy eating	
	Drug Safety - Magic Medicine	
	 To learn about the importance of medicine safety 	
	To recognise that some substances can help or harm the body	
	Similarities and Differences - Girls Vs Boys	
	• To identify and respect similarities and differences between boys and	
	girls	
	To learn about the process of growing from young to old	
	The Human Body - Body Bits	
	 To learn the names for different parts of the body 	
	 To recognise similarities and differences based on gender 	
	To recognise and respect similarities and differences between people	
	Growing Up - All grown Up	
	• To learn about the physical changes in their bodies as we grow	
	To understand emotional changes as they grow up	
	Changing Needs - I Need	
	• To learn about how our needs change and grow as we develop	



	To recognise the simple physical changes to their bodies experienced
	since birth
	Physical Activity - Mighty Muscles
	 To understand how muscles work
	 To make positive real-life choices
	Physical Activity - Mighty Muscles
	• To understand the importance of physical activity and rest as part of a
	balanced, healthy lifestyle
	To make positive real-life choices