

Statement of Curriculum Intent Geography – KS1/KS2/KS3/KS4

The Geography curriculum offers an exciting breadth of topics studying the characteristics of the physical and human world in which we live.

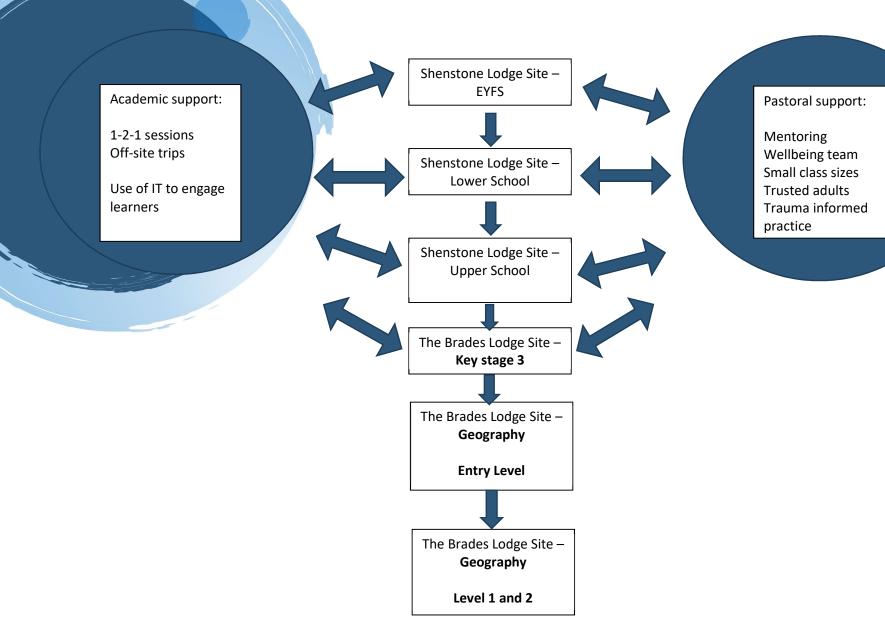
Studying geography enables students to explore the world around them, investigate how it works, develop curiosity, promote critical thinking all whilst in a safe and nurturing environment.

At Brades Lodge, we aim to develop students' contextual knowledge of their local area as well as the wider environment, allowing them to make links between locations and geographical processes. We aim to empower students to become global citizens who can question actions, have educated viewpoints, make judgements and reflect upon the processes of important current issues like sustainability, climate change and an increasing population.

Our Geography Curriculum will provide opportunities to:

- Develop their knowledge of locations, places and environments and of different scales.
- Gain understanding of the connections between people and environments, and change in places over time.
- Use a variety of skills and techniques to investigate geographical issues.
- To explore geography outside of the classroom (fieldwork)
- To make cross curricular links with other subjects, developing skills that are transferable.
- Develop a keen judgement and make reasoned decisions: this includes making moral and ethical choices.

Geography Pathways at Shenstone Lodge School



	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Year 2/3		Europe - Continents - Countries in - Europe- Germany, France etc Map Work Atlases Identify Compare and contrast Recognise Observe		Mountains - What is a mountain? - Where are mountains found? - Famous mountains in UK Map Work Atlases Identify Recognise Observe		*Coasts- by the seaside Seas around Britain Coastal structures- rock pools, cliffs, piers etc Recognise Identify Describe Observe Categorise Compare and Contrast

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Year 4	*UK Geographycaps cities and countries Four UK countries Four UK capitals Major cities Our county and cities (Link to Europe work, coasts, oceans and rivers) Map Work Atlases Identify Compare and contrast Recognise Observe			North America States Capital Climate Culture- Food, pop culture, music (Link to Europe- differences) Map Work Atlases Identify Compare and contrast Recognise Observe Describe Explain		*Oceans, Water cycles and rivers Oceans of the world British rivers Rivers near us Water cycle (Link to coastal work) Recognise Identify Describe Compare and Contrast Explain

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Year 5		Frozen Kingdoms Poles Arctic vs Antarctic Wildlife links Climate Where in the world? (link to oceans) Map Work Atlases Identify Compare and contrast Recognise Observe	Hola Mexico Culture comparison Music Food Day of the dead Recognise Identify Describe Observe Explain Compare and Contrast Map Work Atlases		*Volcanoes What is a volcano Where are volcanoes found Why don't we have volcanos here Why are volcanos important Recognise Identify Describe Observe Explain	

	Auto	Jmn	Sprin	g	Sui	mmer
Year	Unit 1 Making connections Baseline assessment		Unit 5 Exploring England		World Cities	
7			Offsite visit – Airport – cultural areas.		Offsite visit – Birmingham using public transport.	
	Types of geography, continents and oceans, scales, compass points, map symbols and grid references.		Physical land features, human landmarks, regions & counties, weather patterns, populations (data & distribution), work types, national incomes.		Settlements, features of low & high income countries & newly emerging economies (LIC/HIC/NEE), UK cities & Megacities (Brazil study, populations, housing, employment, crime & pollution)	
	To explore the land and oceans around us. To explore a range of geographical measuring skills	Students will be able to explain how continents were formed, locate continents & oceans on a map. Students will be able to use a range of skills to describe & orientate direction in a variety of scales on various maps.	To explore England; its characteristics, populations and how humans live within its coasts.	Students will recognise how land features effect how humans live, they will understand how weather is different in different areas and identify working types, patterns and incomes.	To explore how countries are economically different and the impact this has upon the population. To understand settlement functions	Students will be able to locate LI/HI countries and explain how development impacts all aspects of a country's infrastructure and functionality

		Autumn		Spring			Summer	
Year 8		Unit 4 & 7 Rivers and flooding		Unit 14 Can the earth cope? Ecosystems		Natural Hazards		
		Offsite visit – Waseley & Bewdley.		Offsite visit – Botanical gardens.		Offsite visit – Barrow hill, Dudley.		
		Features of a river, river profiles, uses & environmental issues, types of flooding, water cycle, land factors, deforestation, urbanisation, impacts of flooding, flooding preventions.		What are ecosystems?, weather v's climate, hot and cold lands, biomes, rainforests (focus on Amazon) layers, features and usage of rainforest, types of destruction & sustainability.			The structure of the Earth, tectonic plates and boundaries, what are earthquakes and volcanoes, strengths and measurements, physical, social and economic impacts. Prevention, preparation and prediction. Tsunami's, tornadoes and hurricanes to be taught, time dependent.	
		To understand river features and recognise the causes and impacts of flooding	Students will have the knowledge and understanding of river systems, they will recognise causes of floods and explain the social, personal & economic consequences. Students will compare HIC/LIC	To explore the different temperature zones of the globe and recognise how the biomes within them exist.		Students will have a knowledge and understanding of issues that effects them in the wider world. They will be able to locate biomes and explain how they function and how they are at danger.	Students to understand the structure of the earth and recognise the effect of the earth's movements.	Students will be able to annotate the earths layers, describe processes that create earthquakes and volcanoes & investigate impacts and changes to environments

	Autumn	Spri	ng	9	Summer
Year 9	Africa & Kenya	Global fashion, Cocoa & Fairtrade What is Globalisation and how does it affect our lives? Advantages & disadvantages, Sweatshops and exploitation, The power of TNC's, What is Fairtrade, how does it work, who benefits, sustainability.		Unit 19 Tourism: Good or bad Coasts Offsite visit – Eden Project/Burnham on sea. What is tourism? What impact does tourism have on areas (employment, financial gains for retail establishments etc.), advantages and disadvantages, holiday destinations (UK and abroad) package holidays, attractions, carbon footprint. Collapsing Coasts: how do waves work? Coastal features, erosion & transportation, coastal protection of homes and landscapes.	
	Identify Africa's location (oceans, capital city, temperatures), comparison of Africa to other continents, Africa's history, population distribution, physical features (deserts/rivers/mountains) biomes Use Kenya as a case study to consolidate learning of Africa. To include: work/jobs, government initiatives, tourism & poverty.				
	To explore the diverse & historical continent of Africa. Students will describe the physical and human features of Africa, draw conclusions on key environmental issues, locate various biomes and investigate methods of sustainability.	To examine the impact of globalisation on individuals , countries and businesses.	Students will have knowledge of how globalisation allows companies to trade across countries with minimal barriers. They will recognise and analyse economic and ethical evidence of exploitation and be able to evaluate methods of sustainability.	To investigate the positive and negative impact tourism has on towns, cities and coastal areas both in the UK and abroad. To investigate coastal erosion along British beaches.	Students will describe and explain economic processes which create patterns in the tourist industry. They will recognise and evaluate reasons for change and reflect upon environmental issues. Students will have explored a range of coastal features and have assessed coastal protection methods.

	Autumn	Spring		Summ	er
Year 11	Dynamic World: Our World Destructive World Resourceful World	Dynamic World: Our World Destructive World Resourceful World	F	ieldwork	Personal Project Coursework
	Our World: How is the UK/world changing? Local a scales, changes in function, issues with housing, cri and solutions. To include a case study of a UK city a Destructive World: Plate teclonics; earths structure volcano hazards, impacts and protection. Case study eruption. Flooding, recognise natural & human cause how hazardous are floods, flood preparation. Case is Resourceful World: Tropical philoforests; Why are the and animals that live in the rainforests, locate rainforthe rainforest. Case study on a rainforest country. Not food come from? Types of energy, Fair trade to include product.	Fieldwork project: students choose topic. All topics require students to apply research skills (data collection) to research a real life geographic question		Preparation for exam Personal project; students choose topic.	
	 Develop their knowledge of locations, places and environments and of different scales Gain understanding of the connections between people and environments, and change in places over time Develop a range of skills including those used in fieldwork Apply geographical knowledge and understanding to real world contexts 			world, the Destruct world. They will be environments, desc human features and Students will un environmental ma	an in-depth knowledge of Our ive world and the resourceful be able to locate places and cribe and explain physical and I investigate change in places. Iderstand and reflect upon anagement and sustainable evelopment.