Year:	1	Term: Autumn	1
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Week 1 (few days) and week 2 Number and place value	Week 3 and 4 Calculating	Week 5 Geometry- properties of shape 2D only	Week 6 Measure- Time order	Week 7-8 Calculating Addition bonds only- will be revisited	Week 8 Assess and review
count to and across 20, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number  count, read and write numbers to 20 in numerals;  NB- focus on teens to 20  identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least  read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words  given a number, identify one more and one less	Number bond pairs that equal 10  NB- use tens frames and part- whole model, note the RTP criteria says 'compose' and 'partition'	recognise and name common 2-D and 3-D shapes, including: 272-D shapes [for example, rectangles (including squares), circles and triangles]  Notes and guidance (non-statutory)  Every- day objects  Different orientations  Regular/irregular (i.e. not always similar)  Patterns of shapes	sequence events in chronological order using language [for example, before and after, next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow, morning, afternoon and evening]  recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, months of the year	represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts to 6  NB- work on bonds of all numbers under 10 (just up to 6 in this loop), e.g. all ways of making 3, 4, 5  NB- addition only, to include tens frames and part-whole model	School produced assessment booklet based on taught content.  Complete assessment tracker. If 70% not secure, then re-teach that element.
		Ready to Progress	Criteria		
1NPV-1 Count within 100 (to 20 at this point), forwards and backwards, starting with any number.  Mastering Number everyious Autumn 1	1AS-1 Compose numbers to 10 from 2 parts, and partition numbers to 10 into parts, including recognising odd and even numbers.	1G–1 Recognise common 2D and 3D shapes presented in different orientations, and know that rectangles, triangles, cuboids and pyramids are not always similar to one another.  1G–2 Compose 2D and 3D shapes from smaller shapes to match an example, including manipulating shapes to place them in particular orientations.		1NF–1 Develop fluency in addition and subtraction facts within 10	

Mastering Number overview: Autumn 1

Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8
		Baseline assessment of all pupils	Week 0	Week 1 Composition	Week 2 Composition	Week 3 Composition	Week 4 Comparison
			Practise subitising	Practise subitising	Focus on the composition of 6, 7, 8	Focus on the composition of 6, 7,	Compare sets of objects by matching
			Becoming familiar with the Reknerek	Recap the composition of 5	and 9 as '5 and a bit'	8 and 9 as '5 and a bit'	Use the language of comparison: more than and fewer than

#### Year: 1 Term: Autumn 2

Week 1 Number and place value	Week 2 Calculating Addition bonds only- will be revisited	Week 3 Number and place value	Week 4 Number and place value	Week 5-6 Calculating	Week 7 Assess and review
count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number (including counting in 10's which is picked up through mental maths, fluency and multiplication loop)	represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts 7-9  NB- work on bonds of all numbers under 10 (7, 8 and 9 in	count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number (including counting in 10's which is picked up through mental maths, fluency and multiplication loop)	Few days of odd and even to cover (have done in EYFS only to 10)  Start calculating loop	read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (–) and equals (=) signs	School produced assessment booklet based on taught content.  Complete
count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals; (focus on numbers 0-50)	this loop), e.g. all ways of making 3, 4, 5  NB- addition only, to include	count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals (revisit 0-50 and teach 51-100).		add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20, including zero	assessment tracker. If 70% not secure, then re- teach that element.
identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations.	tens frames and part-whole model	identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations.		NB- roughly 1 weeks on addition and 1 on subtraction (separate ARE)  Build in understanding of value and composition of each teen number, ways to make 13 etc	Oral counting check for pupils identified as not secure.
			Ready to Progress Criteria		
1NPV-1 Count within 100 forwards and backwards, starting with any number.	1NF–1 Develop fluency in addition and subtraction facts within 10	1NPV–1 Count within 100 forwards and backwards, starting with any number.	1AS–1 Compose numbers to 10 from 2 parts, and partition numbers to 10 into parts, including recognising odd and even numbers.	1AS-2 Read, write and interpret equations containing addition (), subtraction () and equals () symbols, and relate additive expressions and equations to real-life contexts	

### Mastering Number overview: Autumn 2

Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7
Week 5 counting,	Week 6 composition	Week 7 composition	Week 8 composition	Week 9 composition	Week 10 composition	Assessment of all pupils-
ordinality and cardinality						tracker to be completed
	Focus on numbers that	Focus on odd and even	Focus on the composition	Focus on the composition	Focus on the composition	
Recap the order of	can be made with	numbers	of 6	of 8	of 10	
numbers to 10 using the	'doubles'			Use 2-by-4 grid and the		
'staircase' pattern		See that even numbers	Use the 2-by-3 'egg box'	rekenrek to find all the	Use 2-by-5 grid (10-	
	Recap that even numbers	can be composed of 2s,	pattern and the rekenrek	ways that 8 can be	frame) and the rekenrek	
Identify numbers that are	can be made with 2 equal	and odd numbers have	to find all the	composed	to find all the	
'1 more' or '1 less' and	parts	'an odd 1'	ways that 6 can be		ways that 10 can be	
apply this to sets of objects			composed		composed	

Year: 1 Term: Spring 1

	Week 1-2 Number and place value		Week 3-4 Calculating	Week 5-6 Calculating	Week 6 (part) Assess and review
given a number, identify one more and one less (numbers up to 100).  identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line.	count in multiples of twos, fives and tens  1 lesson to direct teach pattern of 2's and 5's (did 10's when taught numbers to 100) then ongoing daily counting practise, fluency practise and application in multiplication loop	Reason about the location of numbers to 20 within the linear number system, including comparing using < > and =  Use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least	represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts to 10  Link to missing number problems, including box in different locations	*add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20, including zero *read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (–) and equals (=) signs  NB- same principles as Autumn 1 but now applying with the teen no's and using number lines  Missing numbers	School produced assessment booklet based on taught content.  Complete assessment tracker. If 70% not secure, then re-teach that element.
	•	Ready to Progress Criteria	<u> </u>		
		1NPV-2 Reason about the location of numbers to 20 within the linear number system, including comparing using < > and =	1NF–1 Develop fluency in addition and subtraction facts within 10		

# Mastering Number overview: Spring 1

Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6
Week 11 counting, ordinality	Week 12 composition	Week 13 composition	Week 14 composition	Week 15 composition	Week 16 composition
and cardinality					
	Focus on the composition of 7	Focus on the composition of 9	Recap odd and even numbers	Explore the concept of part-	Continue to explore how
Focus on representations	Use the Hungarian number	Focus on 3-by-3 grid and the	by looking at their 'shape'	part-whole, seeing that	numbers can be partitioned
of ordinality	pattern and the rekenrek to find	rekenrek to find all the ways that		numbers can be partitioned	
	all the ways that 7 can be	9 can be composed	Explore how odd numbers can	into parts	Introduce systematic approach
Compare number tracks and	composed		be composed of 1 odd part	Use the language of 'whole',	to partitioning
number lines			and 1 even part, and even	'split' and 'part' alongside the	
			numbers can be composed of	part-part- whole diagram	Represent ways to partition
			2 odd parts		numbers in a 'number house'
			or 2 even parts		

Weeks 1-2 Calculating	Week 3 Calculating	Week 4 Measure- Money	Week 5
*represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts to teen numbers below 20 (ie not the no bond that makes 20)	* number bond pairs that equal 20 solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and	recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes	School produced assessment booklet based on taught content.
	pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as  *7 = ? - 9.	NB- link back to recent counting in 2's, 5's and 10's Include some basic addition and subtraction of totals, using coins of the same value and two values under 20p	Complete assessment tracker. If 70% not secure, then re-teach that element.  Oral counting check for pupils
	NB- make links between bonds to 10 and the corresponding bonds to 20		identified as not secure.

# Mastering Number overview: Spring 2

Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5
Week 17 composition	Week 18 number facts and	Week 19 number facts and	Week 20 number facts and	Assessment of all pupils- tracker to
	<mark>arithmetic</mark>	arithmetic arithmetic	arithmetic arithmetic	be completed
Continue to explore systematic				
partitioning of numbers within 10	Practise applying knowledge of '1	Explore the effect of adding or	Apply knowledge of composition of	
	more than' and '1 less than' a	subtracting 2 to odd/ even	even numbers to subtract from 6, 8	
Connect 2 equal parts to doubling	number in relation to odd/ even	numbers	and 10, for both the partitioning and	
and halving	numbers		reduction structures of subtraction	
	Connect this to 'first, then, now'	Apply to 'first, then, now'		
	stories	stories		

Year: 1 Term: Summer 1

Week 1 Calculating X count in multiples of twos, fives and tens	Week 2 Calculating ÷	Week 3 Calculating X ÷	Week 4-5 Number Fractions	Week 6 Assess and review
solve one-step problems involving multiplication by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher.  NB- REPEATED ADDITION  Connections in arrays, number patterns, and counting in 2,5,10	solve one-step problems involving division by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher.  Grouping and sharing small quantities	Notes and guidance (non-statutory) Doubling and halving numbers and quantities  Connections in arrays, number patterns, and counting in 2,5,10	recognise, find and name a half and a quarter as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or quantity  Notes and guidance (non-statutory) Connect halves and quarters to sharing and grouping of objects and to measures, as well as combining to make whole  finding simple fractions of objects, numbers and quantities.	School produced assessment booklet based on taught content.  Complete assessment tracker. If 70% not secure, then re-teach that element.  Oral counting check for pupils identified as not secure.
		Ready to Prog	ress Criteria	
1NF-2 Count forwards and backwards in multiples of 2, 5 and 10, up to 10 multiples, beginning with any multiple, and count forwards and backwards through the odd numbers.				

### Mastering Number overview: Summer 1

Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6
Week 21 number facts and	Week 22 composition	Week 23 counting, ordinality and	Week 24 number facts and	Week 25 number facts and	Week 26 composition
<mark>arithmetic</mark>		<mark>cardinality</mark>	<mark>arithmetic</mark>	<mark>arithmetic</mark>	
	Focus on the composition of 11				Practise recalling the
Apply knowledge of composition	to 15 as '10 and a bit'	Focus on the position of the	Read, write and interpret	Read, write and interpret	composition of the numbers
of odd numbers to subtract from		numbers 11 to 15 on the	expressions and equations with	expressions and equations with	6, 7, 8 and 9
5, 7 and 9, for both the	See this represented on a	number line	the + and = symbols to	the + and = symbols to	NB This week of material
partitioning and reduction	rekenrek, a double- decker bus,		represent combining two sets	represent an increase in a set	offers activities to develop
structures of subtraction	and in part- part-whole diagrams	Recap midpoint on a 0 to 10	(the aggregation structure of	(the augmentation structure of	automaticity and could be
		number line and see that 10 is	addition)	addition)	spread out over this half-term
		the midpoint on a 0 to 20			
		number line.	Practise using knowledge	Continue to use	
			of composition to identify the	knowledge of composition to	
			total/ sum	identify the total/ sum	

Year: 1 Term: Summer 2

Week 1	Week 2-3	Week 4-5	Week 6	Week 7 (part)
Geometry properties of shape	Measure	Calculating	Measure- Time	Assess and
Quick revisit of 2D, teach 3D	NB- phonics screen usually in week 2 measure		Geometry- position and direction to cover in	review
	works well here		Computing learning in the afternoons	
	Include some calculation application			
	opportunities opportunities opportunities opportunities opportunities opportunities opportunities opportunities			
recognise and name common 2-D and	compare, describe and solve practical	solve one-step problems that involve	tell the time to the hour and half past the hour	School produced
3-D shapes, including:	problems for:	addition and subtraction, using concrete	and draw the hands on a clock face to show	assessment
223-D shapes [for example, cuboids (including	Plengths and heights [for example,	objects and pictorial representations,	these times.	booklet based
cubes), pyramids and spheres].	long/short, longer/shorter, tall/short,	and missing number problems such as		on taught
	double/half]	7 = ? - 9.	Itime [for example, quicker, slower, earlier,	content.
Notes and guidance (non-statutory)	mass/weight [for example, heavy/light,		later]	
Every- day objects	heavier than, lighter than]	read, write and interpret mathematical		Complete
Different orientations	② capacity and volume [for example,	statements involving addition (+),		assessment
Regular/irregular (i.e. not always similar)	full/empty, more than, less than, half, half full,	subtraction (–) and equals (=) signs	describe position, direction and movement,	tracker. If 70%
Patterns of shapes	quarter]	NB- focus on looking at which operation	including whole, half, quarter and three-quarter	not secure, then
		is needed	turns.	re-teach that
	measure and begin to record the following:			element.
	Plengths and heights	add and subtract one-digit and two-digit	Notes and guidance (non-statutory)	
	② mass/weight	numbers to 20, including zero	left and right, top, middle and bottom, on top of,	Oral counting
	2 capacity and volume		in front of, above, between, around, near, close	check for pupils
			and far, up and down, forwards and backwards,	identified as not
	NB- each class to rotate and have 2 practical		inside and outside.	secure.
	days on each measure, then complete ARE			
	tasks at end.		turns in both directions and connect turning	
			clockwise with movement on a clock face	
1G–1 Recognise common 2D and 3D shapes				
presented in different orientations, and know				
that rectangles, triangles, cuboids and				
pyramids are not always similar to one				
another.				
1G–2 Compose 2D and 3D shapes from smaller				
shapes to match an example, including				
manipulating shapes to place them in				
particular orientations.				

# Mastering Number overview: Summer 2

Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7
Week 27 composition	Week 28 number facts and	Week 29 number facts and	Week 30 number facts and	Week 31 number facts and	Assessment of all pupils-	Review week based on
	<mark>arithmetic</mark>	arithmetic arithmetic	<mark>arithmetic</mark>	arithmetic arithmetic	tracker to be completed	needs of cohort
Focus on the composition						
of 11 to 19 as '10 and a bit	Read, write and interpret	Read, write and interpret	Practise applying	Practise applying		
	expressions and equations	expressions and equations	knowledge of composition	knowledge of composition		
Use a range of	with the - and = symbols to	with the - and = symbols to	when adding or subtracting	when adding or subtracting		
representations including	represent the partitioning	represent the partitioning				
the Hungarian number frame	of a 'whole' (the	of a 'whole' (the reduction	Focus on the composition	Focus on the composition		
and the rekenrek	partitioning structure of	structure of subtraction)	of 5, and 6 to 9 as '5 and a	of 10 and doubles within 10		
	subtraction)		bit'			